# Metro Outer Development Assessment Panel Agenda

Meeting Date and Time: Thursday, 13 November 2025; 9:30am

Meeting Number: MODAP/114

**Meeting Venue:** 140 William Street, Perth

A live stream will be available at the time of the meeting, via the following link: MODAP/114 - 13 November 2025 - City of Rockingham - City of Swan

# PART A - INTRODUCTION

- 1. Opening of Meeting, Welcome and Acknowledgement
- 2. Apologies
- 3. Noting of Minutes

# PART B – CITY OF ROCKINGHAM

- 1. Declarations of Due Consideration
- 2. Disclosure of Interests
- Form 1 DAP Applications
- 4. Form 2 DAP Applications
  - 4.1 Lot 622 (No.2) Aurea Boulevard, Golden Bay Proposed mixed commercial development (Golden Bay Neighbourhood Centre) DAP/23/02447
- 5. Section 31 SAT Reconsiderations

# PART C - CITY OF SWAN

- 1. Declarations of Due Consideration
- 2. Disclosure of Interests
- 3. Form 1 DAP Applications
  - 3.1 Lot 380 (No.483) Beechboro Road North, Beechboro Child Care Premises DAP/25/02961
- 4. Form 2 DAP Applications
- 5. Section 31 SAT Reconsiderations

# PART D - OTHER BUSINESS

- 1. State Administrative Tribunal Applications and Supreme Court Appeals
- 2. Meeting Closure

Please note, presentations for each item will be invited prior to the items noted on the agenda and the presentation details will be contained within the related information documentation

# **DAP Members**

Karen Hyde (Presiding Member)

Eugene Koltasz (Deputy Presiding Member)

Heidi Herget

Mayor Lorna Buchan (Part B – City of Rockingham)

Cr Mark Jones (Part B – City of Rockingham)

Cr Rod Henderson (Part C – City of Swan)

Cr Jennifer Catalano (Part C – City of Swan)

# **DAP Secretariat**

Tenielle Brownfield

Ashlee Kelly

# **PART A – INTRODUCTION**

- 1. Opening of Meeting, Welcome and Acknowledgement
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# PART B - CITY OF ROCKINGHAM

- 1. Declarations of Due Consideration
- 2. Disclosure of Interests
- 3. Form 1 DAP Applications

Nil

- 4. Form 2 DAP Applications
  - 4.1 Lot 622 (No.2) Aurea Boulevard, Golden Bay Proposed mixed commercial development (Golden Bay Neighbourhood Centre) DAP/23/02447
- 5. Section 31 SAT Reconsiderations

Nil

# PART B – ITEM 4.1 - LOT 622 (NO. 2) AUREAR BOULEVARD, GOLDEN BAY – REQUEST TO AMEND DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL (GOLDEN BAY NEIGHBOURHOOD CENTRE) – SUPERMARKET AND SPECIALTY RETAIL TENANCY AND PARKING LAYOUTS

# Form 2 – Responsible Authority Report (Regulation 17)

Metro Outer Development Assessment Panel
City of Rockingham
Amendment to approved Neighbourhood
Centre development: supermarket and
specialty retail tenancy and parking layouts
Isabelle How, Planning Solutions
Golden Bay WA Properties Pty Ltd
\$ 1.5 Million
City of Rockingham
Mr Mike Ross, Manager Statutory
Planning
DD020.2025.00000329
DAP/23/02447
20 March 2024
22 July 2025
90 Days
Development Plans
2. Schedule of Submissions
3. Original Determination dated 20 March 2024

# **Responsible Authority Recommendation**

That the Metro Outer Development Assessment Panel resolves to:

- 1. **Accept** that the DAP Application reference DAP/23/02447 as detailed on the DAP Form 2 dated 22 July 2025 is appropriate for consideration in accordance with regulation 17 of the *Planning and Development (Development Assessment Panels) Regulations 2011*; and
- 2. **Approve** DAP Application reference DAP/23/02447, with the list of updated accompanying plans and documents as follows:
  - DA103 Site Plan Revision C and dated 30 October 2025:
  - DA000 Cover Sheet Revision B and dated 26 September 2025;
  - DA002 Perspective Revision B and dated 26 September 2025;
  - DA003 Perspective Revision B and dated 26 September 2025;
  - DA004 Perspective Revision B and dated 26 September 2025;
  - DA005 Perspective Revision B and dated 26 September 2025;
  - DA006 Perspective Revision B and dated 26 September 2025;

- DA007 Perspective Revision B and dated 26 September 2025;
- DA008 Perspective Revision B and dated 26 September 2025;
- DA200 Ground Floor Plan Revision B and dated 26 September 2025;
- DA201 Proposed Mezzanine Revision B and dated 26 September 2025;
- DA202 Roof Plan Revision B and dated 26 September 2025;
- DA300 Sections Revision B and dated 26 September 2025;
- DA400 Elevations Revision B and dated 26 September 2025;
- DA401 Elevations Revision B and dated 26 September 2025;
- DA402 Elevations Revision B and dated 26 September 2025;
- DA500 Proposed Signage Schedule Revision C and dated 30 October 2025:
- DA600 NLA + GLAR Plan Revision B and dated 26 September 2025;
- DA700 Material Schedule Revision B and dated 26 September 2025;
- DA800 Pedestrian Movement Diagram Revision A and dated 17 October 2025;
- Traffic Impact Assessment (July 2025), including Technical Note No.1 (Dated 3 October 2025);
- Environmental Noise Assessment (Acoustic Report) (Dated 3 October 2025)

in accordance with Clause 68 of Schedule 2 (Deemed Provisions) of the *Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations 2015*, and the City of Rockingham Town Planning Scheme No. 2, for the proposed minor amendment to the approved Mixed Commercial development (Golden Bay Neighbourhood Centre) dated 20 March 2024 at No.2 Aurea Boulevard Golden Bay, subject to the following conditions:

### **Amended Conditions**

Condition 6 (iii) which reads:

(iii) Provide seven (7) car parking space(s) dedicated to people with disabilities, which are designed, constructed, sealed, kerbed, drained and marked in accordance with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2890.6:2009, Parking facilities, Part 6: Off-street parking for people with disabilities and which are linked to the main entrance of the development by a continuous accessible path of travel designed and constructed in accordance with Australian Standard AS 1428.1—2009, Design for access and mobility, Part 1:General Requirements for access—New building work.

Shall be amended to read as follows:

(iii) Provide five (5) car parking space(s) dedicated to people with disabilities, which are designed, constructed, sealed, kerbed, drained and marked in accordance with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2890.6:2009, Parking facilities, Part 6: Off-street parking for people with disabilities and which are linked to the main entrance of the development by a continuous accessible path of travel designed and constructed in accordance with Australian Standard AS 1428.1—2009, Design for access and mobility, Part 1:General Requirements for access—New building work.

Condition 7 which currently reads:

- 7. The Environmental Noise Assessment prepared by Lloyd George Acoustics dated 28 April 2023 (ref: 22117749-01A), shall be implemented in the design, construction and ongoing operation of the development at all times to the satisfaction of the City of Rockingham, including but not limited to the following requirements:
  - (i) The Supermarket loading bay to be screened as follows:
    - (a) A 3.0m acoustic screen wall to be constructed on the northernside of the Supermarket loading bay, and extended the length of the loading bay, of solid construction (no gaps) and of material with a minimum surface mass of 15kg/m2.
    - (b) The design and finish of the screen wall to be designed, coloured and articulated to provide an attractive appearance to Wyloo Lane, to the satisfaction of the City of Rockingham.
    - (c) The loading bay overhead (roof) structure to extend at least 4m across the loading bay and be lined with an absorptive material such as anticon insulation. No gaps shall exist between the overhead section and the vertical acoustic screenwall.
  - (ii) A solid screen wall to be constructed in the vicinity of the Liquor Store bin area fronting Warnbro Sound Avenue, of minimum height 1.6m and of minimum surface mass of 4kg/m2, and be free of gaps, as shown on the approved plans. The screening to be of a masonry construction and of a suitable design complementing the overall development, as illustrated in the Material Schedule, to ensure an attractive appearance to Warnbro Sound Avenue and internal to the site to the satisfaction of the City of Rockingham, having regard to the high level of visibility of the screen wall to Warnbro Sound Avenue.
  - (iv) Acoustic screening around the northern and western edges of the Supermarket to air conditioning and refrigeration equipment in order to protect existing and future residential development from noise, in accordance with the Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997.
  - (v) Use of broadband type reversing alarms for delivery vehicles rather than standard tonal alerts.
  - (vi) Delivery vehicles are not allowed to idle within the loading bays, and are required to be switched off during loading and unloading periods.
  - (vii) Bin servicing via Wyloo Lane shall occur only between 7am and 6pm Mondays to Fridays and 9am to 5pm on Saturdays; and 7am to 7pm Mondays to Saturdays otherwise. No bin servicing shall occur on a Sunday.
  - (viii) Any external music or the like shall be low level and inaudible at residences.
  - (ix) Section 5 recommendations in the Environmental Noise Assessment or mechanical plant shall be implemented.

# Shall be amended to read as follows:

- 7. The Environmental Noise Assessment prepared by Lloyd George Acoustics dated 3 October 2025 (ref: 22117749-01B; Revision C), shall be implemented in the design, construction and ongoing operation of the development at all times to the satisfaction of the City of Rockingham, including but not limited to the following requirements:
  - (i) The Supermarket loading bay to be screened as follows:

- (a) A 3.5m acoustic screen wall to be constructed on the northern side of the Supermarket loading bay, and extended the length of the loading bay, of solid construction (no gaps) and of material with a minimum surface mass of 15kg/m2.
- (b) The design and finish of the screen wall to be designed, coloured and articulated to provide an attractive appearance to Wyloo Lane, to the satisfaction of the City of Rockingham.
- (ii) Use of broadband type reversing alarms for delivery vehicles rather than standard tonal alerts.
- (iii) Delivery vehicles are not allowed to idle within the loading bays, and are required to be switched off during loading and unloading periods.
- (iv) Refrigerated delivery trucks to the supermarket tenancy must shut off engines and mounted condenser units when delivering during the night (10.00pm to 7.00am Monday to Saturday and before 9am on Sundays/Public Holidays).
- (v) Bin servicing shall occur only between 7am and 6pm Mondays to Fridays and 9am to 5pm on Saturdays. No bin servicing shall occur on a Sunday.
- (vi) Any external music or the like shall be low level and inaudible at residences.
- (vii) Section 5 recommendations in the Environmental Noise Assessment for mechanical plant shall be implemented.

### Condition 8 which read as follows:

8 Deliveries via Wyloo Lane shall only occur between 6am to 6pm Monday to Friday, and 9am to 5pm on Saturdays. No deliveries are permitted on Sundays. Signage shall be positioned at the entry to the site from Wyloo Lane specifying delivery times, to minimise adverse impacts on the amenity of the adjacent residence(s).

Shall be deleted as Wyloo Lane access has been removed.

Condition 20 which currently reads:

20. The mall area located between the Supermarket and specialty shops shall be maintained in a clean, tidy and sanitary condition with routine high pressure water cleaning to prevent any accumulations of litter, grime or oily deposits, to the satisfaction of the City of Rockingham.

Shall be amended to read as follows:

20. The pedestrian area located on Thundelarra Drive and between the Supermarket and retail tenancies shall be maintained in a clean, tidy and sanitary condition with routine high pressure water cleaning to prevent any accumulations of litter, grime or oily deposits, to the satisfaction of the City of Rockingham"

Condition 21 which currently reads:

21. Prior to applying for a Building Permit, the applicant must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the City of Rockingham that ground floor glazing of the Supermarket fronting Thundelarra Drive, along with the Specialty Shops facing Thundelarra Drive and all windows facing the mall, have a minimum visible light transmission rate of at least 79% and a maximum visible reflectivity rate of 9%

in order ensure that a commercial, interactive frontage is available to the development from Thundelarra Drive and the mall. The glazing must be thereafter be installed and maintained to the satisfaction of the City of Rockingham for the duration of the development.

Shall be amended to read as follows:

21. Prior to applying for a Building Permit, the applicant must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the City of Rockingham that ground floor glazing of the tenancies fronting Thundelarra Drive and the internal pedestrian and access (sleeving the Supermarket tenancy) have a minimum visible light transmission rate of at least 79% and a maximum visible reflectivity rate of 9% in order ensure that a commercial, interactive frontage is available to the development from Thundelarra Drive and the pedestrian access. The glazing must be thereafter be installed and maintained to the satisfaction of the City of Rockingham for the duration of the development.

Condition 22 which currently reads:

22. Entries and window frontages of the Supermarket and specialty shop tenancies facing Thundelarra Drive and the mall must contain clear, transparent glass, and not be covered, closed or screened off (including by means of dark or other tinting, shutters, curtains, blinds, posters, paint,roller doors or similar), to ensure that visibility and a commercial, interactive frontage is available between the development and Thundelarra Drive at all times

Shall be amended to replace the term "specialty shop" with "retail" and remove reference to "the mall" to read as follows:

22. Entries and window frontages of the Supermarket, retail tenancies facing Thundelarra Drive and the retail tenancies fronting the pedestrian access must contain clear, transparent glass, and not be covered, closed or screened off (including by means of dark or other tinting, shutters, curtains, blinds, posters, paint,roller doors or similar), to ensure that visibility and a commercial, interactive frontage is available between the development and Thundelarra Drive at all times.

Condition 23 which currently reads:

23. The internal layout of the Supermarket shall ensure Supermarket aisles do not extend to the windows fronting Thundelarra Drive, and shelving and storage be located to ensure no obstruction of windows occurs, in order to maintain the view between Thundelarra Drive and the Supermarket tenancy.

Shall be deleted as the revised design has removed this requirement for the Supermarket.

Condition 25 which currently reads:

25. The awning in front of the specialty shops on Thundelarra Drive shall be extended south by 3.5m to provide weather protection for the bike parking area.

Shall be deleted as the awning extension has been shown on the plans to be endorsed with bike parking dispersed more equitably across the development.

Condition 26 which currently reads:

26. Bollards must be installed at both ends of the mall to ensure no vehicle access along the mall. All other parking bays to contain wheel stops to prevent vegetation damage, and prevent encroachment to the pedestrian movement network.

To be amended, deleting the requirement for bollards to the mall, to read as follows:

26. All Parking bays shall contain wheel stops to prevent vegetation damage and prevent encroachment to the pedestrian movement network.

#### **New Condition**

1. Prior to applying for a Building Permit for the Supermarket, an Acoustic Report prepared by a suitably qualified acoustic consultant and demonstrating compliance with the *Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997*, must be submitted to and approved by the City of Rockingham. The acoustic report shall, at a minimum but not be limited to, addressing mechanical plant elements and any attenuation measures required for mechanical plant and any other noise sources operating simultaneously.

#### **New Advice Note**

 The applicant is advised, the five (5) retail tenancies forming part of the Mixed Commercial development have been considered on the basis that the intended land uses are to be consistent with the definition of "Shop", "Lunch Bar" and/or "Restaurant/Café" as defined in the City of Rockingham Town Planning Scheme No.2.

All other conditions and requirements detailed on the previous approval dated 20 March 2024 shall remain unless altered by this application.

# **Details: outline of development application**

Region Scheme	Metropolitan Region Scheme
Region Scheme Zone/Reserve	Urban
Local Planning Scheme	City of Rockingham Town Planning Scheme No.2
Local Planning Scheme Zone/Reserve	Commercial
Structure Plan/Precinct Plan	Golden Bay Neighbourhood Centre
Structure Plan/Precinct Plan Land Use Designation	Commercial
Use Class (proposed) and	Supermarket and Specialty Retail -
permissibility:	Discretionary ('D')
Lot Size:	1.2398ha
Net Lettable Area (NLA):	1,349m <sup>2</sup>
Number of Dwellings:	N/A
Existing Land Use:	Vacant land
State Heritage Register	No

Local Heritage	$\boxtimes$	N/A
		Heritage List
		Heritage Area
Design Review	$\boxtimes$	N/A
		Local Design Review Panel
		State Design Review Panel
		Other
Bushfire Prone Area	No	
Swan River Trust Area	No	

# Proposal:

This application seeks to amend the approved **supermarket and specialty retail components** of the Golden Bay Neighbourhood Centre (GBNC) development to accommodate the operational and spatial requirements of the proposed supermarket tenant.

Minor modifications to internal parking and access arrangements are proposed; however the application does not alter the approved land uses.

Approval is sought for the retail tenancies to be used for the purposes of 'Shop', 'Lunch Bar' and 'Restaurant/café'.

The specific amendments to the 2024 Development Approval are summarised as follows:

- Removal of the internal public pedestrian arcade/plaza and reorientation of the built form to create an activated 'main street' frontage along Thundelarra Drive;
- Reorientation of the retail tenancies to provide three (3) smaller tenancies fronting Thundelarra Drive, and two (2) additional tenancies wrapping the supermarket;
- Enhanced opportunities for alfresco dining and outdoor seating along Thundelarra Drive;
- Reconfiguration of the supermarket and retail tenancies, increasing the overall floor area from 1,658m² to 1,753m² with a total NLA of 1,349m²;
- Associated signage modifications and relocations;
- Removal of the Wyloo Lane crossover and its use for service deliveries; and
- Internal realignment of the site to provide tandem staff parking bays to the north (Wyloo Lane interface) and additional bays accessed from the internal driveway.

Figures below illustrate the approved GBNC layout and the proposed revised layout (refer RAR Attachment 3 for full plans).

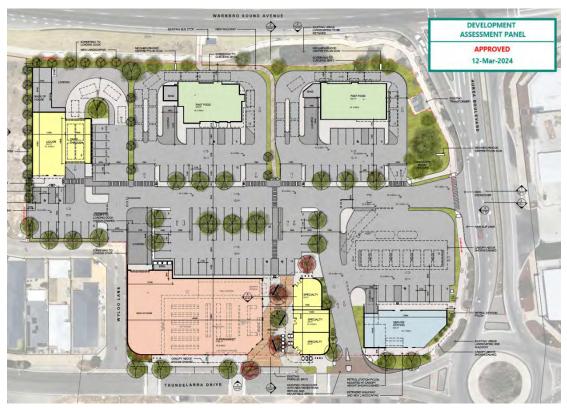


Figure 1. Approved GBNC development layout



Figure 2. Proposed change showing proposed Supermarket and Specialty Retail

Development and parking layout

The applicant has identified and requests the following changes to the existing conditions of the Development Approval as summarised below:

Condition Number	Condition Matter	Proposed Change/Request
8	Deliveries via Wyloo Lane	Delete
20	Cleaning of pedestrian area on Thundelarra Drive	Delete
21	Ground floor glazing and all windows of retail tenancies to have a minimum visible light transmission rate of at least 79% and a maximum visible reflectivity rate of 9% to maintain an interactive frontage	Delete
22	Entries and window frontages to not be covered, closed or screened off to ensure that visibility and a commercial, interactive frontage	Amend
23	Internal layout of the Supermarket to not extend to the windows fronting Thundelarra Drive	Delete
25	Awning on Thundelarra Drive shall be extended	Delete
26	Bollards must be installed at both ends of the mall and parking bays to contain wheel stops	Delete

# Site Context

The subject site is located on the southwestern corner of Aurea Boulevard and Thundelarra Drive within the GBNC. The site forms part of a broader commercial and mixed-use precinct intended to service the growing Golden Bay community and surrounding catchment.

The land is zoned Commercial under the City of Rockingham Town Planning Scheme No.2 (TPS2) and designated as 'Neighbourhood Centre' within the Golden Bay Local Structure Plan.

Surrounding land uses include:

- North: MODAP approved Child Care Premises and vacant land identified for future residential development;
- East: MODAP approved two (2) Fast Food Outlets to Warnbro Sound Avenue;
- South: Service Station and commercial mixed uses;
- West: Two Child Care Premises at the junction of Thundelarra and Aurea Boulverd, with vacant Commercial zoned land adjacent the GBNC site on Thundelarra Drive.

The 2024 Development Approval for the GBNC includes:

- Eight (8) Commercial tenancies;
- Supermarket;
- Service Station;
- two (2) Fast Food Outlets;
- three (3) specialty retail; and
- Drive Through Liquor Store.

In September 2025, the MODAP amended the 2024 Development Approval for the Drive Through Liquor Store to be replaced with a Motor Vehicle Wash facility.

Construction of the Service Station and one (1) of the Fast Food Outlets has commenced on site, and is nearing occupation.

The GBNC has received subdivision approval (WAPC 255-25) for the commercial tenancies of the GBNC consistent with the approved site layout as shown in Figure 5.





Figure 4. Location Plan

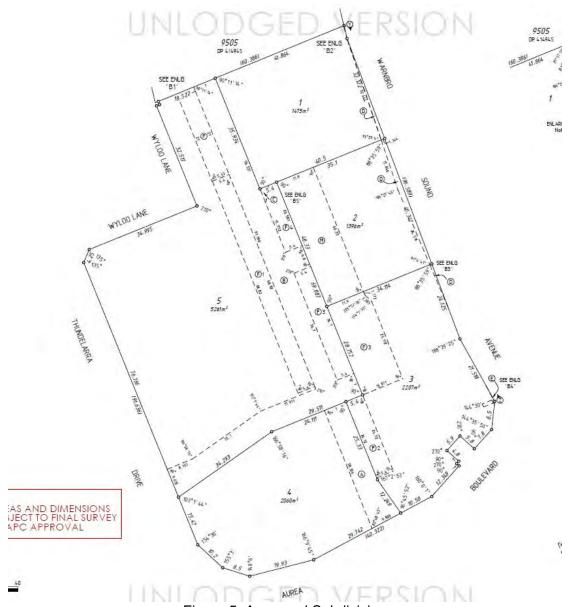


Figure 5. Approved Subdivision

# Legislation and Policy:

# Legislation

Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations 2015 (the Regulations)

City of Rockingham Town Planning Scheme No.2 (TPS2)

Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997 (EPNR)

# State Government Policies

State Planning Policy 4.2 – Activity Centres (SPP4.2) State Planning Policy 7.0 – Design of the Built Environment (SPP7.0)

# Local Development Plan

Golden Bay Neighbourhood Centre Local Development Plan (2022)

# **Local Policies**

Planning Policy No.3.3.1 - Control of Advertisements (PP3.3.1)
Planning Policy No.3.3.14 - Bicycle Parking and End-of-Trip Facilities (PP3.3.14)

# Consultation:

## **Public Consultation**

The proposal was advertised for public comment for a period of 16 days between 20 August – 5 September 2025, in accordance with Clause 64, Schedule 2 of the *Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations 2015*, and Local Planning Policy No.3.3.27 - Community Consultation for Development Applications.

Advertising was carried out as follows:

- All owners and occupiers identified within 200m of the subject site were notified in writing of the proposed development; and
- The application was made available for public inspection at the City's Administration Offices and published on the City's website.

At the close of the public consultation period, a total of two (2) public submissions were received in support of the proposal.

# Referrals/consultation with Government/Service Agencies

Not Applicable

# Design Review Panel Advice

Not Applicable

# Other Advice

Clause 77(c) of the *Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations* 2015, enables an application requesting an amendment to Development Approval which does not substantially change the development approved. In this respect, the land use has not changed, and the changes to the development layout do not substantially depart from the intended development outcome or indeed the planning framework

# **Planning Assessment:**

The site forms part of the Neighbourhood Centre precinct within the Golden Bay Local Structure Plan, and Local Development Plan which identified the land for commercial and mixed-use development. The Structure Plan encourages active street frontages, pedestrian-oriented design and a mix of retail, dining and service uses to create a vibrant activity node.

The proposed modifications are consistent with these objectives, enhancing activation along Thundelarra Drive and improving pedestrian connectivity and amenity. The revised proposal still includes an anchor supermarket tenancy and retail tenancies, and the orientation and layout is a better street interface to Thundelarra Drive. The car parking layout has also been revised in response to the redesign of the Supermarket and retail tenancies.

The following provides an assessment of the proposed variations to the development

in response to the conditions of the existing Development Approval.

No.	Current Condition wording	Assessment	Outcome
6(iii)	Provide seven (7) car parking space(s) dedicated to people with disabilities, which are designed, constructed, sealed, kerbed, drained and marked in accordance with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2890.6:2009, Parking facilities, Part 6: Off-street parking for people with disabilities and which are linked to the main entrance of the development by a continuous accessible path of travel designed and constructed in accordance with Australian Standard AS 1428.1—2009, Design for access and mobility, Part 1:General Requirements for access—New building work	For a Class 6 building, being for shops, restaurant and cafes, the National Construction Code (NCC) requires at least one (1) accessible parking bay for every 50 parking spaces or part thereof, up to 1000 spaces be provided.  As part of the stage 1 works on site, two (2) universal bays have been provided for the central Fast Food Outlet and the Service Station. In accordance with the condition, a balance of five (5) spaces to be provided.  Reference to the proposal plans indicates a total provision of five (5) accessible bays, dispersed across the GBNC development, inclusive of the existing two (2) spaces on site. The balance of the spaces shown to be provided in proximity to the Supermarket entry, and the future Fast Food Outlet.  A total of five (5) universal spaces for the GBNC development is sufficient and complies with the applicable rate under the NCC.	While not requested by the applicant Condition 6 should also be amended to require five (5) ACROD car parking spaces in lieu of seven (7)
7	The Environmental Noise Assessment prepared by Lloyd George Acoustics dated 28 April 2023 (ref: 22117749-01A), shall be implemented in the design, construction and ongoing operation of the development at all times to the satisfaction of the City of	An updated Environmental Noise Assessment (acoustic report) includes a cumulative assessment of the revised development and other approved commercial uses within the GBNC. The revised report demonstrates compliance with the Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 2015 and is supported by the City.	Amend Condition 7 to reflect the updated reporting and acoustic mitigation recommendations.  An additional condition is to confirm the acoustic reporting

No.	<b>Current Condition wording</b>	Assessment	Outcome
No.	Rockingham, including but not limited to the following requirements:  (i) The Supermarket loading bay to be screened as follows:  (a) A 3.0m acoustic screen wall to be constructed on the northern side of the Supermarket loading bay, and extended the length of the loading bay, of solid construction (no gaps) and of material with a minimum surface mass of 15kg/m2.  (b) The design and finish of the screen wall to be designed, coloured and articulated to provide an attractive appearance to Wyloo Lane, to the satisfaction of the City of Rockingham.  (c) The loading bay overhead (roof) structure to extend at least 4m across the loading bay and be lined with an absorptive material such as anticon insulation. No gaps shall exist between the overhead section and the vertical acoustic screenwall.  (ii) A solid screen wall to be constructed in the vicinity of the Liquor Store bin area fronting Warnbro Sound Avenue, of minimum height 1.6m and of minimum surface mass of 4kg/m2, and be free of gaps, as shown on the approved plans. The screening to be of a masonry construction	As such, condition 7 needs to be updated to:  • reflect the updated assessment provided;  • reference and detail the recommendations within such to be adhered to; and  • remove reference to the Liquor Store requirements as this no longer forms part of the GBNC development.  Condition 7 was not identified by the Applicant as requiring amendment in their initial submission, however through clarification it has been agreed	for the mechanical plant for the Supermarket prior to the issue of a Building Permit, once the mechanical system has been designed. This is consistent with the previous amendment DAP over the site for the Motor Vehicle Wash.

No.	Current Condition wording	Assessment	Outcome
	and of a suitable design		
	complementing the		
	overall development, as		
	illustrated in the Material		
	Schedule, to ensure an		
	attractive appearance to		
	Warnbro Sound Avenue		
	and internal to the site to		
	the satisfaction of the		
	City of Rockingham,		
	having regard to the high		
	level of visibility of the		
	screen wall to Warnbro		
	Sound Avenue.		
	(iv) Acoustic screening		
	around the northern and		
	western edges of the		
	Supermarket to air		
	conditioning and		
	refrigeration equipment in		
	order to protect existing		
	and future residential		
	development from noise,		
	in		
	accordance with the		
	Environmental Protection		
	(Noise) Regulations		
	1997.		
	(v) Use of broadband type		
	reversing alarms for		
	delivery vehicles rather		
	than standard tonal		
	alerts.		
	(vi) Delivery vehicles are not		
	allowed to idle within		
	the loading bays, and		
	are required to be		
	switched off during		
	loading and unloading		
	periods.		
	(vii) Bin servicing via Wyloo		
	Lane shall occur only		
	between 7am and 6pm		
	Mondays to Fridays and		
	9am to 5pm on		
	Saturdays; and 7am to		
	7pm		

No.	Current Condition wording	Assessment	Outcome
	Mondays to Saturdays otherwise. No bin servicing shall occur on a Sunday.  (viii) Any external music or the like shall be low level and inaudible at residences.  (ix) Section 5 recommendations in the Environmental Noise Assessment for mechanical plant shall		
8	be implemented.  Deliveries via Wyloo Lane shall only occur between 6am to 6pm Monday to Friday, and 9am to 5pm on Saturdays. No deliveries are permitted on Sundays. Signage shall be positioned at the entry to the site from Wyloo Lane specifying delivery times, to minimise adverse impacts on the amenity of the adjacent residence(s).	The crossover to Wyloo Lane has been removed from the development, removing the need for condition 8.  The City agrees with the Applicant to delete this condition	Agree with Applicant to Delete Condition 8.
20	The mall area located between the Supermarket and specialty shops shall be maintained in a clean, tidy and sanitary condition with routine high pressure water cleaning to prevent any accumulations of litter, grime or oily deposits, to the satisfaction of the City of Rockingham.	Whilst the 'mall' component has been removed from the development, the reconfigured development still contains a pedestrianised frontage that wraps the Thundelarra Drive frontage to connect with the internal east west pedestrian walkways. Condition 20 is still relevant to maintain and present an attractive main street and pedestrian network.  The City does not agree with the Applicant that this condition be deleted in entirety.	Retain with modification to delete reference to "the mall" and replace with "The pedestrian area located on Thundelarra Drive"
21	Prior to applying for a Building Permit, the applicant must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the City of Rockingham that ground floor glazing of the Supermarket fronting Thundelarra Drive, along	The requirement to achieve and maintain an active street frontage is still relevant to the development intent and outcome. The redesign has altered the tenancy layout only.	Retain, however to be amended to delete reference to the Supermarket and mall and refer to the Thundelarra Drive frontage and

No.	<b>Current Condition wording</b>	Assessment	Outcome
	with the Specialty Shops facing Thundelarra Drive and all windows facing the mall, have a minimum visible light transmission rate of at least 79% and a maximum visible reflectivity rate of 9% in order ensure that a commercial, interactive frontage is available to the development from Thundelarra Drive and the mall. The glazing must be thereafter be installed and maintained to the satisfaction of the City of Rockingham for the duration of the development.	The City does not agree with the Applicant that this condition be deleted in entirety.	pedestrian access that sleeves the Supermarket.
22	Entries and window frontages of the Supermarket and specialty shop tenancies facing Thundelarra Drive and the mall must contain clear, transparent glass, and not be covered, closed or screened off (including by means of dark or other tinting, shutters, curtains, blinds, posters, paint, roller doors or similar), to ensure that visibility and a commercial, interactive frontage is available between the development and Thundelarra Drive at all times.	The requirement to achieve and maintain an active street frontage is still relevant to the development intent and outcome. The redesign has altered the tenancy layout only.  The City agrees that the condition be amended.	Retain, however to be amended to delete reference to the Supermarket and mall.
23	The internal layout of the Supermarket shall ensure Supermarket aisles do not extend to the windows fronting Thundelarra Drive, and shelving and storage be located to ensure no obstruction of windows occurs, in order to maintain the view between Thundelarra Drive and the Supermarket tenancy.	The reconfigured design has removed the Supermarket being built to the Thundelarra Drive street frontage.  The City agrees with the Applicant that this condition be deleted in entirety.	Delete Condition 23
25	The awning in front of the specialty shops on Thundelarra Drive shall be	The awning on Thundelarra Drive extends for the entire length of the	Delete Condition 25

No.	<b>Current Condition wording</b>	Assessment	Outcome
	extended south by 3.5m to provide weather protection for the bike parking area.	retail tenancies providing the extension sought by the condition.	
		The City agrees with the Applicant that this condition be deleted in entirety.	
26	Bollards must be installed at both ends of the mall to ensure no vehicle access along the mall. All other parking bays to contain wheel stops to prevent vegetation damage, and prevent encroachment to the pedestrian movement network.	The redesign has removed the mall component only. The requirement for bollards serves no purpose. The balance of the condition for parking bay wheel stops is still relevant to its purpose.  The City does not agree with the Applicant that this condition should be deleted.	Retain Condition 26, however, delete the need for bollards to the mall as this component of the development has been removed.

In considering the revised development, the following key matters have also been assessed:

# Land Use

The application seeks consideration for the retail tenancies to be approved specifically for the purposes of "Shop", "Lunch Bar" and "Restaurant/Café" which are all consistent with the Commercial zoning under TPS2.

Pursuant to TPS2, the land uses proposed are defined as follows:

Shop	"means premises other than a bulky goods showroom, a liquor store – large or a liquor store – small used to sell goods by retail, to hire goods, or to provide services of a personal nature, including hairdressing or beauty therapy services
Lunch Bar	means premises or part of premises used for the sale of takeaway food (in a form ready to be consumed without further preparation) within industrial or commercial areas
Restaurant/Café	means premises primarily used for the preparation, sale and serving of food and drinks for consumption on the premises by customers for whom seating is provided, including premises that are licenced under the Liquor Control Act 1988"

Within the Commercial zone, which the site is located, a "Shop" is a Permitted ('P') use and "Lunch Bar" and/or "Restaurant/Café" are both Discretionary ('D').

The 2024 Development Approval refers to the land uses of "Shop" and "specialty retail". The "Shop" is taken to refer to the Supermarket tenancy consistent with the land use definition under TPS2. The term "retail tenancies" is undefined and has been used broadly to imply "Shop" based on the assessment and car parking calculation. Whilst the Applicant is seeking approval for specified land uses, these have not been allocated to any particular tenancy.

To avoid doubt, whilst the City supports the commercial land uses proposed as they are consistent with the zoning and car parking requirements as assessed, inclusion of an Advice Note would clarify that the approval anticipates these land uses to be within the tenancies sleeving the Shop (Supermarket) tenancy. Any subsequent change of tenancy to a café or fast-food outlet would be otherwise be exempt from Development Approval.

# Carparking and Access

Wyloo Lane access has been removed which alters the way delivery vehicles will service the GBNC. This is an improved outcome, particularly for the residents of Wyloo Lane. This accessway deletion has allowed for new tandem parking spaces accessed internally to accommodate staff. Service deliveries via Wyloo Lane have now also been removed.

A realignment of car parking to the central aisle is proposed to accommodate the reconfiguration of the supermarket and retail tenancies. The overall car parking provision across the GBNC site has been maintained and remains consistent with the existing condition requirement for a minimum of 147 car parking spaces.

# Built form and street interfaces

The revised layout significantly improves the relationship of the development with Thundelarra Drive, transitioning the built form from an inward-facing design to a main street-oriented configuration. This change enhances street activation, surveillance and pedestrian amenity.

The removal of the internal pedestrian arcade/plaza is considered acceptable as equivalent (and improved) public interface outcomes are achieved though outdoor dining, street-facing tenancies and through footpath widths.

Building materials and finishes remain consistent with the previously approved palette, maintaining architectural cohesion with the wider Neighbourhood Centre.

The perspectives provided in RAR Attachment 3 indicates the materiality and design detail that will be in keeping wit he GBNC design intent.

# Pavement Design

The pavement design along Thundelarra Drive needs to be reviewed in consultation with the Applicant. The Applicant seeks the proposed pavement artwork design to form part of the site's public artwork contribution, under Condition 16. However, the City considers the pavement artwork to be separate from the public artwork contribution requirement. While the proposed design may enhance visual interest, it has the potential to cause confusion or disorientation for people with visual impairments or cognitive challenges.

Accordingly, the pavement design should be further rationalised to ensure it is suitable and inclusive for all pedestrians, while contributing positively to the broader design intent and amenity of the GBNC. The City notes that Condition 16 of the Development Approval remains subject to further detail and is not part of this current assessment. The City expects the refinement of the pavement design to be addressed through the

plans submitted in response to Condition 5, relating to detailed landscaping. No modification to Condition 5 is required.

The revised layout and design are considered appropriate and deliver an enhanced outcome for both the Wyloo Lane and Thundelarra Drive frontages.

# **Signage**

With regards to advertising signage, the 2024 Development Approval specifies signage types and locations for the GBNC as a complete development. The approved signage locations for the GBNC is shown below:

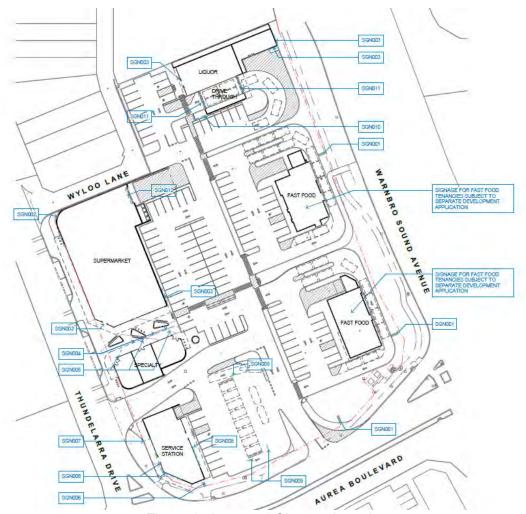


Figure 6. Approved Signage Locations

Three (3) specific signage amendments are proposed and are summarised as outlined below:

 Wyloo Lane/Thundelarra Drive corner façade signage changed and a wall mounted sign relocated to be above wall mounted GBNC signage in lieu of facing Wyloo Lane which is supported;



Figure 7. Approved Thudelarra Drive elevation and signage



Figure 8. Proposed Thundelarra Drive elevation and signage

- 2. Additional signage for trolley bays identification and loading dock area which are supported.
- 3. Relocation of a GBNC pylon sign from Aurea Boulevard frontage to the Warnbro Sound Avenue

The proposed relocation of the GBNC pylon sign from Aurea Boulevard to Warnbro Sound Avenue sees the removal of the pylon from the Aurea Boulevard crossover which is supported to improve sightlines, accommodate the pedestrian linkages and car parking re-alignment proposed.

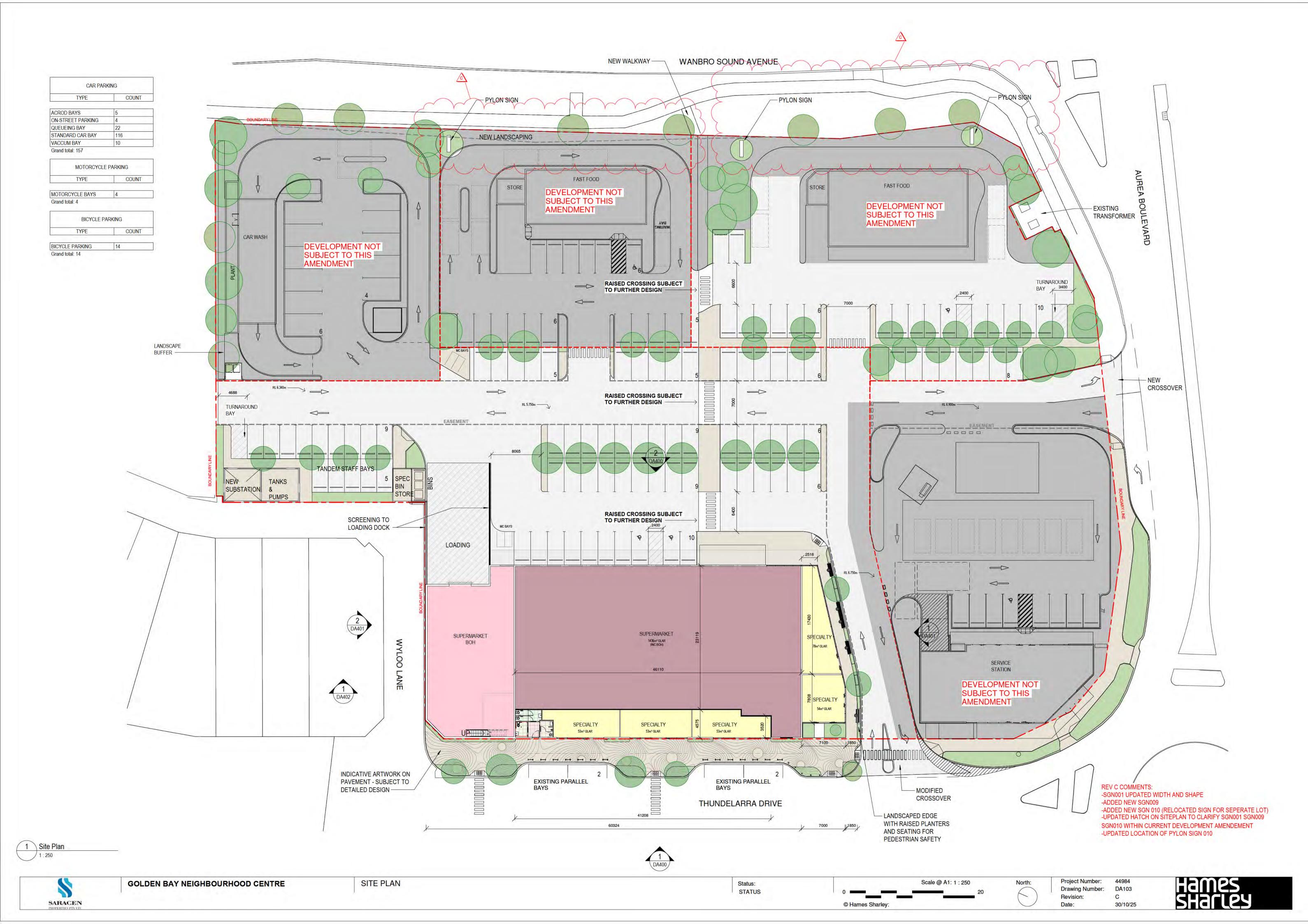
The relocation results in three (3) pylons dispersed along the Warnbro Sound Avenue frontage. Each pylon design has been updated to reflect individual tenancies/branding, as opposed to a generic GBNC pylon type pylon replicated multiple times.

The pylons comply with the PP3.3.1 requirements in regard to height and the changes proposed are supported.

# **Conclusion:**

The proposed redesigned development represents a positive design refinement that improves the sites urban integration, public realm interface and commercial functionality without altering the approved land use mix.

The proposed amendments are generally compliant with the City of Rockingham Town Planning Scheme No.2 and Local Development Plan. Accordingly, the City supports the proposed revised development, subject to the continuation of all previously imposed conditions from the Development Approval dated 20 March 2024, except where specifically modified in this report recommendation.



# **GOLDEN BAY NEIGHBOURHOOD CENTRE**





Scale: NTS

Project Number: Drawing Number: Revision:

**DA000** 26/09/2025

DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION





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GOLDEN BAY NEIGHBOURHOOD CENTRE

**PERSPECTIVE** 

Status: DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION Scale: NTS

Project Number: Drawing Number: Revision: Date:

DA003



SARACEN PROPERTIES PTY LTT:

DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION

Scale: NTS

Project Number: Drawing Number: Revision:

Date:

DA004





**PERSPECTIVE** 

DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION

Scale: NTS

Project Number: Drawing Number: Revision: Date:

**DA005** 



SARACEN PROPERTIES PTY LTT:

PERSPEC

Status:
DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION

Scale: NTS

Project Number: Drawing Number: Revision:

Date:

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26/09/2025

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GOLDEN BAY NEIGHBOURHOOD CENTRE

Status: DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION Scale: NTS

Project Number: Drawing Number: Revision: Date:

DA007

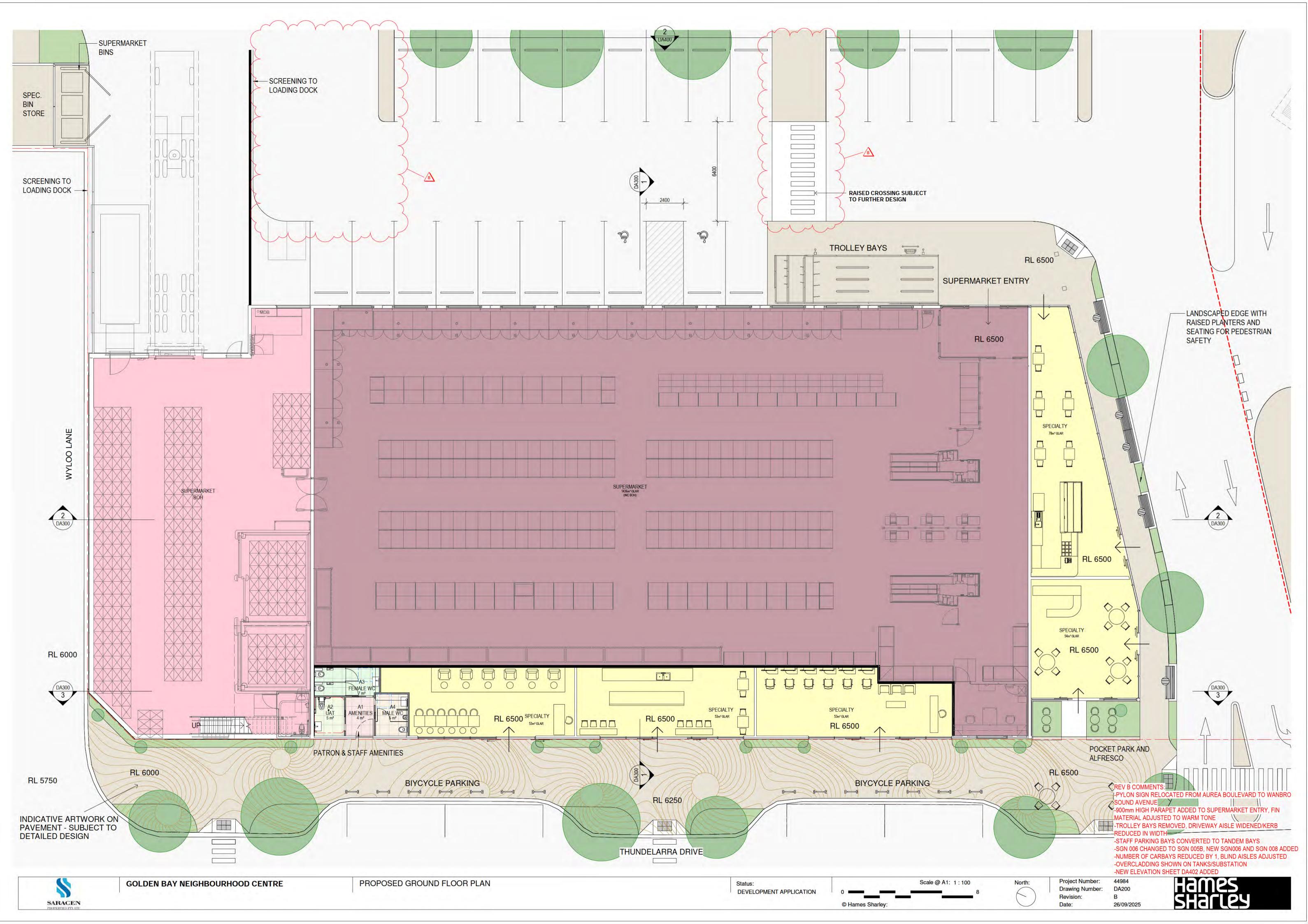


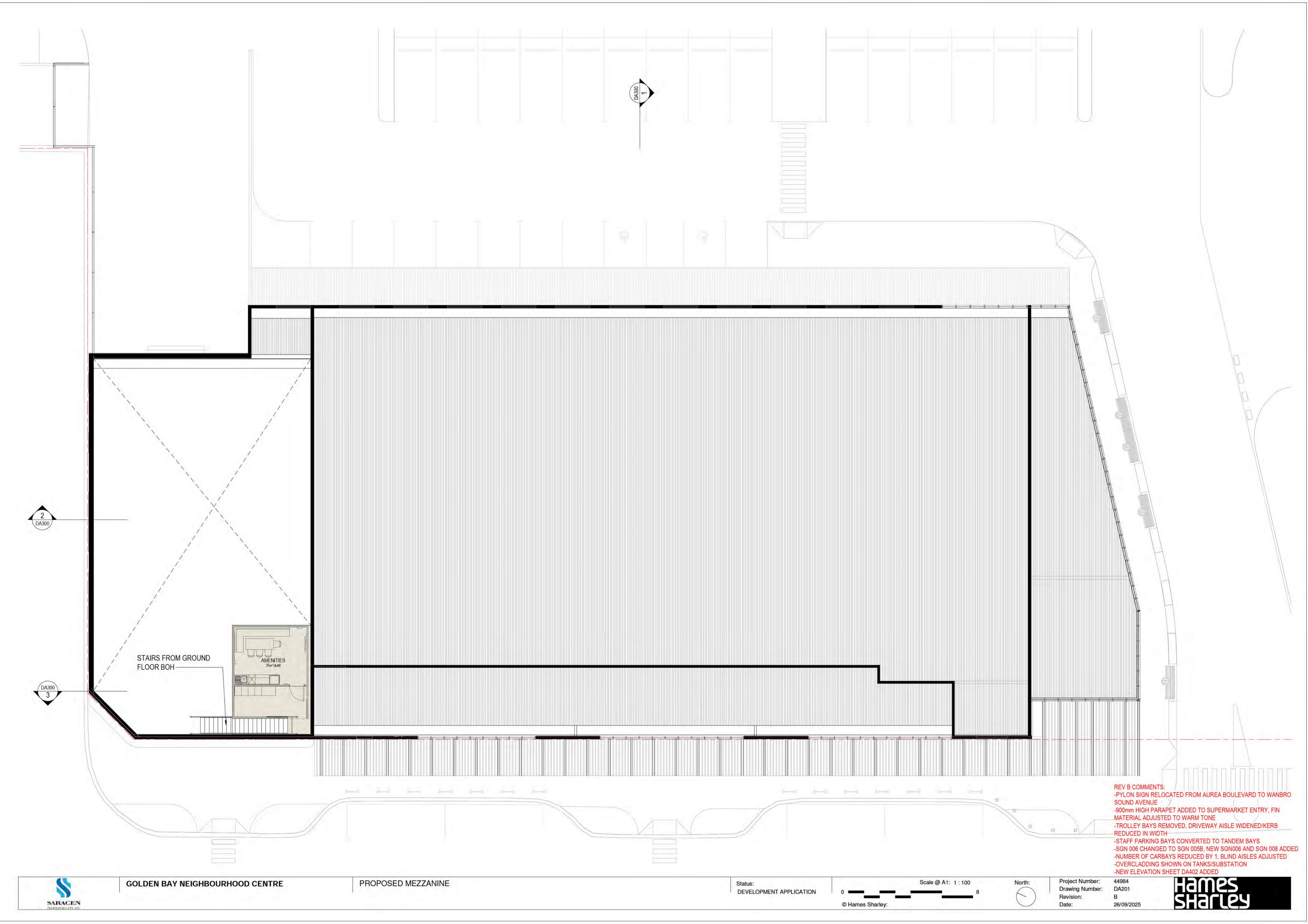
SARACEN

Status: DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION Scale: NTS

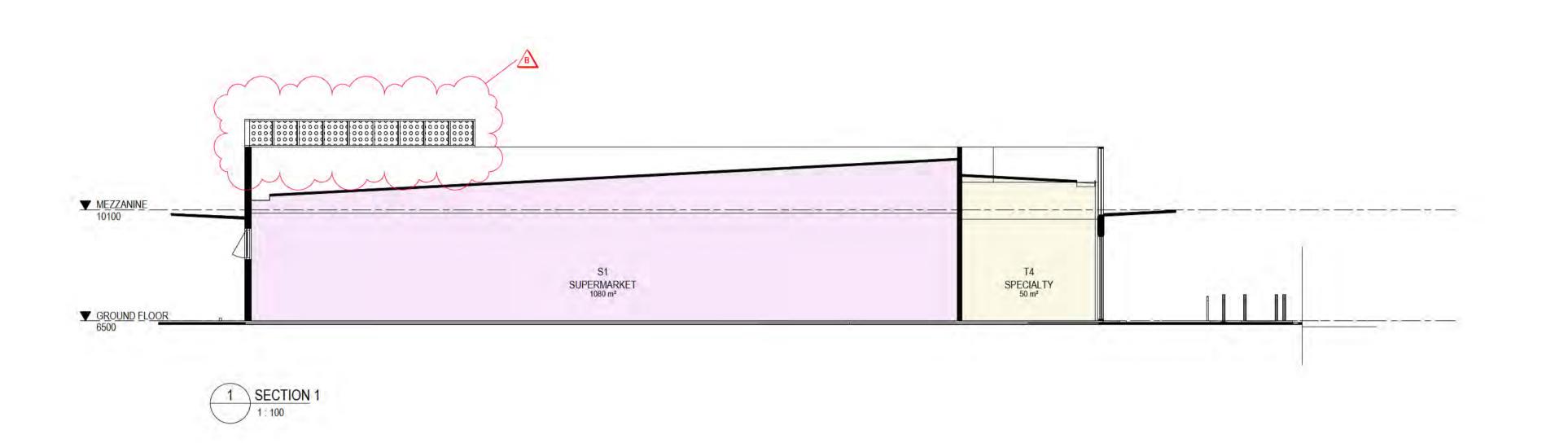
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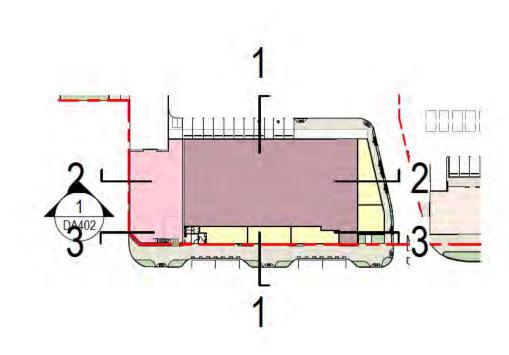
DA008 26/09/2025

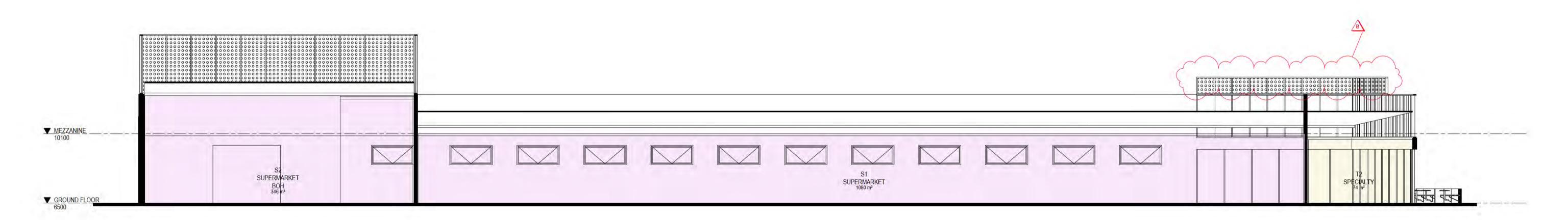




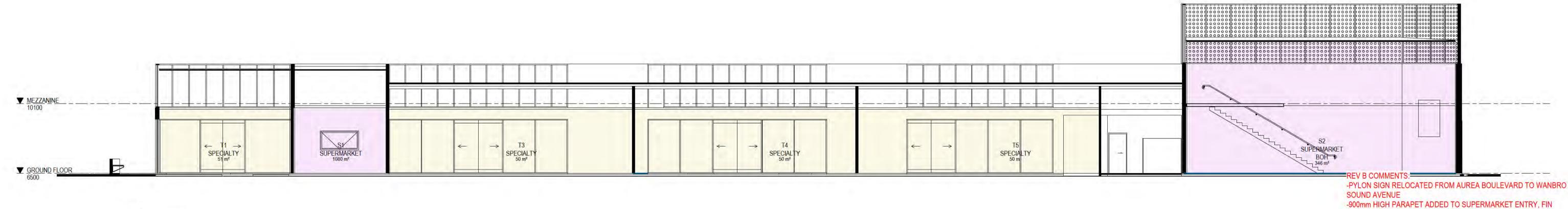












3 SECTION 3 1:100

-TROLLEY BAYS REMOVED, DRIVEWAY AISLE WIDENED/KERB
REDUCED IN WIDTH
-STAFF PARKING BAYS CONVERTED TO TANDEM BAYS
-SGN 006 CHANGED TO SGN 005B, NEW SGN006 AND SGN 008 ADDED
-NUMBER OF CARBAYS REDUCED BY 1, BLIND AISLES ADJUSTED
-OVERCLADDING SHOWN ON TANKS/SUBSTATION
-NEW ELEVATION SHEET DA402 ADDED

MATERIAL ADJUSTED TO WARM TONE



GOLDEN BAY NEIGHBOURHOOD CENTRE

SECTIONS

Status:
DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION

Scale @ A1: As indicated 8

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Project Number: 44984
Drawing Number: DA300
Revision: B
Date: 26/09/2025

Hames



**GOLDEN BAY NEIGHBOURHOOD CENTRE** 

ELEVATIONS

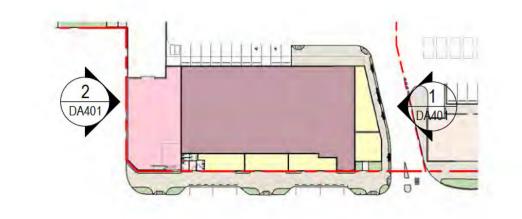
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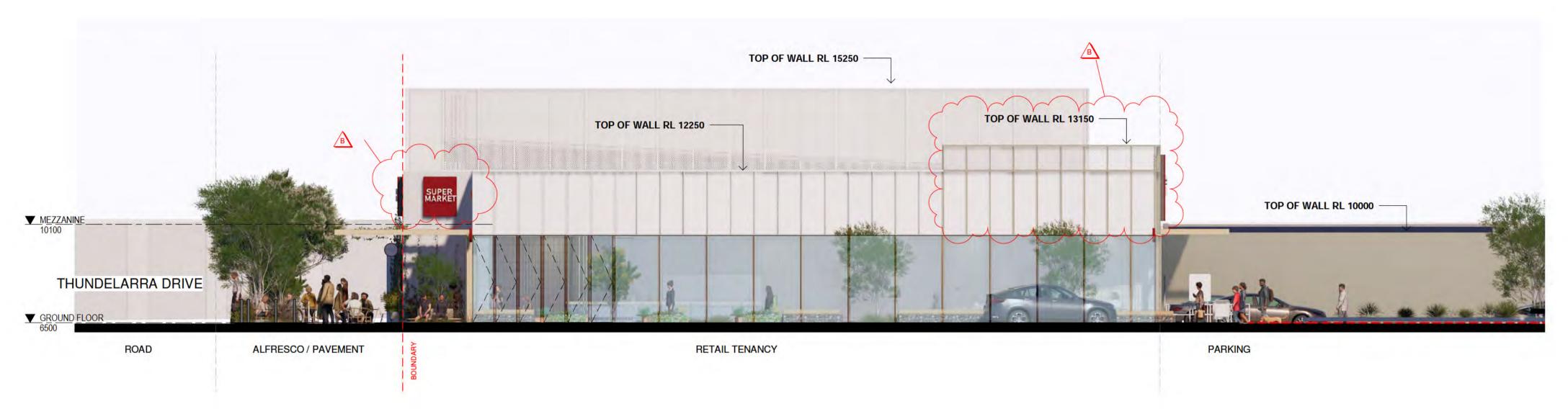
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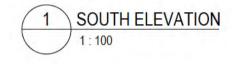
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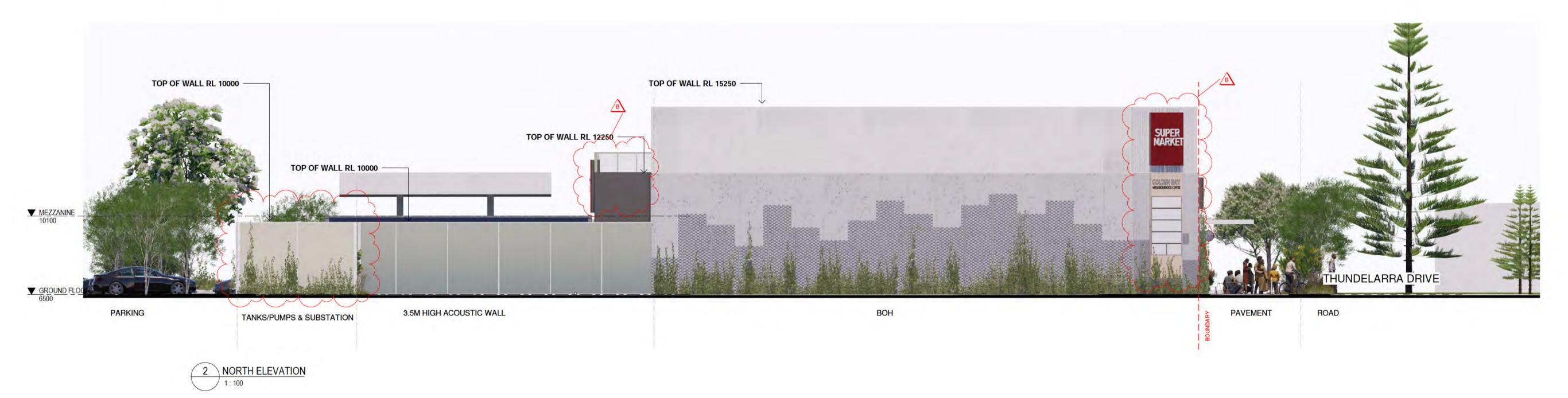
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Drawing Number:
Revision:
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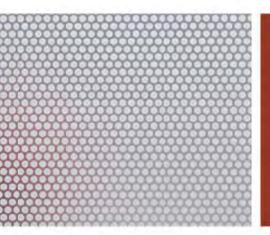




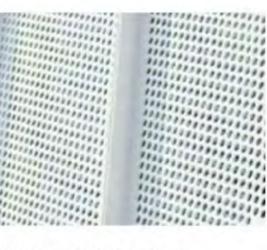












WARM TONE METAL

SARACEN

TIMBER-LOOK CANOPY AND BATTENS

WHITE TEXTURED CONCRETE

WHITE METAL FINS AND BATTENS

LANDSCAPED TRELLIS

FRITTED GLASS CANOPY

**RED PAINTED** CONCRETE

WHITE PERFORATED METAL SCREENING

Status: DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION

Project Number: Drawing Number: Revision: Date:

-NEW ELEVATION SHEET DA402 ADDED 26/09/2025

-OVERCLADDING SHOWN ON TANKS/SUBSTATION

MATERIAL ADJUSTED TO WARM TONE

-PYLON SIGN RELOCATED FROM AUREA BOULEVARD TO WANBRO

SOUND AVENUE -900mm HIGH PARAPET ADDED TO SUPERMARKET ENTRY, FIN

-TROLLEY BAYS REMOVED, DRIVEWAY AISLE WIDENED/KERB

-SGN 006 CHANGED TO SGN 005B, NEW SGN006 AND SGN 008 ADDED -NUMBER OF CARBAYS REDUCED BY 1, BLIND AISLES ADJUSTED

-STAFF PARKING BAYS CONVERTED TO TANDEM BAYS

REV B COMMENTS:

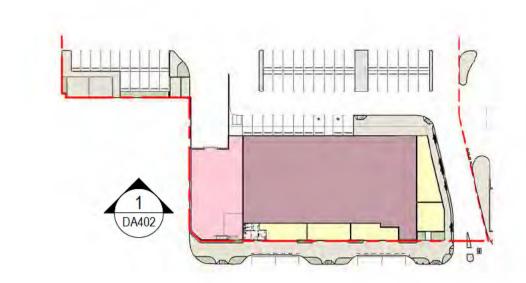
REDUCED IN WIDTH

**DA401** 

**GOLDEN BAY NEIGHBOURHOOD CENTRE** 

**ELEVATIONS** 

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WARM TONE METAL

**GOLDEN BAY NEIGHBOURHOOD CENTRE** 

TIMBER-LOOK CANOPY

AND BATTENS

**ELEVATIONS** 

WHITE METAL FINS

AND BATTENS

WHITE TEXTURED

CONCRETE

Status: DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION

**RED PAINTED** 

CONCRETE

FRITTED GLASS

CANOPY

LANDSCAPED TRELLIS

Scale @ A1: As © Hames Sharley:

WHITE PERFORATED METAL SCREENING

Project Number: Drawing Number: Revision: Date:

-NEW ELEVATION SHEET DA402 ADDED

MATERIAL ADJUSTED TO WARM TONE

-PYLON SIGN RELOCATED FROM AUREA BOULEVARD TO WANBRO

-SGN 006 CHANGED TO SGN 005B, NEW SGN006 AND SGN 008 ADDED -NUMBER OF CARBAYS REDUCED BY 1, BLIND AISLES ADJUSTED

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-TROLLEY BAYS REMOVED, DRIVEWAY AISLE WIDENED/KERB

-STAFF PARKING BAYS CONVERTED TO TANDEM BAYS

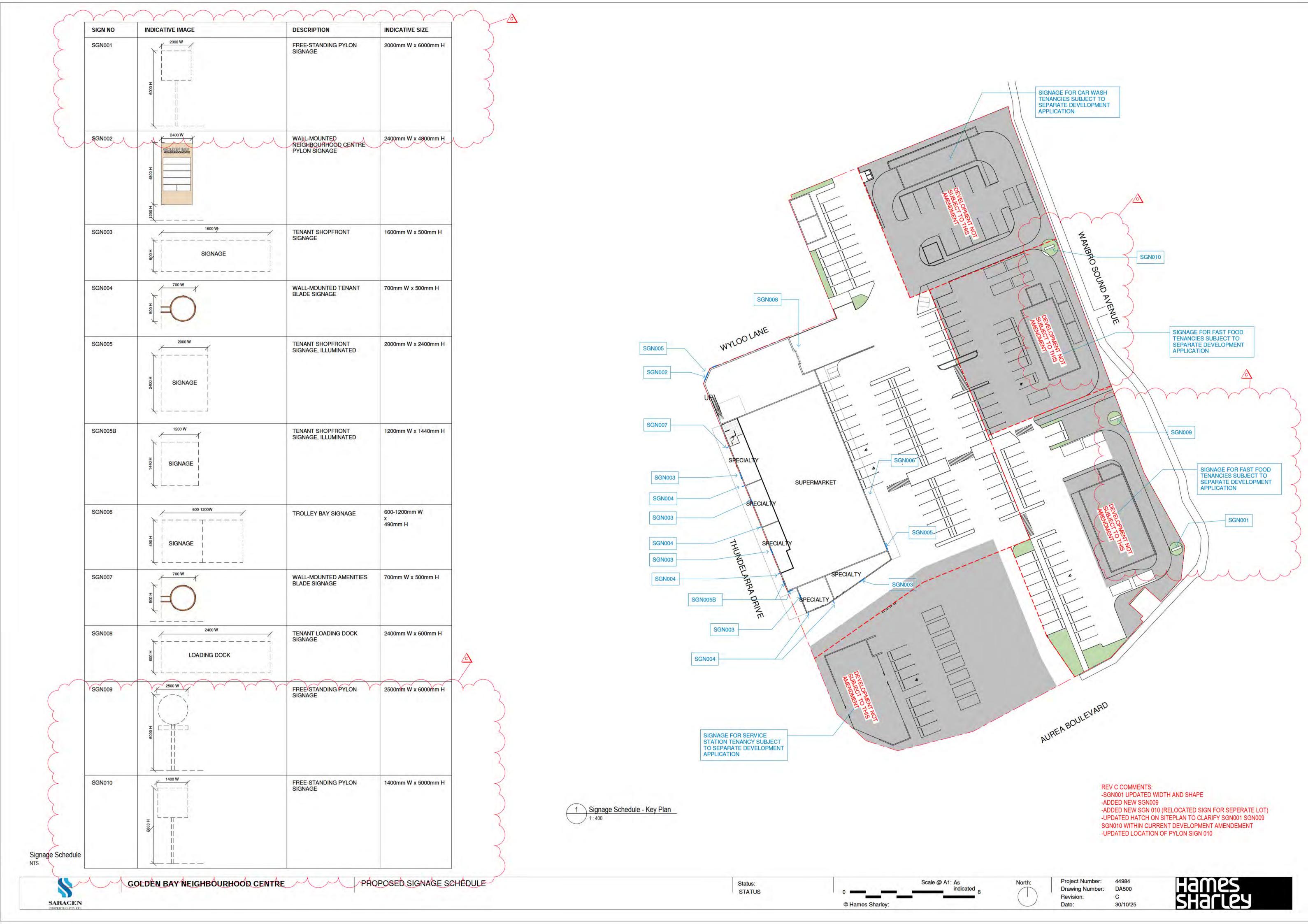
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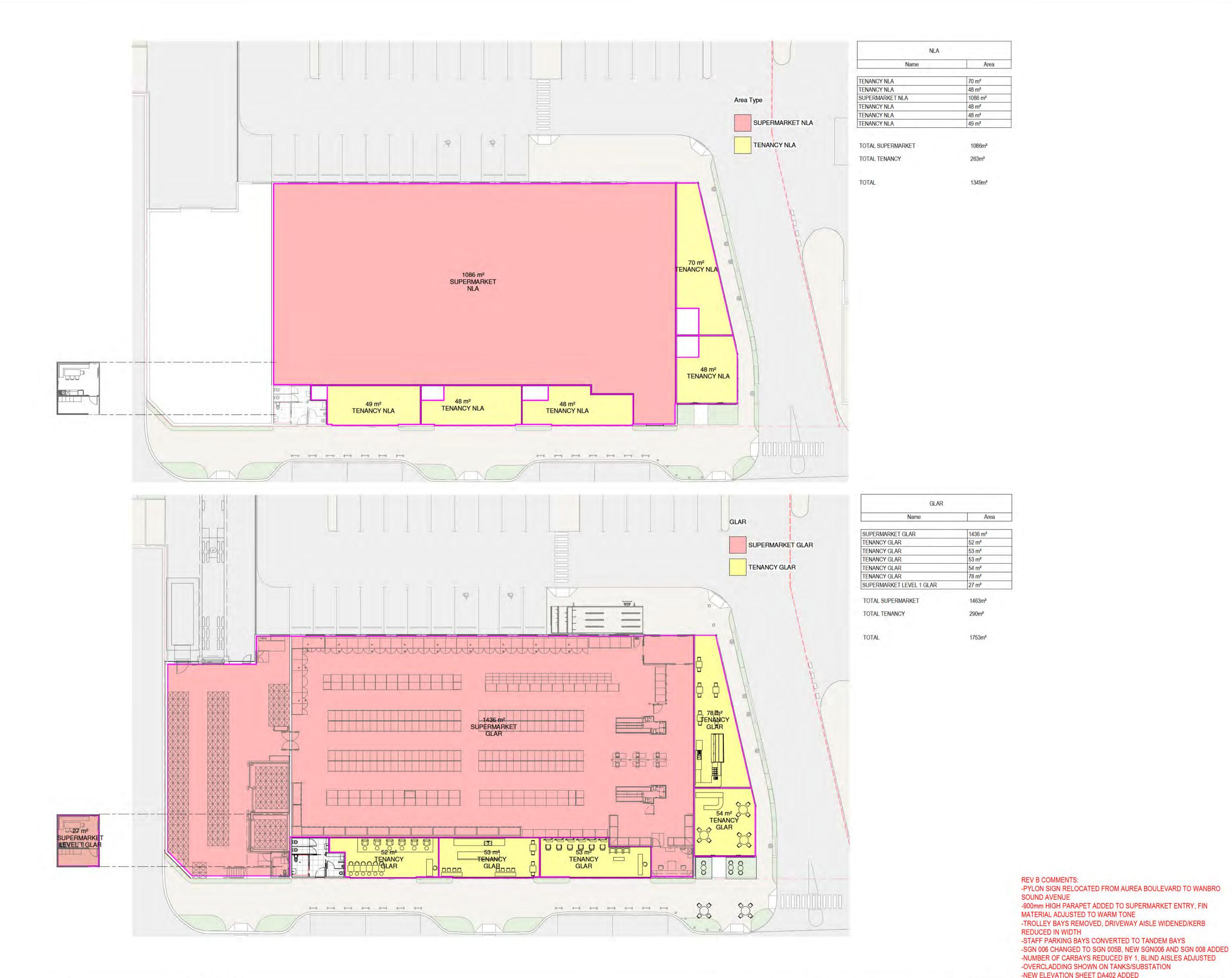
44984 DA402 26/09/2025

**REV B COMMENTS:** 

REDUCED IN WIDTH

SOUND AVENUE





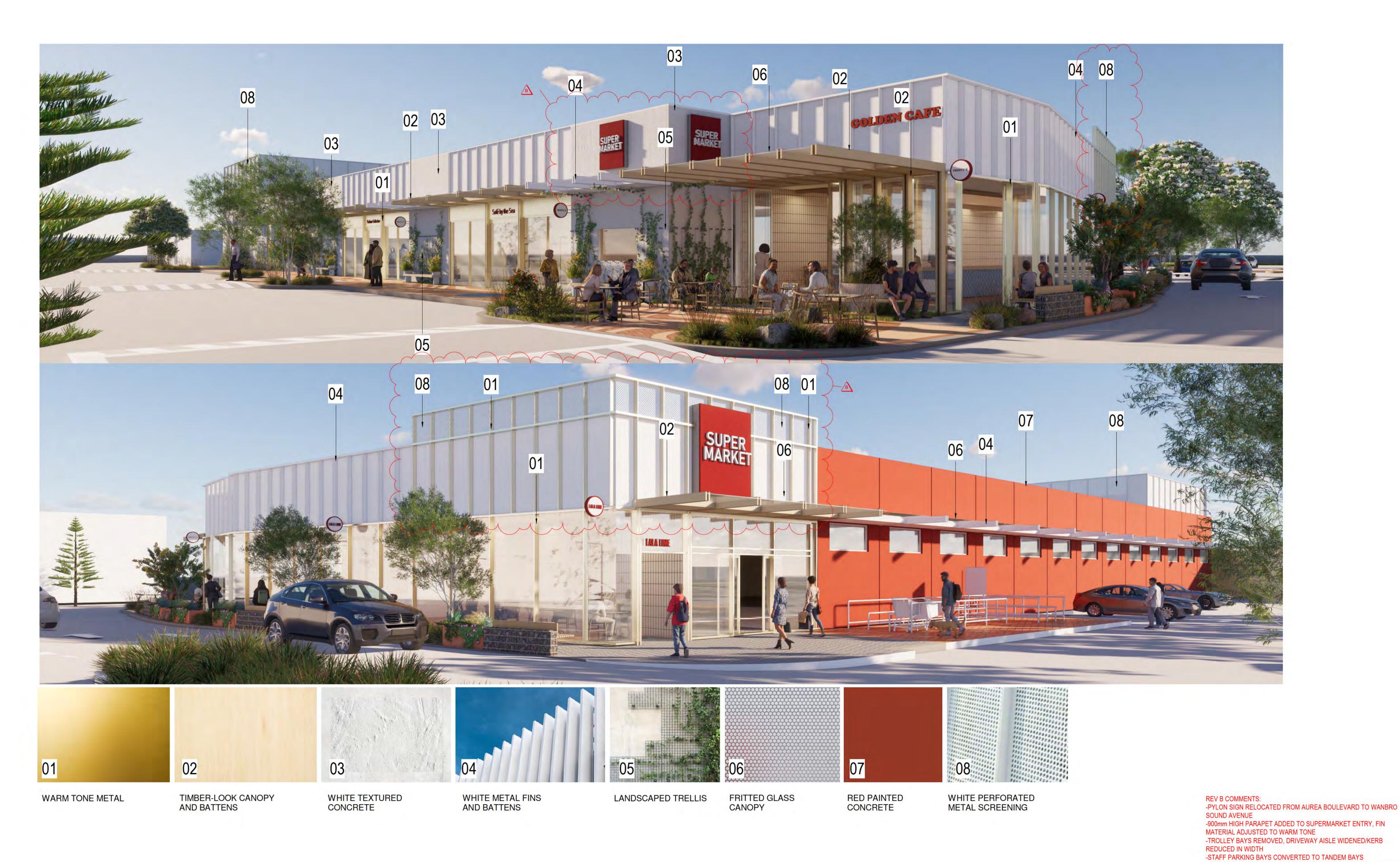
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North:

Project Number: Drawing Number: Revision: Date:

DA600 26/09/2025



GOLDEN BAY NEIGHBOURHOOD CENTRE

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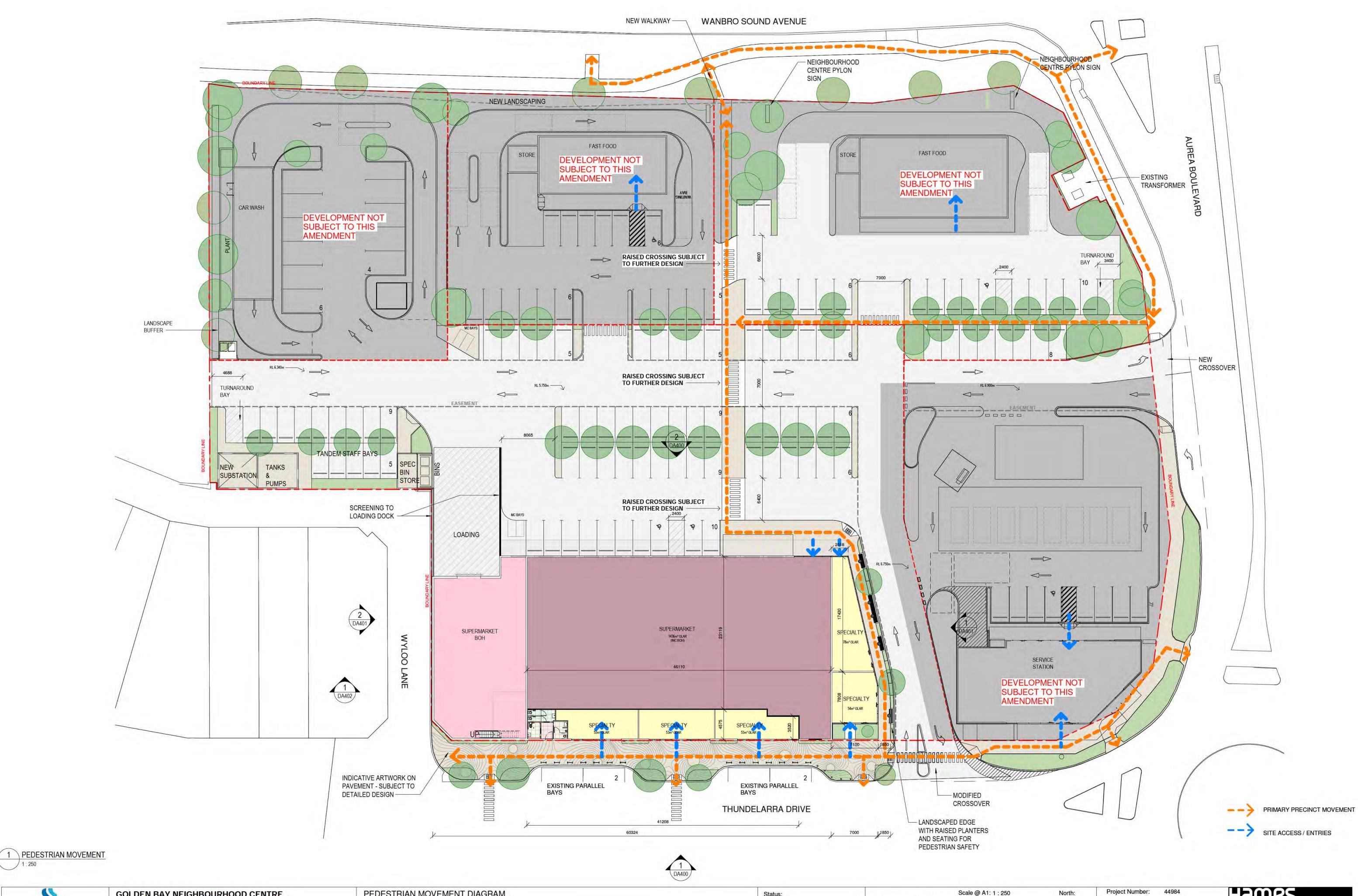
North:

Project Number: Drawing Number: Revision: Date: 26/09/2025

**DA700** 

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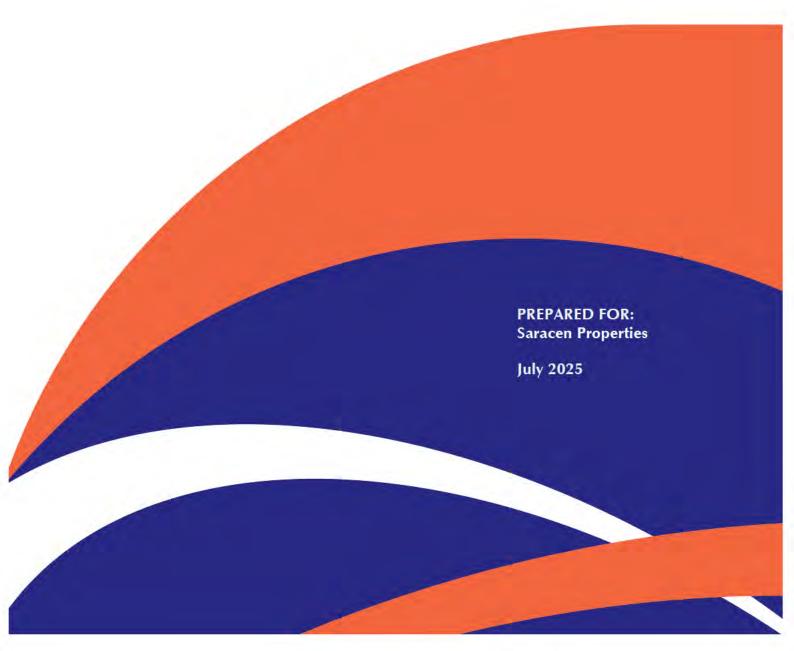


Status: STATUS © Hames Sharley: North: Revision: A Date: 17/10/2025

Drawing Number: DA800



# Golden Bay Neighbourhood Centre No.2 Aurea Boulevard Golden Bay Transport Impact Assessment



# **Document history and status**

Author	Revision	Approved by	Date approved	Revision type
M Rasouli	r01	B Bordbar	20/07/2025	Draft
M Rasouli	r01a	B Bordbar	22/07/2025	Final

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Project manager: Mohammad Rasouli

Client: Saracen Properties

Project: Golden Bay Neighbourhood Centre

**Document revision:** r01a

Project number: t25.124

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## 1 Introduction

This Transport Impact Assessment (TIA) has been prepared by Transcore on behalf of Saracen Properties with regards to the proposed Golden Bay Neighbourhood Centre to be located at 2 Aurea Boulevard, Golden Bay.

Transcore initially prepared a TIA in May 2023 for the original Neighbourhood Centre application, which was approved in 2023. The purpose of this TIA is to address the proposed amendments to the original application. These amendments include changes to the layout of the supermarket and specialty tenancies. Additionally, the approved Liquor Store will be replaced by a carwash; however, the carwash is subject to a separate application. For the sake of thorough assessments, the trip generation for the proposed carwash will be included in the overall trip generation of the development.

This TIA will review the amended development plan with respect to parking layout, parking supply and demand, access, egress, circulation and service vehicle movements for the proposed supermarket.

Further, This TIA will establish the traffic generation and distribution of the proposed development. The operation of the proposed development left in/left out crossover on Aurea Blvd and the nearby intersections (Warnbro Sound Ave/ Aurea Blvd and Thundelarra Dr/ Aurea Blvd) for existing, post development and 10-year post development scenarios will also be investigated in this TIA. Transcore organised video traffic counts at the existing roundabout intersection of Thundelarra Dr/ Aurea Blvd in 29<sup>th</sup> May 2025.

The site is located at the north-west corner of the existing signalised intersection of Warnbro Sound Avenue/Aurea Boulevard (refer Figure 1). Thudelarra Drive forms the western boundary of the site and Aurea Blvd is located to the south of the site.

It should be noted that Transcore was involved with a similar development on the opposite side of Aurea Boulevard. This development has been approved by JDAP and is operational.



Figure 1: Location of the subject site

## 2 Development Proposal

The development proposal is for the amendments to the original approved development plan. The proposed amendments include:

- A Supermarket (approximately 1,086m<sup>2</sup> NLA); and,
- Specialty shops (approximately 290m<sup>2</sup> GFA).

Parking provision shown in the development plan (Appendix B) is a total of 159 bays including four on-street bays and five ACROD Bays. More discussions on parking supply and demand are provided in **section 7** of this TIA.

The proposed access/egress system intended to serve the development is based on the approved development plan shown in Figure 2 (except the crossover on Wyloo Lane in the original plan which has been removed in the amended plan) and comprises the following elements:

- A full movement crossover on Thundelarra Drive (crossover 1); and,
- A left in/ left out crossover on Aurea Boulevard (crossover 2).



Figure 2. Proposed access/egress system

## 3 Existing Situation

## 3.1 Existing Road Network

The road hierarchy of the surrounding roads in accordance with Main Roads WA Functional Road Hierarchy is illustrated in **Figure 3**. As evident Aurea Blvd is classified as a Local Distributor and Thundelarra Drive is classified as an Access Road in the Main Roads WA *Functional Road Hierarchy*.



Figure 3: Existing road hierarchy

**Aurea Boulevard** as shown in **Figure 4**, is constructed as single carriageway standard with a solid median, on-street parking bays, on road cycle lanes and pedestrian paths on both sides of the road in the vicinity of the subject site. Aurea Boulevard operates under the default, built up area speed limit of 50km/h.

Aurea Boulevard connects to Thundelarra Drive in the form of a roundabout intersection and to Warnbro Sound Avenue as a signalised intersection.



Figure 4: Aurea Blvd adjacent to the subject site (looking east)

**Thundelarra Drive** as shown in **Figure 5**, is constructed as a single carriageway with on- road cycle lanes and shared paths on both sides of the road. It operates under the built-up area speed limit of 50km/h.



Figure 5: Thundelarra Dr adjacent to the subject site (looking south)

**Warnbro Sound Avenue** forms the eastern boundary of the site and is constructed as dual carriageway standard road with shared paths on paths on both sides of the road. Warnbro Sound Ave is classified as a Distributor B road in the Main Roads WA Perth Metropolitan Area Functional Road Hierarchy. The intersection of Warnbro Sound Avenue/ Aurea Blvd/ Adelong Ave in the form of a signalised intersection.

## 3.2 Existing Traffic Volumes on Roads

The latest SCATS data at the signalised intersection of Warnbro Sound Avenue/ Aurea Blvd/ Adelong Ave was sourced and analysed to establish the hourly and daily traffic volumes at the intersection.

Review of the February 2022 SCATS data indicated that Warnbro Sound Avenue and Aurea Blvd carried approximately 9,700vpd and 3,182vpd during the weekday.

Transcore originally undertook video traffic counts at the existing roundabout intersection of Aurea Blvd/ Thundelarra Drive during the weekday AM (8:00 – 9:00) and PM (4:00-5:00) peak hours in September 2022. Transcore updated the video counts for the same location at 29<sup>th</sup> May 2025. **Figure 6** shows the existing 2025 turning movements at the intersections.

The 2025 video counts indicated slightly higher traffic volumes on Aurea Blvd. Therefore, the SCATS traffic data were factored up to match the outcome of the video traffic counts on Aurea Blvd, resulting in a robust assessment.

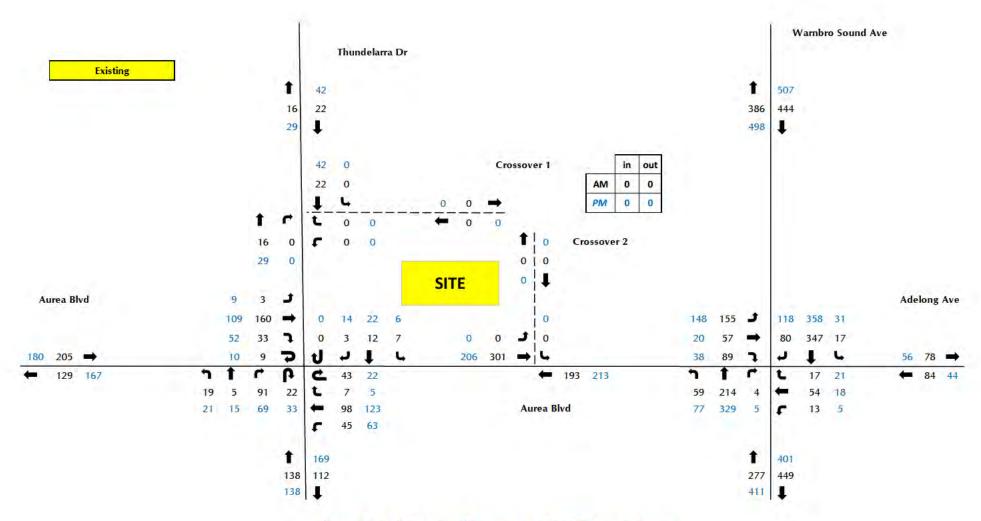


Figure 6: Existing traffic counts AM/ PM peak hour

## 3.3 Heavy Vehicles

Restricted Access Vehicle (RAV) Network routes are designated for access by large heavy vehicle combinations, which is managed by Main Roads WA.

As shown in Figure 7, the adjacent roads are not part of the RAV network and would be able to accommodate" as of right" vehicles (up to 19m semi-trailers).

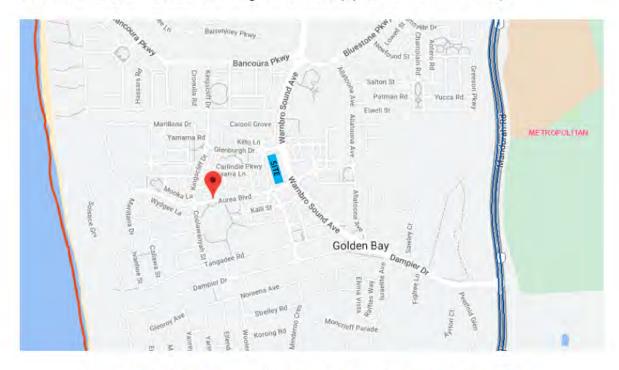


Figure 7. Existing heavy vehicle road network classification (RAV)

## 3.4 Public Transport Access

Available nearby public transport services are present in **Figure 8**. Bus route 558 provides a connection between Mandurah and Rockingham with Bus stops located on Warnbro Sound Avenue. This bus route operates on a half hourly basis throughout the day with additional services provided during the peak hour. This bus route provides an opportunity to transfer to other connecting bus and rail services.

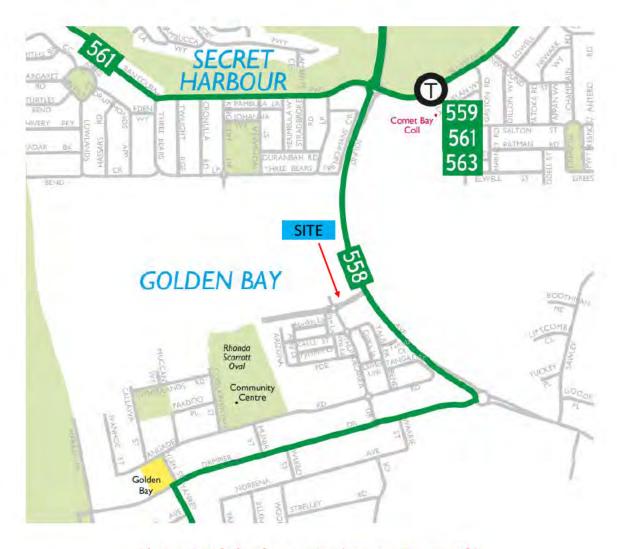


Figure 8: Existing bus routes (source: Transperth)

## 3.5 Pedestrian and Cyclist Facilities

The Department of Transport's Perth Bike Map series (refer Figure 9) shows that "High Quality Shared paths" are currently in place on both sides of Warnbro Sound Avenue. Shared Paths are also in place on both sides of Aurea Blvd and Thundelarra Drive. Both these roads also entail on road cycle lanes.

Pedestrian will have direct access to the proposed development via the existing external path network along the surrounding roads.

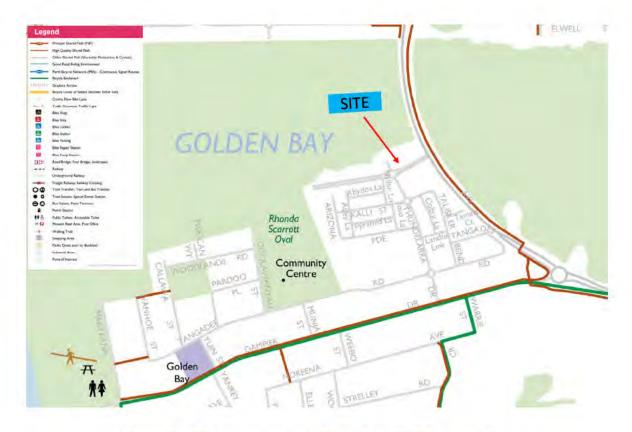


Figure 9: Bike map (source: Department of Transport)

#### 3.6 Crash Data

Information available on the Main Roads WA website indicates only one crash for the existing roundabout intersection of Aurea Blvd and Thundelarra Drive during the last five-year period ending in December 2024. This crash entailed no casualty.

The signalised intersection of Aurea Blvd / Warnbro Sound Avenue recorded a total of 4 road crashes with no casualty during the last five-year period ending in December 2024 as illustrated in **Table 1**.

The crash records over the last 5 years demonstrate that the road network in this vicinity has been constructed to a high standard with no particular safety issue.

Table 1. Crash Statistics for the Aurea Blvd / Warnbro Sound Avenue

Intersection		Total Crashes Casi				
Aurea Blvd /	Warnbro Sou	nd Avenue		4	0	
Rear End	Non collision	Pedestrian	Daylight	PDO Major	Dry	
1	2	0	2	1	4	

# 4 Changes to Surrounding Transport Networks

The proposed amendment will not change the location and layout of the approved development crossovers on Aurea Blvd and Thundelarra Drive. There would be no crossover on Wyloo Lane in the amended plan.

# **5 Integration with Surrounding Area**

The approved development and the proposed amendments are relevant to a neighbourhood centre which is in line with the existing and future surrounding land uses in the area.

## **6 Traffic Assessment**

#### 6.1 Assessment Period

The assessment years that are adopted for the analysis are 2026 and 2036.

## 6.2 Trip Generation and Distribution

The trip generation of the land uses within the approved development was sourced from the RTA NSW Guide to Traffic Generating Developments and the Institute of Transport Engineers Trip Generation Manual (11th Edition). The same trip rates used for the approved development plan were used for the proposed amended plan.

The approved development plan indicated a supermarket of approximately 1,165 m<sup>2</sup> NLA and 255 m<sup>2</sup> GFA of specialty shops. The amended development plan includes a 1,086 m<sup>2</sup> NLA supermarket and 290 m<sup>2</sup> GFA of specialty shops. The changes in land use quantities are marginal, and the net traffic change resulting from the proposed amendment is expected to be minimal.

To determine the net traffic change, the trip generation of the approved and amended plans were compared. Although the proposed car wash and dog wash is not part of this application, its trip generation was allowed in the assessments and replaced with the Liquor Store trip generation.

The traffic volume likely to be generated by the proposed car wash has been estimated based on projected customer numbers and number of staff and the information available in Transcore's database for similar land use. Accordingly, the trip generation of the proposed car wash is estimated as below:

#### Car Wash

- Weekday AM peak hour: 12 trips per hour;
- Weekday PM peak hour: 12 trips per hour; and,
- Weekday: 68 trips per day.

It is conservatively assumed that one customer would use the dog wash every 20 minutes and therefore three customers would utilise the proposed dog wash. This translated to the below trip generation during the road network peak hour:

#### Dog Wash

- Weekday AM peak hour: 6 trips per hour;
- Weekday PM peak hour: 6 trips per hour; and,
- Weekday: 64 trips per day.

The trip generation for the approved development, as detailed in the TIA prepared by Transcore for the approved development, is presented in **Table 2**. **Table 3** illustrates the trip generation for the proposed amended plan, utilising the same trip rates for the supermarket and specialty shops as those in the approved plan.

Due to the land use mix within the proposed Lots incidences of multi-purpose trips<sup>1</sup> (i.e., cross-trade) are anticipated. Accordingly, the applied cross-trade adjustment is calculated to result in approximately 25%. reduction in total trip generation (in line with RTA NSW Guidelines and the approved development plan).

Therefore, the net traffic change as a result of the proposed amended plan is **-92vpd** (daily trips) **+17vph** (AM peak hour) and **-21vph** (PM peak hour) on the surrounding road network. According to WAPC guidelines the traffic impact of the proposed amendment is moderate and would not warrant further assessments. However, for completion of the assessments based on the latest traffic counts the traffic operation of the amended plan crossovers and nearby intersections were assessed.

The distribution of traffic to and from the proposed developments was evaluated by considering the catchment area of the proposed development as well as the available access and egress routes to and from the site and consistent with the trip distribution of the approved development plan. Accordingly, total amended development traffic is shown in Figure 11.

•

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Multi-purpose trips are incidences where more than one shop/outlet are visited within the development (also referred to as "cross-trade")

Table 2: Weekday daily, morning peak and afternoon peak hour trip generation for the approved development plan

Land use/ Approved Plan	Quantity	Daily Rate	Weekd-AM	Weekd-PM	Cross Trade	Cross Trade Daily Trips	Weekd-AM	Weekd-PM	1 AM		PM	
		Daily Nate	Peak	Peak		Daily Hips	trips	trips	IN	OUT	IN	OUT
Fast food outlet with drive through	525	5.069	0.433	0.352	0.25	1996	170	138	85	85	69	69
Liquor	230	1.092	0.000	0.176	0.25	188	0	30	0	0	15	15
Supermarket	1165	1.550	0.016	0.160	0.25	1354	14	140	7	7	70	70
Specialty	255	0.330	0.004	0.042	0.25	63	1	8	0	1	4	4
Service Station	8	205.360	12.470	13.990	0.25	1232	75	84	37	38	42	42
TOTAL TRAFFIC							260	401	129	131	200	201

Table 3: Weekday daily, morning peak and afternoon peak hour trip generation for the approved amended development plan

Land use/ Amended Plan	Quantity	Daily Rate	Weekd-AM	M Weekd-PM	Cross Trade	de Daily Trips	Weekd-AM	Weekd-PM	AN	/	Р	M
			Peak	Peak	Cross Trade		trips	trips	IN	OUT	IN	OUT
Fast food outlet with drive through	525	5.069	0.433	0.352	0.25	1996	170	138	85	85	69	69
Carwash and dogwash			0			180	18	18	9	9	9	9
Supermarket	1086	1.550	0.016	0.160	0.25	1262	13	130	7	6	65	65
Specialty	290	0.330	0.004	0.042	0.25	72	1	9	0	1	5	4
Service Station	8	205.360	12.470	13.990	0.25	1232	75	84	37	38	42	42
TOTALTRAFFIC						4742	277	380	138	139	190	190
Net traffic change						-92	17	-21	9	8	-10	-11

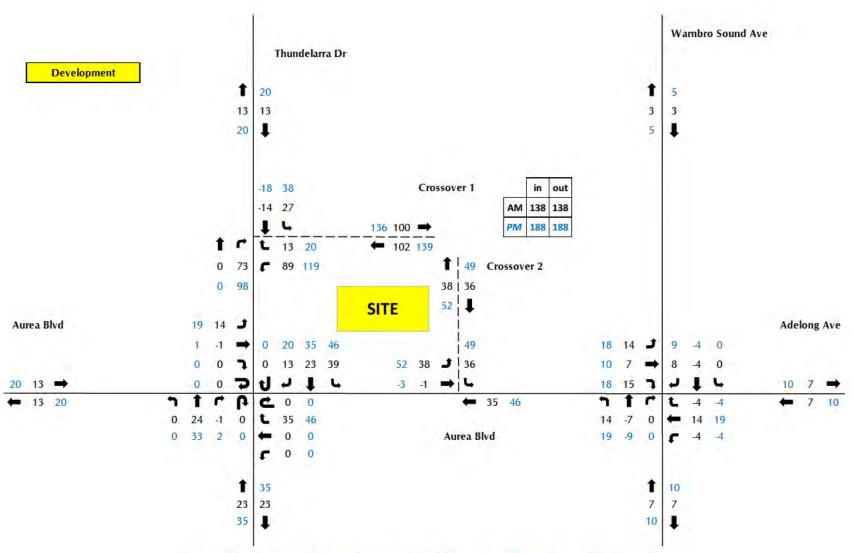
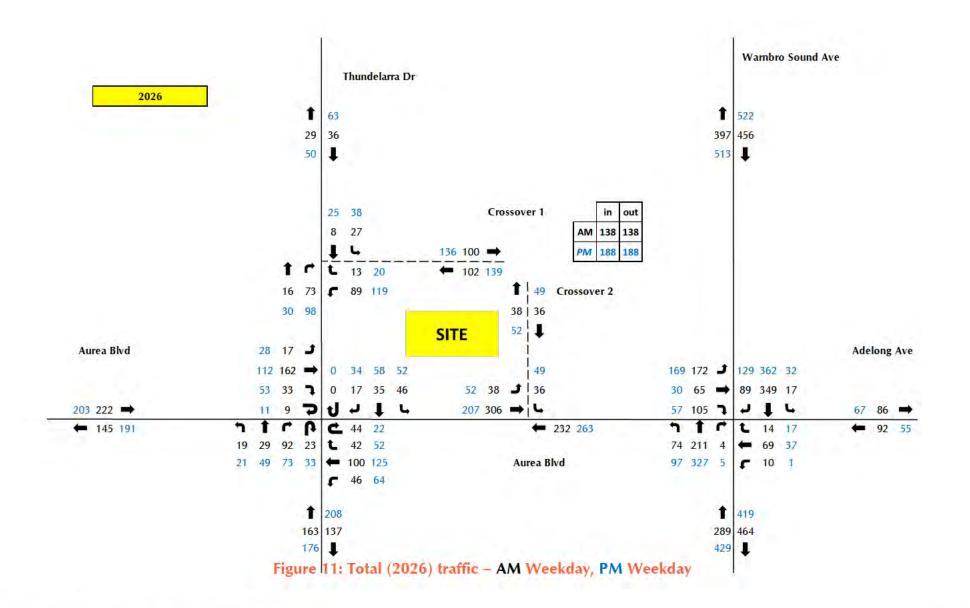


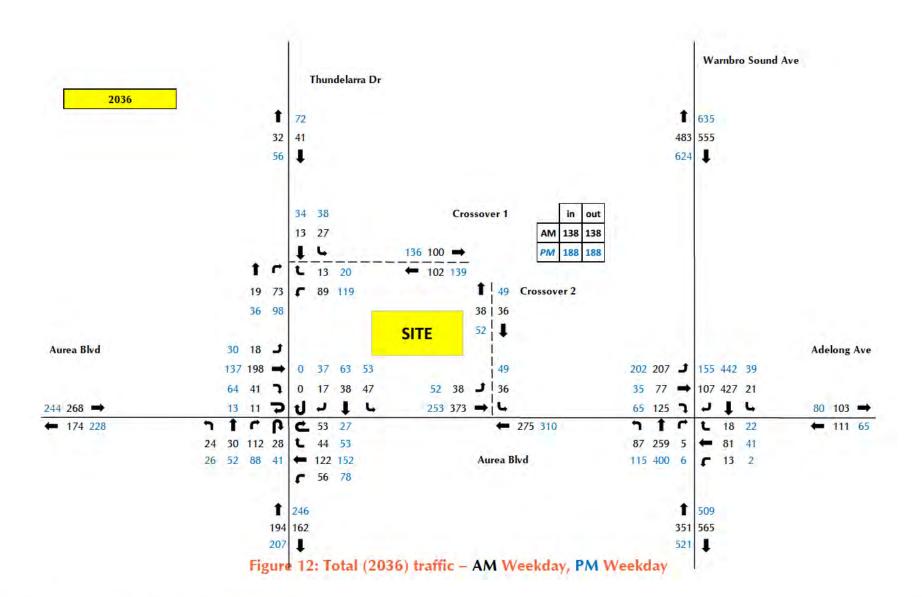
Figure 10: Proposed development traffic - AM Weekday, PM Weekday

#### **6.3 Traffic Flow Forecasts**

The existing traffic counts were established by review of the SCATS data at the existing signalised intersection of Warnbro Sound Ave/ Aurea Blvd/ Adelong Ave and the video traffic counts undertaken by Transcore (refer **Figure 6**). The total post development traffic for the assessment year of 2026 and 2036 was calculated with the updated 2025 existing background traffic plus the development traffic. For both years 2026 and 2036 a 2% annual traffic growth was applied to the background traffic.

The total projected traffic volumes for year 2026 and 2036 are presented in **Figure 11** and **Figure 12**.





#### 6.4 Analysis of Local Intersections & Crossovers

Capacity network analysis was undertaken using the SIDRA computer software package for year 2026 and 2036. SIDRA is an intersection modelling tool commonly used by traffic engineers for all types of intersections. SIDRA outputs are presented in the form of Degree of Saturation, Level of Service, Average Delay and 95% Queue. These characteristics are defined as follows:

- ♣ Degree of Saturation is the ratio of the arrival traffic flow to the capacity of the approach during the same period. The Degree of Saturation ranges from close to zero for infrequent traffic flow up to one for saturated flow or capacity.
- Level of Service is the qualitative measure describing operational conditions within a traffic stream and the perception by motorists and/or passengers. In general, there are 6 levels of service, designated from A to F, with Level of Service A representing the best operating condition (i.e., free flow) and Level of Service F the worst (i.e., forced or breakdown flow).
- ♣ Average Delay is the average of all travel time delays for vehicles through the intersection.
- ≠ 95% Queue is the queue length below which 95% of all observed queue lengths fall.

Network SIDRA models (refer Figure 13) were developed to assess the development crossovers on Thundelarra Drive and Aurea Blvd and nearby intersections as an integrated traffic network.

The results of the SIDRA network analysis are summarised in **Appendix B**. The SIDRA intersection models were coded with reference to Main Roads WA Operation Modelling Guidelines. All relevant parameters such as heavy vehicle groups, PCU factors etc. were coded as per the Main Roads WA Guidelines.

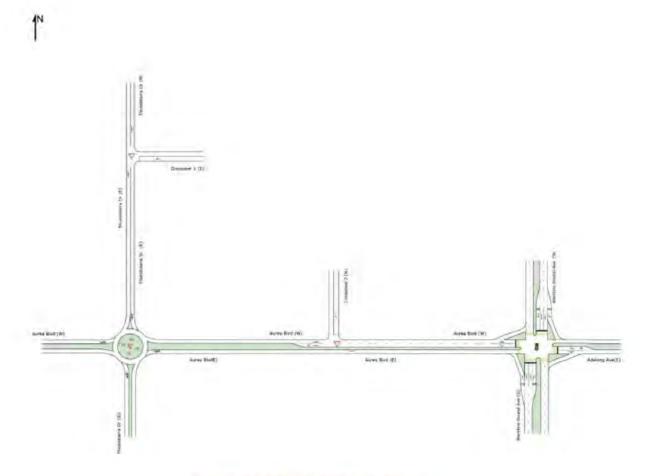


Figure 13: SIDRA Network Model

#### **NEARBY INTERSECTIONS**

The SIDRA analysis results and site observations indicate that the existing signalised and roundabout intersections presently operates satisfactorily (overall LoS C for signalised intersection and LoS A for roundabout intersection) with moderate queues and delays during both weekday peak hours for the signalised intersection and no queues and delays at the roundabout intersection.

The addition of the development-generated traffic resulted in negligible increases in overall queues and delays. No major change in overall LoS for the intersections is reported.

The SIDRA assessment for the 10-year post development scenario during the nominated peak periods rendered similar results to post-development scenario with marginal increases in delays and queues and no changes to the Level of Service for any of the movements of the intersections. Importantly, both intersections retain ample spare capacity for future traffic growth.

#### **DEVELOPMENT CROSSOVERS**

SIDRA analysis indicates that development crossovers will operate satisfactorily in 2026 and 2036 during assessed peak hours. All movements operate with good level of service (LoS A) with minimal delays and queuing.

#### **NETWORK OPERATION**

Relevant SIDRA network outputs were reviewed for the assessed peak hours to establish the operation of the development crossovers and the nearby intersections as an integrated network.

As detailed in Figure 14 and Figure 15 there are no queue back from the nearby intersections to the development crossovers. Similarly, no queue back from the development crossovers to the nearby intersections are reported.

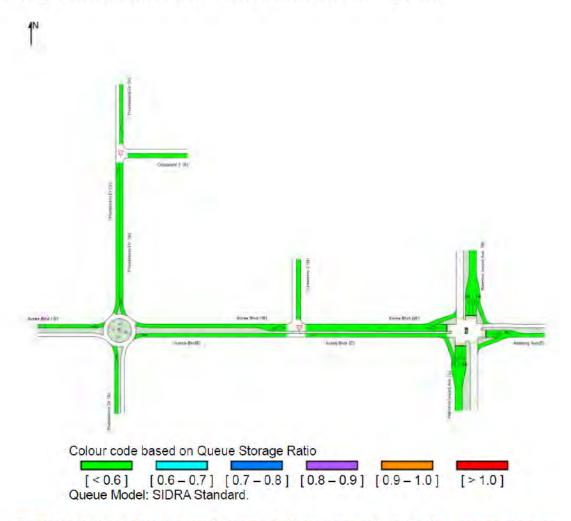


Figure 14: Weekday AM and PM peak hour network analysis – queue storage ratio (2026)

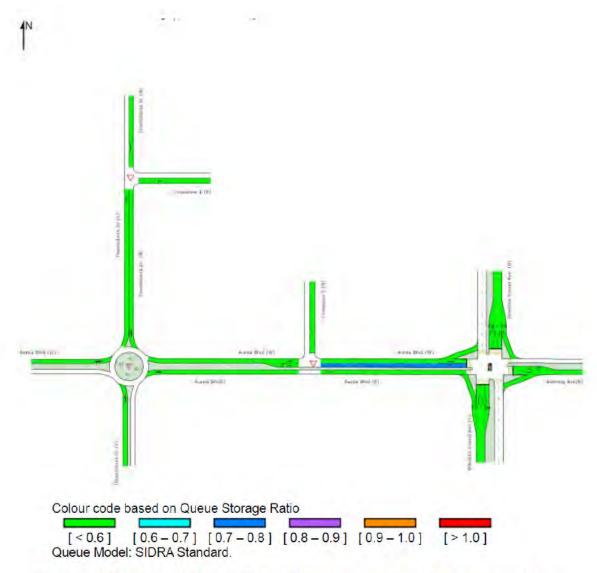


Figure 15: Weekday AM and PM peak hour network analysis – queue storage ratio (2036)

## 6.5 Impact on Surrounding Roads

The WAPC Transport Impact Assessment Guidelines (2016) provides the following guidance on the assessment of traffic impacts:

"As a general guide, an increase in traffic of less than 10 percent of capacity would not normally be likely to have a material impact on any particular section of road, but increases over 10 percent may. All sections of road with an increase greater than 10 percent of capacity should therefore be included in the analysis. For ease of assessment, an increase of 100 vehicles per hour for any lane can be considered as equating to around 10 percent of capacity. Therefore, any section of road where development traffic would increase flows by more than 100 vehicles per hour for any lane should be included in the analysis."

The net traffic change as a result of the proposed amended plan will not increase traffic on any lanes on the surrounding road network by more than 100vph, Therefore,

the proposed development will not increase traffic flows near the quoted WAPC threshold on the surrounding roads to warrant further detailed analysis.

## 6.6 Impact on Neighbouring Areas

Due to the location of the subject site, its accessibility via a major regional road, significant passing trade component and limited number of residential dwellings within the immediate vicinity, the traffic impact from the development in the area will be limited.

#### 6.7 Traffic Noise and Vibration

Due to the location of the subject site, its accessibility via major regional road, significant passing trade component, the traffic impact from the development in the area will be limited.

It generally requires a doubling of traffic volumes on a road to produce a perceptible 3dB(A) increase in road noise. The proposed development will not increase traffic volumes or noise on surrounding roads anywhere near this level.

# 7 Parking

The parking supply and demand (based on the Town Planning Scheme 2) for the proposed neighbourhood centre is summarised in **Table 4**. According to this table there would be surplus of about 28 bays under Town Planning Scheme 2. Therefore, the proposed parking provision would address the parking requirement of the proposed amendment.

Table 4: Amended Parking Calculation under TPS2

Land use	Required Parking TPS2	Determinant	Required bays
Shop, lunch bar (supermarket, specialty)	6/100m² NLA	Supermarket: 1,086m² NLA Speciality: 263m² NLA Total: 1,349m²	80.94
Motor Vehicle Wash	No specific parking requirements provided	N/A	N/A
Fast Food	1/11m² NLA	FFO1 (Chicken Treat) – 70.5m² NLA FFO2 – 260m² GLAR <b>Total: 330.5m²*</b>	30.04
Service Station	6/100m <sup>2</sup> NLA 1/service bay 1/employee	160m² NLA + 8 service bays + 2 employees	19.6
		Total required bays	130.58
Total provide	ed standard parking ba	ays (including parallel bays on Thundelarra Drive)	127
Ç	Queueing/vacuum bay	s (car wash, fast food outlets)	32
		Total bays provided	159
		Parking balance	28 bay surplus

<sup>\*</sup> Assumes entire GLAR floor area is included in NLA total

# 8 Provision of Heavy Vehicles

19m service trucks are expected to service the proposed supermarket loading dock. The service truck for the supermarket would enter the site from Aurea Blvd crossover after making a U-turn at the roundabout intersection of Aurea Blvd/ Thundelarra Drive and would exit the site via the proposed left in/ left out crossover on Aurea Blvd.

An 8.8-meter waste collection truck is anticipated to collect waste from the bin store area along Wyloo Lane. The truck will travel south on Wyloo Lane, reverse into the bin store area for collection, and then proceed in forward gear back along Wyloo Lane after completing the service. Turn path analysis undertaken indicates that a B99 car can pass the parked waste collection truck on Wyloo Lane.

Turn path analysis undertaken for 19m service vehicle and 8.8m waste collection truck confirm satisfactory access, egress and circulation. The turn path analysis plans are included in **Appendix C**.

# 9 Conclusions

Transcore initially prepared a TIA in May 2023 for the original Neighbourhood Centre application, which was approved in 2023. The proposed development has recently been amended, resulting in changes to the layouts of the supermarket and specialty tenancies. Additionally, the approved Liquor Store has been replaced by a carwash; however, the carwash itself is not part of the amendments.

The approved development plan indicated a supermarket of approximately 1,165 m<sup>2</sup> NLA and 255 m<sup>2</sup> GFA of specialty shops. The amended development plan includes a 1,086 m<sup>2</sup> NLA supermarket and 290 m<sup>2</sup> GFA of specialty shops. The changes in land use quantities are marginal, and the net traffic change resulting from the proposed amendment is expected to be minimal.

Network SIDRA models were developed to assess the development crossovers on Thundelarra Drive and Aurea Blvd and nearby intersections as an integrated traffic network. The analysis result indicates satisfactory traffic operations of the intersections and the crossovers.

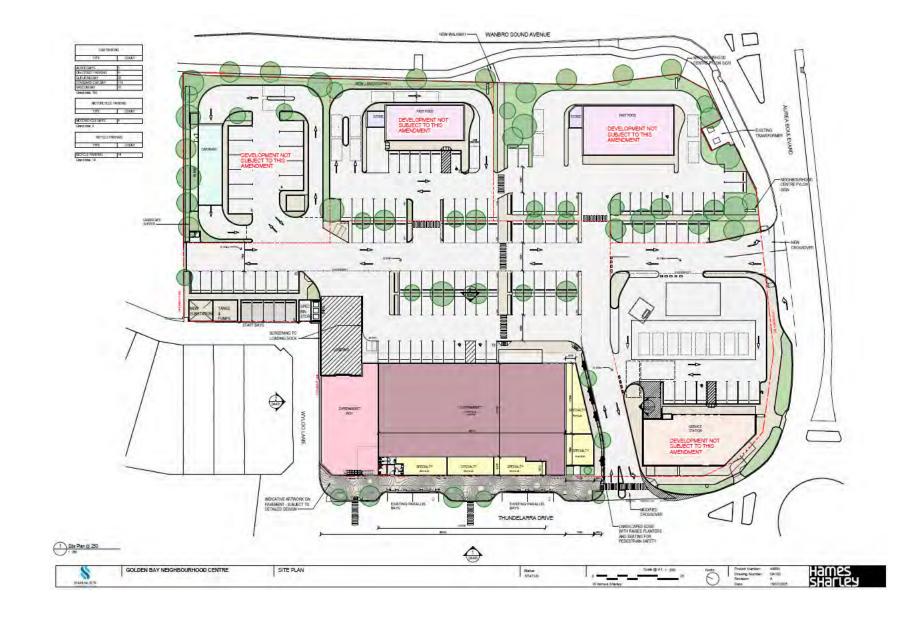
Parking demand/ supply analysis indicates that there would be surplus of about 28 bays under Town Planning Scheme 2. Therefore, the proposed parking provision would address the parking requirement of the proposed amendment.

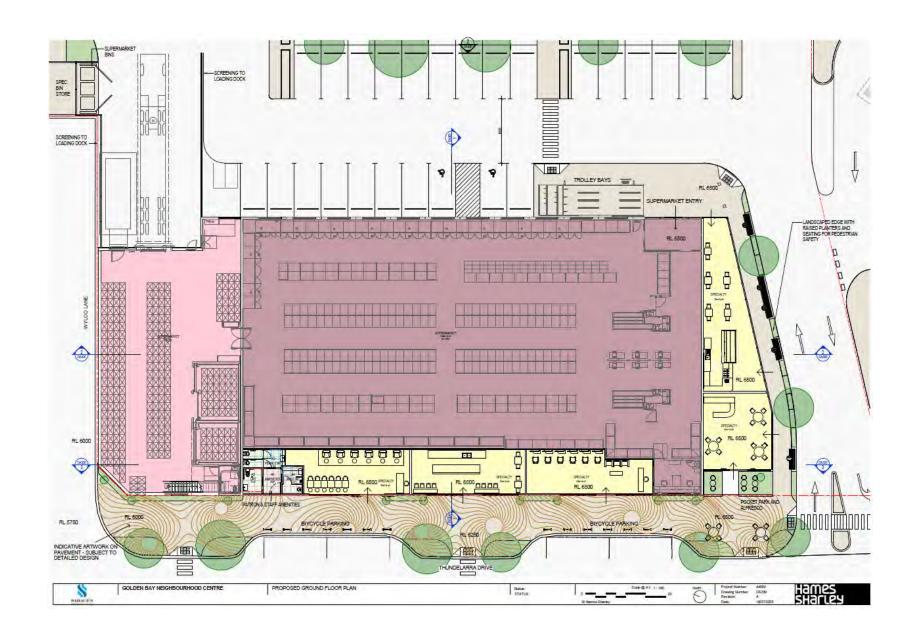
Turn path analysis undertaken for 19m service vehicle and 8.8m waste collection truck confirm satisfactory access, egress and circulation.

In conclusion, the findings of this Transport Impact Assessment are supportive of the proposed development.

# **Appendix A**

PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT PLAN





# **Appendix B**

**INTERSECTION ANALYSIS - SIDRA RESULTS** 

# **EXISTING**



♥ Site: [Thundelarra Dr & Aurea Blvd - Existing - AM (Site Network: N102 [AM Folder: Existing)] (Network Folder: Existing)]

Site Category: (None) Roundabout

Mov ID	Tum	DEM/ FLO		ARR		Deg. Satn	Aver.	Level of Service		ACK OF EUE	Prop. Que	Effective A	ver. No. Cycles	Aver
IU		[ Total	HVI	[ Total	HV]		Delay	Service	[Veh	Dist )	Que	Rate	Lydes	Speed
		veh/h	%	veh/h	%	v/c	sec		veh	m			_	km/t
South		delarra D	r(S)											
1	L2	6	4.0	6	4.0	0.130	3.1	LOSA	8.0	6.6	0.29	0.55	0.29	41.5
2	T1	13	4.0	13	4.0	0.130	3.0	LOSA	0.8	6.6	0.29	0.55	0.29	39.2
3	R2	139	4.0	139	4.0	0.130	7.7	LOSA	8.0	6.6	0.29	0.55	0.29	25.5
3u	U	3	4.0	3	4.0	0.130	9.6	LOSA	8.0	6.6	0.29	0.55	0.29	28.5
Appro	oach	161	4.0	161	4.0	0.130	7.2	LOSA	0.8	6.6	0.29	0.55	0.29	28.9
East:	Aurea f	BlvdE)												
4	L2	91	4.0	91	4.0	0.131	3.0	LOSA	0.7	5.1	0.16	0.36	0.16	37.7
5	T1	82	4.0	82	4.0	0.131	2.9	LOSA	0.7	5.1	0.16	0.36	0.16	47.9
6	R2	1	4.0	1	4.0	0.131	7.7	LOSA	0.7	5.1	0.16	0.36	0.16	46.4
6u	U	1	4.0	1	4.0	0.131	9.5	LOSA	0.7	5.1	0.16	0.36	0.16	36.2
Appro	oach	175	4.0	175	4.0	0.131	3.0	LOSA	0.7	5.1	0.16	0.36	0.16	44.6
North	: Thund	lelarra D	r (N)											
7	L2	3	4.0	3	4.0	0.024	4.2	LOSA	0.1	1.0	0.45	0.46	0.45	38.0
8	T1	17	4.0	17	4.0	0.024	4.1	LOSA	0.1	1.0	0.45	0.46	0.45	39.2
9	R2	3	4.0	3	4.0	0.024	8.9	LOSA	0.1	1.0	0.45	0.46	0.45	46.4
9u	U	1	4.0	1	4.0	0.024	10.7	LOS B	0.1	1.0	0.45	0.46	0.45	46.3
Appro	oach	24	4.0	24	4.0	0.024	5.0	LOSA	0.1	1.0	0.45	0.46	0.45	41.0
West	Aurea	Blvd (W)												
10	L2	1	4.0	1	4.0	0.103	3.7	LOSA	0.6	4.7	0.38	0.46	0.38	44.3
11	T1	88	4.0	88	4.0	0.103	3.6	LOSA	0.6	4.7	0.38	0.46	0.38	42.7
12	R2	18	4.0	18	4.0	0.103	8.4	LOSA	0.6	4.7	0.38	0.46	0.38	41.8
12u	U	8	4.0	8	4.0	0.103	10.2	LOS B	0.6	4.7	0.38	0.46	0.38	48.3
Appro	oach	116	4.0	116	4.0	0.103	4.8	LOSA	0.6	4.7	0.38	0.46	0.38	43.2



Site: [Warnbro sound Ave & Aurea Blvd & Adelong Ave - Existing - AM (Site Folder: Existing)] ■■ Network: N102 [AM (Network Folder: Existing)]

Site Category: (None)
Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 101 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Vehi	cle Mo	vement	Perfo	rmano	e		- 1		-	100	. 3		-	
Mov ID	Turn	DEM/ FLO		ARRI		Deg. Satn		Level of Service		ACK OF EUE	Prop. Que	Effective A	ver. No. Cycles	Aver. Speed
		Total veh/h	HV]	Total		v/c	-		[ Veh.	Dist]		Rate		Lean De
South	n Wam	bro Soun	d Ava	veh/h	79	V/C	sec	_	ven	m	_	_	_	km/h
	L2	44	4.0	44	4.0	0.031	6.5	LOSA	0.2	1.9	0.18	0.59	0.18	49.7
1	T1	241	5.8	241	5.8			LOSC	4.9				0.16	33.2
2	R2	7	4.0	7	4.0	0.276	34.2 52.3	LOS D	0.3	38.3	0.86	0.69	0.94	24.5
Appro		293	5.5	293	5.5	0.047	30.4	LOSC	4.9	38.3	0.76	0.67	0.76	34.2
uppii	Dacii	233	3.5	233	5.5	0.210	50.4	2000	4.3	30.5	0.70	0.01	0.70	34.2
East:	Adelon	g Ave(E)												
4	L2	16	4.0	16	4.0	0.178	26.2	LOS C	2.3	18.0	0.83	0.66	0.83	35.4
5	T1	60	4.0	60	4.0	* 0.178	21.6	LOSC	2.3	18.0	0.83	0.66	0.83	15.2
6	R2	24	4.0	24	4.0	0.064	38.4	LOS D	0.9	7.4	0.82	0.69	0.82	19.0
Appro	oach	100	4.0	100	4.0	0.178	26.4	LOSC	2.3	18.0	0.83	0.67	0.83	21.1
North	: Warni	oro Soun	d Ave	(N)										
7	L2	23	4.0	23	4.0	0.022	12.4	LOS B	0.4	3.2	0.42	0.62	0.42	35.1
8	T1	369	9.8	369	9.8	*0.440	35.8	LOS D	7.9	64.1	0.90	0.74	0.90	32.4
9	R2	72	4.0	72	4.0	*0.460	55.4	LOSE	3.5	27.7	0.99	0.76	0.99	10.9
Appro	oach	464	8.6	464	8.6	0.460	37.7	LOS D	7.9	64.1	0.89	0.74	0.89	29.5
West	Aurea	Blvd (W)												
10	L2	137	4.0	137	4.0	0.191	10.3	LOS B	2.8	22.0	0.48	0.60	0.48	36.8
11	T1	47	4.0	47	4.0	*0.191	5.7	LOSA	2.8	22.0	0.48	0.60	0.48	32.8
12	R2	47	4.0	47	4.0	0.125	39.1	LOS D	1.9	14.8	0.84	0.72	0.84	27.8
Appro	oach	232	4.0	232	4.0	0.191	15.2	LOS B	2.8	22.0	0.56	0.62	0.56	32.6
All Ve	ehicles	1088	6.4	1088	6.4	0.460	29.9	LOSC	7.9	64.1	0.78	0.69	0.78	30.8



♥ Site: [Thundelarra Dr & Aurea Blvd - Existing - PM (Site Network: N102 [PM (Network Folder: Existing)]

Site Category: (None) Roundabout

Vehi	cie Mo	vement	Perfo	rmano	e									
Mov ID	Tum	DEM/ FLOV [Total veh/h	the same of the sa	ARRI FLO [Total veh/h	WS IHV]	Deg. Satn v/c	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service		ACK OF EUE Dist] m	Prop. Que	Effective/ Stop Rate	ver, No. Cycles	Aver, Speed km/h
South	r Thun	delarra D		VEI		110	366		761					MUZI
1	L2	6	4.0	6	4.0	0.067	3.3	LOSA	0.4	3.2	0.34	0.55	0.34	41.5
2	T1	5	4.0	5	4.0	0.067	3.2	LOSA	0.4	3.2	0.34	0.55	0.34	39.2
3	R2	65	4.0	65	4.0	0.067	7.9	LOSA	0.4	3.2	0.34	0.55	0.34	25.3
3u	U	1	4.0	1	4.0	0.067	9.8	LOSA	0.4	3.2	0.34	0.55	0.34	28.4
Appro	oach	78	4.0	78	4.0	0.067	7.3	LOSA	0.4	3.2	0.34	0.55	0.34	30.0
East:	Aurea	BlvdE)												
4	L2	64	4.0	64	4.0	0.139	2.9	LOSA	0.7	5.6	0.13	0.34	0.13	38.2
5	T1	128	4.0	128	4.0	0.139	2.7	LOSA	0.7	5.6	0.13	0.34	0.13	48.1
6	R2	2	4.0	2	4.0	0.139	7.5	LOSA	0.7	5.6	0.13	0.34	0.13	46.6
6u	U	1	4.0	1	4.0	0.139	9.4	LOSA	0.7	5.6	0.13	0.34	0.13	36.9
Appro	oach	196	4.0	196	4.0	0.139	2.9	LOSA	0.7	5.6	0.13	0.34	0.13	46.3
North	: Thun	delarra D	(N)											
7	L2	1	4.0	1	4.0	0.021	3.6	LOSA	0.1	0.9	0.36	0.45	0.36	38.1
8	T1	15	4.0	15	4.0	0.021	3.5	LOSA	0.1	0.9	0.36	0.45	0.36	39.2
9	R2	6	4.0	6	4.0	0.021	8.3	LOSA	0.1	0.9	0.36	0.45	0.36	46.3
9u	U	1	4.0	1	4.0	0.021	10.1	LOS B	0.1	0.9	0.36	0.45	0.36	46.2
Appro	oach	23	4.0	23	4.0	0.021	5.1	LOSA	0.1	0.9	0.36	0.45	0.36	42.4
West	Aurea	Blvd (W)												
10	L2	1	4.0	1	4.0	0.079	3.2	LOSA	0.5	3.6	0.26	0.36	0.26	45.3
11	T1	86	4.0	86	4.0	0.079	3.0	LOSA	0.5	3.6	0.26	0.36	0.26	44.1
12	R2	7	4.0	7	4.0	0.079	7.8	LOSA	0.5	3.6	0.26	0.36	0.26	43.0
12u	U	2	4.0	2	4.0	0.079	9.7	LOSA	0.5	3.6	0.26	0.36	0.26	49.2
Appro	oach	97	4.0	97	4.0	0.079	3.5	LOSA	0.5	3.6	0.26	0.36	0.26	44.2
All Ve	ehicles	394	4.0	394	4.0	0.139	4.0	LOSA	0.7	5.6	0.21	0.39	0.21	43.5



Network: N102 [PM (Network Folder: Existing)] Site: [Warnbro sound Ave & Aurea Blvd & Adelong Ave -Existing - PM (Site Folder: Existing)]

Mov ID	Tum	DEM/ FLO	NS	ARRI FLO	WS	Deg. Satn		Level of Service	QUI	ACK OF EUE	Prop. Que	Effective A Stop	ver. No. Cycles	Aver Speed
		[ Total veh/h	HV]	[ Total veh/h		v/c	sec		[ Veh. veh	Dist]		Rate		km/t
South	n: Warni	bro Soun	2 7 1			110	300		VGII		_	_		
1	12	67	4.0	67	4.0	0.049	6.6	LOSA	0.4	3.1	0.19	0.59	0.19	49.5
2	T1	363	5.8	363	5.8	*0.429	37.2	LOS D	8.0	62.4	0.90	0.74	0.90	31.9
3	R2	5	4.0	5	4.0	0.026	50.2	LOS D	0.2	1.9	0.91	0.65	0.91	25.1
Appro	oach	436	5.5	436	5.5	0.429	32.7	LOSC	8.0	62.4	0.79	0.72	0.79	33.2
East:	Adelon	g Ave(E)												
4	L2	6	4.0	6	4.0	0.052	26.7	LOSC	0.7	5.4	0.79	0.60	0.79	34.9
5	T1	16	4.0	16	4.0	0.052	22.2	LOSC	0.7	5.4	0.79	0.60	0.79	14.7
6	R2	26	4.0	26	4.0	*0.071	40.1	LOS D	1.1	8.4	0.83	0.70	0.83	18.5
Appro	oach	48	4.0	48	4.0	0.071	32.5	LOSC	1.1	8.4	0.81	0.65	0.81	20.4
North	: Warnt	oro Sound	d Ave	(N)										
7	L2	37	4.0	37	4.0	0.034	12.2	LOS B	0.6	5.0	0.41	0.63	0.41	35.3
8	T1	319	9.8	319	9.8	0.391	36.9	LOS D	6.9	56.5	0.89	0.73	0.89	32.0
9	R2	112	4.0	112	4.0	*0.554	54.6	LOS D	5.6	43.7	0.99	0.79	0.99	11.1
Appro	oach	467	8.0	467	8.0	0.554	39.2	LOS D	6.9	56.5	0.88	0.74	0.88	27.5
West	: Aurea	Blvd (W)												
10	L2	116	4.0	116	4.0	0.098	6.1	LOSA	1.1	8.4	0.23	0.54	0.23	41.1
11	T1	11	4.0	11	4.0	* 0.098	1.6	LOSA	1.1	8.4	0.23	0.54	0.23	37.4
12	R2	26	4.0	26	4.0	0.071	40.1	LOS D	1.1	8.4	0.83	0.70	0.83	27.5
Appro	oach	153	4.0	153	4.0	0.098	11.7	LOS B	1.1	8.4	0.34	0.56	0.34	35.7
AHAG	ehicles	1104	6.3	1104	63	0.554	32.5	LOSC	8.0	62.4	0.77	0.70	0.77	30.3





V Site: [Aurea Blvd & Crossover 2 - 2026 - AM (Site Folder: 2026)]

Site Category: (None) Give-Way (Two-Way)

Vehi	icle Mo	vement	t Perfo	rmano	e				S. W. O.					
Mov ID	Turn	DEM/ FLO [Total veh/h		ARR FLO [Total veh/h	WS IHV]	Deg. Satn	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service		ACK OF EUE Dist] m	Prop. Que	Effective/ Stop Rate	Aver. No. Cycles	Aver. Speed km/h
East	Aurea	Blvd (E)												
5	T1	244	4.0	244	4.0	0.133	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	49.9
Appr	oach	244	4.0	244	4.0	0.133	0.0	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	49.9
North	n: Cross	over 2 (N	N)											
7	L2	38	2.0	38	2.0	0.027	0.4	LOSA	0.1	0.8	0.23	0.10	0.23	17.4
Appr	oach	38	2.0	38	2.0	0.027	0.4	LOSA	0.1	0.8	0.23	0.10	0.23	17.4
West	t Aurea	Blvd (W	)											
10	L2	40	2.0	40	2.0	0.099	3.9	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.12	0.00	24.9
11	T1	322	4.0	322	4.0	0.099	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.05	0.00	46.0
Appr	oach	362	3.8	362	3.8	0.099	0.4	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.06	0.00	41.1
All V	ehicles	644	3.8	644	3.8	0.133	0.3	NA	0.1	0.8	0.01	0.04	0.01	42.1

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: 2026)]



Site: [Thundelarra Dr & Aurea Blvd - 2026 - AM (Site Folder: 2026)]

Site Category: (None) Roundabout

Mov	Tum	DEM/		ARR		Deg	Aver.	Level of		ACK OF	Prop.	Effective A		Aver
ID		FLO\   Total	NS HV1	FLO [Total		Satn	Delay	Service	[Veh	EUE Dist T	Que	Stop Rate	Cycles	Speed
		veh/h	%	veh/h		v/c	sec		veh	m		, usits		km/t
South	n: Thund	lelarra D	r(S)											
1	L2	20	4.0	20	4.0	0.164	4.0	LOSA	1.0	7.8	0.48	0.61	0.48	41.4
2	T1	31	4.0	31	4.0	0.164	3.9	LOSA	1.0	7.8	0.48	0.61	0.48	25.
3	R2	97	4.0	97	4.0	0.164	8.6	LOSA	1.0	7.8	0.48	0.61	0.48	25.
3u	U	24	4.0	24	4.0	0.164	10.5	LOS B	1.0	7.8	0.48	0.61	0.48	28.3
Appro	oach	172	4.0	172	4.0	0.164	7.5	LOSA	1.0	7.8	0.48	0.61	0.48	30.0
East:	Aurea E	BlvdE)												
4	L2	48	4.0	48	4.0	0.204	3.0	LOSA	1.3	10.1	0.36	0.50	0.36	31.
5	T1	105	4.0	105	4.0	0.204	2.9	LOSA	1.3	10.1	0.36	0.50	0.36	45.4
6	R2	44	4.0	44	4.0	0.204	7.5	LOSA	1.3	10.1	0.36	0.50	0.36	27.
6u	U	46	4.0	46	4.0	0.204	9.3	LOSA	1.3	10.1	0.36	0.50	0.36	27.
Appro	oach	244	4.0	244	4.0	0.204	5.0	LOSA	1.3	10.1	0.36	0.50	0.36	40.3
North	Thund	elarra Di	(N)											
7	L2	48	4.0	48	4.0	0.115	3.8	LOSA	0.7	5.2	0.58	0.59	0.58	21.3
8	T1	37	4.0	37	4.0	0.115	4.0	LOSA	0.7	5.2	0.58	0.59	0.58	30.3
9	R2	18	4.0	18	4.0	0.115	8.0	LOSA	0.7	5.2	0.58	0.59	0.58	46.3
9u	U	1	4.0	- 1	4.0	0.115	9.8	LOSA	0.7	5.2	0.58	0.59	0.58	21.
Appro	oach	104	4.0	104	4.0	0.115	4.6	LOSA	0.7	5.2	0.58	0.59	0.58	34.8
West	Aurea	Blvd (W)												
10	L2	18	4.0	18	4.0	0.226	4.5	LOSA	1.4	11.1	0.51	0.54	0.51	42.
11	T1	171	4.0	171	4.0	0.226	4.3	LOSA	1.4	11.1	0.51	0.54	0.51	42.
12	R2	35	4.0	35	4.0	0.226	9.1	LOSA	1.4	11.1	0.51	0.54	0.51	41.3
12u	U	9	4.0	9	4.0	0.226	11.0	LOS B	1.4	11.1	0.51	0.54	0.51	47.9
Appro	oach	233	4.0	233	4.0	0.226	5.3	LOSA	1.4	11.1	0.51	0.54	0.51	42.
	ehicles	753	4.0	753	4.0	0.226	5.6	LOSA	1.4	11.1	0.47	0.55	0.47	39.2

■ Network: N101 [AM

(Network Folder: 2026)]



V Site: [Thundelarra Dr & Crossover 1 - 2026 - AM (Site Folder: 2026)]

Site Category: (None) Give-Way (Two-Way)

Mov ID	Tum	DEM/	NS	ARRI	WS	Deg. Satn		Level of Service	QU	ACK OF EUE	Prop. Que	Effective A Stop	ver. No. Cycles	Aver. Speed
		[ Total veh/h	HV]	[ Total veh/h	and the same of th	v/c	sec		[ Veh. veh	Dist] m		Rate		km/h
Sout	h: Thund	lelarra D	r(S)											
2	T1	17	4.0	17	4.0	0.054	0.1	LOSA	0.3	1.9	0.12	0.39	0.12	44.0
3	R2	77	2.0	77	2.0	0.054	2.5	LOSA	0.3	1.9	0.12	0.39	0.12	30.5
Appr	oach	94	2.4	94	2.4	0.054	2.1	NA	0.3	1.9	0.12	0.39	0.12	36.0
East	Crosso	ver 1 (E)												
4	L2	94	2.0	94	2.0	0.070	0.0	LOSA	0.3	2.2	0.03	0.02	0.03	19.4
6	R2	14	2.0	14	2.0	0.070	0.9	LOSA	0.3	2.2	0.03	0.02	0.03	37.5
Appr	oach	107	2.0	107	2.0	0.070	0.1	LOSA	0.3	2.2	0.03	0.02	0.03	25.5
North	: Thund	elarra Di	(N)											
7	12	28	2.0	28	2.0	0.020	4.6	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.42	0.00	36.4
8	T1	8	4.0	8	4.0	0.020	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.42	0.00	40.6
Appr	oach	37	2.5	37	2.5	0.020	3.6	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.42	0.00	37.3
All Ve	ehicles	238	2.2	238	2.2	0.070	1.4	NA	0.3	2.2	0.06	0.23	0.06	32.6

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: 2026)]



Site: [Warnbro sound Ave & Aurea Blvd & Adelong Ave - 2026

- AM (Site Folder: 2026)]

(Network Folder: 2026)]

■ Network: N101 [AM

Mov	Tum	DEM/		ARRI		Deg.		Level of		ACK OF	Prop.	Effective A		Aver
ID		FLON   Total	NS HV1	FLO [Total		Satn	Delay	Service	QUI [Veh∟	EUE Dist 1	Que	Stop Rate	Cycles	Speed
		veh/h	%	veh/h		v/c	sec		veh	m		Tizalic		km/h
South	h: Wam	bro Soun	d Ave	S)	- 1									
1	L2	78	4.0	78	4.0	0.057	6.8	LOSA	0.5	3.7	0.22	0.60	0.22	49.3
2	T1	222	5.8	222	5.8	0.272	31.7	LOSC	4.1	32.2	0.87	0.69	0.87	34.3
3	R2	4	4.0	4	4.0	0.022	44.8	LOS D	0.2	1.3	0.91	0.64	0.91	26.7
Appro	oach	304	5.3	304	5.3	0.272	25.5	LOSC	4.1	32.2	0.70	0.67	0.70	36.4
East:	Adelon	g Ave(E)												
4	L2	11	4.0	11	4.0	0.274	27.7	LOSC	2.5	19.2	0.91	0.71	0.91	34.8
5	T1	73	4.0	73	4.0	*0.274	23.2	LOSC	2.5	19.2	0.91	0.71	0.91	14.6
6	R2	15	4.0	15	4.0	0.054	40.0	LOS D	0.6	4.4	0.88	0.68	0.88	18.5
Appro	oach	98	4.0	98	4.0	0.274	26.2	LOSC	2.5	19.2	0.91	0.71	0.91	18.9
North	: Warni	bro Sound	d Ave	(N)										
7	L2	18	4.0	18	4.0	0.018	13.1	LOS B	0.3	2.4	0.46	0.62	0.46	34.4
8	T1	367	9.8	367	9.8	*0.468	33.5	LOSC	7.2	58.4	0.92	0.75	0.92	33.5
9	R2	94	4.0	94	4.0	*0.483	48.3	LOS D	4.1	31.8	0.98	0.78	0.98	12.2
Appro	oach	479	8.4	479	8.4	0.483	35.6	LOS D	7.2	58.4	0.91	0.75	0.91	29.9
West	Aurea	Blvd (W)												
10	L2	181	4.0	181	4.0	0.241	8.0	LOSA	2.9	22.3	0.46	0.58	0.46	38.0
11	T1	68	4.0	68	4.0	*0.241	4.1	LOSA	2.9	22.3	0.46	0.58	0.46	33.2
12	R2	111	4.0	111	4.0	0.259	33.9	LOSC	4.0	31.0	0.85	0.75	0.85	28.7
Appro	oach	360	4.0	360	4.0	0.259	15.2	LOS B	4.0	31.0	0.58	0.64	0.58	32.2
All Ve	ehicles	1241	6.0	1241	6.0	0.483	26.5	LOSC	7.2	58.4	0.76	0.70	0.76	31.5



V Site: [Aurea Blvd & Crossover 2 - 2026 - PM (Site Folder: ■ Network: N101 [PM (Network 2026)]

Site Category: (None) Give-Way (Two-Way)

Veh	icle Mo	vement	Perfo	rmane	æ		-	A	-20.00	200		212.30		
Mov ID	Tum	DEM/ FLO [Total veh/h	WS	ARRI FLO [ Total veh/h	WS IHV]	Deg. Satn v/c	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service		ACK OF EUE Dist] m	Prop. Que	Effective A Stop Rate	Aver. No. Cycles	Aver Speed km/h
East	: Aurea E	Blvd (E)												
5	T1	277	4.0	277	4.0	0.150	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	49.9
Appr	oach	277	4.0	277	4.0	0.150	0.0	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	49.9
Norti	h: Cross	over 2 (N	1)											
7	L2	52	2.0	52	2.0	0.034	0.2	LOSA	0.1	1.0	0.17	0.06	0.17	18.1
Appr	roach	52	2.0	52	2.0	0.034	0.2	LOSA	0.1	1.0	0.17	0.06	0.17	18.1
Wes	t: Aurea	Blvd (W)												
10	L2	55	2.0	55	2.0	0.074	3.9	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.22	0.00	23.6
11	T1	218	4.0	218	4.0	0.074	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.08	0.00	44.1
Appr	oach	273	3.6	273	3.6	0.074	0.8	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.11	0.00	36.2
All V	ehicles	601	3.6	601	3.6	0.150	0.4	NA	0.1	1.0	0.01	0.05	0.01	39.4



♥ Site: [Thundelarra Dr & Aurea Blvd - 2026 - PM (Site Folder: ■■ Network: N101 [PM (Network 2026)]

Site Category: (None) Roundabout

Mov	Tum	DEM/		ARR		Deg.		Level of		ACK OF	Prop.	Effective/		Aver
ID		FLO		FLO [ Total		Satn	Delay	Service	[Veh.	EUE Dist ]	Que	Stop Rate	Cycles	Speed
		veh/h	%	veh/h		v/c	sec		veh	m				km/l
South	n: Thund	delarra D	r(S)											
1	L2	22	4.0	22	4.0	0.184	4.3	LOS A	1.1	8.9	0.52	0.62	0.52	41.
2	T1	52	4.0	52	4.0	0.184	4.2	LOSA	1.1	8.9	0.52	0.62	0.52	25.
3	R2	77	4.0	77	4.0	0.184	8.9	LOSA	1.1	8.9	0.52	0.62	0.52	25.
3u	U	35	4.0	35	4.0	0.184	10.7	LOS B	1.1	8.9	0.52	0.62	0.52	28.
Appro	oach	185	4.0	185	4.0	0.184	7.4	LOSA	1.1	8.9	0.52	0.62	0.52	30.
East:	Aurea E	BlvdE)												
4	L2	67	4.0	67	4.0	0.255	3.6	LOSA	1.7	12.9	0.48	0.54	0.48	31.
5	T1	132	4.0	132	4.0	0.255	3.6	LOSA	1.7	12.9	0.48	0.54	0.48	45.
6	R2	55	4.0	55	4.0	0.255	8.1	LOSA	1.7	12.9	0.48	0.54	0.48	26.
6u	U	23	4.0	23	4.0	0.255	10.0	LOSA	1.7	12.9	0.48	0.54	0.48	26.
Appro	oach	277	4.0	277	4.0	0.255	5.0	LOSA	1.7	12.9	0.48	0.54	0.48	40.
North	: Thund	lelarra D	r (N)											
7	L2	55	4.0	55	4.0	0.159	3.4	LOSA	1.0	7.5	0.55	0.58	0.55	22.
8	T1	61	4.0	61	4.0	0.159	3.6	LOSA	1.0	7.5	0.55	0.58	0.55	30.
9	R2	36	4.0	36	4.0	0.159	7.6	LOSA	1.0	7.5	0.55	0.58	0.55	46.
9u	U	1	4.0	1	4.0	0.159	9.5	LOSA	1.0	7.5	0.55	0.58	0.55	22.
Appro	oach	153	4.0	153	4.0	0.159	4.5	LOSA	1.0	7.5	0.55	0.58	0.55	37.
West	Aurea	Blvd (W)												
10	L2	29	4.0	29	4.0	0.209	4.4	LOSA	1.3	10.3	0.51	0.56	0.51	41.
11	T1	118	4.0	118	4.0	0.209	4.3	LOSA	1.3	10.3	0.51	0.56	0.51	41.
12	R2	56	4.0	56	4.0	0.209	9.1	LOSA	1.3	10.3	0.51	0.56	0.51	41.
12u	U	12	4.0	12	4.0	0.209	10.9	LOS B	1.3	10.3	0.51	0.56	0.51	47.
Appro	oach	215	4.0	215	4.0	0.209	5.9	LOSA	1.3	10.3	0.51	0.56	0.51	42.
	hicles	829	4.0	829	4.0	0.255	5.7	LOSA	1.7	12.9	0.51	0.57	0.51	39.



V Site: [Thundelarra Dr & Crossover 1 - 2026 - PM (Site Folder: ■■ Network: N101 [PM (Network 2026)]

Folder: 2026)]

Site Category: (None) Give-Way (Two-Way)

Veh	icle Mo	vement	Perfo	rmano	e					200	-			
Mov ID	Tum	DEM/ FLO [Total veh/h	Section 1	ARRI FLO [Total veh/h	WS IHV]	Deg. Satn		Level of Service		ACK OF EUE Dist] m	Prop. Que	Effective A Stop Rate	lver. No. Cycles	Aver. Speed km/h
Sout	h: Thunc	delarra D	r(S)											
2	T1	32	4.0	32	4.0	0.079	0.2	LOSA	0.4	2.9	0.17	0.37	0.17	44.1
3	R2	103	2.0	103	2.0	0.079	2.6	LOSA	0.4	2.9	0.17	0.37	0.17	30.6
Appr	oach	135	2.5	135	2.5	0.079	2.1	NA	0.4	2.9	0.17	0.37	0.17	37.2
East	Crosso	ver 1 (E	)											
4	L2	125	2.0	125	2.0	0.099	0.1	LOSA	0.4	3.1	0.08	0.04	0.08	18.8
6	R2	21	2.0	21	2.0	0.099	1.2	LOSA	0.4	3.1	0.08	0.04	0.08	37.2
Appr	oach	146	2.0	146	2.0	0.099	0.2	LOSA	0.4	3.1	0.08	0.04	0.08	25.5
Nort	h: Thund	lelarra D	r(N)											
7	L2	40	2.0	40	2.0	0.037	4.6	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.33	0.00	37.6
8	T1	26	4.0	26	4.0	0.037	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.33	0.00	42.3
Appr	oach	66	2.8	66	2.8	0.037	2.8	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.33	0.00	39.3
All V	ehicles	347	2.3	347	2.3	0.099	1.4	NA	0.4	3.1	0.10	0.22	0.10	34.0



Site: [Warnbro sound Ave & Aurea Blvd & Adelong Ave - 2026 IIII Network: N101 [PM (Network - PM (Site Folder: 2026)]

Vehi	cle Mo	vement			100									
Mov ID	Tum	DEM/ FLO/ [Total		ARRI FLO	WS	Deg. Satn		Level of Service		ACK OF EUE Dist ]	Prop. Que	Effective/ Stop Rate	ver. No. Cycles	Aver Speed
		veh/h	%	veh/h		v/c	sec		veh	m		halis		km/h
South	: Waml	bro Soun	d Ave	(S)										
1	12	102	4.0	102	4.0	0.076	7.0	LOSA	0.7	5.3	0.24	0.61	0.24	49.
2	T1	344	5.8	344	5.8	0.497	36.2	LOS D	7.0	54.5	0.94	0.77	0.94	32.
3	R2	5	4.0	5	4.0	0.021	41.6	LOS D	0.2	1.6	0.88	0.65	0.88	27.
Appro	oach	452	5.4	452	5.4	0.497	29.6	LOSC	7.0	54.5	0.78	0.73	0.78	34.
East:	Adelon	g Ave(E)												
4	L2	1	4.0	1	4.0	0.138	36.0	LOS D	1.4	10.9	0.90	0.68	0.90	31.
5	T1	39	4.0	39	4.0	*0.138	31.4	LOSC	1.4	10.9	0.90	0.68	0.90	11.
6	R2	18	4.0	18	4.0	0.066	40.2	LOS D	0.7	5.3	0.88	0.69	0.88	18.
Appro	oach	58	4.0	58	4.0	0.138	34.2	LOSC	1.4	10.9	0.89	0.68	0.89	15.
North	: Warnt	oro Soun	d Ave	(N)										
7	12	34	4.0	34	4.0	0.035	13.1	LOS B	0.6	4.6	0.47	0.64	0.47	34.
8	T1	381	9.8	381	9.8	*0.571	36.9	LOS D	7.9	63.9	0.96	0.79	0.96	32.
9	R2	136	4.0	136	4.0	* 0.538	45.7	LOS D	5.8	45.1	0.97	0.80	0.97	12.
Appro	oach	551	8.0	551	8.0	0.571	37.6	LOS D	7.9	63.9	0.93	0.78	0.93	28.
West	Aurea	Blvd (W)												
10	L2	178	4.0	178	4.0	0.167	5.8	LOSA	1.7	13.2	0.30	0.54	0.30	40.
11	T1	32	4.0	32	4.0	*0.167	1.8	LOSA	1.7	13.2	0.30	0.54	0.30	36.
12	R2	60	4.0	60	4.0	0.141	32.9	LOSC	2.1	16.3	0.82	0.72	0.82	29.
Appro	oach	269	4.0	269	4.0	0.167	11.3	LOS B	2.1	16.3	0.41	0.58	0.41	35.
All Ve	hicles	1329	6.1	1329	6.1	0.571	29.4	LOSC	7.9	63.9	0.78	0.72	0.78	30.





V Site: [Aurea Blvd & Crossover 2 - 2036 - AM (Site Folder: 2036)]

Site Category: (None) Give-Way (Two-Way)

Mov	Tum	vement DEM		ARRI		Deg.	Avor	Level of	95% B	ACK OF	Prop.	Effective A	var Na	Aver.
ID	1000	FLON Total veh/h		FLO [Total veh/h	WS HV]	Saln v/c	Delay	Service		EUE Dist]	Que	Stop Rate	Cycles	Speed km/h
East	Aurea E	Blvd (E)												
5	T1	289	4.0	289	4.0	0.157	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	49.9
Appr	oach	289	4.0	289	4.0	0.157	0.0	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	49.9
North	: Cross	over 2 (N	1)											
7	L2	38	2.0	38	2.0	0.028	0.5	LOSA	0.1	0.8	0.27	0.13	0.27	17.1
Appr	oach	38	2.0	38	2.0	0.028	0.5	LOSA	0.1	0.8	0.27	0.13	0.27	17.1
West	: Aurea	Blvd (W)												
10	L2	40	2.0	40	2.0	0.118	3.9	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.10	0.00	25.1
11	T1	393	4.0	393	4.0	0.118	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.04	0.00	46.5
Appro	oach	433	3.8	433	3.8	0.118	0.4	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.05	0.00	42.2
All Ve	hicles	760	3.8	760	3.8	0.157	0.2	NA	0.1	0.8	0.01	0.03	0.01	43.0

■ Network: N101 [AM

(Network Folder: 2036)]



Site: [Thundelarra Dr & Aurea Blvd - 2036 - AM (Site Folder: 2036)]

Site Category: (None) Roundabout

Mov ID	Tum	DEM/ FLO	And the second	ARRI FLO	ALC: NO.	Deg. Satn	100000	Level of		ACK OF EUE	Prop. Que	Effective A Stop		Ave
IU		[ Total	HV]	[ Total	IHV]		Delay	Service	[ Veh.	Dist]	Que	Rate	Cycles	Spee
0 4	There	veh/h	%	veh/h	%	v/c	sec	_	veh	m			_	km/
		delarra D					- 12	7223						
1	L2	25	4.0	25	4.0	0.203	4.3	LOSA	1.3	9.9	0.53	0.64	0.53	41.
2	T1	32	4.0	32	4.0	0.203	4.2	LOSA	1.3	9.9	0.53	0.64	0.53	24
3	R2	118	4.0	118	4.0	0.203	9.0	LOSA	1.3	9.9	0.53	0.64	0.53	24
3u	U	29	4.0	29	4.0	0.203	10.8	LOS B	1.3	9.9	0.53	0.64	0.53	27
Appro	oach	204	4.0	204	4.0	0.203	7.9	LOSA	1.3	9.9	0.53	0.64	0.53	29
East:	Aurea E	BlvdE)												
4	L2	59	4.0	59	4.0	0.247	3.1	LOSA	1.6	12.6	0.41	0.52	0.41	31
5	T1	128	4.0	128	4.0	0.247	3.1	LOSA	1.6	12.6	0.41	0.52	0.41	45
5	R2	46	4.0	46	4.0	0.247	7.6	LOSA	1.6	12.6	0.41	0.52	0.41	26
6u	U	56	4.0	56	4.0	0.247	9.5	LOSA	1.6	12.6	0.41	0.52	0.41	26
Appro	oach	289	4.0	289	4.0	0.247	5.1	LOSA	1.6	12.6	0.41	0.52	0.41	40
North	: Thund	elarra D	r (N)											
7	L2	49	4.0	49	4.0	0.130	4.5	LOSA	0.8	6.1	0.64	0.64	0.64	19
8	T1	40	4.0	40	4.0	0.130	4.7	LOSA	0.8	6.1	0.64	0.64	0.64	28
9	R2	18	4.0	18	4.0	0.130	8.6	LOSA	0.8	6.1	0.64	0.64	0.64	45
9u	U	1	4.0	1	4.0	0.130	10.5	LOS B	0.8	6.1	0.64	0.64	0.64	19
Appro	oach	108	4.0	108	4.0	0.130	5.3	LOSA	0.8	6.1	0.64	0.64	0.64	33
West	Aurea	Blvd (W)												
10	12	19	4.0	19	4.0	0.285	4.9	LOSA	1.9	14.7	0.57	0.58	0.57	41
11	T1	208	4.0	208	4.0	0.285	4.7	LOSA	1.9	14.7	0.57	0.58	0.57	41
12	R2	43	4.0	43	4.0	0.285	9.5	LOSA	1.9	14.7	0.57	0.58	0.57	41
12u	U	12	4.0	12	4.0	0.285	11.4	LOS B	1.9	14.7	0.57	0.58	0.57	47
Appro	oach	282	4.0	282	4.0	0.285	5.8	LOSA	1.9	14.7	0.57	0.58	0.57	42
All Va	hicles	884	4.0	884	40	0.285	6.0	LOSA	1.9	14.7	0.52	0.58	0.52	38

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: 2036)]



Site: [Thundelarra Dr & Crossover 1 - 2036 - AM (Site Folder: 2036)]

Site Category: (None) Give-Way (Two-Way)

Mov	icle Mo Tum	DEM/	AND	ARR	VAL	Deg.		Level of		ACK OF	Prop.	Effective A		Aver.
ID		FLO\ [Total veh/h		FLO [Total veh/h	HV]	Satn v/c	Delay	Service	QUI [Veh. veh	EUE Dist] m	Que	Stop Rate	Cycles	Speed km/h
Sout	th: Thund	delarra D	r(S)											
2	T1	20	4.0	20	4.0	0.056	0.1	LOSA	0.3	2.0	0.12	0.38	0.12	44.1
3	R2	77	2.0	77	2.0	0.056	2.6	LOSA	0.3	2.0	0.12	0.38	0.12	30.7
Appr	roach	97	2.4	97	2.4	0.056	2.1	NA	0.3	2.0	0.12	0.38	0.12	36.7
East	Crosso	ver 1 (E)	i.											
4	L2	94	2.0	94	2.0	0.071	0.0	LOSA	0.3	2.2	0.05	0.02	0.05	19.2
6	R2	14	2.0	14	2.0	0.071	0.9	LOSA	0.3	2.2	0.05	0.02	0.05	37.4
Appr	roach	107	2.0	107	2.0	0.071	0.2	LOSA	0.3	2.2	0.05	0.02	0.05	25.3
Nort	h: Thund	elarra Di	(N)											
7	L2	28	2.0	28	2.0	0.023	4.6	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.36	0.00	37.1
8	T1	14	4.0	14	4.0	0.023	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.36	0.00	41.6
Appr	roach	42	2.7	42	2.7	0.023	3.1	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.36	0.00	38.4
All V	ehicles	246	2.3	246	2.3	0.071	1.4	NA	0.3	2.2	0.07	0.22	0.07	33.3

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: 2036)]



Site: [Warnbro sound Ave & Aurea Blvd & Adelong Ave - 2036

-AM (Site Folder: 2036)]

■ Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: 2036)]

		vement	STATE OF THE PARTY.						414-6					
Mov D	Tum	DEM/ FLO/ [Total	to the second	ARRI FLO [Total	WS	Deg. Satn	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	The second second	ACK OF EUE Dist]	Prop. Que	Effective/ Stop Rate	Aver. No. Cycles	Aver Speed
		veh/h	%	veh/h	%	v/c	sec		veh	m		1000		km/l
Sout	h: Waml	bro Soun	d Ave	(S)										
1	12	92	4.0	92	4.0	0.068	7.1	LOSA	0.7	5.1	0.25	0.61	0.25	48.
2	T1	273	5.8	273	5.8	0.334	32.2	LOSC	5.1	40.1	0.88	0.71	0.88	34.
3	R2	5	4.0	5	4.0	0.027	44.9	LOS D	0.2	1.6	0.91	0.65	0.91	26.
Appr	roach	369	5.3	369	5.3	0.334	26.2	LOSC	5.1	40.1	0.73	0.69	0.73	36.
East	Adelon	g Ave(E)												
4	L2	14	4.0	14	4.0	0.324	29.6	LOSC	3.0	23.5	0.92	0.74	0.92	33.
5	T1	85	4.0	85	4.0	*0.324	25.0	LOSC	3.0	23.5	0.92	0.74	0.92	13.
6	R2	19	4.0	19	4.0	0.070	40.2	LOS D	0.7	5.7	0.88	0.69	0.88	18.
Appr	oach	118	4.0	118	4.0	0.324	28.0	LOSC	3.0	23.5	0.92	0.73	0.92	18.
North	h: Warnk	oro Soun	d Ave	(N)										
7	L2	22	4.0	22	4.0	0.023	13.1	LOS B	0.4	3.0	0.47	0.63	0.47	34.
8	T1	449	9.8	449	9.8	*0.573	34.4	LOSC	9.0	73.5	0.94	0.79	0.94	33.
9	R2	113	4.0	113	4.0	*0.581	49.0	LOS D	5.0	38.9	1.00	0.80	1.02	12.
Appr	oach	584	8.5	584	8.5	0.581	36.4	LOS D	9.0	73.5	0.94	0.78	0.94	29.
West	t Aurea	Blvd (W)												
10	L2	218	4.0	218	4.0	0.290	8.1	LOSA	3.4	26.3	0.48	0.60	0.48	37.
11	T1	81	4.0	81	4.0	*0.290	4.2	LOSA	3.4	26.3	0.48	0.60	0.48	33.
12	R2	132	4.0	132	4.0	0.308	34.4	LOSC	4.8	37.5	0.86	0.77	0.86	28.
Appr	oach	431	4.0	431	4.0	0.308	15.4	LOS B	4.8	37.5	0.60	0.65	0.60	32.
All V	ehicles	1502	6.1	1502	6.1	0.581	27.2	LOSC	9.0	73.5	0.79	0.72	0.79	31.



Site: [Aurea Blvd & Crossover 2 - 2036 - PM (Site Folder: ■■ Network: N101 [PM (Network 2036)]

Site Category: (None) Give-Way (Two-Way)

Vehi	icle Mo	vement	Perfo	rmano	e	100		-	-	1000		100		
Mov ID	Turn	DEM/ FLO [Total veh/h		ARRI FLO [Total veh/h	WS IHV]	Deg. Satn v/c		Level of Service		ACK OF EUE Dist] m	Prop. Que	Effective / Stop Rate	ver No. Cycles	Aver. Speed km/h
East	Aurea B	Blvd (E)												
5	T1	326	4.0	326	4.0	0.177	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	49.9
Appr	oach	326	4.0	326	4.0	0.177	0.0	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	49.9
North	n: Cross	over 2 (N	V)											
7	L2	52	2.0	52	2.0	0.035	0.3	LOSA	0.1	1.1	0.20	0.08	0.20	17.8
Appr	oach	52	2.0	52	2.0	0.035	0.3	LOSA	0.1	1.1	0.20	0.08	0.20	17.8
West	t: Aurea	Blvd (W)												
10	12	55	2.0	55	2.0	0.088	3.9	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.18	0.00	24.0
11	T1	266	4.0	266	4.0	0.088	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.07	0.00	44.6
Appr	oach	321	3.7	321	3.7	0.088	0.7	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.09	0.00	37.7
All V	ehicles	699	3.7	699	3.7	0.177	0.3	NA	0.1	1.1	0.01	0.05	0.01	40.5



Site: [Thundelarra Dr & Aurea Blvd - 2036 - PM (Site Folder: Metwork: N101 [PM (Network 2036)]

Site Category: (None) Roundabout

Mov ID	Tum	DEM/ FLO	Colored III	ARR		Deg. Satn		Level of Service		ACK OF EUE	Prop.	Effective A Stop		Ave
ID.		[ Total	ws HV] %	[ Tota	HV]			Service	[ Veh.	Dist ]	Que	Rate	Cycles	Spee
South	: Thunc	veh/h delarra D		veh/h	%	v/c	sec	_	veh	m	_	_	_	km/i
1	L2	27	4.0	27	4.0	0.226	4.6	LOSA	1.5	11.3	0.57	0.65	0.57	41.3
2	T1	55	4.0	55	4.0	0.226	4.5	LOSA	1.5	11.3	0.57	0.65	0.57	24.
3	R2	93	4.0	93	4.0	0.226	9.3	LOSA	1.5	11.3	0.57	0.65	0.57	24.
3u	U	43	4.0	43	4.0	0.226	11.1	LOSB	1.5	11.3	0.57	0.65	0.57	27.
Appro	oach	218	4.0	218	4.0	0.226	7.9	LOSA	1.5	11.3	0.57	0.65	0.57	29.
East:	Aurea E	BlvdE)												
4	L2	82	4.0	82	4.0	0.310	3.9	LOSA	2.1	16.4	0.53	0.57	0.53	30.
5	T1	160	4.0	160	4.0	0.310	3.9	LOSA	2.1	16.4	0.53	0.57	0.53	45
6	R2	56	4.0	56	4.0	0.310	8.4	LOSA	2.1	16.4	0.53	0.57	0.53	26
6u	U	28	4.0	28	4.0	0.310	10.3	LOS B	2.1	16.4	0.53	0.57	0.53	26
Appro	oach	326	4.0	326	4.0	0.310	5.2	LOSA	2.1	16.4	0.53	0.57	0.53	40
North	: Thund	lelarra D	r (N)											
7	L2	56	4.0	56	4.0	0.181	4.0	LOSA	1.1	8.6	0.61	0.63	0.61	20.
8	T1	66	4.0	66	4.0	0.181	4.2	LOSA	1.1	8.6	0.61	0.63	0.61	29.
9	R2	39	4.0	39	4.0	0.181	8.2	LOSA	1.1	8.6	0.61	0.63	0.61	45.
9u	U	1	4.0	1	4.0	0.181	10.0	LOSB	1.1	8.6	0.61	0.63	0.61	20.
Appro	oach	162	4.0	162	4.0	0.181	5.1	LOSA	1.1	8.6	0.61	0.63	0.61	36.
West	Aurea	Blvd (W)												
10	L2	32	4.0	32	4.0	0.259	4.8	LOSA	1.7	13.3	0.56	0.60	0.56	41.
11	T1	144	4.0	144	4.0	0.259	4.6	LOSA	1.7	13.3	0.56	0.60	0.56	41.
12	R2	67	4.0	67	4.0	0.259	9.4	LOSA	1.7	13.3	0.56	0.60	0.56	40.
12u	U	14	4.0	14	4.0	0.259	11.3	LOS B	1.7	13.3	0.56	0.60	0.56	47.
Appro	oach	257	4.0	257	4.0	0.259	6.3	LOSA	1.7	13.3	0.56	0.60	0.56	41.
ΔΙΙ \/c	hicles	963	4.0	963	4.0	0.310	6.1	LOSA	2.1	16.4	0.56	0.61	0.56	38.



Site: [Thundelarra Dr & Crossover 1 - 2036 - PM (Site Folder: ■ Network: N101 [PM (Network 2036)]
 Folder: 2036)]

Site Category: (None) Give-Way (Two-Way)

Vehi	icle Mo	vement	Perfo	rmano	e	-34				212				
Mov ID	Tum	DEM/ FLO\ [Total veh/h		ARRI FLO [Total veh/h	WS HV]	Deg. Satn v/c		Level of Service		ACK OF EUE Dist] m	Prop. Que	Effective A Stop Rate	ver. No. Cycles	Aver. Speed km/h
Sout	h: Thund	delarra D	r(S)											
2	T1	38	4.0	38	4.0	0.083	0.2	LOSA	0.4	3.0	0.18	0.35	0.18	44.2
3	R2	103	2.0	103	2.0	0.083	2.7	LOSA	0.4	3.0	0.18	0.35	0.18	30.9
Appr	oach	141	2.5	141	2.5	0.083	2.0	NA	0.4	3.0	0.18	0.35	0.18	38.0
East	Crosso	ver 1 (E)												
4	L2	125	2.0	125	2.0	0.100	0.1	LOSA	0.4	3.1	0.10	0.05	0.10	18.6
6	R2	21	2.0	21	2.0	0.100	1.3	LOSA	0.4	3.1	0.10	0.05	0.10	37.1
Appr	oach	146	2.0	146	2.0	0.100	0.3	LOSA	0.4	3.1	0.10	0.05	0.10	25.3
North	h: Thund	lelarra D	r (N)											
7	L2	40	2.0	40	2.0	0.042	4.6	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.29	0.00	38.2
8	T1	36	4.0	36	4.0	0.042	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.29	0.00	43.1
Appr	oach	76	2.9	76	2.9	0.042	2.4	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.29	0.00	40.3
All V	ehicles	363	2.4	363	2.4	0.100	1.4	NA	0.4	3.1	0.11	0.22	0.11	34.8



Site: [Warnbro sound Ave & Aurea Blvd & Adelong Ave - 2036 Ma Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: 2036)]

Site Category: (None)
Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 90 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Vehi	cle Mo	vement	Perfo	rmano	e				- 50	100	-		1	- 2 -
Mov ID	Tum	DEM/	AND	ARR	VAL	Deg. Satn		Level of Service		ACK OF EUE	Prop. Que	Effective/	ver No. Cycles	Aver. Speed
		[ Total	HV]	Total					[ Veh.	Dist ]		Rate	20,000	
		veh/h	%	veh/h	%	v/c	sec	_	veh	m				km/i
South	n: Warn	bro Soun	d Ave	(S)										
1	L2	121	4.0	121	4.0	0.092	7.3	LOSA	0.9	7.3	0.26	0.62	0.26	48.6
2	T1	421	5.8	421	5.8	0.608	37.1	LOS D	8.7	68.4	0.97	0.80	0.97	31.9
3	R2	6	4.0	6	4.0	0.025	41.7	LOS D	0.2	1.9	0.88	0.66	0.88	27.7
Appro	oach	548	5.4	548	5.4	0.608	30.6	LOSC	8.7	68.4	0.81	0.76	0.81	33.9
East	Adelon	g Ave(E)												
4	12	2	4.0	2	4.0	0.155	33.1	LOSC	1.5	11.5	0.90	0.68	0.90	32.3
5	T1	43	4.0	43	4.0	* 0.155	28.5	LOSC	1.5	11.5	0.90	0.68	0.90	12.7
6	R2	23	4.0	23	4.0	0.085	40.4	LOS D	0.9	6.9	0.89	0.70	0.89	18.4
Appro	oach	68	4.0	68	4.0	0.155	32.7	LOSC	1.5	11.5	0.89	0.69	0.89	16.2
North	: Warnl	oro Soun	d Ave	(N)										
7	L2	41	4.0	41	4.0	0.042	13.2	LOS B	0.7	5.6	0.47	0.64	0.47	34.3
8	T1	465	9.8	465	9.8	*0.697	39.0	LOS D	10.1	82.2	0.99	0.86	1.06	31.2
9	R2	163	4.0	163	4.0	*0.647	47.1	LOS D	7.2	55.9	0.99	0.83	1.05	12.5
Appro	oach	669	8.0	669	8.0	0.697	39.4	LOS D	10.1	82.2	0.96	0.84	1.02	27.6
West	Aurea	Blvd (W)												
10	12	213	4.0	213	4.0	0.199	6.1	LOSA	2.4	18.6	0.31	0.55	0.31	40.2
11	T1	37	4.0	37	4.0	*0.199	2.1	LOSA	2.4	18.6	0.31	0.55	0.31	35.5
12	R2	68	4.0	68	4.0	0.160	33.1	LOSC	2.4	18.7	0.82	0.73	0.82	29.0
Appro	oach	318	4.0	318	4.0	0.199	11.4	LOS B	2.4	18.7	0.42	0.59	0.42	34.8
All Ve	hicles	1604	6.2	1604	6.2	0.697	30.6	LOSC	10.1	82.2	0.80	0.76	0.82	30.4



# **Appendix C**

**TURN PATH ANALYSIS** 

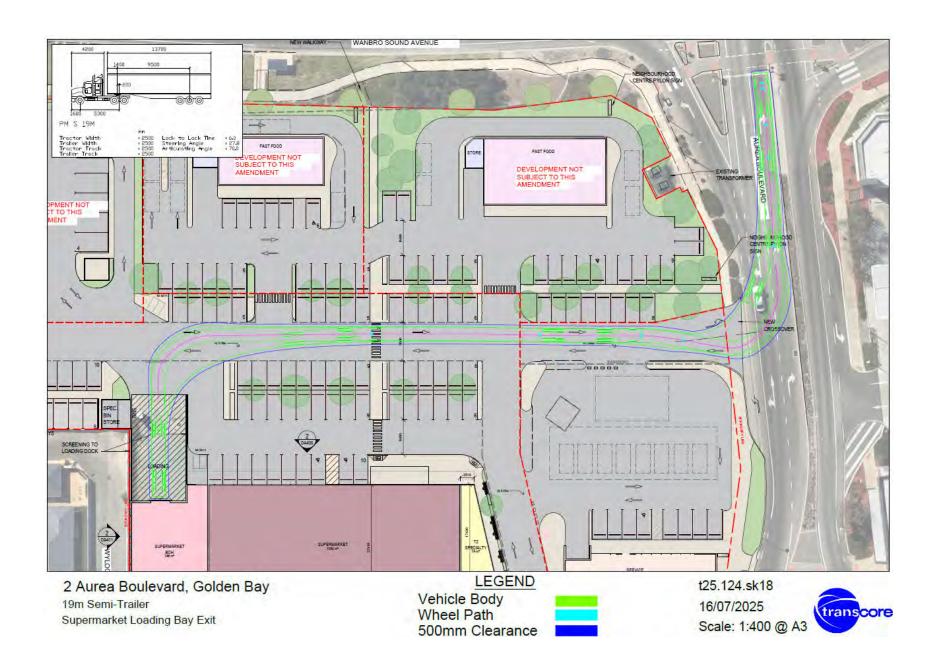


2 Aurea Boulevard, Golden Bay 19m Semi-Trailer Supermarket Loading Bay Entry



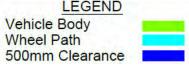
t25.124.sk17 16/07/2025 Scale: 1:500 @ A3







Aurea Boulevard, Golden Ba
 8.8m Service Vehicle
 Proposed Specialty Bin Store Access

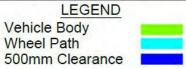


t25.124.sk21 22/07/2025 Scale: 1:250 @ A3



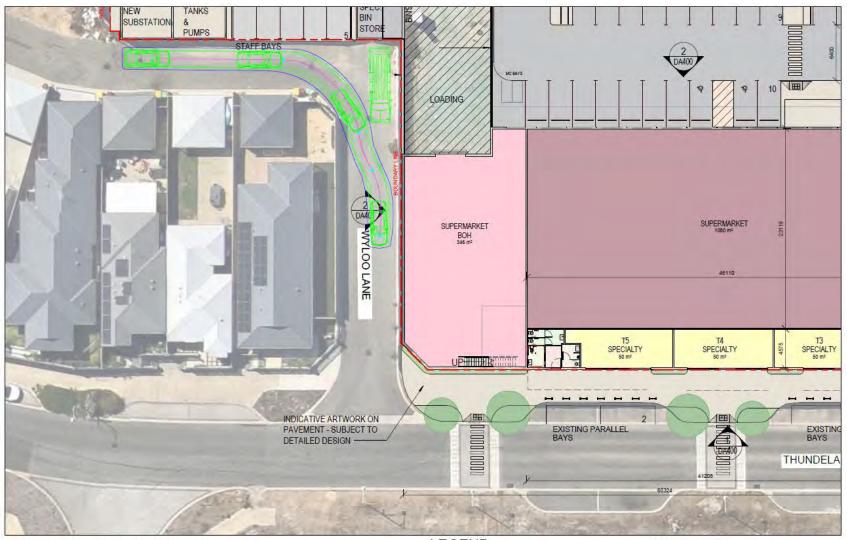


2 Aurea Boulevard, Golden Bay 8.8m Service Vehicle Proposed Specialty Bin Store Egress

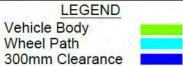


t25.124.sk22 22/07/2025 Scale: 1:250 @ A3





2 Aurea Boulevard, Golden Bay B99 Passenger Car and 8.8m Service Vehicle Passenger Car Passing Parked Service Vehicle



t25.124.sk23 22/07/2025 Scale: 1:250 @ A3







Technical Note: No. 1 Date: 2/10/2025

Project No: t25.124

Project: No. 2 AUREA BOULEVARD, GOLDEN BAY – GOLDEN BAY

**NEIGHBOURHOOD CENTRE** 

Subject: Technical Responses to RFI - Memorandum

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

This memorandum has been prepared by Transcore on behalf of Saracen Properties in relation to the responses provided for Request for Information (RFI) raised by the City of Rockingham (the City). The information requested and the responses provided are regarding the Traffic Impact Assessment (TIA) for the proposed Golden Bay Neighbourhood Centre to be located at 2 Aurea Boulevard, Golden Bay in the City of Rockingham.

Transcore previously prepared a TIA for the subject development dated July 2025, and a Development Application (DA) was submitted subsequently. Since the submission of the DA, the City has provided a number of comments regarding various items including traffic-related matters associated with the development application.

In response to the RFI received, the development plan has been revised, including modifications to carpark, specially to address the requests raised by the City.

Accordingly, this memorandum has been prepared to provide Transcore's responses to each of the traffic-related points raised in relation to the TIA.

The revised proposed development plan is provided in **Appendix A**, and the previous development plan is included in **Appendix B**.





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# Environmental Noise Assessment -Commercial Development

Golden Bay Neighbourhood Centre, 2 Aurea Bvd, Golden Bay

Reference: 22117749-01B

Prepared for: Saracen Properties Pty Ltd



Reference: 22117749-01B

## Lloyd George Acoustics Pty Ltd

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This report has been prepared in accordance with the scope of services described in the contract or agreement between Lloyd George Acoustics Pty Ltd and the Client. The report relies upon data, surveys, measurements and results taken at or under the particular times and conditions specified herein. Any findings, conclusions or recommendations only apply to the aforementioned circumstances and no greater reliance should be assumed or drawn by the Client. Furthermore, the report has been prepared solely for use by the Client, and Lloyd George Acoustics Pty Ltd accepts no responsibility for its use by other parties.

Date	Rev	Description	Author	Verified
23-Dec-22	0	Draft Issued to Client	Matt Moyle	Terry George
9-Feb-23	-	Finalised Issue	Matt Moyle	Terry George
28-Apr-23	Α	Updated IF and Mitigation Recommendations	Matt Moyle	Terry George
19-Jul-25	В	Updated Supermarket Designs	Matt Moyle	Terry George
3-Oct-25	С	Inclusion of Cumulative noise	Matt Moyle	Terry George

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#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

Lloyd George Acoustics was engaged by Saracen Properties Pty Ltd to undertake a noise assessment for a proposed commercial development to be located at Golden Bay Neighbourhood Centre, 2 Aurea Bvd, Golden Bay. This report considered noise emissions from the proposed development to surrounding properties by way of noise modelling. The proposed development is to comprise of a service station, Car wash, supermarket, two fast food outlets (with drive-throughs), and minor specialty tenancies.

Noise impacts considered include those of mechanical plant, vehicle noise, air service equipment, deliveries and fuel bowsers. Although noise from the Car wash development is subject to a separate Development Application (DA), the noise impacts have been considered cumulatively within the overall commercial development.

Noise emissions are predicted by way of computer noise modelling and assessed against assigned levels in accordance with the *Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997*.

The predicted noise levels are demonstrated to be compliant without the need for mitigation measures.

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

Lloyd George Acoustics was engaged by Saracen Properties Pty Ltd to undertake an environmental noise assessment of a proposed commercial development to be located at Golden Bay Neighbourhood Centre, 2 Aurea Bvd, Golden Bay (refer *Figure 1-1*) with the site plan shown in *Figure 1-2* and full Development Application (DA) plans provided in *Appendix A*. The development will comprise of the following elements:

- A 24-hour service station and convenience store;
- A carwash tenancy with drive-through lane (Subject to separate DA application); and
- A supermarket and five adjacent specialty retail tenancies;
- Two fast food tenancies with drive-through lanes.



Figure 1-1: Subject Site Location (Source: DPLH PlanWA)

The proposed service station will be open 7 days a week, 24-hours a day. The supermarket, car wash tenancy (with drive through) and two fast food tenancies are assumed to operate during the night time period as well. With regard to noise emissions, consideration is given to noise at neighbouring properties from mechanical plant, drive through speakers, air servicing equipment, deliveries, vehicles and fuel bowsers, against the prescribed standards of the *Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997*.



Figure 1-2: Proposed Site Plan

Appendix C contains a description of some of the terminology used throughout this report.

#### 2. CRITERIA

Environmental noise in Western Australia is governed by the *Environmental Protection Act 1986*, through the *Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997* (the Regulations).

#### 2.1. Regulations 7, 8 & 9

This group of regulations provide the prescribed standard for noise as follows:

#### "7. Prescribed standard for noise emissions

- (1) Noise emitted from any premises or public place when received at other premises
  - (a) must not cause, or significantly contribute to, a level of noise which exceeds the assigned level in respect of noise received at premises of that kind; and
  - (b) must be free of -
    - (i) tonality; and
    - (ii) impulsiveness; and
    - (iii) modulation,

when assessed under regulation 9.

(2) For the purposes of subregulation (1)(a), a noise emission is taken to significantly contribute to a level of noise if the noise emission ... exceeds a value which is 5 dB below the assigned level at the point of reception."

Tonality, impulsiveness and modulation are defined in regulation 9 (refer *Appendix C*). Under regulation 9(3), "Noise is taken to be free of the characteristics of tonality, impulsiveness and modulation if -

- (a) the characteristics cannot be reasonably and practicably removed by techniques other than attenuating the overall level of noise emission; and
- (b) the noise emission complies with the standard prescribed under regulation 7(1)(a) after the adjustments in the table [Table 2-1] ... are made to the noise emission as measured at the point of reception."

Table 2-1 Adjustments Where Characteristics Cannot Be Removed

Where	Noise Emission is Not	Where Noise Emission is Music			
Tonality Modulation Imp		Impulsiveness	mpulsiveness No Impulsiveness		
+ 5 dB	dB + 5 dB + 10 dB		+ 10 dB	+ 15 dB	

<sup>\*</sup> These adjustments are cumulative to a maximum of 15 dB.

The assigned levels (prescribed standards) for all premises are specified in regulation 8(3) and are shown in *Table 2-2*. The  $L_{A10}$  assigned level is applicable to noises present for more than 10% of a representative assessment period, generally applicable to "steady-state" noise sources. The  $L_{A1}$  is for short-term noise sources present for less than 10% and more than 1% of the time. The  $L_{Amax}$  assigned level is applicable for incidental noise sources, present for less than 1% of the time.

Table 2-2 Baseline Assigned Levels

Premises Receiving	7: 0/2	Assigned Level (dB)					
Noise	Time Of Day	L <sub>A10</sub>	L <sub>A1</sub>	L <sub>Amax</sub>			
	0700 to 1900 hours Monday to Saturday (Day)	45 + influencing factor	55 + influencing factor	65 + influencing factor			
Noise sensitive	0900 to 1900 hours Sunday and public holidays (Sunday)	40 + influencing factor	50 + influencing factor	65 + influencing factor			
premises: highly sensitive area <sup>1</sup>	1900 to 2200 hours all days (Evening)	40 + influencing 50 + influencing factor factor		55 + influencing factor			
	2200 hours on any day to 0700 hours Monday to Saturday and 0900 hours Sunday and public holidays (Night)	35 + influencing factor	45 + influencing factor	55 + influencing factor			
Noise sensitive premises: any area other than highly sensitive area	All hours	60	75	80			
Commercial Premises	All hours	60	75	80			
Industrial and Utility Premises	All hours	65	80	90			

<sup>1.</sup>  $\emph{highly sensitive area}$  means that area (if any) of noise sensitive premises comprising —

The influencing factor (IF), in relation to noise received at noise sensitive premises, has been calculated as between 3 and 4 dB, as determined in *Appendix B*. *Table 2-3* shows the assigned noise levels including the influencing factor and transport factor at the receiving premises groups shown in *Figure 2-1*.

<sup>(</sup>a) a building, or a part of a building, on the premises that is used for a noise sensitive purpose; and

<sup>(</sup>b) any other part of the premises within 15 metres of that building or that part of the building.



Figure 1-1: Subject Site Location (Source: DPLH PlanWA)

**Table 2-3 Assigned Levels** 

Premises Receiving		Assigned Level (dB)				
Noise	Noise Time Of Day		L <sub>A1</sub>	L <sub>Amax</sub>		
	0700 to 1900 hours Monday to Saturday (Day)	49	59	69		
R1, R2, R6, R7 +4 dB IF	0900 to 1900 hours Sunday and public holidays (Sunday)	44	54	69		
Noise sensitive premises: highly	1900 to 2200 hours all days (Evening)	44	54	59		
sensitive area <sup>1</sup>	2200 hours on any day to 0700 hours Monday to Saturday and 0900 hours Sunday and public holidays (Night)	39	49	59		
	0700 to 1900 hours Monday to Saturday (Day)	48	58	68		
R3, R4 +3 dB IF	0900 to 1900 hours Sunday and public holidays (Sunday)	43	53	68		
Noise sensitive premises: highly	1900 to 2200 hours all days (Evening)	43	53	58		
sensitive area <sup>1</sup>	2200 hours on any day to 0700 hours Monday to Saturday and 0900 hours Sunday and public holidays (Night)	38	48	58		
R5, R7, R8 Commercial Premises	All hours	60	75	80		

It must be noted the assigned levels above apply outside the receiving premises and at a point at least 3 metres away from any substantial reflecting surfaces. Where this was not possible to be achieved due to the close proximity of existing buildings and/or fences, the noise emissions were assessed at a point within 1 metre from building facades and a -2 dB adjustment was made to the predicted noise levels to account for reflected noise.

The Regulations define the Representative Assessment Period (RAP) as "a period of time of not less than 15 minutes, and not exceeding 4 hours, determined by an inspector or authorised person to be appropriate for the assessment of a noise emission, having regard to the type and nature of the noise emission". An inspector or authorised person is a person appointed under Sections 87 & 88 of the Environmental Protection Act 1986 and include Local Government Environmental Health Officers and Officers from the Department of Water Environmental Regulation. Acoustic consultants or other environmental consultants are not appointed as an inspector or authorised person. Therefore, whilst this assessment is based on a 4-hour RAP, which is assumed to be appropriate given the nature of the operations, this is to be used for guidance only.

#### 2.2. Regulation 3

#### "3. Regulations do not apply to certain noise emissions

- (1) Nothing in these regulations applies to the following noise emissions
  - (a) Noise emissions from the propulsion and braking systems of motor vehicles operating on a road:"

The service station and car wash car parks are considered a road and therefore vehicle noise (propulsion and braking) is not assessed. Noise from vehicle car doors and refrigeration units on trucks however are assessed, since these are not part of the propulsion or braking system. However, vehicle propulsion noise in the drive-through area has been considered assessable in this report due to the nature of the lanes being solely for food ordering purposes and not road access.

It is understood that bulk refuelling at the service station is done during the daytime and gravity fed (no pump) with the engine turned off. As such, this activity is not assessed as noise impact is considered negligible.

#### 2.3. Regulation 14A

#### "14A. Waste Collection and Other Works

- (2) Regulation 7 does not apply to noise emitted in the course of carrying out class 1 works if -
  - (a) The works are carried out in the quietest reasonable and practicable manner; and
  - (b) The equipment used to carry out the works is the quietest reasonably available;

class 1 works means specified works carried out between -

- (a) 0700 hours and 1900 hours on any day that is not a Sunday or a public holiday; or
- (b) 0900 hours and 1900 hours on a Sunday or public holiday.

specified works means -

- (a) The collection of waste; or
- (b) The cleaning of a road or the drains for a road; or
- (c) The cleaning of public places, including footpaths, cycle paths, car parks and beaches;"

In the case where specified works are to be carried out outside of class 1, a noise management plan is to be prepared and approved by the CEO.

#### 3. METHODOLOGY

Computer modelling has been used to predict the noise emissions from the development. The software used was *SoundPLAN 8.2* with the ISO 9613 algorithms (ISO 17534-3 improved method) selected, as they include the influence of wind and are considered appropriate given the relatively short source to receiver distances. Input data required in the model are listed below and discussed in *Section 3.1* to *Section 3.4*:

- Meteorological Information;
- Topographical data;
- Ground Absorption; and
- Source sound power levels.

#### 3.1. Meteorological Conditions

Meteorological information utilised is provided in *Table 3-1* and is considered to represent worst-case conditions for noise propagation. At wind speeds greater than those shown, sound propagation may be further enhanced, however background noise from the wind itself and from local vegetation is likely to be elevated and dominate the ambient noise levels.

**Table 3-1: Modelling Meteorological Conditions** 

Parameter	Night (7.00pm to 7.00am)
Temperature (°C)	15
Humidity (%)	50
Wind Speed (m/s)	Up to 5
Wind Direction*	All

<sup>\*</sup> The modelling package allows for all wind directions to be modelled simultaneously.

Alternatives to the above default conditions can be used where one year of weather data is available and the analysis considers the worst 2% of the day and night for the month of the year in which the worst-case weather conditions prevail (source: *Draft Guideline on Environmental Noise for Prescribed Premises*, May 2016). In most cases, the default conditions occur for more than 2% of the time and therefore must be satisfied.

#### 3.2. Topographical Data

Topographical data was adapted from publicly available information (e.g. *Google*) in the form of spot heights and combined with the site plan, including a 1.2-metre high parapet around all new buildings.

Surrounding existing buildings were also incorporated in the noise model, as these can provide noise shielding as well as reflection paths. Single storey buildings are modelled with a height of 3.5 metres with receivers 1.4 metres above ground. It is noted that many houses close to the development have laneway type garage access and these are not considered habitable or sensitive facades, so predictions are made to the nearest habitable facades.

Figure 3-1 shows a 2D overview of the noise model with the location of all relevant receivers and noise sources identified. A 3.5m high solid screening wall has also been included to the north of the supermarket loading bay as indicated on DA plans. An additional 5.0m high noise wall is assumed along the north boundary, running westward from the carwash. Both walls are assumed to be minimum 15 kg/m² surface mass and free of gaps. The north boundary fence is assumed to be 1.8m high in other areas.

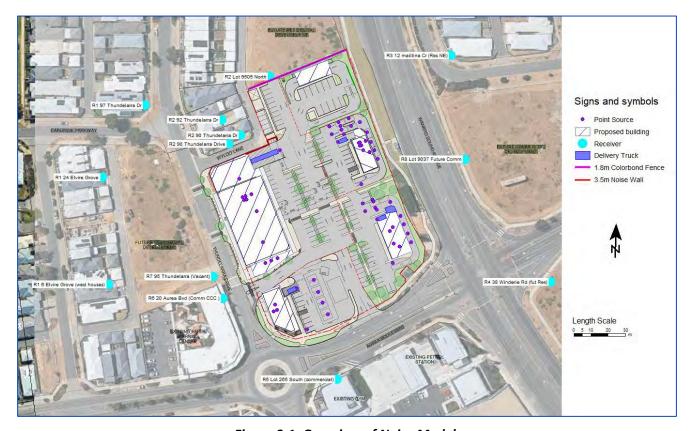


Figure 3-1: Overview of Noise Model

#### 3.3. Ground Absorption

The ground absorption has been assumed to be 0.0 (0%) for the roads and 0.5 (50%) elsewhere, noting that 0.0 represents hard reflective surfaces such as water and 1.0 represents absorptive surfaces such as grass.

#### 3.4. Source Sound Levels

The source sound levels used in the modelling are provided in *Table 3-2*.

Table 3-2: Source Sound Levels, dB

	Octave Band Centre Frequency (Hz)							Overall	
Description	63	125	250	500	1k	2k	4k	8k	dB(A)
Refrigeration Condenser Packages – L <sub>A10</sub>	88	87	85	81	76	70	64	59	82
General Exhaust Fan – L <sub>10</sub>	72	70	64	61	53	53	51	45	63
Toilet Exhaust Fan – L <sub>10</sub>	-	61	67	61	64	60	52	46	67
Typical AC Condensers – L <sub>10</sub>	-	77	75	72	70	67	62	56	75
Car Door Closings – L <sub>max</sub>	71	74	77	81	80	78	72	61	84
Large Refrigerated Truck Condenser	88	79	92	90	92	91	85	76	98
Drive-Through Speaker – L <sub>A1</sub>	62	64	66	77	80	73	57	42	82
Drive-Through Car Idling – L <sub>A10</sub>	81	78	74	72	74	74	67	64	79
Car Wash Development Sources									
Auto wash bay Entry/exit R <sub>w</sub> 19 door - L <sub>A10</sub>	74	71	70	72	72	74	72	70	79
Auto Entry/Exit (open) - L <sub>A10</sub>	85	83	85	83	80	88	85	81	92
Carwash Pump/Filter plant outlet – L <sub>A10</sub>	71	70	80	78	72	72	70	76	81
Vacuum Centrifugal Motor 6-outlet unit	76	73	77	82	76	79	78	77	90
Dog Barking – L <sub>max</sub>	97	87	88	100	94	82	72	-	99
Building A Fast Food Sources (Approved)									
Actron Air SCA290C – ACC01	-	79	76	75	72	68	63	56	77
Actron Air SCA260C – ACC02	-	77	75	72	70	67	63	56	75
Danfoss OP-MPVE034MLW10G Coolroom Condenser	78	72	72	68	58	50	42	-	68
Danfoss OP-LPQE067LLW10E Freezer Condenser	81	75	75	71	61	53	45	-	71
GEF-01 Fantech MV254E	62	67	67	60	56	52	45	-	58
KEF01/02 Fantech HUD506	75	78	74	73	70	65	59	48	70
OAF1 Fantech PUD454DD	79	75	73	72	72	69	66	60	76

	Octave Band Centre Frequency (Hz)							Overall	
Description	63	125	250	500	1k	2k	4k	8k	dB(A)
Building B Service Station (Approved)									
ACC01 & ACC02 Mitsubishi PEA-M200LAA		77	75	72	70	67	63	56	75
EF01 Fantech CE192D	68	69	69	66	59	58	56	49	67
EF02 Fantech RESPF150	68	69	69	66	59	58	56	49	70
Danfoss OP-MPVE068MLW10E Coolroom Condenser	80	74	74	70	61	52	45	-	70
Ice Box Compressor	51	61	61	63	63	59	56	47	68
Airtec 89FEP Tyre Inflator w/Compressor	-	-	-	-	88	-	-	-	88
Fuel Bowser	-	65	68	65	67	65	59	50	71

#### The following is noted in relation to *Table 3-2*:

- Mechanical plant sound levels for the Supermarket are estimated from previous projects. Building A & B
  are approved and mechanical plant design is complete, with source levels adapted from selections and
  manufacturer's data;
- Exhaust fans are located 0.5m above roof;
- A/C plant (Condensers) for all stores are located on the rooftop (1.0m above roof level) and screened with parapets;
- The Ice Box is located at the front of the convenience store, 1.8m above ground level;
- Fuel bowsers, air service alarm and car doors are modelled as 1.0m above ground level;
- Each Refrigerated truck condenser is modelled at 2.3m above ground;
- Car door and all engine sources are modelled at 0.5m above ground;
- A 5-metre high wall is proposed along the north boundary extending from the car wash main building to the Bin Store. This has been included in the noise modelling.
- A 1.8m solid colorbond fence (Double skinned) is proposed surrounding the centrifugal vacuum unit.
- The car wash plant room is enclosed, with a roller door on the west side, and is modelled as such.
- For each of the three drive through tenancies, 5 to 10 vehicles are modelled idling in the Drive-Through queuing, ordering and waiting areas, depending on the calculation scenario (see below).

#### 4. RESULTS AND ASSESSMENT

Noise modelling was undertaken for the following scenarios:

- Night-time (L<sub>A10</sub>) Includes all L<sub>A10</sub> noise sources of *Table 3-2*, with a total of 15 idling cars in drive through lanes (5 per tenancy) as well as 3 cars idling at the car wash;
- Night-time (L<sub>A1</sub>) Includes a refrigerated delivery truck in each loading area (cold deliveries) and 30 cars in drive though lanes (10 per tenancy) and the drive through speakers of both fast food outlets;
- Night-time (L<sub>Amax</sub>) Considers all car door closings and air service alarm.
- Supermarket Deliveries Night Considers deliveries to the Supermarket Tenancy Only.

#### 4.1. Scenario 1 – All Plant and Drive Thru Tenancies L<sub>A10</sub>

The results for night-time operations are provided in *Table 4-1*. A noise contour plot is also provided in *Figure 4-1* showing noise levels at ground floor. It should be noted that the assessment has assumed all fuel plant including fuel bowsers will be used simultaneously during the night, which is conservative as they will generally cycle intermittently.

Table 4-1: Scenario 1 Predicted Levels and Assessment, dB L<sub>A10</sub>

Receiver	Fuel Bowsers	All Mech Plant	Drive Through Vehicles	Car Wash Noise	Total	Night Assigned Noise Level	Assessment
R1 6-24 Elvire Gr (west houses)	17	22	22	27	27	39	Complies
R2 90-114 Thundelarra Dr (GF)	14	30	32	37	39	39	Complies
R2 98-114 Thundelarra Dr (1F)	18	25	30	36	37	39	Complies
R2 Lot 9505 North Residential	18	31	33	37	38	39	Complies
R3 12-26 Mallina Cr (Res NE)	21	25	36	36	38	38	Complies
R4 38 Winderie Rd (Future Res)	22	24	36	28	36	38	Complies
R5 Lot 265 South (Commercial)	31	27	32	32	37	60	Complies
R6 15 Aurea Bvd (CCC)	25	23	28	26	32	39	Complies
R6 17 Aurea Bvd (south housing)	19	22	22	22	27	39	Complies
R6 20 Aurea Bvd (Comm CCC)	22	31	30	25	35	39	Complies
R7 95 Thundelarra Dr Comm (GF)	11	30	20	26	32	60	Complies
R7 95 Thundelarra Dr Res (1F)	15	33	24	29	35	39	Complies
R8 Lot 9037 Future Comm	15	25	40	35	42	60	Complies

The mechanical plant and vehicles in drive through lanes are the dominant sources and given the number and range of sources operating simultaneously in this scenario, tonality of the mechanical plant is not considered detectable. Therefore, the predicted level is compliant at all the worst-case locations. Note compliance is still achieved even if the + 5 dB tonality adjustment was applied to the mechanical plant noise only.

As the analysis is based on file data as far as the supermarket tenancy is concerned, it is recommended that a follow up verification of mechanical plant selections be carried out at detailed design by a suitably qualified acoustical consultant.

#### 4.2. Scenario 2 – Refrigerated Trucks and Full Drive-Through Lanes LA1

The predicted noise levels from three refrigerated delivery trucks and the fully loaded drive through lanes are provided in *Table 4-2*. A noise contour plot is also provided in *Figure 4-2* showing noise levels at ground floor. This assumes deliveries will take less than 24 minutes in a 4-hour period, which is considered sufficient time for stores of this scale. It should also be noted that it is unlikely that all four stores will be receiving deliveries simultaneously, and during peak drive through usage, therefore the assessment is to be considered as a conservative worst-case scenario.

Table 4-2: Scenario 2 Predicted Levels and Assessment, dB LA1

Receiver	Delivery Trucks	30 Drive Through Vehicles	Total*	Night-time Assigned Noise Level	Assessment
R1 6-24 Elvire Gr (west houses)	27	26	33	49	Complies
R2 90-114 Thundelarra Dr (GF)	40	36	42	49	Complies
R2 98-114 Thundelarra Dr (1F)	41	37	43	49	Complies
R2 Lot 9505 North Residential	41	41	45	49	Complies
R3 12-26 Mallina Cr (Res NE)	37	42	44	48	Complies
R4 38 Winderie Rd (Future Res)	39	39	41	48	Complies
R5 Lot 265 South (Commercial)	45	36	46	75	Complies
R6 15 Aurea Bvd (CCC)	38	32	40	49	Complies
R6 17 Aurea Bvd (south housing)	28	25	32	49	Complies
R6 20 Aurea Bvd (Comm CCC)	42	34	43	49	Complies
R7 95 Thundelarra Dr Comm (GF)	28	24	34	75	Complies
R7 95 Thundelarra Dr Res (1F)	34	28	37	49	Complies
R8 Lot 9037 Future Comm	38	45	46	75	Complies

<sup>\*</sup>Includes all Mech Plant Sources from Scenario 1

Compliance at all receivers is predicted at night and therefore mitigation measures are not required. Note that with the number of vehicle sources (including 3 delivery trucks) present in the scenario, it is unlikely that tonality would be detectable in the L<sub>A1</sub> measured level. Note also that some sensitive receivers are identified as Childcare Centres (CCC) and would likely be unoccupied during the evening and night time periods.

#### 4.3. Scenario 3 – Night L<sub>Amax</sub>

The results for night-time  $L_{Amax}$  scenario (car doors and air service alarm) are provided in *Table 4-3*. A noise contour plot (non-cumulative) is also provided in *Figure 4-3* showing noise levels at ground floor. Car door closing noise levels are adjusted by + 10 dB for impulsiveness and air service alarms adjusted by + 5 dB for tonality and assessed against the night-time  $L_{Amax}$  assigned level.

Table 4-3: Scenario 3 Predicted Levels and Assessment, dB L<sub>Amax</sub>

Receiver	Air Service Alarm*	Car Door Closing#	Maximum	Assigned Noise Level	Assessment
R1 6-24 Elvire Gr (west houses)	14	39	39	59	Complies
R2 90-114 Thundelarra Dr (GF)	20	53	53	59	Complies
R2 98-114 Thundelarra Dr (1F)	29	44	44	59	Complies
R2 Lot 9505 North Residential	31	44	44	59	Complies
R3 12-26 Mallina Cr (Res NE)	30	41	41	58	Complies
R4 38 Winderie Rd (Future Res)	35	41	41	58	Complies
R5 Lot 265 South (Commercial)	49	49	49	80	Complies
R6 15 Aurea Bvd (CCC)	43	44	44	59	Complies
R6 17 Aurea Bvd (south housing)	40	41	41	59	Complies
R6 20 Aurea Bvd (Comm CCC)	37	48	48	59	Complies
R7 95 Thundelarra Dr Comm (GF)	23	33	33	80	Complies
R7 95 Thundelarra Dr Res (1F)	29	39	39	59	Complies
R8 Lot 9037 Future Comm	25	43	43	80	Complies

<sup>\*</sup> Adjusted by + 5 dB for tonality

Noise levels are predicted to comply at all receivers, inclusive of the tonality or impulsiveness adjustment. As discussed in *Section 3.2*, it is noted that residences across Wyloo Lane have garages facing the new parking bays of the carwash tenancy and therefore the facades are not considered highly noise sensitive.

<sup>#</sup> Adjusted by + 10 dB for impulsiveness

#### 4.4. Scenario 4 – Supermarket Deliveries Night L<sub>Amax</sub>

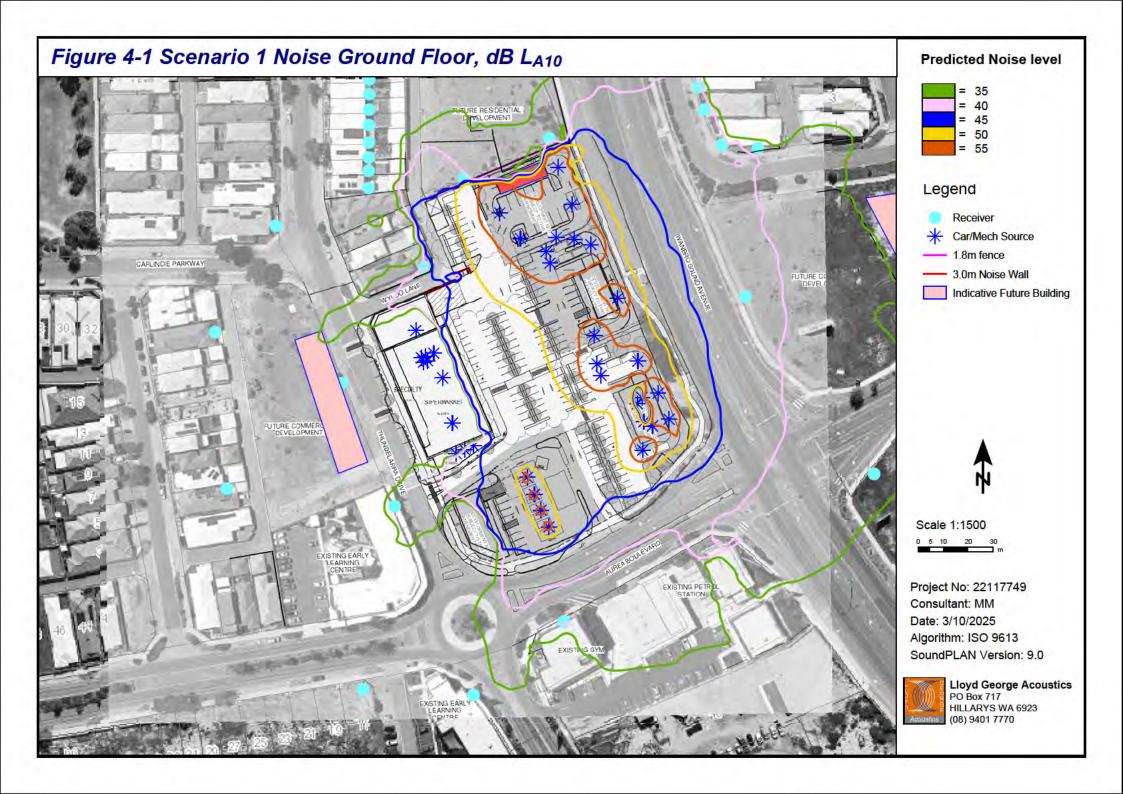
The results for night-time Supermarket Delivery Scenario are provided in *Table 4-4*. Note that at night the delivery drivers are instructed to shut off engines and refrigeration units on parking and therefore the noise level is assessable against the  $L_{Amax}$  criteria. The noise level is adjusted by + 5 dB for tonality as the condensing units are likely to be as such.

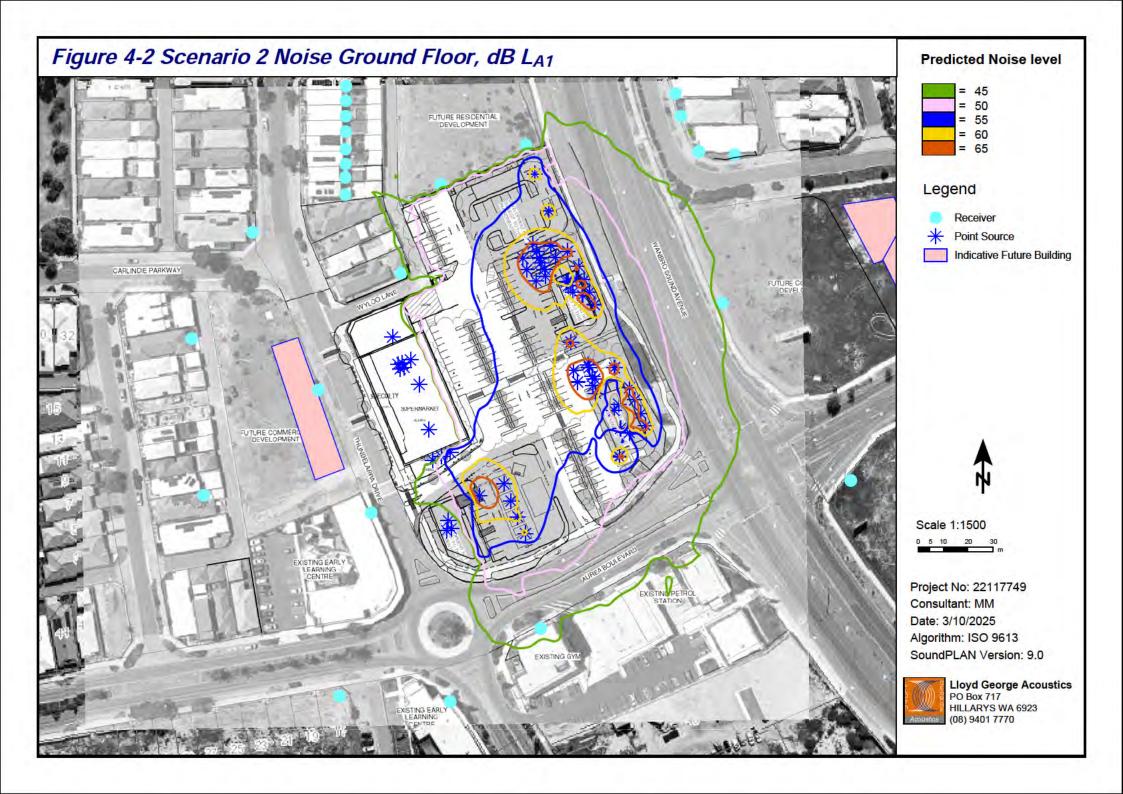
Table 4-4: Scenario 4 Predicted Levels and Assessment, dB L<sub>Amax</sub>

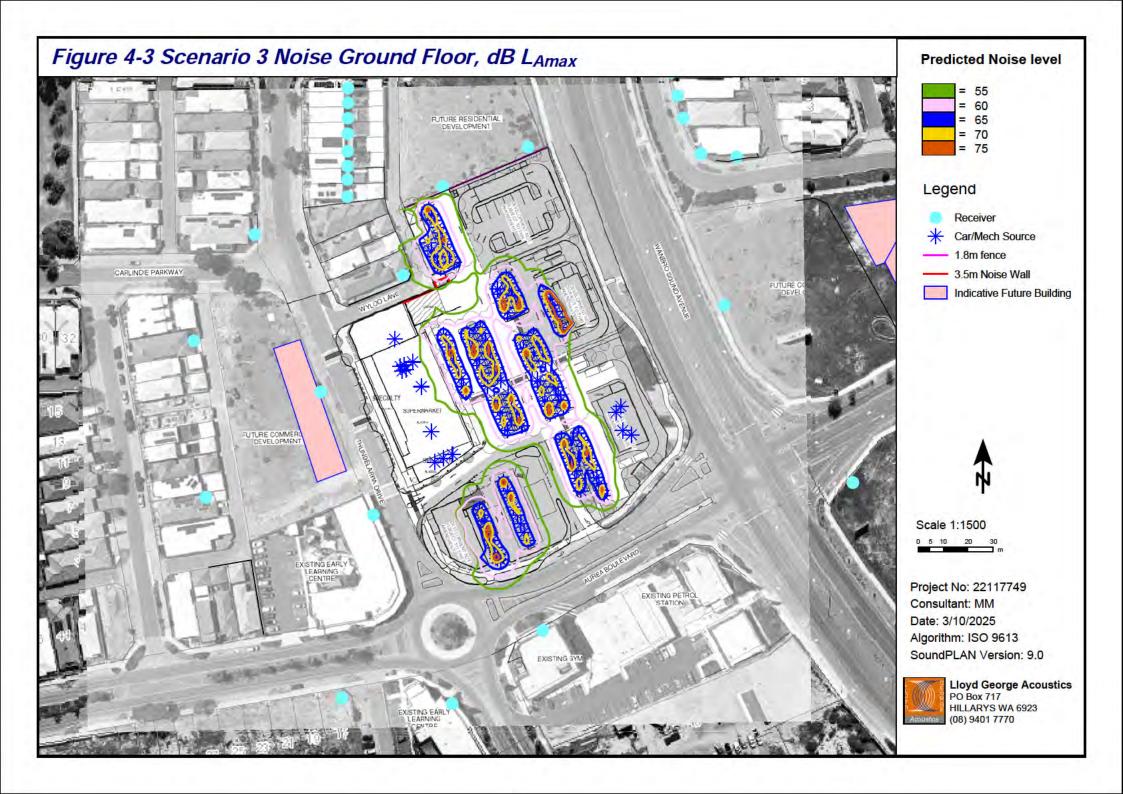
Receiver	Supermarket Delivery*	Assigned Noise Level	Assessment
R1 6-24 Elvire Gr (west houses)	33	59	Complies
R2 90-114 Thundelarra Dr (GF)	49	59	Complies
R2 98-114 Thundelarra Dr (1F)	45	59	Complies
R2 Lot 9505 North Residential	48	59	Complies
R3 12-26 Mallina Cr (Res NE)	49	58	Complies
R4 38 Winderie Rd (Future Res)	52	58	Complies
R5 Lot 265 South (Commercial)	47	80	Complies
R6 15 Aurea Bvd (CCC)	33	59	Complies
R6 17 Aurea Bvd (south housing)	31	59	Complies
R6 20 Aurea Bvd (Comm CCC)	39	59	Complies
R7 95 Thundelarra Dr Comm (GF)	35	80	Complies
R7 95 Thundelarra Dr Res (1F)	41	59	Complies
R8 Lot 9037 Future Comm	36	80	Complies

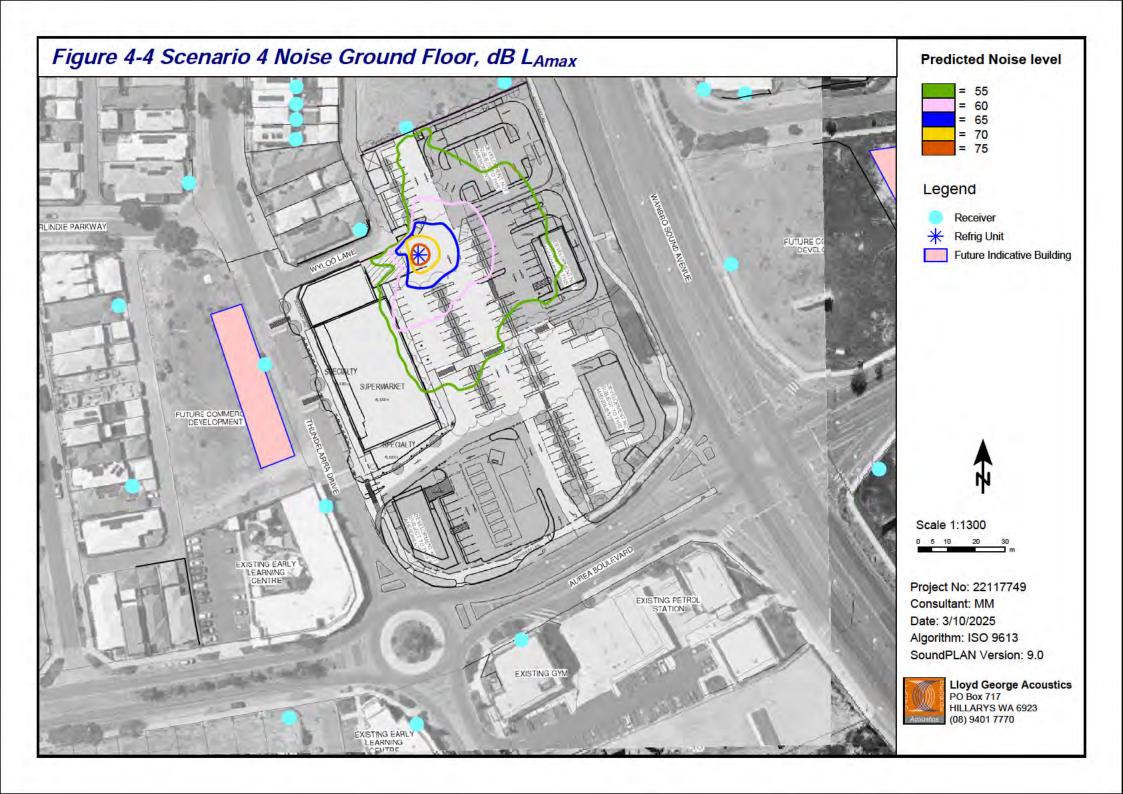
<sup>\*</sup> Adjusted by + 5 dB for tonality

Noise levels are predicted to comply at all receivers, inclusive of the tonality or impulsiveness adjustment. As discussed in *Section 3.2*, it is noted that residences across Wyloo Lane have garages facing the new parking bays and therefore the facades are not considered highly noise sensitive.









#### 5. RECOMMENDATIONS

The assessment has demonstrated that noise from the mixed commercial development can comply with the assigned levels determined in accordance with the *Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997* without the need for mitigation measures. The assessment considered noise from the proposal for the supermarket amendment in addition to the cumulative noise from other commercial development in the neighbourhood centre, including the service station, fast food outlets and car wash.

The 3.5 m high screen wall to the north of the supermarket loading bay is to extend the length of the loading bay as shown on DA plans, to be of solid construction (no gaps) and of a material with minimum surface mass  $15 \text{ kg/m}^2$ .

Refrigerated delivery trucks to the large supermarket tenancy are to shut off engines and mounted condenser units when delivering during the night (10.00pm to 7.00am Monday to Saturday and before 9am on Sundays/Public Holidays).

To ensure compliance with the noise regulations, delivery vehicles are to have broadband type reversing alarms fitted rather than standard tonal alarms. This is also inline with the guidance provided by DWER and considered less likely to elicit complaints from the community.

While not required for compliance, noting that the development is at DA stage only, some best practice recommendations have been included below though – to be implemented in the design and operation where practicable:

- Any external music or the like shall be low level and inaudible at residences;
- Bin servicing shall occur between 7.00am and 7.00pm Mondays to Saturdays. The servicing of bins would fall under Regulation 14A and provided it is carried out within the stipulated hours and undertaken as quietly as reasonably practicable, the 'normal' assigned levels do not apply. Where possible, bins shall be located in areas away from and/or screened from residences. Where this activity also includes truck reversing alarm noise, this would be considered exempt under Regulation 14A within the stipulated hours.
- Access grates or similar to be plastic or metal with rubber gasket and secured to avoid excess banging.
- All refrigerated delivery drivers attending the site at night are to make all effort to deliver quietly, leave promptly, and not idle trucks on site for longer than necessary.
- Mechanical plant:
  - Once the mechanical plant has been designed and selected, the noise levels shall be reviewed prior to Building Permit;
  - All exhaust fans shall be located inside the ceiling void and shall be axial fan type, allowing the incorporation of an attenuator if required;
  - All fans shall be variable speed drive so that maximum speed is only occurring when necessary with demand:
  - Air-conditioning shall have a 'night' / 'quiet' mode option, in case required for prior to 7.00am operation, subject to final detailed analysis;
  - All plant shall be selected for quiet operation;
  - All plant is to be appropriately vibration isolated to 95% isolation efficiency.

# **Appendix A – Development Plans**

# **Appendix B – Influencing Factor Calculation**

The assigned levels combine a baseline assigned level with an influencing factor, with the latter increasing the assigned level on the basis of the existence of significant roads and commercial or industrial zoned land within an inner circle (100 metre radius) and an outer circle (450 metre radius) of the noise sensitive premises. The calculation for the influencing factor is:

$$= \frac{1}{10} \left( \% \text{ Type A}_{100} + \% \text{ Type A}_{450} \right) + \frac{1}{20} \left( \% \text{ Type B}_{100} + \% \text{ Type B}_{450} \right)$$
 where :

% Type  $A_{100}$  = the percentage of industrial land within

a100m radius of the premises receiving the noise

% TypeA<sub>450</sub> = the percentage of industrial land within

a 450m radius of the premises receiving the noise

% Type  $B_{100}$  = the percentage of commercial land within

a100m radius of the premises receiving the noise

%TypeB<sub>450</sub> = the percentage of commercial land within

a 450m radius of the premises receiving the noise

- + Transport Factor (maximum of 6 dB)
- = 2 for each secondary road (6,000 to 15,000 vpd) within 100m
- = 2 for each major road (>15,000 vpd) within 450m
- = 6 for each major road within 100m

The nearest noise sensitive and commercial premises are identified as:

- R1 6 Elvire Gr (west houses)
- R1 24 Elvire Gr (west houses)
- R1 97 Thundelarra Dr
- R2 90-92 Thundelarra Dr
- R2 Lot 9505 North
- R3 12 Mallina Cr (Res NE)
- R4 38 Winderie Rd (Future Res)
- R5 Lot 265 South (Commercial)
- R6 15 Aurea Bvd (CCC)
- R6 17 Aurea Bvd (south housing)
- R6 20 Aurea Bvd (Comm CCC)
- R7 95 Thundelarra Dr (Vacant)
- R8 Lot 9037 Future Commercial

Table B-1 shows the percentage of industrial and commercial land within the inner (100 metre radius) and outer (450 metre radius) circles of the noise sensitive premises, with this also shown on Figure B-1 for Receiver R2.



Figure B-1: Land Types within 100m and 450m Radii of R2

Table B-1: Percentage of Land Types within 100m and 450m Radii

Receiver	Land Type	Within 100m	Within 450m
R1, R6	Type A - Industrial and Utility	0	0
	Type B – Commercial	26	5
R2	Type A - Industrial and Utility	0	0
	Type B – Commercial	43	5
R3, R4	Type A - Industrial and Utility	0	0
	Type B – Commercial	25	5

The Main Roads WA Traffic Map does provide current traffic counts in this area (Feb 2022 LM01072) with counts in the order of 10,000 vpd. However with knowledge of the planning framework since 2011, information has been obtained from Main Roads WA *Perth Metropolitan Functional Road Hierarchy 1997*, referring to Warnbro Sound Avenue as a Distributor A or Arterial road with intent to carry 15,000 to 35,000 vpd. The same document classifies Auera Boulevard as a Local Distributor with a maximum 6,000 vpd. It is clear that the roads have been designed and planned for high vehicle use in this commercial and residential hub since 2011. Despite these classifications, the Noise Regulations require recent traffic counts to be used when classifying the road for purposes of determining a transport factor. *Table B-2* shows the relevant roads and their traffic estimates within the inner (100 metre radius) and outer (450 metre radius) circles.

Table B-2: Relevant Roads within 100m and 450m Radii

Paration	Wi	thin 100m	Within 450m	
Receiver	Major Road (+ 6 dB)	Secondary Road (+ 2 dB)	Major Road Not Within 100m (+ 2 dB)	
R1, R6	-	Aurea Bvd Local Distributor (6K Vpd)	-	
R2	-	Warnbro Sound Ave (10K Vpd)	-	
R3, R4	-	Warnbro Sound Ave (10K Vpd)	-	

Table B-3 combines the percentage land types and Transport Factor to calculate the influencing factor.

Table B-3: Influencing Factor Calculation, dB

Receiver	Industrial Land	Commercial Land	Transport Factor	Total
R1, R6	0.0	1.5	2	4
R2	0.0	2.3	2	4
R3, R4	0.0	1.4	2	3

The influencing factor calculated in *Table B-3* is combined with those baseline assigned levels of *Table 2-2*, resulting in the project assigned levels provided in *Table 2-3*.

### Appendix C – Terminology

The following is an explanation of the terminology used throughout this report:

### Decibel (dB)

The decibel is the unit that describes the sound pressure levels of a noise source. It is a logarithmic scale referenced to the threshold of hearing.

### A-Weighting

An A-weighted noise level has been filtered in such a way as to represent the way in which the human ear perceives sound. This weighting reflects the fact that the human ear is not as sensitive to lower frequencies as it is to higher frequencies. An A-weighted sound level is described as L<sub>A</sub>, dB.

### Sound Power Level (L<sub>w</sub>)

Under normal conditions, a given sound source will radiate the same amount of energy, irrespective of its surroundings, being the sound power level. This is similar to a 1kW electric heater always radiating 1kW of heat. The sound power level of a noise source cannot be directly measured using a sound level meter but is calculated based on measured sound pressure level at known distances. Noise modelling incorporates source sound power levels as part of the input data.

### Sound Pressure Level (Lp)

The sound pressure level of a noise source is dependent upon its surroundings, being influenced by distance, ground absorption, topography, meteorological conditions etc. and is what the human ear actually hears. Using the electric heater analogy above, the heat will vary depending upon where the heater is located, just as the sound pressure level will vary depending on the surroundings. Noise modelling predicts the sound pressure level from the sound power levels taking into account ground absorption, barrier effects, distance etc.

### L<sub>ASlow</sub>

This is the noise level in decibels, obtained using the A-frequency weighting and the S (slow) time weighting. Unless assessing modulation, all measurements use the slow time weighting characteristic.

### L<sub>AFast</sub>

This is the noise level in decibels, obtained using the A-frequency weighting and the F (fast) time weighting. This is used when assessing the presence of modulation.

### L<sub>APeak</sub>

This is the greatest absolute instantaneous sound pressure level in decibels using the A-frequency weighting.

#### L<sub>Amax</sub>

An L<sub>Amax</sub> level is the maximum A-weighted noise level during a particular measurement.

### L<sub>A1</sub>

The  $L_{A1}$  level is the A-weighted noise level exceeded for 1 percent of the measurement period and is considered to represent the average of the maximum noise levels measured.

### L<sub>A10</sub>

The L<sub>A10</sub> level is the A-weighted noise level exceeded for 10 percent of the measurement period and is considered to represent the "intrusive" noise level.

#### L<sub>A90</sub>

The L<sub>A90</sub> level is the A-weighted noise level exceeded for 90 percent of the measurement period and is considered to represent the "background" noise level.

### L<sub>Aeq</sub>

The equivalent steady state A-weighted sound level ("equal energy") in decibels which, in a specified time period, contains the same acoustic energy as the time-varying level during the same period. It is considered to represent the "average" noise level.

### One-Third-Octave Band

Means a band of frequencies spanning one-third of an octave and having a centre frequency between 25 Hz and 20000 Hz inclusive.

### Representative Assessment Period

Means a period of time not less than 15 minutes, and not exceeding four hours, determined by an inspector or authorised person to be appropriate for the assessment of a noise emission, having regard to the type and nature of the noise emission.

### L<sub>Amax</sub> assigned level

Means an assigned level, which, measured as a LASIOW value, is not to be exceeded at any time.

### L<sub>A1</sub> assigned level

Means an assigned level, which, measured as a L<sub>ASlow</sub> value, is not to be exceeded for more than 1 percent of the representative assessment period.

### L<sub>A10</sub> assigned level

Means an assigned level, which, measured as a L<sub>ASlow</sub> value, is not to be exceeded for more than 10 percent of the representative assessment period.

#### Tonal Noise

A tonal noise source can be described as a source that has a distinctive noise emission in one or more frequencies. An example would be whining or droning. The quantitative definition of tonality is:

- the presence in the noise emission of tonal characteristics where the difference between -
  - (a) the A-weighted sound pressure level in any one-third octave band; and
  - (b) the arithmetic average of the A-weighted sound pressure levels in the 2 adjacent one-third octave bands,

is greater than 3 dB when the sound pressure levels are determined as  $L_{Aeq,T}$  levels where the time period T is greater than 10% of the representative assessment period, or greater than 8 dB at any time when the sound pressure levels are determined as  $L_{A Slow}$  levels.

This is relatively common in most noise sources.

### Modulating Noise

A modulating source is regular, cyclic and audible and is present for at least 10% of the measurement period. The quantitative definition of modulation is:

- a variation in the emission of noise that
  - (a) is more than 3 dB L<sub>A Fast</sub> or is more than 3 dB L<sub>A Fast</sub> in any one-third octave band; and
  - (b) is present for at least 10% of the representative assessment period; and
  - (c) is regular, cyclic and audible.

### Impulsive Noise

An impulsive noise source has a short-term banging, clunking or explosive sound. The quantitative definition of impulsiveness means:

a variation in the emission of a noise where the difference between L<sub>Apeak</sub> and L<sub>Amax</sub> is more than 15 dB when determined for a single representative event.

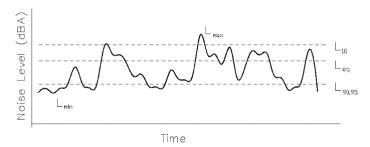
### Major Road

Is a road with an estimated average daily traffic count of more than 15,000 vehicles.

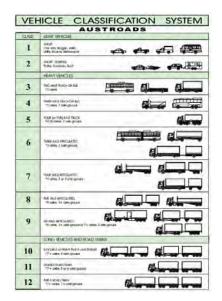
### Secondary / Minor Road

Is a road with an estimated average daily traffic count of between 6,000 and 15,000 vehicles.

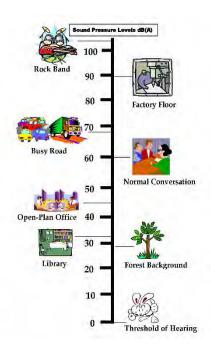
### Chart of Noise Level Descriptors



### Austroads Vehicle Class



### Typical Noise Levels



Reference: 24119644-01A Page 24

# Proposed Amendment to DAP Approval (Golden Bay Neighbourhood Centre) - Supermarket and Specialty Retail - Lot 622 (No.2) Aurea Boulevard, Golden Bay - 20.2025.329.1

	PUBLIC SCHEDULE OF SUBMISSIONS					
No.	Content Manager File No.	Name	Address	Email	Support / Object/Other	Comment
1	D25/189137	Ms Alicia Bennett	Address not provided		Support	Hello, for the new developments in Golden Bay, myself and all of my friends would love a Zambrero to be built. This would be a dream come
2	D25/196851	Mr Peter Magini			Support	I support the amendment. Makes it more user friendly and convenient.

	SERVICING AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF SUBMISSIONS						
No.	Content Manager File No.	Name	Address	Email	Support / Object/Other	Comment	
1.	D25/194698	Ms Sophie Trinh			Support	In response to correspondence received on 31 July 2025, please be advised that Main Roads has no objection to the development proposal.  Main Roads encourages local government in liaising with applicants to promote and capitalise on our pre-lodgement consultation service, prior to lodgement of planning proposals, especially where development plans involve land adjacent to or have the potential to impact on the State road network. Further information on the pre-lodgement consultation process can be found on Main Roads website at mainroads.wa.gov.au > Technical & Commercial > Planning & Development.  Should the City require further information please do not hesitate to contact Sophie Trinh on (08) 9323 4758.	

Proposed Amendment to DAP Approval (Golden Bay Neighbourhood Centre) - Supermarket and Specialty Retail -
Lot 622 (No.2) Aurea Boulevard, Golden Bay - 20.2025.329.1

		Please ensure a copy of the JDAP's final
		determination is sent to
		planninginfo@mainroads.wa.gov.au.

LG Ref: 20.2023.35.1 DAP Ref: DAP/23/02447

Enquiries: (08) 6551 9919

State Administrative Tribunal 565 Hay Street PERTH WA 6000

Dear Sir/Madam

### STATE ADMINISTRATIVE TRIBUNAL REVIEW OUTCOME – DR135/2023 – Apex Planning Pty Ltd v DAP executive director

Property Location:	Lot 622 (No.2) Aurea Boulevard, Golden Bay
Application Details:	Proposed mixed commercial development (Golden Bay Neighbourhood Centre)

Please be advised that the Metro Outer Development Assessment Panel reconsidered the above-mentioned development application, SAT ref DR135/2023, pursuant to section 31 of the *State Administrative Tribunal Act 2004* on 12 March 2024.

The Notice of Determination is attached.

Yours sincerely,

**DAP** executive director

20 March 2024

Encl: Amended DAP Determination Notice

Cc:

Apex Planning Pty Ltd

State Solicitor's Office

Sally Birkhead City of Rockingham

Planning Appeals

### Planning and Development Act 2005

### City of Rockingham Local Planning Scheme No.2

### **Metro Outer Development Assessment Panel**

# Determination on Development Assessment Panel Application for Planning Approval

Property Location: Lot 622 (No.2) Aurea Boulevard, Golden Bay

Application Details: Proposed mixed commercial development (Golden Bay

Neighbourhood Centre)

Pursuant to section 31 of the *State Administrative Tribunal Act 2004*, the Metro Outer DAP, at its meeting on 12 March 2024, has reconsidered its decision dated 10 July 2023 in respect to the above application, SAT Ref. DR135/2023 and has resolved to:

- 1. Reconsider its decision dated 10 July 2023; and
- 2. **Approve** DAP Application reference DR135/2023 and accompanying revised plans and supporting information received on 22 December 2023:
  - DA001 DA003 Perspective
  - DA100 Location and Survey Plan
  - DA101 Site Plan Rev K, Dated 16.11.2023
  - DA102 Demolition Plan
  - DA200 Proposed Ground Floor Plan Rev L, Dated 16.11.2023
  - DA400 Proposed Elevations Streetside
  - DA401 Proposed Elevations Internal
  - DA900 Proposed Signage Schedule
  - DA901 DA902 Material Schedule
  - DA905 Pedestrian Movement Diagram
  - Landscape Concept Plan
  - Landscape Piazza Concept Plan
  - Development Application Report
  - Traffic Impact Assessment (May 2023), including Technical Note No.1 (Dated 30.11.2023)
  - Environmental Noise Assessment (Acoustic Report) (Dated 28.4.2023)
  - Emissions Impact Assessment (EIA) (Dated December 2023)

in accordance with Clause 68 of the Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations 2015 and the Metropolitan Region Scheme, subject to the following conditions:

- 1. This decision constitutes planning approval only, and is valid for a period of 4 years from the date of approval. If the subject development is not substantially commenced within the specified period, the approval shall lapse and be of no further effect.
- 2. Prior to applying for a Building Permit, a Construction Management Plan (CMP) is to be submitted to and approved by the City of Rockingham addressing but not limited to:
  - (i) Hours of construction;
  - (ii) Temporary fencing;
  - (iii) Traffic management including a Traffic Management Plan addressing site access, egress and parking arrangement for staff and contractors;
  - (iv) Management of vibration and dust; and
  - (v) Management of construction noise and other site generated noise.
- 3. Prior to applying for a Building Permit, a Stormwater Management Plan must be prepared by a suitably qualified engineering consultant showing how stormwater will be contained on-site, including with specific provision for the Service Station. Those plans must be submitted to the City of Rockingham for approval. All stormwater generated by the development must be managed in accordance with Planning Policy 3.4.3 Urban WaterManagement to the satisfaction of the City of Rockingham. The approved plans must be implemented and all works must be maintained for the duration of the development.
- 4. Prior to applying for a Building Permit, the Proponent must submit fully detailed civil engineering drawings showing the various footpaths, crossovers and car parking embayments to be adopted across the entire development site and adjoining road reserves, for review and approval bythe City of Rockingham. Construction works in accordance with approved civil drawings are to be completed prior to occupation of the development, at the landowner's cost to the satisfaction of the City of Rockingham.
- 5. Prior to applying for a Building Permit, a Landscaping Plan must be prepared and include the following detail to the satisfaction of the City of Rockingham:
  - (i) The location, number and type of existing and proposed trees and shrubs (including street trees, shade trees within the car parking areas, and planting within verge areas), including calculations for thelandscaping area;
  - (ii) Any lawns to be established and areas to be mulched;
  - (iii) Those areas to be reticulated or irrigated;
  - (iv) Proposed upgrading to landscaping, paving and reticulation of the street setback area and all verge areas;
  - (v) Protection and enhancement of existing vegetation within the vergeareas of Warnbro Sound Avenue and Aurea Boulevard;

- (vi) Detailed landscape, irrigation, lighting and street furniture plans; and
- (vii) The paving material used for the footpaths shall be carried across all crossovers in order to maintain the visual continuity of the pedestrian network and aid pedestrian legibility.

The landscaping, paving and reticulation must be completed prior to the occupation of the development, and must be maintained at all times to the satisfaction of the City of Rockingham for the duration of the development.

- 6. Prior to occupation of the development, car parking areas must:
  - (i) Provide a minimum of 147 car parking spaces, including 4 parking spaces within the Thundelarra Drive road reserve adjoining the development;
  - (ii) Be designed, constructed, sealed, kerbed, drained and marked in accordance with User Class 3A of Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2890.1:2004, Parking facilities, Part 1: Off-street car parking;
  - (iii) Provide seven (7) car parking space(s) dedicated to people with disabilities, which are designed, constructed, sealed, kerbed, drained and marked in accordance with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2890.6:2009, Parking facilities, Part 6: Off-street parking for people with disabilities and which are linked to the main entrance of the development by a continuous accessible path of travel designed and constructed in accordance with Australian Standard AS 1428.1—2009, Design for access and mobility, Part 1:General Requirements for access—New building work;
  - (iv) Be constructed, sealed, kerbed, drained and marked prior to the development being occupied and maintained thereafter; and
  - (v) Comply with the above requirements for the duration of the development.
- 7. The Environmental Noise Assessment prepared by Lloyd George Acoustics dated 28 April 2023 (ref: 22117749-01A), shall be implemented in the design, construction and ongoing operation of the development at all times to the satisfaction of the City of Rockingham, including but not limited to the following requirements:
  - (i) The Supermarket loading bay to be screened as follows:
    - (a) A 3.0m acoustic screen wall to be constructed on the northernside of the Supermarket loading bay, and extended the lengthof the loading bay, of solid construction (no gaps) and of material with a minimum surface mass of 15kg/m<sup>2</sup>.
    - (b) The design and finish of the screen wall to be designed, coloured and articulated to provide an attractive appearance to Wyloo Lane, to the satisfaction of the City of Rockingham.

- (c) The loading bay overhead (roof) structure to extend at least 4m across the loading bay and be lined with an absorptive material such as anticon insulation. No gaps shall exist between the overhead section and the vertical acoustic screenwall.
- (ii) A solid screen wall to be constructed in the vicinity of the Liquor Store bin area fronting Warnbro Sound Avenue, of minimum height 1.6m and of minimum surface mass of 4kg/m<sup>2</sup>, and be free of gaps,as shown on the approved plans. The screening to be of a masonryconstruction and of a suitable design complementing the overall development, as illustrated in the Material Schedule, to ensure an attractive appearance to Warnbro Sound Avenue and internal to the site to the satisfaction of the City of Rockingham, having regard to the high level of visibility of the screen wall to Warnbro Sound Avenue.
- (iv) Acoustic screening around the northern and western edges of the Supermarket to airconditioning and refrigeration equipment in order to protect existing and future residential development from noise, in accordance with the Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997.
- (v) Use of broadband type reversing alarms for delivery vehicles ratherthan standard tonal alerts.
- (vi) Delivery vehicles are not allowed to idle within the loading bays, andare required to be switched off during loading and unloading periods.
- (vii) Bin servicing via Wyloo Lane shall occur only between 7am and 6pm Mondays to Fridays and 9am to 5pm on Saturdays; and 7am to 7pm Mondays to Saturdays otherwise. No bin servicing shall occur on a Sunday.
- (viii) Any external music or the like shall be low level and inaudible at residences.
- (ix) Section 5 recommendations in the Environmental NoiseAssessment for mechanical plant shall be implemented.
- 8. Deliveries via Wyloo Lane shall only occur between 6am to 6pm Monday to Friday, and 9am to 5pm on Saturdays. No deliveries are permitted on Sundays. Signage shall be positioned at the entry to the site from Wyloo Lane specifying delivery times, to minimise adverse impacts on the amenity of the adjacent residence(s).
- 9. Prior to the occupation of the development, a Final Acoustic Assessment must be prepared and provided to the City of Rockingham which demonstrates to City's satisfaction, that the completed development complies with the *Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997*.

The Final Acoustic Assessment must include the following information:

(i) Noise sources compared with the assigned noise levels as stated in the *Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997*, when the noise is received at the nearest "noise sensitive premises" and surrounding residential area;

- (ii) Tonality, modulation and impulsiveness of noise sources; and
- (iii) Confirmation of the implementation of noise attenuation measures.

Any further works must be carried out in accordance with the Acoustic Report and implemented as such for the duration of the development.

- 10. Prior to applying for a Building Permit, a City Approved Waste Management Plan must be prepared and include the following detail:
  - (i) For the Supermarket and specialty shops, include waste generation quantities, number, volume and type of bins, proposed collection frequency and cleaning and maintenance of the bin store. With at least one food business likely within the specialty shops, any liquid waste storage (eg. used oil) to also be addressed;
  - (ii) For all premises within the development:
    - (a) the location of bin storage areas and bin collection areas;
    - (b) the number, volume and type of bins, and the type of waste tobe placed in the bins;
    - (c) management of the bins and the bin storage areas, including cleaning, rotation and moving bins to and from the bin collection areas:
    - (d) frequency of bin collections;
    - (e) regular rubbish collection patrols; and
    - (f) demonstration of compliance with the Acoustic Reportprepared by Lloyd George Acoustics.

All works must be carried out in accordance with the Waste Management Plan and maintained at all times, for the duration of development.

- 11. Prior to occupation of the development, public rubbish bin facilities must be provided adjacent to the entry of the Supermarket premises so as to be convenient to pedestrians, but positioned so as not to obstruct pedestrian movements, to the satisfaction of the City of Rockingham.
- 12. Prior to the occupation of the development, any damage to existing City infrastructure within the road reservation including kerb, road pavement, turf, irrigation, bollards and footpaths is to be repaired to the satisfaction of the City of Rockingham, at the cost of the Applicant.
- 13. A pedestrian refuge being installed within the Thundelarra Drive and Aurea Boulevard crossovers to assist pedestrian safety given the extended width required for this crossover to service the development.
- 14. Prior to the occupation of the development, an illumination report must be prepared which demonstrates to the satisfaction of the City of Rockingham, that the completed development complies with the requirements of Australian Standard AS/NZS 4282:2019 Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting, and manages light spill to existing and future adjoining/nearby residential lots to the north, west and north-west of the site.

- 15. Prior to occupation of the development, fifteen (15) short-term bicycle parking spaces must be provided for the development. The bicycle parkingspaces must be designed in accordance with AS2890.3—1993, *Parking facilities, Part 3: Bicycle parking facilities* and located within the development to the satisfaction of the City of Rockingham.
- 16. Prior to the occupation of the development, in accordance with Planning Policy 3.3.25 Percent for Public Art Private Developer Contribution, the developer shall make a contribution to the City of Rockingham equal to 1% of the total construction value for the provision of public art, being \$110,000.
- 17. Earthworks over the site associated with the development must be stabilised to prevent sand or dust blowing off the site, and appropriate measures must be implemented within the time and in the manner directed by the City of Rockingham in the event that sand or dust is blown from the site.
- 18. Bulk fuel deliveries to be limited to 7am 7pm Monday to Saturday.
- 19. All plant and roof equipment and other external fixtures must be designed to be located away from public view/or screened for the life of the development, to the satisfaction of the City of Rockingham.
- 20. The mall area located between the Supermarket and specialty shops shallbe maintained in a clean, tidy and sanitary condition with routine high pressure water cleaning to prevent any accumulations of litter, grime or oily deposits, to the satisfaction of the City of Rockingham.
- 21. Prior to applying for a Building Permit, the applicant must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the City of Rockingham that ground floor glazing of the Supermarket fronting Thundelarra Drive, along with the Specialty Shops facing Thundelarra Drive and all windows facing the mall, have a minimumvisible light transmission rate of at least 79% and a maximum visible reflectivity rate of 9% in order ensure that a commercial, interactive frontage is available to the development from Thundelarra Drive and the mall. The glazing must be thereafter be installed and maintained to the satisfaction of the City of Rockingham for the duration of the development.
- 22. Entries and window frontages of the Supermarket and specialty shop tenancies facing Thundelarra Drive and the mall must contain clear,transparent glass, and not be covered, closed or screened off (including by means of dark or other tinting, shutters, curtains, blinds, posters, paint,roller doors or similar), to ensure that visibility and a commercial, interactive frontage is available between the development and Thundelarra Drive at all times.
- 23. The internal layout of the Supermarket shall ensure Supermarket aisles do not extend to the windows fronting Thundelarra Drive, and shelving andstorage be located to ensure no obstruction of windows occurs, in order tomaintain the view between Thundelarra Drive and the Supermarket tenancy.
- 24. Trolley storage shall occur within the Supermarket tenancy or withindesignated trolley parking bays within the carparking area, and not withinthe mall or along the Thundelarra Drive frontage.

- 25. The awning in front of the specialty shops on Thundelarra Drive shall be extended south by 3.5m to provide weather protection for the bike parkingarea.
- 26. Bollards must be installed at both ends of the mall to ensure no vehicle access along the mall. All other parking bays to contain wheel stops to prevent vegetation damage, and prevent encroachment to the pedestrian movement network.
- 27. The proposed Service Station must incorporate Stage 1 and Stage 2 (VR1and VR2) Vapour Recovery Systems which are to be installed and operated from the commencement of operation of the Service Station, andfor the duration of its operation. These systems are to be operated at all times, and under a regular program of inspection and maintenance for thelife of the development.
- 28. The existing, redundant steel frame and slab on site being removed prior to commencement of development.
- 29. An Odour Management Plan for the Fast Food Outlets shall be prepared for the approval of the City's Environmental Health Services prior to issue a Building Permit, demonstrating management of odour impact on surrounding existing and future residential properties.
- 30. Prior to applying for a Building Permit, a Sign Strategy must be prepared which must include the information required by Planning Policy 3.3.1: Control of Advertisements, to the satisfaction of the City of Rockingham, and it must thereafter be implemented for the duration of the development.
- 31. An Operational Management Plan being prepared for the Service Stationfor the approval of the City prior to the issue of a Building Permit, demonstrating required vehicle movement through bowsers, and contingency in the instance the VR2 system fails to operate.
- 32. During the operating hours of the Fast Food Outlets, all rubbish associated with the Fast Food Outlets must be collected daily from the associated carparking areas to the satisfaction of the City.

### **Advice Notes**

- 1. The disposal of wastewater into the Water Corporation's sewerage systemmust be with the approval of the Water Corporation; the applicant and owner should liaise with the Water Corporation in this regard.
- 2. The development must comply with the Food Act 2008, the Food Safety Standards and Chapter 3 of the Australian New Zealand Food Standards Code (Australia Only); the applicant and owner should liaise with the City's Health Services in this regard.
- 3. A Building Permit must be obtained for the proposed works prior to commencement of site works. The applicant and owner should liaise with the City's Building Services in this regard.
- 4. The development must comply with the *Environmental Protection (Noise)* Regulations 1997; contact the City's Health Services for information on confirming requirements.

- 5. All works in the road reserve, including construction of a crossover, planting of street trees, and other streetscape works and works to the road carriageway must be to the specifications of the City of Rockingham; the applicant should liaise with the City of Rockingham's Engineering Services in this regard.
- 6. In regards to Condition 2(iv), Dust Management is to be in accordance withthe Department of Environment and Conservation Guideline: A guideline for managing the impacts of dust and associated contaminants from land development sites, contaminated sites remediation and other related activities.
- 7. The Liquor Store is to comply with the Liquor Control Act 1988, all relevant approvals and licenses are to be sought prior to the occupation of the development in conjunction with the Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries.
- 8. A site cannot store or sell fuel without first obtaining a licence from the Department of Mines Industry Regulation and Safety, which requires strictcriteria to be met and assessed as part of the process regulated under the *Dangerous Goods Safety Act 2005*.
- A separate Development Approval may be required for the occupation of any tenancy not specified in this approval, prior to the occupation of the tenancy. The City's Planning Services should be contacted to determine whether development approval is required.
- 10. Where a Development Approval has so lapsed, no development shall be carried out without further approval having first been sought and obtained,unless the Applicant has applied and obtained Development Assessment Panel approval to extend the approval term under regulation 17(1)(a) of the Planning and Development (Development Assessment Panels) Regulations 2011.

Where an approval has so lapsed, no development shall be carried out without further approval having first been sought and obtained, unless the applicant has applied and obtained Development Assessment Panel approval to extend the approval term under regulation 17(1)(a) or local government approval under regulation 17A of the Planning and Development (Development Assessment Panels) Regulations 2011.

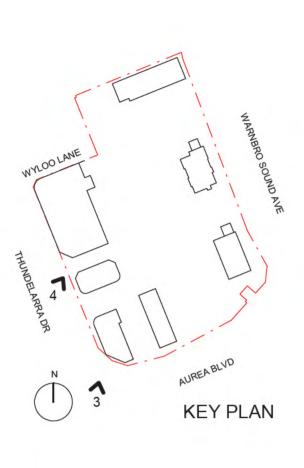


2 - AERIAL VIEW OF PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT



**APPROVED** 

12-Mar-2024







3 - VIEW OF CORNER OF THUNDELARRA DRIVE AND AUREA BOULEVARD

4 - VIEW OF ARCADE











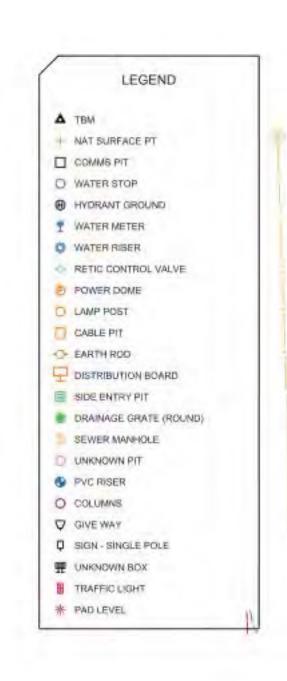




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**APPROVED** 

12-Mar-2024















OVERALL AREA (G	SLAR)
TENANCY	AREA
FAST FOOD	525 m <sup>2</sup>
LIQUOR	230 m <sup>2</sup>
SERVICE STATION	305 m <sup>2</sup>
SPECIALTY	265 m <sup>2</sup>
SUPERMARKET	1165 m
TOTAL GLAR	2490 m

CAR PARKING PROVIDE	D - OVERALL
TYPE	COUNT
STANDARD CAR BAY	96
QUEUEING BAY	40
ON-STREET PARKING	4
BICYCLE RACKS	15
ACROD BAYS	7
TOTAL BAYS	162

APPROVED

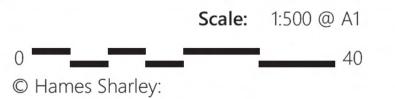
12-Mar-2024

JARRA PROPERTY

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Status:DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION

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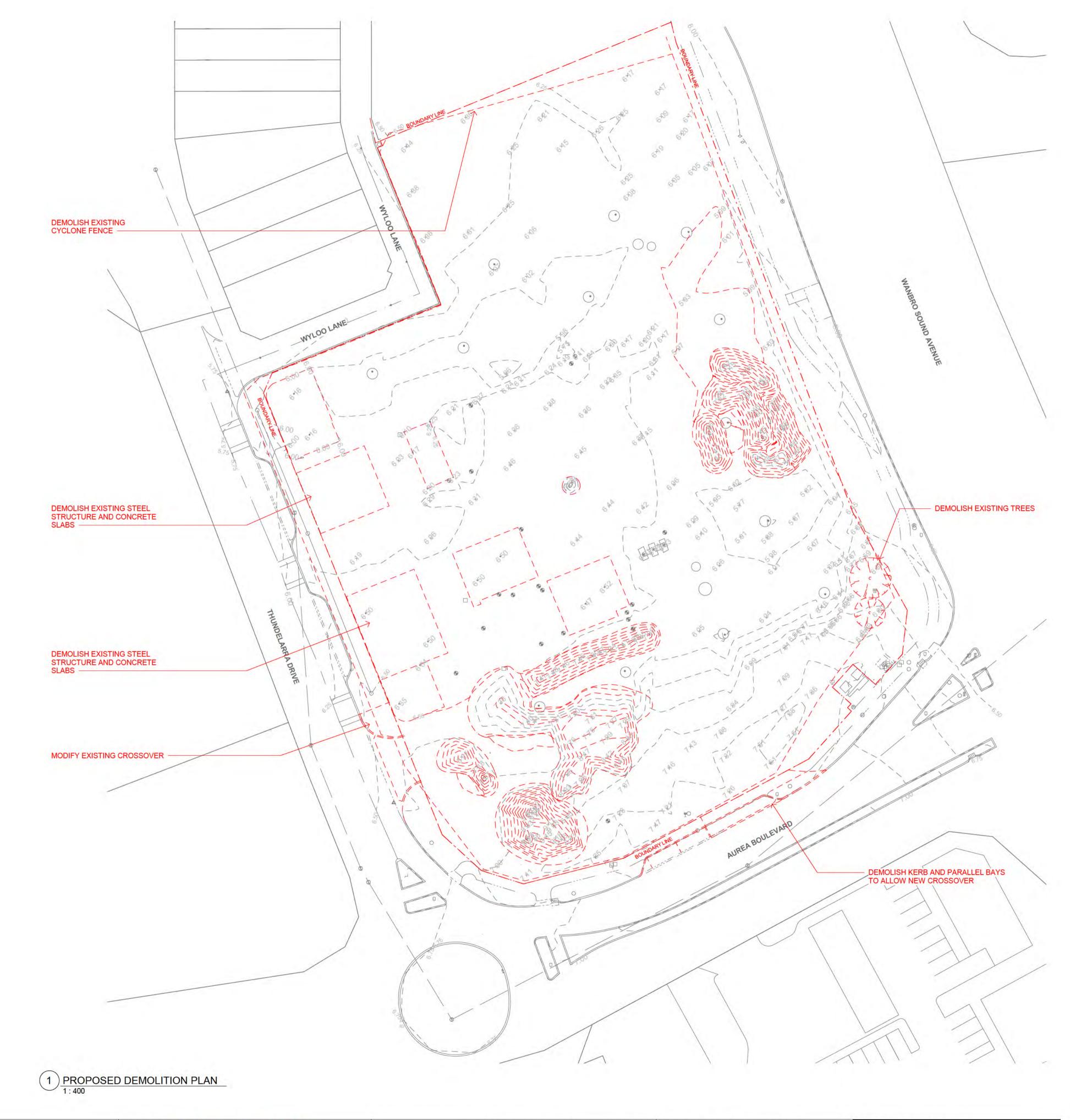
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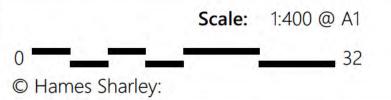


VIEW OF EXISTING STRUCTURE ALONG THUNDELARRA DRIVE



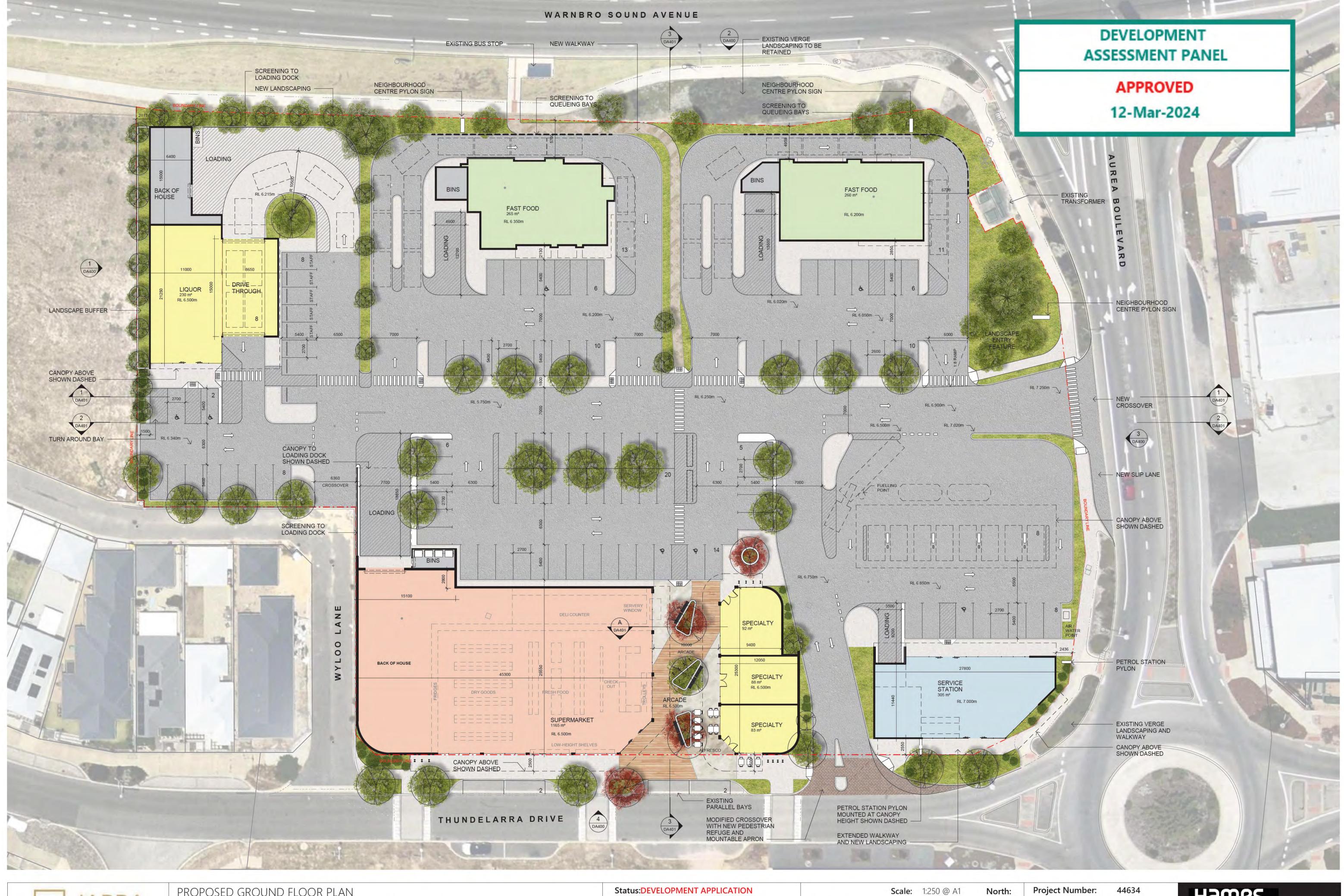




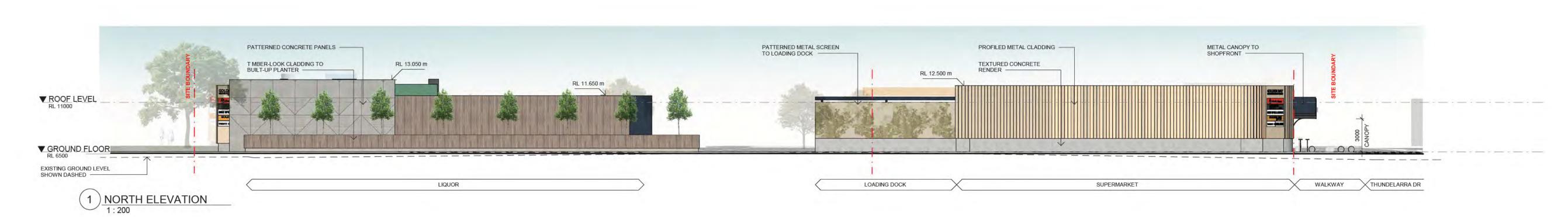


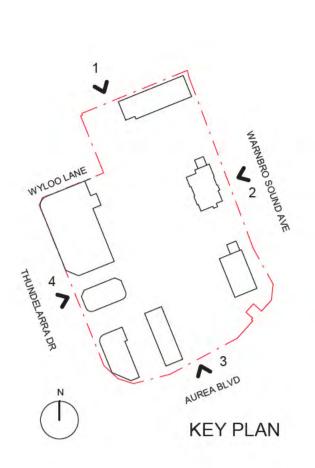
Project Number: Drawing Number: Revision: 44634 DA102 28.04.23



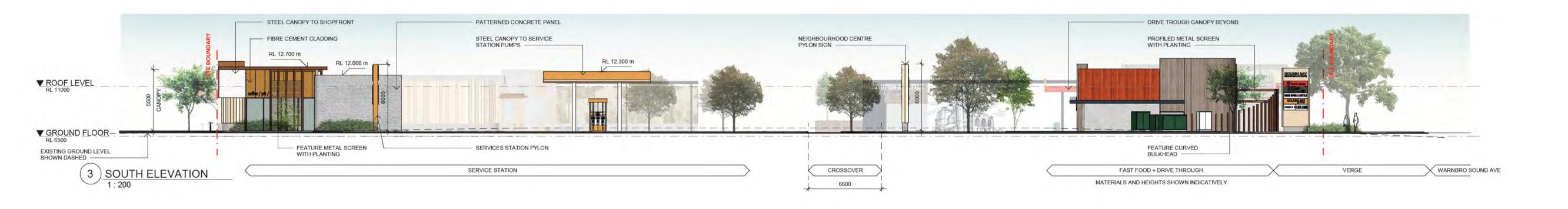








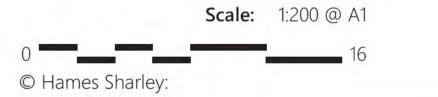








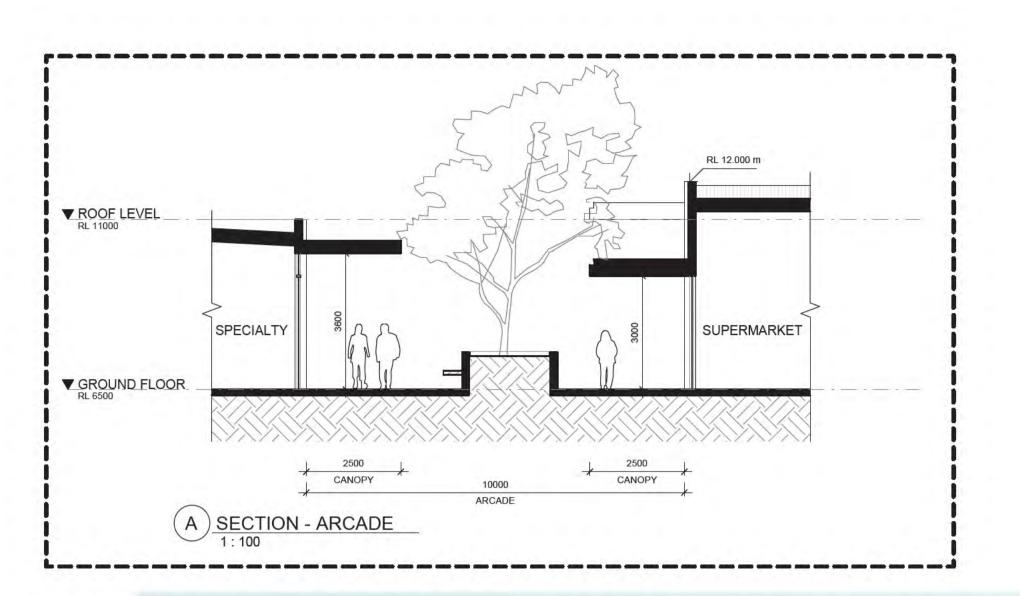
PROPOSED ELEVATIONS - STREETSIDE

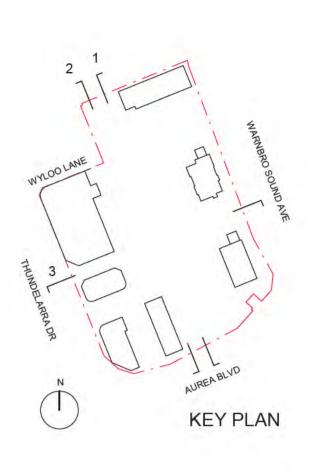


Project Number: Drawing Number: Revision: Date:

44634 **DA400** 28.04.23









1) INTERNAL ELEVATION LOOKING EAST 1: 200



2 INTERNAL ELEVATION LOOKING WEST



NOTE: ALL TENANT SIGNS SHOWN ARE INDICATIVE ONLY



PROPOSED ELEVATIONS - INTERNAL

Status: DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION Path: C:\Users\l.azhar\Documents\Revit Local Files\2020\44634 -

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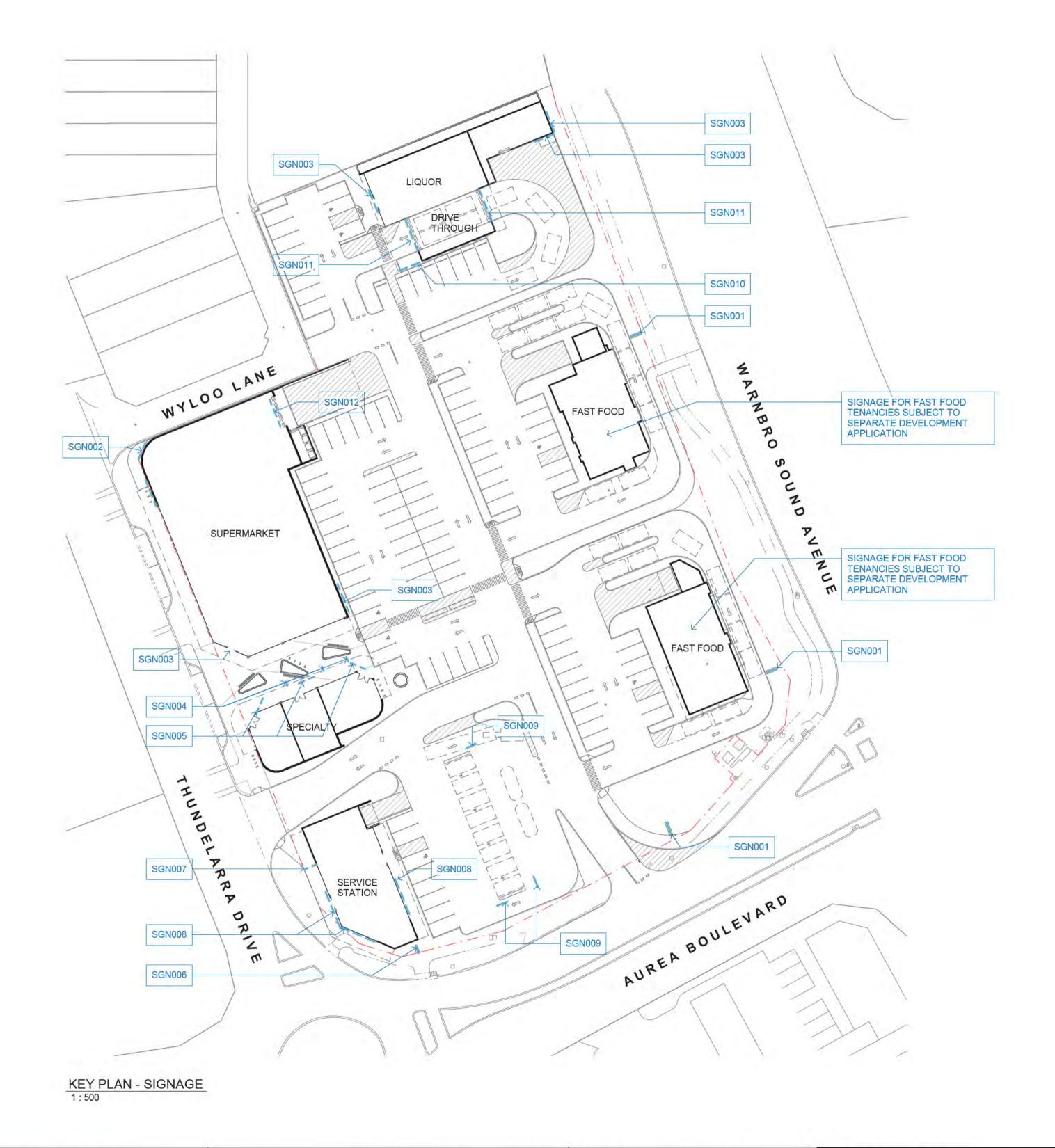
Project Number: Drawing Number: Revision: Date:

44634 **DA401** 28.04.23

SIGN NO	INDICATIVE IMAGE	DESCRIPTION	INDICATIVE SIZE
SGN001	H 0009	FREE-STANDING NEIGHBOURHOOD CENTRE PYLON SIGNAGE	2400mm W x 6000mm H
SGN002	HOOSE HAY HOGH BOURNOOD CONTRE	WALL-MOUNTED NEIGHBOURHOOD CENTRE PYLON SIGNAGE	2400mm W x 4800mm H
SGN003	6000 W H 0091 SIGNAGE	WALL-MOUNTED TENANT SIGNAGE	6000mm W x 1600mm H
SGN004	700 W	WALL-MOUNTED TENANT BLADE SIGNAGE	700mm W x 500mm H
SGN005	3000 W  SIGNAGE	TENANT SHOPFRONT SIGNAGE	3000mm W x 500mm H
SGN006	1800 W	FREE-STANDING SERVICE STATION PYLON SIGNAGE WITH DIGITAL PRICE BOARD	1800mm W x 6000mm H
SGN007	1800 W  SIGNAGE  SIGNAGE	CANOPY-MOUNTED SERVICE STATION PYLON SIGNAGE WITH DIGITAL PRICE BOARD	1800mm W x 3000mm H
SGN008	7200 W  TOO W  SIGNAGE	SERVICE STATION SHOPFRONT SIGNAGE	7200mm W x 2000mm H
SGN009	3000 W  H  SIGNAGE  SIGNAGE	SERVICE STATION CANOPY SIGNAGE	3000mm W x 1000mm H
SGN010	6000 W  SIGNAGE	SUSPENDED TENANT SIGNAGE	6000mm W x 1000mm H
SGN011	6000 W	WALL-MOUNTED TENANT DRIVE-THROUGH SIGNAGE	6000mm W x 500mm H
SGN012	4000 W	WALL-MOUNTED TENANT LOADING SIGNAGE	4000mm W x 750mm H

# **APPROVED**

12-Mar-2024





# APPROVED

12-Mar-2024





MASONRY-LOOK

PROFILED METAL CLADDING

TEXTURED CONCRETE RENDER

PATTERNED CONCRETE PANEL

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Date:

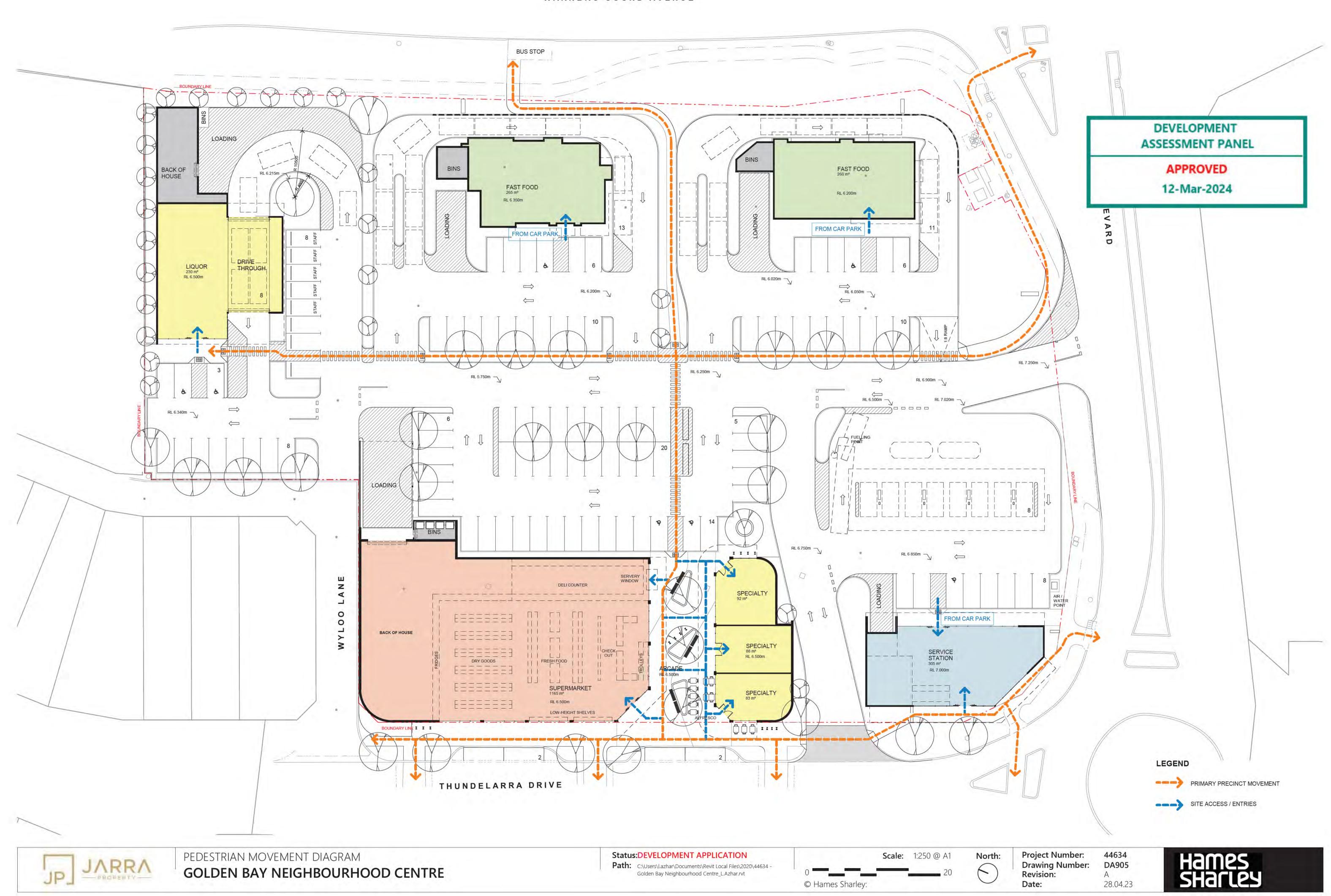
# APPROVED

12-Mar-2024





### WARNBRO SOUND AVENUE



# OVERALL LANDSCAPE SITE PLAN



LANDSCAPE CONCEPT PLAN
APRIL 2023

LOT 622(2) AUREA BOULEVARD, GOLDEN BAY

ASSESSMENT PANEL

APPROVED

12-Mar-2024

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LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS

414 ROKEBY RD SUBIACO WA 6008
T: (08) 9388 9566 E: mail@plane.com.au

# LANDSCAPE PIAZZA CONCEPT PLAN



### LEGEND

- 01 EXPOSED AGGREGATE (COLOUR 1) CONCRETE TO SUPERMARKET AND SHOPS SURROUNDS
- PROPOSED UNIT PAVERS ON CONCRETE SLAB
  TO ALFRESO SEATING AREA & OUTSIDE OF
  SHOP FRONTS
- O3 PROPOSED TIMBER LOOK PAVERS ON CONCRETE SLAB TO DEFINE CENTRAL PATH
- 04 LIMESTONE WALL/ RAISED PLANTERS WITH COASTAL STYLE PLANTING
- 05 PROPOSED BENCH SEATS
- 06 PROPOSED CAFE FURNITURE LOCATION
- 07 PROPOSED BIKE RACKS
- OB PROPOSED BIN LOCATION
- FEATURE TREES I.E. NORFOLK ISLAND PINE TO DEFINE ENTRY
- SMALL SHADE TREES TO RAISED PLANTERS (EUCALYPTUS ERYTHROCORYS)
- 11 NATIVE COASTAL STYLE PLANTING
- 12 INSITU CONCRETE PATH TO CAR PARK
- 13 PROPOSED PAVED CROSSOVER

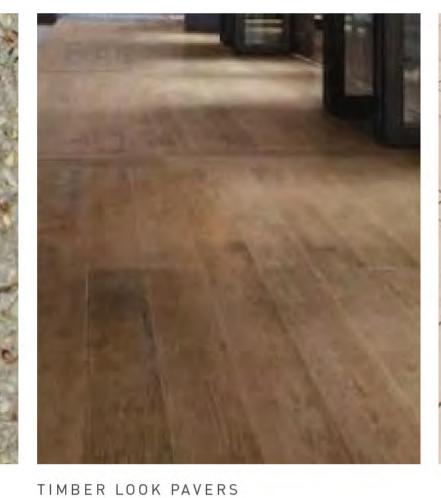


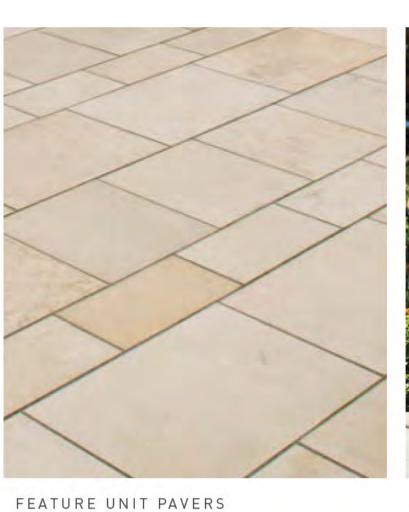
414 ROKEBY RD SUBIACO WA 6008
T: (08) 9388 9566 E: mail@plane.com.au

# MATERIALS & PLANTING PALETTE



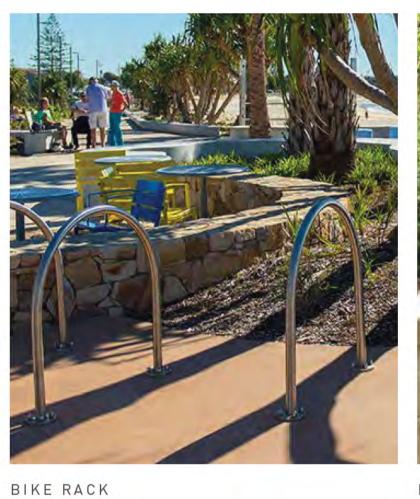
EXPOSED AGGREGATE CONCRETE





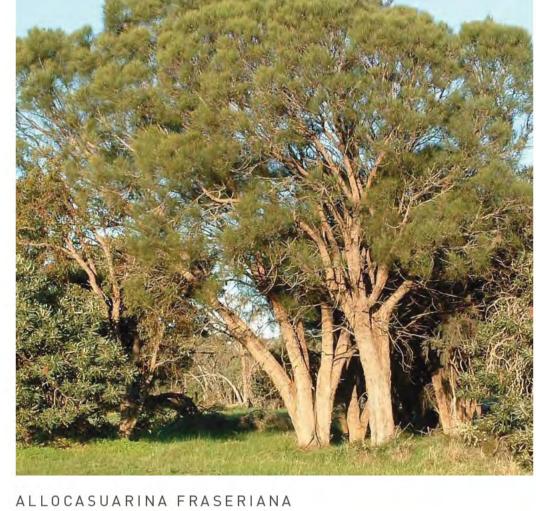


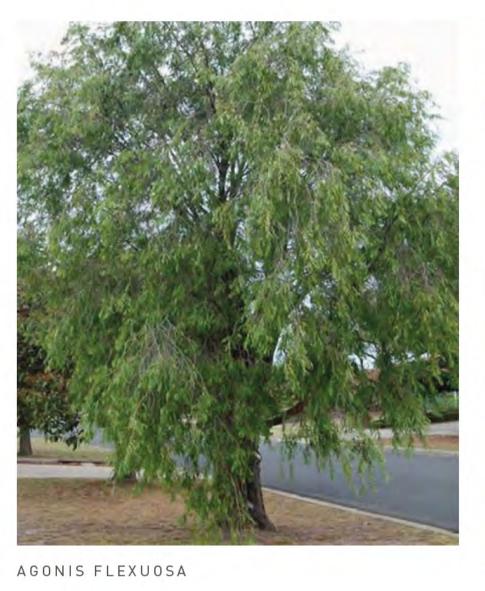










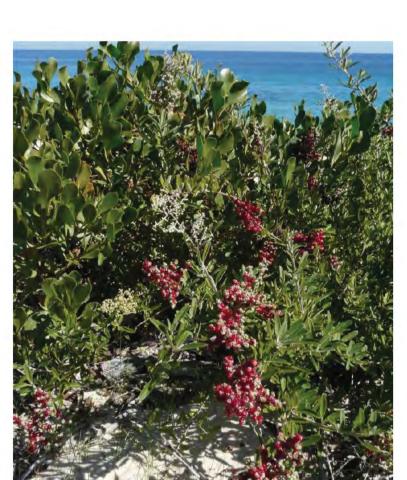








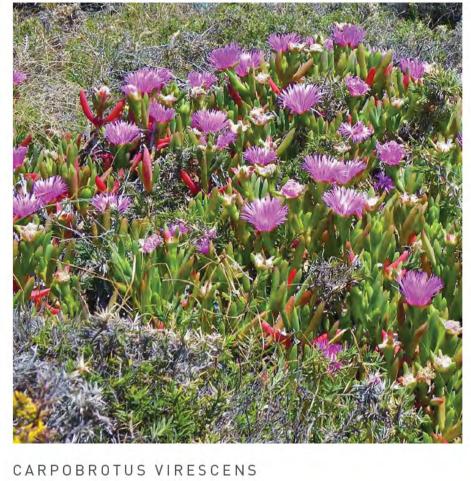




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LOT 622(2) AUREA BOULEVARD, GOLDEN BAY

DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT PANEL

RHAGODIA BACCATA

### **Golden Bay Neighbourhood Centre**

Application for Planning Approval



Lot 622 (2) Aurea Boulevard, Golden Bay

DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT PANEL

APPROVED 12-Mar-2024 February 2023



### **Development Application**

Lot 622 (2) Aurea Boulevard, Golden Bay

Prepared for Jarra Dev Pty Ltd

### **DOCUMENT CONTROL**

DESCRIPTION	DATE
230217 22-083 DA report - Golden Bay (rev0).docx	17 February 2023

### **Apex Planning**

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# 1 INTRODUCTION

Apex Planning has produced this application for planning approval on behalf of Jarra Dev Pty Ltd, with regard to the proposed Golden Bay neighbourhood centre located at Lot 622 (2) Aurea Boulevard, Golden Bay (hereafter referred to as the **development site**).

The proposal seeks to establish a vibrant neighbourhood activity centre on the site, which appropriately responds to the contextual characteristics of the locality and delivers a range of complementary commercial uses which will cater for the daily and weekly needs of the surrounding community.

The neighbourhood centre is comprised of a local supermarket with specialty outlets, fuel station, liquor store, and fast food facilities which are designed to a high architectural standard to deliver the outcomes envisaged by the Golden Bay structure plan and associated local development plan.

The development will activate land which is currently vacant/derelict (and contains the remnant structures of an uncompleted previous development), significantly improving local amenity and access to key urban support services for the local area.

The proposed development has significant planning merit and warrants the support of the local authority, and the approval of the Metro Outer JDAP.

#### 1.1 PRE-LODGEMENT ENGAGEMENT

Considerable pre-lodgement engagement has occurred with the officers of the City of Rockingham with regard to the proposed development.

On 8<sup>th</sup> July 2022, representatives of the proponent and Apex Planning attended an early project consultation meeting with the City of Rockingham, where a conceptual sketch notionally depicting the proposed land uses was presented for discussion and feedback. A copy of the initial concept plan is provided as **Appendix 1** for reference.

The development proposal was discussed in the context of the key requirements of the applicable structure plan / local development plan, including:

- The size of the supermarket component, and the relationship of the core retail areas with Thundelarra Drive (the 'main street').
- The need for the service station retail building to achieve suitable activation and aesthetic requirements due to the key corner location at Aurea Boulevard / Thundelarra Drive.
- The size and position of the piazza component.
- The importance of landscaping throughout the development site.
- The nature of the proposed land uses, in particular the service station and drivethrough fast food outlets.
- Key expert input required for the development, including vapour assessment for the service station.





The need for pre-lodgement consideration by the City's Design Review Panel (**DRP**) was also discussed at the meeting, though it was subsequently decided by the City after the meeting that no consideration by the City's DRP would be necessary.

On 3<sup>rd</sup> October 2022, a design review package containing revised plans and an assessment against the principles of *State Planning Policy 7.0 Design of the built environment* (**SPP7**) was submitted to the City for comment.

Feedback was subsequently received on the package on 31<sup>st</sup> October 2022, which was given close consideration and resulted in further changes to the development.

Overall, the following changes were made to the development proposal as a result of the pre-lodgement process with the local authority, since the initial project meeting in July 2022:

- Expansion of the size of the supermarket component to 1,165sqm.
- Reorientation and redesign of the supermarket building to provide more meaningful frontage and activation to Thundelarra Drive, and screening of the car park from the street.
- Reorientation and redesign of the speciality tenancies to better connect with the supermarket and enable a larger and more meaningful arcade/piazza.
- Repositioning and expansion of the piazza/arcade to establish a better pedestrian connection via Thundelarra Drive and create a link between the supermarket and specialty tenancies.
- Enhancement of the service station through feature aesthetic form and more activation to Thundelarra Drive.
- Further development of landscape architecture to optimise areas for tree and screen planting around the site.
- Reduction of service station refuelling component to four bowsers rather than eight bowsers.
- Enhancement of the fast food facilities, in particular the extent of articulation and structural aesthetic screening for the drive-through components.
- Establishment of stronger pedestrian links throughout the site, via a series of internal pathways and zebra crossings.

In summary, the pre-lodgement process with the local authority has enabled the form, aesthetics, activation and function of the development proposal to be optimised.





# 2 LAND DESCRIPTION

#### 2.1 LOT DETAILS

The land subject of this application for planning approval is described in Table 1 below.

Table 1: Lot details							
Lot	Deposited Plan	Volume	Folio	Lot area	Ownership		
622	408508	2898	430	1.2398ha	Golden Bay Village Pty Ltd		

The Certificate of Title (CT) and Deposited Plan are provided at **Appendix 2**. There is only one encumbrance on the CT, which relates to an easement to Water Corp and is depicted on the Deposited Plan. No development is proposed within this easement.

# 2.2 PREVIOUS APPROVAL

On 29<sup>th</sup> June 2016, the City granted development approval to the 'Golden Bay Village Centre' on the site.

Based on the approval letter and stamped plans, the key elements of the previous approval are noted as follows:

- A supermarket of 1,050sqm, small retail tenancies totalling 1,115sqm, a standalone liquor store of 280sqm, and a medical facility with 6 consulting rooms. The applicable parking requirement is 176.7 bays based on the requirements contained within Table No. 2 – Carparking Table of Local Planning Scheme No.2.
- Parking provision of 153 parking spaces within the site and six onstreet parking spaces.
- An approved parking shortfall of approximately 17.7 bays.
- Vehicular access via Wyloo Lane and Thundelarra Drive.

Based on aerial imagery, construction of the village centre commenced in mid 2017, which involved site works, concrete slabs for some buildings, steel structures for some buildings, access and drainage infrastructure.

However, construction never progressed past this stage and the improvements have remained on the site since commencement.





# 3 CONTEXTUAL CONSIDERATIONS

The following sub-sections describe the contextual characteristics of the site. Refer to **Figure 1: Aerial Photo**, which illustrates the development site and surrounds.

#### 3.1 REGIONAL CONTEXT

The development site is in the City of Rockingham and is approximately:

- · 52km south of the Perth CBD
- 14.5km south of the Rockingham Strategic Centre
- 13km north of the Mandurah Strategic Centre

The development site has frontage to the following roads:

- Warnbro Sound Avenue, an Other Regional Roads reserve under the MRS and a District Distributor A under the structure plan.
- Aurea Boulevard, a Local Distributor under the Main Roads hierarchy and an Integrator B under the structure plan where it adjoins the development site.
- Thundelarra Drive, an Access Road under the Main Roads hierarchy and a Neighbourhood Connector B under the structure plan where it adjoins the development site.

Warnbro Sound Avenue is a key transport route for the coastal area generally west of Ennis Avenue / Mandurah Road, providing the communities of Warnbro, Port Kennedy, Secret Harbour and Golden Bay with a connection between Safety Bay Road (north) and Mandurah Road (south).

#### 3.2 LOCAL CONTEXT

The development site forms part of the Golden Bay neighbourhood centre precinct, which is comprised of six separate lots zoned 'Commercial' under the City's LPS2 and indicated as such under the Golden Bay structure plan (extract provided below):



Image extract: the Neighbourhood Centre Precinct as shown on the Golden Bay Structure Plan.





Lot 622 (2) Aurea Boulevard, Golden Bay

NORTH

RTH Rev: 0

Source: MNG Access

Date: 31 January 2023

apex



The development site is the largest and centrally located lot of the neighbourhood centre precinct and is bounded on three sides by roads (Warnbro Sound Avenue, Aurea Boulevard, Thundelarra Drive).

The site benefits from frontage to the highest order roads in the structure plan area (affording a high level of exposure), as well as frontage to Thundelarra Drive which is intended to form the 'main street' of the locality.

The Golden Bay locality is bisected by Warnbro Sound Avenue, and has been in the process of urbanisation in accordance with the Golden Bay Structure Plan since the early 2010s. Residential development of densities generally ranging from R20-R80 has emerged throughout the area.

The Golden Bay neighbourhood centre precinct is approximately 1.2km south of the Secret Harbour district centre, which is located at the intersection of Warnbro Sound Avenue / Secret Harbour Boulevard. The district centre contains three major supermarkets, as well as supplementary liquor, fuel, and other associated specialty shops and serves a significant catchment.

In terms of immediate surroundings:

- The development site is bounded by Wyloo Lane to the north-west, with housing located beyond.
- The development site adjoins vacant residential land to the north, currently identified as Lot 9505.
- The development site is bounded by Warnbro Sound Avenue to the east, which is comprised of six lanes of traffic and a wide verge immediately opposite the site. Traffic data from 2022 indicates Warnbro Sound Avenue carried approximately 9,700 daily vehicles in the vicinity of the site.
- The development site adjoins the major signalised intersection of Warnbro Sound Avenue / Aurea Bouelvard / Adelong Avenue to the south-east, which affords controlled full-movement access into the Golden Bay estate.
- The development site is bounded by Aurea Boulevard to the south, which is comprised of four lanes of traffic (including slip lanes). Traffic data from 2022 indicates Aurea Boulevard carried approximately 3,182 daily vehicles in the vicinity of the site.
- A recently completed mixed commercial development exists on Lot 1523 adjacent to the site to the south, which contains a 24 hour service station, gym, and commercial building.
- The development site adjoins the roundabout intersection of Aurea Boulevard and Thundelarra Drive to the south-west. Childcare facilities are present on both sides of the roundabout, fronting Thundelarra Drive.
- A large, vacant commercial site (Lot 636) is adjacent the development site on the western side of Thundelarra Drive.





In terms of public transport, the 558 route operates along Warnbro Sound Avenue with a stop located within the verge immediately adjacent the development site. The 558 route provides a connection between Mandurah and Rockingham, operating on a half hourly basis throughout the day with additional services providing during the peak hour. The route provides a connection to Rockingham train station and Warnbro train station, affording a reasonably good level of transit connectivity.

#### 3.3 SITE CONDITIONS AND TOPOGRAPHY

The development site is currently in a derelict condition, resulting from the partial completion of a formerly approved 'village centre' development.

The site currently contains various concrete pads, steel frame structures, a crossover to Thundelarra Drive and drainage infrastructure which formed the early phases of construction, and appear to have remained on the site since 2017.

In terms of topography, this varies as some areas of the site appear to have been subject to site works as part of the aforementioned approval. These areas are generally flat with gentle grades. There are also some existing mounds throughout the site which are around 1.5m-2m higher than natural ground level.

According to mapping, the development site appears to have access to the necessary urban utilities services.





# 4 DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSAL

Refer to **Appendix 3** for the full set of development plans (including 3D images), **Appendix 4** for the landscape concept plan, and **Appendix 5** for an assessment against the ten principles of SPP7.0.

The proposal seeks to establish a vibrant neighbourhood centre on the site, which delivers a range of complementary commercial uses to cater for the daily and weekly needs of the surrounding community in accordance with the Golden Bay structure plan.

The development will significantly improve the site's relationship with the surrounding area and will enhance local visual amenity, by replacing what exists on the site with an attractively designed neighbourhood centre which is accessible both by foot and by car.

The proposed neighbourhood centre development includes the following land uses:

- A supermarket of 1,165sqm, operating during typical supermarket hours.
- Three speciality tenancies totalling 255sqm, likely operating morning / daytime / evening.
- A service station with 320sqm retail building and 4x fuel bowsers, operating 24 hours.
- Two drive-through fast food outlets of 265sqm and 260sqm, operating 24 hours.
- A small liquor store of 230sqm with a drive-through component, operating 9am-10pm.

The layout and configuration of the development aligns with the structure plan and local development plan prepared for the area, with access / driveways / landscaping / built form generally positioned in the areas indicated (albeit with some minor variance).

The proposed neighbourhood centre is arranged to appropriately respond to its surroundings, addressing the 'main street' design intention for Thundelarra Drive, the regional road function of Warnbro Sound Avenue, and the Integrator B function of Aurea Boulevard.

The site's vehicular access points are via Wyloo Lane, Thundelarra Drive, and Aurea Boulevard, all linking to a main internal driveway which provides connection to each facility. Total parking availability will be 151 bays (including 6 onstreet bays), which will be used reciprocally. Strong pedestrian linkages are established throughout the car parking areas with raised pathways, pram ramps and zebra crossings.

Buildings are deliberately positioned along road frontages with the car park in the centre of the site, as a means of creating built form presence to the frontage roads and screening the car park from the public realm. Landscape integration plays a key role in the architectural approach for the neighbourhood centre, using landscape features, screen planting, and raised planters as a means of establishing a sensitive interface with each boundary frontage.





# 4.1 MAIN STREET RESPONSE (THUNDELARRA DRIVE)

An engaging 'main street' is established along Thundelarra Drive, with an attractively designed pedestrian precinct comprised of the supermarket, speciality tenancies and central arcade/piazza. Buildings comprise street-edge setbacks to Thundelarra Drive and the piazza/arcade.

The buildings facing Thundelarra Drive and the arcade are articulated/treated with high quality materials reflective of the coastal context and pedestrian-level windows / openings which afford mutual views to the street and arcade for a high level of engagement.

The arcade provides a quality pedestrian thoroughfare between Thundelarra Drive and the car park, funnelling pedestrians through a pleasant urban space from the street and encouraging foot traffic to pass the specialty tenancies. The arcade aligns with the main internal pedestrian path through the site, connecting through to the bus stop on Warnbro Sound Avenue for optimised accessibility.

Alfresco seating within the arcade is protected with raised planters to create a comfortable environment for patrons seeking to linger and socialise over a coffee or meal.

The proposed service station is positioned at the corner of Thundelarra Drive and Aurea Boulevard and is intended to create a corner presence through accentuated height, variation in materials, and feature roof form with structural expression.

The service station building addresses both of its frontages, with full height windows and pedestrian entry points at the forecourt and facing Thundelarra Drive. Whilst a key function is to offer the retail sale of fuel, the retail building also serves an important convenience function and is expected to provide local residents with uninterrupted access to essential goods on a 24 hour basis, providing significant passive surveillance and night-time activity as part of CPTED principles.

Built form treatments, materiality and colour tones are coastal in nature, taking keynotes from existing local examples, seaside undertones, and key principles adopted from the Golden Bay design guidelines enforced by the estate developer for the surrounding area.

# 4.2 WARNBRO SOUND AVENUE RESPONSE

The three drive-through facilities (liquor and two fast food outlets) are appropriately positioned along the Warnbro Sound Avenue frontage, which affords visibility/exposure to the high number of daily vehicles using this key regional road whilst allowing the pedestrian focused uses to be located along Thundelarra Drive.

Each facility is separated by raised kerbing with intuitive circulation systems and Australian Standards compliant car parking areas to ensure efficient and coordinated movement at all times.





Visual amenity is given priority along Warnbro Sound Avenue, though landscape screening adjacent to the liquor store and the use of structural feature screening along the drive-through areas of the fast food outlets with integrated landscape planting.

The fast food outlet located at the corner of Warnbro Sound Avenue / Aurea Boulevard includes a transitioned feature screen comprised of battens which increase in height as they wrap around the curve of the drive-through, creating visual interest.

All three facilities provide varied roof forms, alternating colours/materials, and shopfront windows, ensuring design quality across the site is at the optimal standard.

#### 4.3 AUREA BOULEVARD RESPONSE

The response to Aurea Boulevard has been informed by key contextual considerations, to ensure a practical and realistic approach is adopted.

The existence of three lanes with a solid central median for most of the road frontage (as well as the proximity to a major signalised intersection for a regional road) makes this area less conducive to built form or meaningful activation, and more suitable for access and car-based activity.

A central access point restricted to left-in/left-out (**LILO**) movements is a logical response, as traffic adjoining the site flows toward the nearby signalised intersection (affording low-conflict in and out movements) and enables better dispersion of traffic through the site. The access point also reduces the number of service vehicle movements along Thundelarra Drive, strengthening its function as a 'main street'.

The positioning of the service station with frontage to this road maintains consistency with the layout of the recently completed development on the southern side of Aurea Boulevard, whilst optimising accessibility to the refuelling area due to its connection to driveways and crossovers.

A large landscape entry feature is provided at the eastern side of the proposed crossover, which screens views into the car park and enhances the 'sense of arrival' as traffic moves into the area from Warnbro Sound Avenue.

### 4.4 LANDSCAPING ARRANGEMENTS

A conceptual landscape plan depicting landscape arrangements throughout the neighbourhood centre is provided at **Appendix 4**. The landscape plan was formulated by PlanE and includes:

- A generous landscape feature area next to the site's Aurea Boulevard crossover which will include a feature Norfolk Island pine tree with uplighting as a keynote to the site's coastal location.
- Landscape planting along the Warnbro Sound Avenue frontage to enhance the site's relationship to this regional road, comprised of suitable trees and low planting species.



- Significant tree planting throughout the car park to reduce the urban heat island effect and optimise the provision of greenery within this space.
- Enhancements to the verge, including the planting of additional verge trees along Thundelarra Drive to enhance the 'main street' feel of this area.
- The use of a coastal-inspired hardscape treatment and raised planters within the piazza/arcade, which allow the planting of attractive native tree species and enhance the amenity of the space of users of the alfresco areas.
- The Thundelarra Drive accessway containing trees and low-level planting to contribute toward a sense of place and screen side/rear elevations of the speciality tenancies and service station retail building.
- Landscape buffer planting within the northern setback area of the liquor store. The buffer planting is provided on a raised planter, which not only improves articulation and optimises soil volume, but also allows trees to more effectively screen buildings due to increased height.

The landscape arrangements for the proposed neighbourhood centre are appropriate and allow the facility to integrate with its surroundings.

#### 4.5 TRAFFIC ASSESSMENT

The proposed development is supported by a comprehensive Traffic Impact Assessment (**TIA**) produced by Transcore, in accordance with the requirements of the WAPC traffic impact assessment guidelines. The TIA is provided at **Appendix 6**.

The key outcomes of the TIA are as follows:

- With regard to traffic generation, the TIA concludes that the net addition of AM and PM peak trip generation is 123 and 213 respectively, which is entirely capable of being accommodated by the surrounding road network.
- A SIDRA analysis of the nearby signalised intersection of Warnbro Sound Avenue / Aurea Boulevard and roundabout intersection of Aurea Boulevard / Thundelarra Drive confirms satisfactory operation in the post-development and 10-year scenarios, with no major change in current level of service. Importantly, both intersections retain ample spare capacity for future traffic growth.
- A SIDRA analysis of the proposed development crossovers demonstrates satisfactory operation in 2023 and 2033 during the peak hours, with good level of service and minimal delays and queuing.
- A stacking analysis for the service station demonstrates adequate queuing space for vehicles during peak periods of operation.
- The capacity of drive-through areas for both fast food outlets meets the requirements of the RTA guidelines.

The traffic assessment also considers parking supply and demand for the neighbourhood centre, analysing the need for bays based on the peak periods of operation for each land use. The analysis demonstrates that reciprocal use of bays will adequately cater for the needs of the overall development.





In relation to servicing, the TIA contains swept path plans demonstrating the satisfactory movements of service vehicles for each land use, including:

- 19m fuel tankers for the service station, capable of comfortably entering via Thundelarra Drive and exiting via Aurea Boulevard.
- 8.8m service vehicle for the two fast food outlets, capable of entering and existing both fast food sites in forward gear.
- 8.8m service vehicle for the liquor store, capable of comfortably entering and exiting in forward gear. The drive-through canopy is purpose-designed to allow through movement of service vehicles.
- 12.5m service vehicle for the supermarket, capable of comfortably entering via Wyloo Lane and reversing into the loading area, and subsequently exiting in forward gear via Aurea Boulevard.

As evident from the swept path diagrams, a distinct advantage of the proposed LILO crossover to Aurea Boulevard is that the number of service vehicle movements on Thundelarra Drive is reduced, enhancing its function as a 'main street' precinct.

In summary, the TIA is comprehensive and demonstrates acceptable traffic/access outcomes associated with the development.

#### 4.6 ACOUSTIC COMPLIANCE

An environmental noise assessment was produced by Lloyd George Acoustics in accordance with statutory requirements, noting the development site is within proximity of residential land and includes land uses which would operate outside of normal business hours. The acoustic report is provided at **Appendix 7**.

The assessment undertakes a conservative 'worst case' analysis of noise generated by each land use based on their intended hours of operation, and demonstrates compliance is readily achieved based on the details/information depicted on the development plans.

# 4.7 EMISSIONS IMPACT ASSESSMENT (SERVICE STATION)

Having regard for the proximity of the proposed 24 hour service station to sensitive properties, an emissions impact assessment was prepared to consider airborne pollutants against established standards. The assessment is provided at **Appendix 8**.

The assessment conservatively considers potential emissions from the service station, including potential cumulative impacts due to the existence of a service station on the opposite side of Aurea Boulevard.

The assessment demonstrates that the assessed airborne pollutants fall <u>below</u> guideline exposure standards, subject to the proposed service station employing both Stage 1 and Stage 2 vapour recovery systems. This is a matter which can be addressed as a condition of planning approval.





# 5 STATUTORY PLANNING ASSESSMENT

# 5.1 METROPOLITAN REGION SCHEME (MRS)

The development site is zoned Urban under the Metropolitan Region Scheme (**MRS**). The proposal involves the establishment of a commercial development on the site, which is consistent with the Urban zone of the MRS and warrants approval.

The site adjoins the Category 1 Warnbro Sound Avenue Other Regional Roads reservation. No direct access to Warnbro Sound Avenue is proposed.

#### 5.2 STATE PLANNING POLICY 4.2: ACTIVITY CENTRES

SPP4.2 intends to ensure planning and development adequately considers the distribution, function and broad land use considerations for activity centres.

The Golden Bay neighbourhood centre was established through retail analysis and structure planning, in accordance with the principles and policy measures of SPP4.2.

The retail floorspace prescribed by the structure plan and its retail analysis for this neighbourhood centre was approximately 3,500sqm, across the entire neighbourhood centre precinct which is comprised of six separate lots zoned for commercial purposes under LPS2.

An assessment is appropriately provided against the City's Local Commercial Strategy and Golden Bay structure plan later in this report.

# 5.3 STATE PLANNING POLICY 7.0: DESIGN OF THE BUILT ENVIRONMENT

SPP7.0 addresses design quality and built form outcomes, seeking to deliver the range of benefits that derive from good design. A comprehensive visual and textual assessment against the ten principles of SPP7.0 is provided at **Appendix 5**.

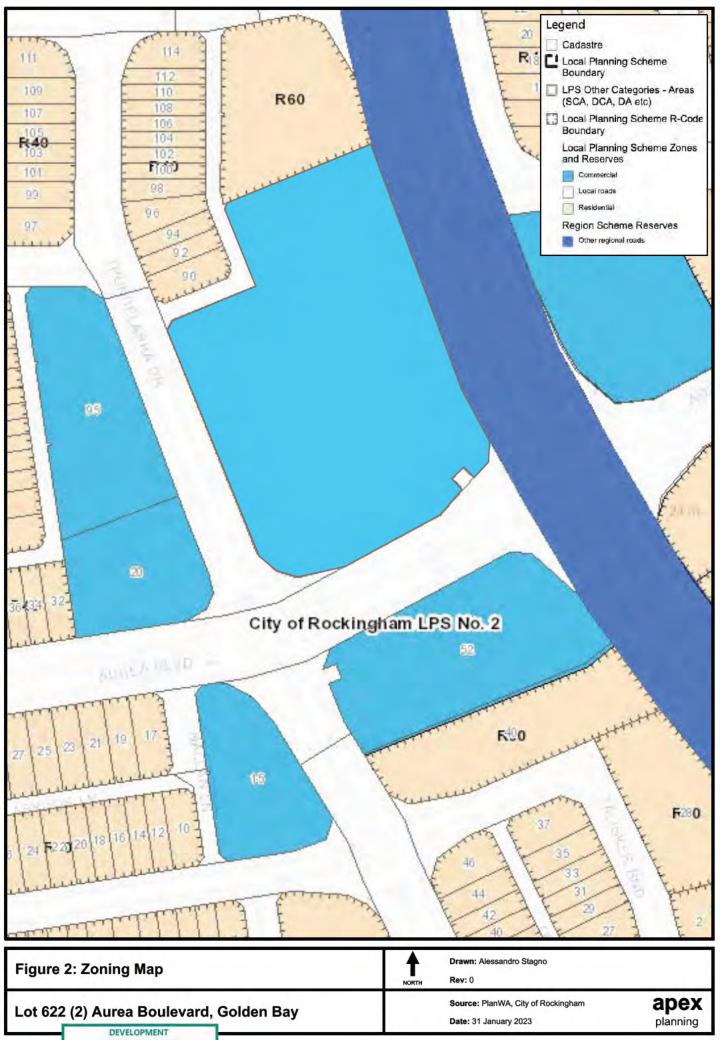
### 5.4 CITY OF ROCKINGHAM LOCAL PLANNING SCHEME NO. 2 (LPS2)

#### **5.4.1 ZONING**

The development site is zoned Commercial under the City's LPS2. Refer to **Figure 2** – **Zoning Map**. Under Clause 4.6.1 of LPS2, the objective of the Commercial zone is:

to provide for the development of District, Neighbourhood and Local shopping facilities to cater for the present and future residents of the City consistent with the local government's Local Commercial Strategy and supported by any other Plan or Policy that the local government from time to time may adopt as a guide for the future development within the Zone.







This proposal involves the establishment of a neighbourhood level shopping facility on the site which is comprised of a supermarket, specialty shops, liquor store, and fast food outlets. The total gross leasable retail area of the development is 2,495sqm.

The land use mix is consistent with what would be expected at a neighbourhood level centre catering for the daily and weekly needs of the local community, and extent of floorspace fits comfortably with the neighbourhood centre function of the site as set out in the state and local planning framework.

The site is also located within Development Area 14 (**DA14**) of LPS2, which sets the statutory basis for the Golden Bay structure plan and associated local development plan (both are addressed in the subsequent sections of this report).

#### 5.4.2 LAND USE PERMISSIBILITY

The development site is zoned Commercial under the City's LPS2. The permissibility of the proposed uses in the Commercial zone is set out below:

Fast Food Outlet: 'D' discretionary

<u>Liquor Store – Small</u>: 'D' discretionary

Service Station: 'D' discretionary

Shop: 'P' permitted

The uses are all inherently commercial in nature and are consistent with the intent of the commercial zone. The proposed mix of uses is appropriate for a neighbourhood centre which would provide for the daily to weekly household shopping needs of the surrounding community, given its highly accessible locaiton.

The layout and design of the proposed neighbourhood centre is responsive to the characteristics of the site and its surroundings, and features a high quality of architectural expression. The development is supported by a range of expert assessments demonstrating the suitability of the proposed uses on the site. The content of this report comprehensively demonstrates the development is consistent with the applicable planning framework.

With the above in mind, the proposed uses warrant approval.

#### 5.4.3 PARKING ASSESSMENT

Table No. 2 – Carparking Table of LPS2 sets out the applicable parking requirement for the respective land uses proposed as part of this development. The requirements are as follows:

<u>Fast Food Outlet</u>: 1 bay per 11sqm NLA (including outdoor eating areas)

Liquor Store - Small: refer to shop

<u>Service Station</u>: 1 bay for every service bay, plus 1 bay per employee and 6 bays per 100sqm NLA of retail floorspace

Shop: 6 bays per 100sqm NLA





An assessment against the parking standards set out under LPS2 is provided in Section 7 of the TIA and extracted below:

Use	Required	Provided	Surplus / Shortfall (+/-)
Supermarket	70	50	-20
Specialty shops	16	5	-11
Fast Food outlets	49	46	-3
Service station	22	16	-6
Liquor store	18	27	+9
On-street bays		6	+6
Total theoretical sl	-25		

The development creates a total theoretical shortfall of 25 bays, noting it is intended bays would be used reciprocally. The parking arrangements for this neighbourhood centre are acceptable and warrant the exercise of discretion for the following reasons:

- The TIA provides a detailed parking demand analysis between the various land uses and demonstrates that the proposed parking provision will adequately cater for the needs of the overall development, with a surplus of bays still available during the most intensive periods of usage.
- A shortfall of 17.7 bays was previously considered acceptable on the site as part of the development approval for the former village centre. A shortfall of 25 bays is not significantly greater than the shortfall previously considered.
- A considerable amount of patronage for the liquor store, fast food outlets, and service station is expected to use drive-through and/or refuelling facilities, which technically does not contribute toward the demand for marked parking spaces.
- The development encourages the use of alternate modes of transportation, noting a clear and direct connection to the adjacent bus stop is provided and 15 bicycle racks are provided throughout the site.
- Many patrons residing within the walkable catchment are expected to walk to the site to access the services offered.
- Multi-use trips are expected to occur, whereby patrons attending the site for one purpose would also use other services.

The proposed provision of bays meets the parking demand of the neighbourhood centre and warrants support.





# 5.4.4 SCHEME REQUIREMENTS (COMMERCIAL ZONE)

Table 2 below provides an assessment against the scheme requirements for the

Table 2: scheme requirements (Commercial zone)					
Requirement	Response				
4.6.1 Objective  The objective of the Commercial Zone is to provide for the development of District, Neighbourhood and Local shopping facilities to cater for the present and future residents of the City consistent with the local government's Local Commercial Strategy and supported by any other Plan or Policy that the local government from time to time may adopt as a guide for the future development within the Zone.	The development is consistent with the objective of the Commercial zone. Refer to earlier sections of this report, including Section 5.4.1.				
4.6.2 Form of Development  a) In considering applications for development approval in the Commercial Zone, the local government shall ensure that that site planning, scale, built-form, elevations and landscaping of	The proposed neighbourhood centre is configured and designed in a manner which appropriately addresses its context and immediate surroundings. This is explained in detail in Section 4 and further explained in the 'ten principles'				

#### 4.6.3 Parking

locality.

Provision shall be made for the on-site parking of motor vehicles in all development in the Commercial Zone in accordance with the provisions of clause 4.15 and Table No.2.

the development positively contribute to the

streetscape, appearance and amenity of the

#### 4.6.4 Setbacks

In assessing applications for development approval, the local government shall take into account the following requirements when determining the setbacks for developments in the Commercial Zone:-

- a) where a development is proposed to be located on a lot having a common boundary with a Residential zoned lot or residential use class, the setbacks shall not be less than those prescribed in the R-Codes for the particular density code of the adjoining residential lot;
- b) in all other cases, setbacks to be determined by the local government taking into account the principles outlined in clause 4.6.2 and the requirements of the Building Code of Australia.

assessment at Appendix 5.

A parking assessment is provided in Section 5.4.3 of this TIA and Section 7 of the TIA, which demonstrate the parking arrangements for this neighbourhood centre are acceptable.

The development site adjoins land zoned Residential R60 along a portion of the northern boundary.

Development along this boundary is comprised of the northern wall of the liquor store, which contains no windows. The wall is 38.3m long and transitions in height from 5.4m-6.9m.

Under the R-Codes, the setback requirement would technically be 2.5m-3.3m. The interface with this adjoining property is addressed in the following manner:

- A setback of 1.88m-2.11m along the wall.
- The wall divided into separate 'sections', which are treated with patterned concrete panels and cladded finish.
- A raised planter containing screen vegetation which provides articulation along the boundary, as well as an elevated green buffer significantly screening the liquor store wall.

Setbacks throughout the remainder of the development were determined based on the context and character of the applicable frontage road, as explained in Section 4 of this report.





4.6.5 Landscaping

a) Subject to b) below, within any development in a Commercial Zone a minimum of ten percent (10%) of the total site area shall be provided as landscaping in the form approved by the local government. The area of the site required to be provided under this sub-clause shall not include areas which would normally be set aside for pedestrian movement.

b) Where the provision of ten percent (10%) of the total site area as landscaping is not practicable, the local government may consider an equivalent contribution towards streetscape works in the public streets adjoining the property, based on the principles outlined in clause 4.6.2. Streetscape works may incorporate elements such as kerbside parking, pedestrian footpaths, soft landscaping, street trees, lighting and street furniture.

The development site provides approximately 1,050sqm of soft landscaping area (not including verge upgrades external to the site boundaries), which equates to 8.5% of the total site area.

The landscaping area provided onsite is substantial, and offers a practical solution toward:

- Accommodating significant trees throughout the car park, setback areas, and street frontages reducing the urban heat island effect and enhances amenity.
- Effective green buffer along the northern boundary, enabling a soft interface with the adjoining residential property.
- A landscape response along the Warnbro Sound Avenue frontage to enhance the development's relationship with this regional road.
- Creating an attractive and viable landscape entry feature to Aurea Boulevard to create a sense of arrival.

The landscaping arrangements are further explained and depicted in the landscape plan prepared by Plan E, provided at **Appendix 4**.

#### 5.4.5 MATTERS TO BE GIVEN DUE REGARD

Clause 67(2) of the Deemed Provisions provides a list of matters which require due regard when considering a development application. **Table 3** below provides an assessment against the relevant matters.

Table 3: matters to be given due regard				
Matter to be given due regard	Comment			
(a) the aims and provisions of this Scheme and any other local planning scheme operating within the Scheme area	The content of this report addresses LPS2, and demonstrates the proposal is consistent with its aims and intent.			
(c) any approved State planning policy	This application addresses SPP4.2 and SPP7.0.			
(g) any local planning policy for the Scheme area	The subsequent sections of this report address the City's local planning policy framework.			
(h) any structure plan or local development plan that relates to the development	The subsequent sections of this report address the applicable structure plan and local development plan.			
<ul> <li>(m) the compatibility of the development with its setting, including —</li> <li>(i) the compatibility of the development with the desired future character of its setting; and</li> <li>(ii) the relationship of the development to development on adjoining land or on other land in the locality including, but not limited to, the likely effect of the height, bulk, scale, orientation and appearance of the development;</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The development site and surrounding land is zoned Commercial under LPS2. The six lots zoned Commercial are intended to form a neighbourhood centre precinct as outlined in the respective structure plan.</li> <li>The mix of land uses is appropriate and provides for the daily to weekly household needs of residents, through the provision of a supermarket, liquor, fast food, and fuel.</li> <li>The key emphasis of the neighbourhood centre precinct is the establishment of a</li> </ul>			



planning

'main street' along Thundelarra Drive, intended to comprise shops opening directly onto the street, alfresco dining, continuous awnings and onstreet parking. The development proposal achieves this through the street edge setback of the supermarket, specialty shops, and provision of an arcade as a quality urban space. A high quality of design which creates pedestrian-level engagement is delivered through the layout and built form approach of the development.

- The established context of Aurea Boulevard is principally vehicle focused and not conducive to built form or meaningful activation, and is more suitable for access and car-based activity. This is due to the existence of three traffic lanes with a solid central median for most of the road frontage (as well as the proximity to a major signalised intersection). The provision of an access point, large landscape feature and service station along this frontage reasonably addresses its characteristics and maintains recently consistency with completed development at its southern side.
- Warnbro Sound Avenue is a regional road carrying high traffic volumes, and is an appropriate frontage for exposure-based commercial development which would draw patrons into the centre via Aurea Boulevard. With this in mind, the architecturally designed liquor store and fast food outlets with landscape buffers form a suitable response to this road.

In consideration of the above, the arrangement and execution of the proposed development addresses the character of its setting.

In terms of the scale, height, orientation and appearance of the development, each of the proposed buildings is designed through careful consideration of their surroundings with architectural treatments, materials, finishes reflective of the coastal character of the locality.

Buildings achieve the minimum scale encouraged by the local planning framework and present to the public realm with the appropriate level of articulation/treatment. The arrangement of buildings along the periphery of the site with car parking in the centre significantly screens views of the car park from the public realm.

The development is entirely compatible with its surroundings.

The proposed development will create positive environmental impacts, noting the site is currently in a derelict condition and contains

(n) the amenity of the locality including the following

(i) environmental impacts of the development;

- (ii) the character of the locality;
- (iii) social impacts of the development;

unfinished structures/infrastructure commenced but never completed in 2017. This would be replaced with a high quality neighbourhood centre development.

As explained in earlier sections of this report, the character of the locality will be enhanced as a result of this development proposal. The neighbourhood centre features a suitable mix of land uses, and is designed in a manner which appropriately responds to its surroundings.

The development will establish a vibrant neighbourhood centre on the site, which will deliver facilities catering for the daily and weekly needs of local residents. The uses will create site activity during all periods of the day and will create significant jobs for the surrounding community. Positive social impacts will result from the development.

- (p) whether adequate provision has been made for the landscaping of the land to which the application relates and whether any trees or other vegetation on the land should be preserved
- A landscape plan is provided with the DA package which demonstrates suitable landscaping arrangements throughout the site.

- (s) the adequacy of
  - (i) the proposed means of access to and egress from the site; and
  - (ii) arrangements for the loading, unloading, manoeuvring and parking of vehicles;
- A TIA has been produced in support of the proposal which demonstrates the appropriateness and adequacy of proposed access arrangements.

The TIA also includes swept path plans demonstrating the acceptable movements of waste collection vehicles, which can enter and exit the car park in forward gear.

- (t) the amount of traffic likely to be generated by the development, particularly in relation to the capacity of the road system in the locality and the probable effect on traffic flow and safety
- A TIA has been produced in support of the proposal which demonstrates the traffic generation of the neighbourhood centre is entirely capable of being accommodated by the surrounding road network. This includes peak hour traffic generation at the site crossovers and nearby intersections.

(w) the history of the site where the development is to be located

The site was formerly approved for a 'village centre' development, which included a supermarket of 1,050sqm, small retail tenancies totalling 1,115sqm, a standalone liquor store of 280sqm, and a medical facility with 6 consulting rooms. The development was commenced in 2017 but never completed, and the unfinished structures and other infrastructure have remained on the site since this time.

(x) the impact of the development on the community as a whole notwithstanding the impact of the development on particular individuals

The establishment of a vibrant neighbourhood centre on the site which includes a supermarket, specialty stores, liquor store, fast food facilities and local service station will cater for the daily and weekly needs of local residents. The development along Thundelarra Drive is arranged and designed in a manner which creates social cohesion and pedestrian interactivity, due to its main street typology and central arcade.



# 5.4.6 DEVELOPMENT CONTRIBUTION AREA NO.2 (DCA2)

The development site is located within DCA2 of LPS2. Pursuant to the provisions of DCA2, contributions are levied based on the number of 'dwelling units'. As the development proposal is for non-residential land uses, no 'dwelling units' will be created and hence no contribution is triggered.

#### 5.5 GOLDEN BAY STRUCTURE PLAN

The Golden Bay structure plan was initially endorsed in 2012 and most recently amended in 2021. The structure plan is intended to *guide* development outcomes.

The structure plan contemplated a commercial zoning for the development site and five other lots around it, to form a 'neighbourhood centre precinct'. This zoning is reflected as part of LPS2.

Part Two of the structure plan outlines potential outcomes for the neighbourhood centre, informed by a retail analysis undertaken in 2011. The key elements included:

- The establishment of a local 'main street' based neighbourhood centre.
- Approximately 3,500sqm of retail NLA, supported by community uses.
- A 'medium' sized supermarket of 1,800qm-2,000sqm plus 'special shops' equating to 1,100sqm-1,300sqm.
- Retail component located at the western side of Warnbro Sound Avenue.

The proposed development is broadly consistent with the structure plan, noting it establishes a 'retail core' comprised of a supermarket with a range of supporting tenancies offering local residents daily and weekly household shopping services. The total NLA provided by the development equates to 2,495sgm.

The positioning of the supermarket, specialty shops, service station retail building and local arcade along Thundelarra Drive with interactive building form (ie pedestrian level windows, entries to the arcade, awnings, etc) establishes the 'main street' outcomes envisaged by the structure plan.

The arcade is a particularly important element, as it creates a communal space on the site for alfresco dining, connection between the supermarket / speciality shops, and facilitates a strong pedestrian link through the site which connects to a bus stop on Warnbro Sound Avenue as well as the footpath network to the surrounding area. Foot traffic is funnelled through the arcade to create pedestrian exposure to the speciality tenancies. The main entry to the supermarket is deliberately positioned at the building's corner facing Thundelarra Drive as this ensures activation is achieved should patrons enter from the street or the car park.

The growth, development, and evolution of Warnbro Sound Avenue and Aurea Boulevard in the vicinity of the site have informed the development typology and response to these frontages, which are clearly car-based and represent important opportunities to enhance accessibility and receive exposure to a regional road with high traffic volumes (in turn also securing the viability of the project).





# 5.6 GOLDEN BAY LOCAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN (LDP)

The Golden Bay LDP is currently at version 8, most recently amended and endorsed in 2021.

The LDP contemplates a number of development and design standards for the development site, intended to *guide* development outcomes for the neighbourhood centre.

In accordance with Clause 56(1) of the Deemed Provisions, a decision maker "must have due regard to, but is not bound by, the local development plan which deciding the application".

The objectives outlined in Section 1 of the LDP are extracted below:

#### Objectives

The objective of this DAP are to:

- a) Establish a 'Main Street' based Neighbourhood Activity Centre of a scale that is appropriate to its role as a focal point of a residential community and its role in the retail hierarchy of the region.
- Provide a context for higher-density residential development that capitalises on proximity to local services.

The proposed development establishes a main street along Thundelarra Drive, achieved through the positioning of the supermarket, piazza/arcade, speciality tenancies, and service station building facing the street with typical urban design features including:

- Street-edge setbacks addressing the street with architectural design features.
- Full height windows at pedestrian scale which create mutual views and interactivity.
- Entrances to the street edge, connectivity within the arcade, and alfresco seating to strengthen its role as a quality urban space.
- The use of awnings, trees in raised planters, and clearly defined pedestrian pathways to establish a legible and comfortable pedestrian environment.

The LDP map envisages a range of active frontages, architectural/landmark responses to corners, vehicle access, and a piazza space. The layout/configuration of the development proposal is broadly consistent with the LDP, though some minor/reasonable deviations are proposed which are a logical consequence of:

- The character/function of Warnbro Sound Avenue and Aurea Boulevard in the vicinity of the site, including the nature of development in the immediate area.
- Economic viability considerations associated with land use typology and restrictive building envelope constraints set out by the LDP.
- Optimal design outcomes striking an appropriate balance between context, functionality, and the factors outlined above.

**Table 4** below provides an assessment against the provisions of the LDP.



#### Table 4: local development plan assessment

#### 2. Standards

#### a) Structure

i. The road annotated as 'main street' must be the main street for the neighbourhood centre.

The development proposal respects the provision of a 'main street' along Thundelarra Drive, noting this is where the supermarket, specialty stores, arcade, and convenience building are provided with a nil setback and interactive design features.

#### b) Street interface

 All buildings must provide passive surveillance of adjacent street reserves by means of active or habitable frontage. This provision is achieved through:

- The supermarket, arcade, speciality stores, and convenience retail building providing active frontage to Thundelarra Drive with windows and openings.
- The liquor store's western façade and drive through containing openings directly facing Wyloo Lane.
- The service station's building and refuelling area providing clear and open views to Aurea Boulevard, as well as the 260sqm fast food's drive-through pick up area which operates 24 hours.
- ii. Where active frontage is required and/or a Orn street setback has been provided, the frontage must incorporate a canopy(s) with continuous coverage to a minimum depth of 2.5m or to within 600mm of the back of the adjacent kerb where the verge is too narrow to accommodate a 2.5m deep canopy, and must extend across the entire street frontage of the building.

A 2.5m wide canopy is provided along all buildings with nil setback to Thundelarra Drive (the main street). The canopy extends into the piazza / arcade space to ensure shelter and comfort is provided for pedestrians and patrons.

iii. The street setback for multiple dwellings may be reduced to Orn in the case of mixed-use development, and also for residential building elements that provide architectural interest and where a reduction in the minimum setback (stated in the OAP) does not compromise the amenity of residents (for example, for vertical circulation elements, lobbies, and upper levels).

Not applicable.

iv. Delivery, loading and storage areas must be located and screened to minimise the visual impact on the public domain.

This has been achieved as follows:

- Supermarket: siting the loading area at the eastern side of the building to face the car park, and providing an architecturally treated screen wall along its northern side.
- Service station: internalise the service area to face eastward into the forecourt, with a small loading area not evident from the street.
- Fast foods: siting the service yards at the northern side of both buildings, ensuring views are screened from most angles by both buildings.
- Liquor: back of house area is sited at the eastern side of the shop, comprising architecturally treated walls and screen landscape planting along the northern and eastern boundaries to prevent visibility from the public realm.

v. Street elevations must be designed to create visual interest through building form, articulation of walls and openings, architectural features, texture and colour, with particular emphasis given to the ground floor level.

The development effectively and efficiently screens service areas, whilst ensuring they are accessible from within the car park.

The street elevations of the supermarket, specialty shops, and service station building achieve these requirements with:

- · Pedestrian level windows and openings
- Articulation and alternating textures
- Colour tones and materials reflective of the coastal context of the site
- Feature roof form for the service station and curved building returns for the supermarket and specialty stores.

The street elevations of the fast food sites achieve similar outcomes, paying particular attention to varied roof heights, alternating colours/materials, and the use of structural feature screens along drive-through spaces.

The integration of landscaping and tree planting is a key element of the built form response and works to enhance the creation of visual interest.

vi. Non-active portions of walls must be articulated by means of form, colour and texture to provide visual interest.

This is achieved on all facades facing a street, as evident on the elevations.

vii. Garage doors and supporting structures for residential development must not exceed 50% of the frontage at the front setback line from the Primary Street. This can be increased to 60% for two-storey dwellings in accordance with clause 5.2.2 of the R-Codes.

Not applicable.

# c) Landscape

i. The landscape material used for the footpath must be continued across driveways and the entrances to Rights of Way to maintain visual continuity of the pedestrian network and aid pedestrian legibility.

Noted.

ii. Street trees must be provided at a minimum rate of 1 tree per 14m on both sides of the streets within the DAP area.

A substantial number of street trees are proposed along all frontage roads of the development, achieving this requirement.

iii. Shade trees must be provided to all publically accessible and open car parks not otherwise provided with shade structures at a minimum rate of 1 tree per 8 car bays.

The development includes 105 marked bays, requiring 13 trees. The landscape plan significantly exceeds this requirement throughout the car park.

iv. The special vegetation screens' identified on the DAP must consist of trees and an under-storey of low-level shrubs, rather than mid-level shrubs, to maintain sightlines for pedestrians, and must be of a minimum of 3m in width.

A landscape strip up to 3.9m wide is provided along Warnbro Sound Avenue and a landscape strip up to 2.1m wide is provided along the northern boundary of the liquor store. The landscape concept demonstrates appropriate planting arrangements within these areas, ensuring a suitable response to the street and adjoining property.

# planning d) Robustness i) The ground floor of all buildings in the Noted. Commercial area must be designed with a minimum floor-to-floor height of 3.2m to enable commercial uses even if used for interim residential use. ii) The ground level of all buildings in the Noted. Commercial area must be designed for disabled access regardless of the initial e) Fencing i. Any fencing to the primary or secondary No street fencing is proposed. street(s) frontage must be restricted to residential uses only. ii. Where street frontage fencing is employed, it must be no more than 1.8m high and must be at least 50% visually permeable from 0.9m above the ground level of the adjacent street with solid portions of fencing consisting of masonry construction. iii. Colorbond fencing is not permitted within any street setback area. On-street parking i. For the purpose of calculating parking Noted. provision, any on-street parking bays adjacent to a lot on the same side of the road may be included in the calculation of visitor parking provision for that lot. g) Open space

# Not applicable

#### 3. Design principles for the retail core

a) Tenancies must present their main entrance to the main street or the community piazza space if frontage to either is provided.

This requirement is achieved as follows:

- The supermarket's main entrance is provided at the corner facing Thundelarra Drive.
- The specialty tenancies' entrances face the piazza/arcade and the corner fronting Thundelarra Drive.
- The service station retail building includes an entrance facing Thundelarra Drive.

b) Tenancies must present active and visually permeable frontages to the main street or the community piazza space and any connecting mall between the main car park and the street.

This requirement is achieved, noting the street / arcade frontages of the supermarket, specialty tenancies, and service station retail building are all visually permeable with significant transparent windows and entrances.

c) Pedestrian movement from the main car park to the supermarket must be directed past the supporting tenancies to provide them with exposure and economic support. This requirement is achieved, noting the entrance to the supermarket is provided at the corner facing Thundelarra Drive. This results in pedestrian movement from the car park passing through the arcade which creates foot traffic for the specialty tenancies.



d) Any public door between the supermarket and the main car park must be an exit only, to enable convenient trolley access and avoid trolleys in the main street.

No public door is provided between the supermarket and the car park.

e) Bin storage and other service areas must be discretely located to enable direct access (or via a service corridor) to a vehicle collection point. The service area for the supermarket faces the car park and is appropriately screened such that it is not evident to the public realm.

f) The community piazza area must be designed to provide for greenery, shade, and casual seating. The arcade/piazza includes greenery through trees in raised planters, shade through awnings, and casual seating within dedicated areas to establish a quality urban space.

#### 4. Minimum building heights

Commercial zoning: Sites developed exclusively for residential uses must be a minimum of two storeys in height to achieve a village scale, and must comply with the minimum ground floor floor-to-floor heights pursuant to Provision 2(d).

Sites developed exclusively for commercial uses are permitted as single storey but with a minimum parapet height of 5.5m or a minimum eaves height of 4.5m where a pitched roof is utilised.

All of the proposed buildings are designed at the required scale, with parapet heights generally at 5.5m or higher. The buildings include varied roof heights which accentuate the higher components as architectural features to create visual interest, and to assist with achieving suitable response to street frontages and corner locations within the site.

#### 5.7 LPP 3.1.2 LOCAL COMMERCIAL STRATEGY

The City's LCS sets out the retail hierarchy of the municipality, allocating activity centres and outlining the strategic planning principles in respect of the ongoing expansion and establishment of the centres.

Golden Bay forms part of the 'south coastal' precinct as outlined within the LCS. In accordance with Section 1.8 of the LCS, the key objectives relevant to this development proposal are extracted below:

- Promote centre locations which offer a level of accessibility commensurate with the size and function of the centre.
- Promote centres as the foci for community activity and public transport.
- Prevent ad hoc ribbon development along major roads particularly Read Street / Warnbro Sound Avenue.
- Encourage the provision of ancillary convenience uses co-located at suburban shopping centres, retailing and other, that are operated independently and separately of the core retailing within the shopping centres and frequently operate extended trading hours. Such uses include fast food outlets, restaurants, video rental, chemist shops within medical centres, convenience shops attached to service stations and the like.

The site forms part of the Golden Bay 'neighbourhood centre' which carries a recommended retail floorspace allocation of 3,540sqm under the LCS.





Section 2.3 of the LCS deals with neighbourhood and local shopping centres, setting out broad criteria for the siting and composition of such facilities.

The development site is identified as the 'core' of the neighbourhood centre, noting it is positioned centrally within the precinct and the most readily accessible by both car and foot. In this regard:

- The site is located at the western side of Warnbro Sound Avenue, connecting it to the emerging Golden Bay estate and the established parts of Golden Bay which are interconnected by a pedestrian footpath network. A connection does exist to the eastern side of Warnbro Sound Avenue, however given this is a regional road and the connection is through a major signalised intersection, the quality of the walkable connection is diminished and not convenient.
- The site benefits from corner frontage to the full movement Warnbro Sound Avenue / Aurea Boulevard signalised intersection. Warnbro Sound Avenue carries almost 10,000 daily vehicles and affords significant exposure to the development site.

With the above factors in mind, the neighbourhood centre development is configured and designed in response to its context, executed in a manner which has regard to the overarching principles of the LCS.

The uses are proposed on land appropriately zoned for commercial purposes under LPS2, and are distributed/designed such that Thundelarra Drive is established as the community focal point whilst the area fronting Warnbro Sound Avenue provides ancillary convenience uses which benefit from exposure to a regional/busy road whilst forming part of the core of the neighbourhood centre.

In terms of retail floorspace usage, the following is noted:

- A total retail floorspace of 3,540sqm is allocated to the Golden Bay neighbourhood centre, which is distributed between six lots zoned Commercial under LPS2.
- The development site, being the core of the neighbourhood centre, comprises 2,495sqm retail floor area including the supermarket, liquor, speciality tenancies, service station convenience building, and fast food premises. This represents 70% of the total floorspace allocation of the neighbourhood centre.
- The established development south of the development site includes a total of 490sqm commercial floor area associated with a convenience store and separate commercial building.
- 555sqm of retail floorspace remains for the two undeveloped lots zoned for commercial purposes (ie Lot 636 and Lot 9036).

The development proposal ensures the retail floorspace capacity of the neighbourhood centre is not fully exhausted, and will preserve development options for the two remaining commercial sites. In turn, this increases the likelihood of the vacant sites being considered for development in the foreseeable future.



#### 5.8 LPP 3.3.1 CONTROL OF ADVERTISEMENTS

Proposals involving external signage are to be assessed against the City's Planning Policy 3.3.1.

The proposed neighbourhood centre development includes the following signage:

- Signage panels integrated into the facades of the supermarket, fast food facilities, liquor store, and service station. The signs are designed in a manner consistent with the buildings on which they're located and are signs ordinarily found as part of commercial development.
- Two 6m high freestanding 'neighbourhood centre' signs along Warnbro Sound Avenue, which will ensure the businesses forming part of the overall neighbourhood centre are appropriately identifiable to passing traffic.
- A 6m high freestanding 'neighbourhood centre' sign along Aurea Boulevard, which will ensure the businesses forming part of the overall neighbourhood centre are appropriately identifiable to the local area.
- A 6m high freestanding service station sign with digital priceboard along Aurea Boulevard, which will ensure the services offered by the service station and including the price of fuel is appropriately displayed to passing vehicles.
- A 3m high digital priceboard for the service station, which is integrated into the Thundelarra Drive façade of the retail building and allows the price of fuel to be displayed to the local area.
- A 4.8m high wall-mounted pylon sign integrated into the supermarket building, which would contain 'neighbourhood centre' signage fronting Thundelarra Drive. The sign is innovatively integrated into the building.

In accordance with Section 4.3.1 of the policy, a 'signage strategy' is required to be submitted for approval. The information provided on the plans is considered to constitute a 'signage strategy'.

#### Wall signs

With regard to the wall signs, the following is noted:

- No signage is included for the two fast food facilities, and will be subject to a separate application. Notwithstanding this, provision is made for these tenancies on the main centre pylon signs as part of this application.
- The extent of wall signs for the service station is typical of this type of land use, with individual signs provided above the entrances and on the canopy.
- The signs proposed for the specialty tenancies is characteristic of what would typically be seen in an 'arcade' setting, comprised of signs above entrances and small blade signs visible by foot traffic.
- Signs for the supermarket are relatively minimal, including supermarket tenant signage facing Thundelarra Drive and the car park, as a sign above the service area to indicate loading.





 The liquor store features the usual wall-mounted signage at the upper section of only two facades, facing Wyloo Lane and Warnbro Sound Avenue. Drive through signage is integrated into the canopy for directional purposes.

It is evident from the elevations and signage strategy that the wall-mounted signage does not dominate any of the building facades and is entirely consistent with what would be expected as part of a multi-use neighbourhood centre type development.

### Pylon signs

With regard to the pylon signs, the following is noted:

- None of the proposed freestanding signs exceed 6m in height.
- The Warnbro Sound Avenue frontage of the development exceeds 120m in length, and is a regional road with high traffic volumes. It is appropriate for this frontage to contain two freestanding signs.
- The Aurea Boulevard frontage is almost 100m in length and serves an important connector function for the local area. It is appropriate for this frontage to contain two freestanding signs, and in particular, a sign which displays the price of fuel for the service station. The character of this road is clearly car-based and commercial in nature.
- None of the proposed signs project over a street, walkway or public area.
- None of the proposed signs exceed 3.5m of width.
- Along Thundelarra Drive, freestanding signs are eliminated by innovatively integrating these types of signs into the building façades. This preserves streetscape character and contributes toward a 'main street' feel.
- The extent of freestanding signs ensures all of the tenancies / businesses forming part of the neighbourhood centre have equitable advertisement space.

The number, extent, size and location of the proposed freestanding signs is acceptable and warrants the City's support.

#### 5.9 LPP 3.3.9 FAST FOOD OUTLETS

The City's Planning Policy 3.3.9 applies to the development of fast food outlets throughout the municipality.

The development proposal is consistent with the City's fast food outlets policy for the following reasons:

- Section 4.1 of the policy clarifies that the preferred locations for fast food outlets are within "approved Neighbourhood and District Town Centre zones and within the City Centre Zones".
- The fast food facilities are sited away from potentially sensitive residential properties and away from Thundelarra Drive (the 'main street'), and positioned adjacent to Warnbro Sound Avenue (a regional road with high traffic volumes).





The fast food facilities are appropriately separated from other uses on the site with kerbing and promote coordinated internal traffic flows.

- Landscape planting is proposed along the street frontages adjacent to the fast food facilities and the drive-through areas of both facilities comprise structural feature screening which enhances architectural design quality.
- The drive-through areas of both facilities exceed the minimum 10-car capacity outlined by the policy. In relation to parking provision, a detailed parking analysis is provided in the supporting TIA which demonstrates an overall adequate amount of car spaces for the development.

The development proposal appropriately addresses the City's fast food outlets policy and warrants support.

#### 5.10 LPP 3.3.14 BICYCLE PARKING AND END OF TRIP FACILITIES

The City's Planning Policy 3.3.14 applies to all planning applications throughout the municipality.

The policy contains rates for the provision of 'short term' and 'long term' bicycle parking. For the sake of simplicity, the rates outlined for 'neighbourhood centre' shop have been applied to the entire development.

Based on a total gross leasable area of 2,495sqm across all of the proposed land uses, bicycle parking provision requirements are:

Short term: 8 spaces Long term: 3 spaces

The development provides 15 bike racks. The total bicycle parking provision therefore exceeds the City's requirements.

End of trip facilities are only required following the first five long-term spaces, hence are not triggered by this development proposal.

#### 5.11 LPP 3.3.25 PERCENT FOR ART

The City's percent for art policy applies to development proposals with an estimated cost of over \$5 million, and which is not an 'exempted' development as outlined under Section 3 of the policy.

The proposed Golden Bay neighbourhood centre development will require a public art contribution of \$110,000. The proponent will determine whether this contribution is paid as cash-in-lieu or delivered onsite in the later stages of the project.

If the public art is to be delivered onsite, this will most likely occur within the landscape feature area fronting Aurea Boulevard.





#### 5.12 LPP 3.4.3 URBAN WATER MANAGEMENT

Planning Policy 3.4.3 applies to development proposals that facilitate commercial development and promotes water sensitive urban design outcomes.

The Golden Bay structure plan applies to the development site and the local area. Under Section 8 of the structure plan, an Urban Water Management Plan (**UWMP**) would be required at subdivision stage. The development site was created in 2016 in accordance with a subdivision approval, and a UWMP was established over the local area.

In accordance with Section 4.1.4 of the policy, the City may impose conditions of planning approval on a planning application requiring a stormwater management plan (**SMP**) to be prepared which demonstrates consistency with an approved UWMP.

As the general drainage management arrangements for the site and local area have been determined through a UWMP, it is appropriate for an SMP to be provided at building permit stage in accordance with Planning Policy 3.4.3.

#### 5.13 EPA GUIDANCE STATEMENT NO. 3

The EPA's guidance statement for 'separation distances between industrial and sensitive land uses' was introduced in 2005 and provides guidance on the use of generic separation distances (buffers) between certain developments and 'sensitive' land uses.

The separation distances set out by EPA Guidance Statement No.3 are not absolute, and lesser distances are commonly accepted where it is demonstrated through justification that the potential impacts associated with the proposed development can be suitably managed.

For service stations, the potential impacts listed by the document are *gaseous, noise, odour and risk*. The subject development seeks approval for a 24 hour service station facility, which involves a suggested buffer distance based on 24 hour operations proposed.

In considering separation distances, it is important to note that:

- The modern service station is designed to a high standard and employs best practice design features relating to the storage and handling of fuel, stormwater treatment, external lighting, and noise mitigation to reduce site externalities.
- The storage and handling of fuel is a highly regulated activity, separate to the
  development approvals process. A site cannot store or sell fuel without first
  obtaining a licence from the Department of Mines, Industry Regulation and
  Safety (DMIRS) which requires strict criteria to be met and assessed through
  various detailed scientific assessments as part of the process regulated under
  the Dangerous Goods Safety Act 2005.





**Table 5** below provides a response to the potential impacts listed by the guidance statement, demonstrating that a lesser separation distance is warranted and acceptable.

#### Table 5: response to EPA separation guidelines

#### Gaseous/Odour

An emissions impact assessment was prepared to consider airborne pollutants associated with the proposed 24 hour service station against established standards. The assessment is provided at **Appendix 8**.

The assessment conservatively considers potential emissions from the service station, including potential cumulative impacts due to the existence of a service station on the opposite side of Aurea Boulevard.

The assessment demonstrates that the relevant airborne pollutants all fall <u>below</u> guideline exposure standards, subject to the proposed service station employing both Stage 1 and Stage 2 vapour recovery systems.

In addition to the above, the dangerous goods licensing process addresses impacts associated with vapour. The fuel bowsers are required to achieve prescribed setbacks under the Dangerous Goods licensing requirements and a site-specific assessment is undertaken under that process to ensure the facility's design and layout meets regulatory requirements before fuel can be stored and sold from the site. The following considerations are assessed as part of the dangerous goods licensing process:

- · Spill and leak containment
- Segregation of dangerous goods
- · Control of ignition sources in hazardous areas
- · Control of hazardous substances that includes any gas, vapour, mist, fume or dust
- Design, construction, maintenance and location of storage or handling systems, including location and separation distances so that as far as reasonably practicable they can be operated with minimal risk to people, property and the environment
- Underground storage or handling systems for petroleum products designed, installed, operated and maintained so they don't leak

#### Noise

The development has been assessed against the *Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations* 1997 by way of an environmental noise assessment produced by Lloyd George Acoustics. The assessment demonstrates the proposed development will generate acceptable and compliant noise levels over a 24 hour period.

#### Risk

The facility must obtain a dangerous goods licence under the *Dangerous Goods Safety Act 2004* before any fuel can be stored, handled or sold from the site. This process is regulated under separate legislation, and a licence is obtained after the development approvals process by a specialised consultant. The site has been designed to ensure it can obtain a dangerous goods licence.

A risk assessment is required as part of an application for a dangerous goods licence. The risk assessment:

- Identifies all hazards relating to the dangerous good proposed to be stored at the site;
- For each hazard, assesses the probability of the hazard causing a dangerous goods incident, and assesses the consequences of the incident to people, property and the environment; and
- Identifies any required risk control measures.

If a coherent and acceptable risk assessment is not prepared, then a dangerous goods licence will not be issued. Risk is therefore comprehensively addressed through the dangerous goods licensing process.





# 6 CONCLUSION

This application for planning approval involves the establishment of a neighbourhood centre development at Lot 622 (2) Aurea Boulevard, Golden Bay.

The proposal will create a vibrant and well-designed neighbourhood level shopping centre for the local community and will substantially enhance the site's contribution to local amenity. The mix of uses includes a supermarket with speciality tenancies, liquor store / fast food outlets (with drive-through components, meeting the contemporary standard of convenience), and service station.

The configuration of the proposed development is consistent with the site's commercial zoning and addresses the local planning framework, including the Golden Bay structure plan, local development plan, and applicable local planning policies.

The development site has remained in a vacant and derelict state for some time, resulting from a former 'village centre' development which was commenced but never completed. The proposal will significantly improve local conditions for the community by addressing this situation.

The proposed neighbourhood centre respects the provision of a 'main street' to Thundelarra Drive, incorporating a piazza/arcade area which will be a quality urban space and secures its viability by including suitable exposure-based uses along the site's Warnbro Sound Avenue frontage in response to local contextual conditions.

An attractive and engaging landscape approach has been formulated by a suitably experienced landscape architect which enables a sensitive and attractive relationship to adjoining properties and the public realm.

The proposal is also supported by a range of expert inputs demonstrating its acceptability from a traffic, noise, and emissions point of view.

The development proposal will create a significant community benefit and is consistent with the principles of orderly and proper planning.

It is respectfully requested that the City of Rockingham support the proposed development and that the Metro Outer JDAP grant approval to the proposed development.



# **APPENDIX 1**

# **CONCEPTUAL SKETCH PLAN**





# **APPENDIX 2**

# CERTIFICATE OF TITLE AND DEPOSITED PLAN

WESTERN



UNDER THE TRANSFER OF LAND ACT 1893

#### **AUSTRALIA**

REGISTER NUMBER
622/DP408508

DUPLICATE DATE DUPLICATE ISSUED
EDITION N/A N/A

#### RECORD OF CERTIFICATE OF TITLE

VOLUME **2898** 

FOLIO

\_\_\_\_

3 430

The person described in the first schedule is the registered proprietor of an estate in fee simple in the land described below subject to the reservations, conditions and depth limit contained in the original grant (if a grant issued) and to the limitations, interests, encumbrances and notifications shown in the second schedule.

Boroberts REGISTRAR OF TITLES

#### LAND DESCRIPTION:

LOT 622 ON DEPOSITED PLAN 408508

#### **REGISTERED PROPRIETOR:**

(FIRST SCHEDULE)

GOLDEN BAY VILLAGE PTY LTD OF 69 CHALLENGE BOULEVARD WANGARA WA 6065

(T N498728) REGISTERED 1/12/2016

#### LIMITATIONS, INTERESTS, ENCUMBRANCES AND NOTIFICATIONS:

(SECOND SCHEDULE)

1. \*F714364 EASEMENT TO THE WATER AUTHORITY OF WESTERN AUSTRALIA FOR SEWERAGE AND WATER PURPOSES - SEE SKETCH ON DEPOSITED PLAN 408508. REGISTERED 28/10/1994.

Warning:

A current search of the sketch of the land should be obtained where detail of position, dimensions or area of the lot is required.

\* Any entries preceded by an asterisk may not appear on the current edition of the duplicate certificate of title.

Lot as described in the land description may be a lot or location.

-----END OF CERTIFICATE OF TITLE-----

**STATEMENTS:** 

The statements set out below are not intended to be nor should they be relied on as substitut and the relevant documents or for local government, legal, surveying or other pro DEVELOPMENT
ASSESSMENT PANEL

APPROVED

12-Mar-2024

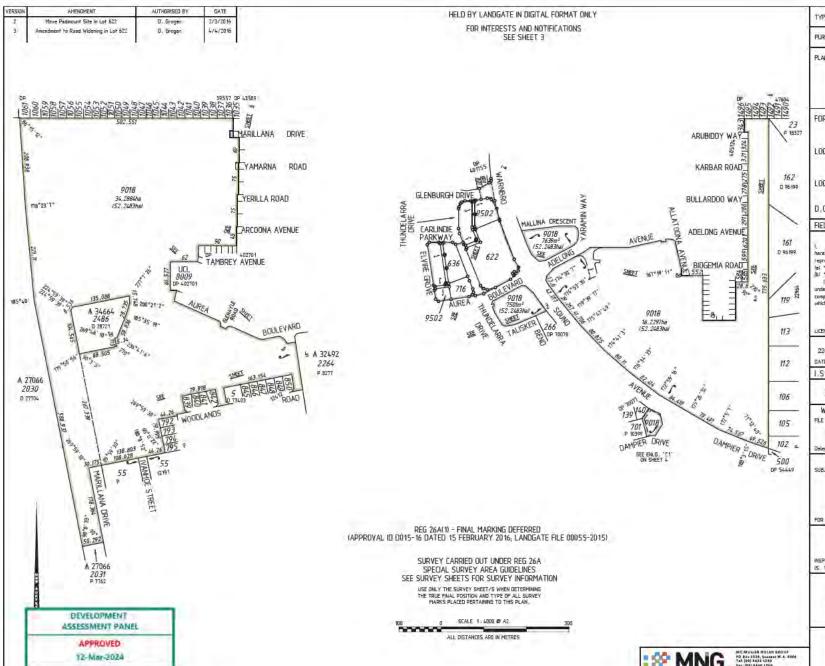
SKETCH OF LAND: DP408508 PREVIOUS TITLE: 2884-845

PROPERTY STREET ADDRESS: 2 AUREA BVD, GOLDEN BAY. LOCAL GOVERNMENT AUTHORITY: CITY OF ROCKINGHAM

NOTE 1: DUPLICATE CERTIFICATE OF TITLE NOT ISSUED AS REQUESTED BY DEALING

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NOTE 2: N262655 DEPOSITED PLAN 407077 LODGED

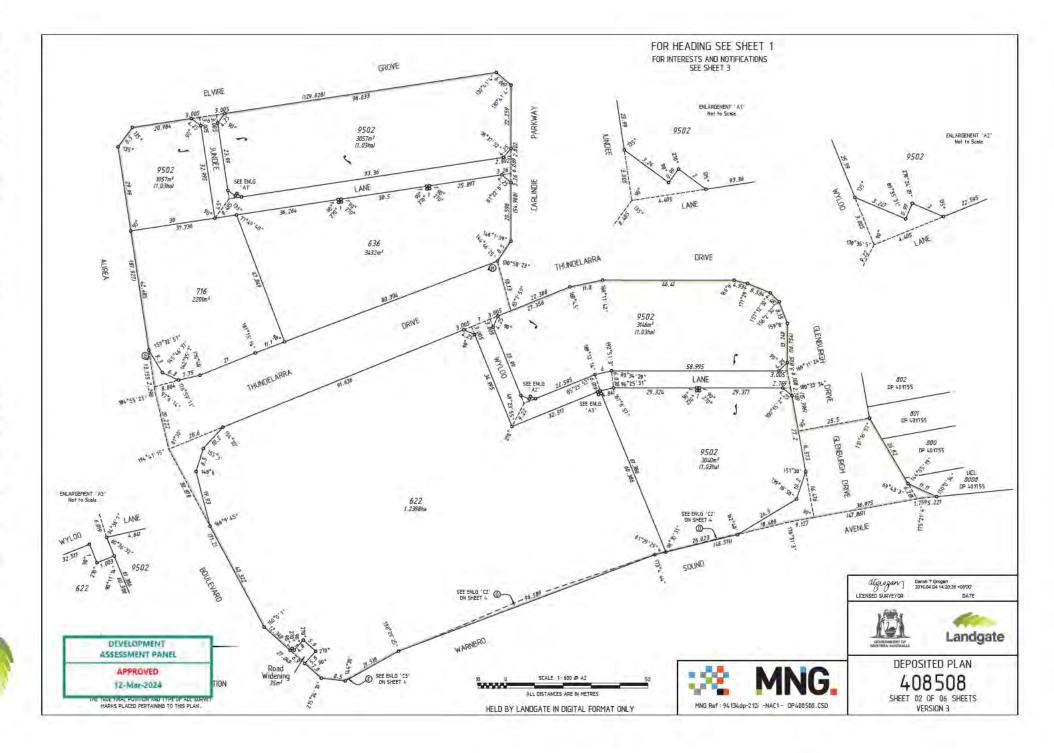






Landgate DEPOSITED PLAN

PME Rut / 94-1340p-212/ -HAC1 - 0P408508.CS2/



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DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT PANEL APPROVED 12-Mar-2024

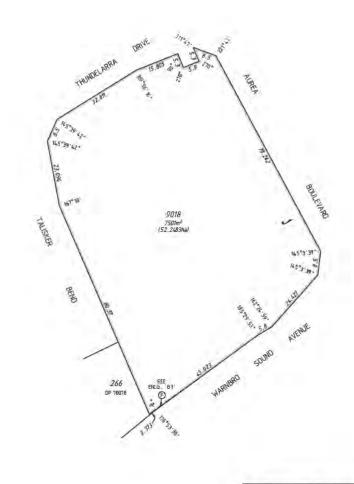


#### FOR HEADING SEE SHEET 1

SURVEY CARRIED OUT UNDER REG 26A SPECIAL SURVEY AREA GUIDELINES SEE SURVEY SHEETS FOR SURVEY INFORMATION

USE DNLY THE SURVEY SHEET/S, WHEN DETERMINING THE TRUE FINAL POSITION AND TYPE OF ALL SURVEY MARKS PLACED PERTAINING TO THIS PLAN.

HELD BY LANDGATE IN DIGITAL FORMAT ONLY





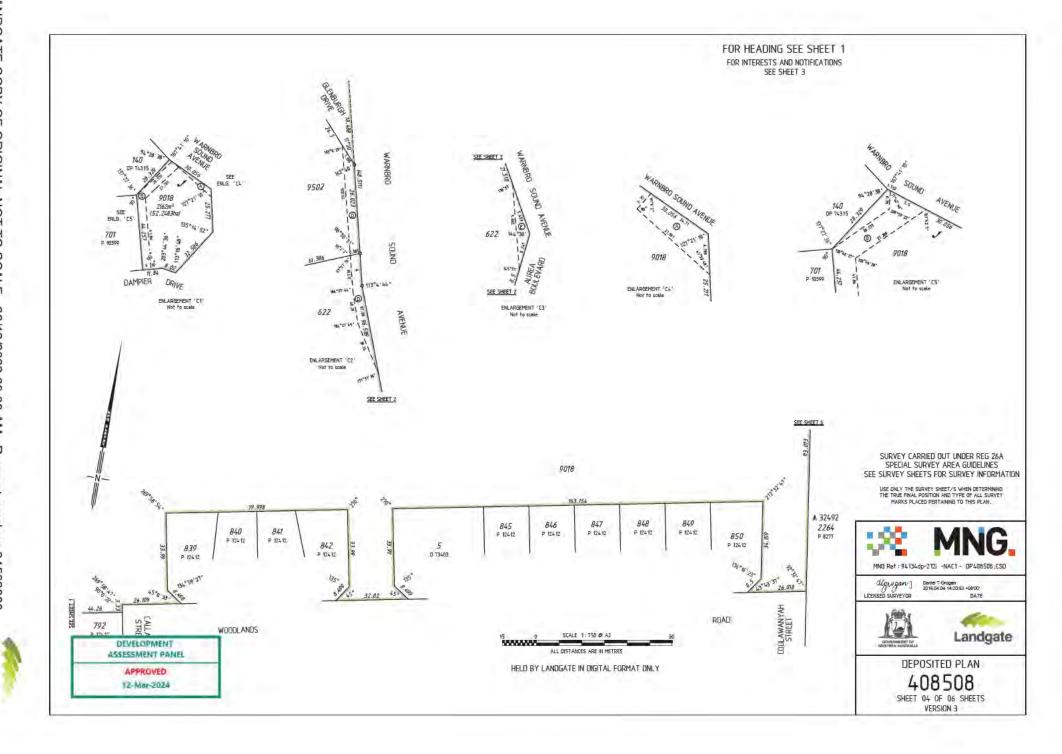
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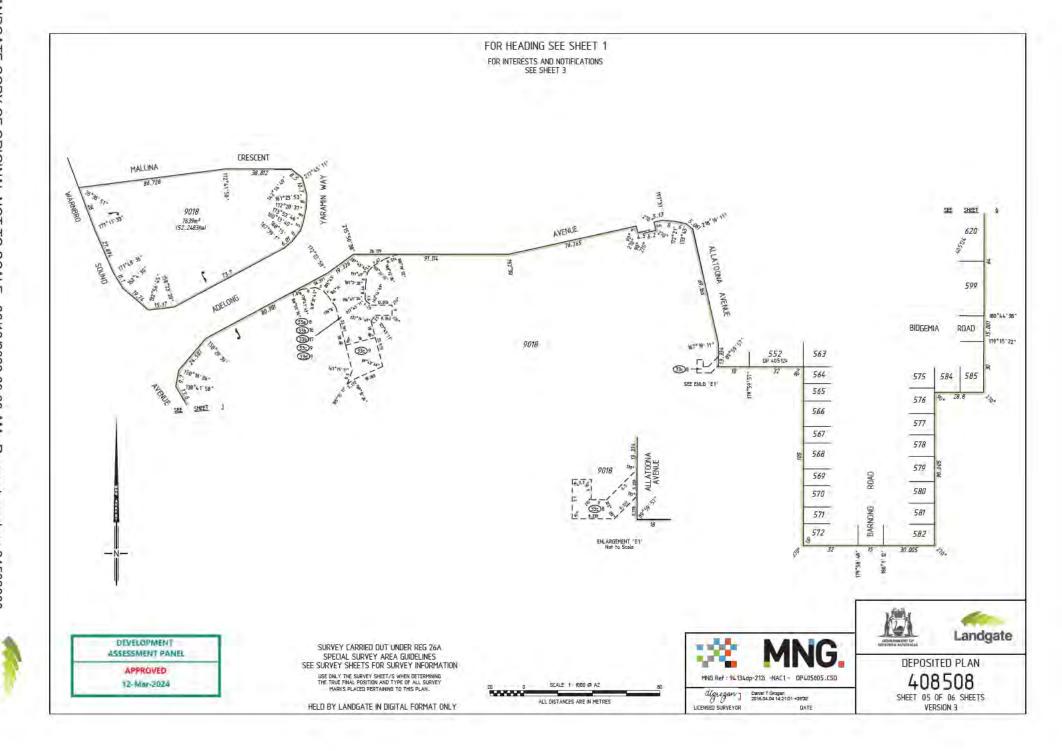




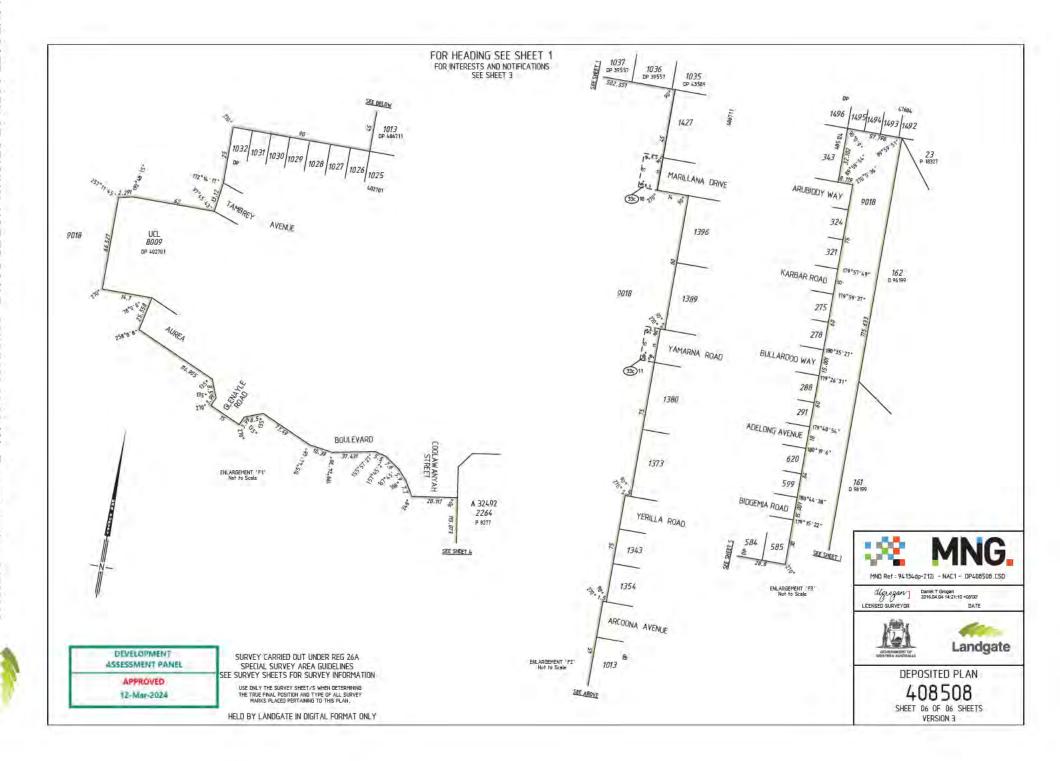


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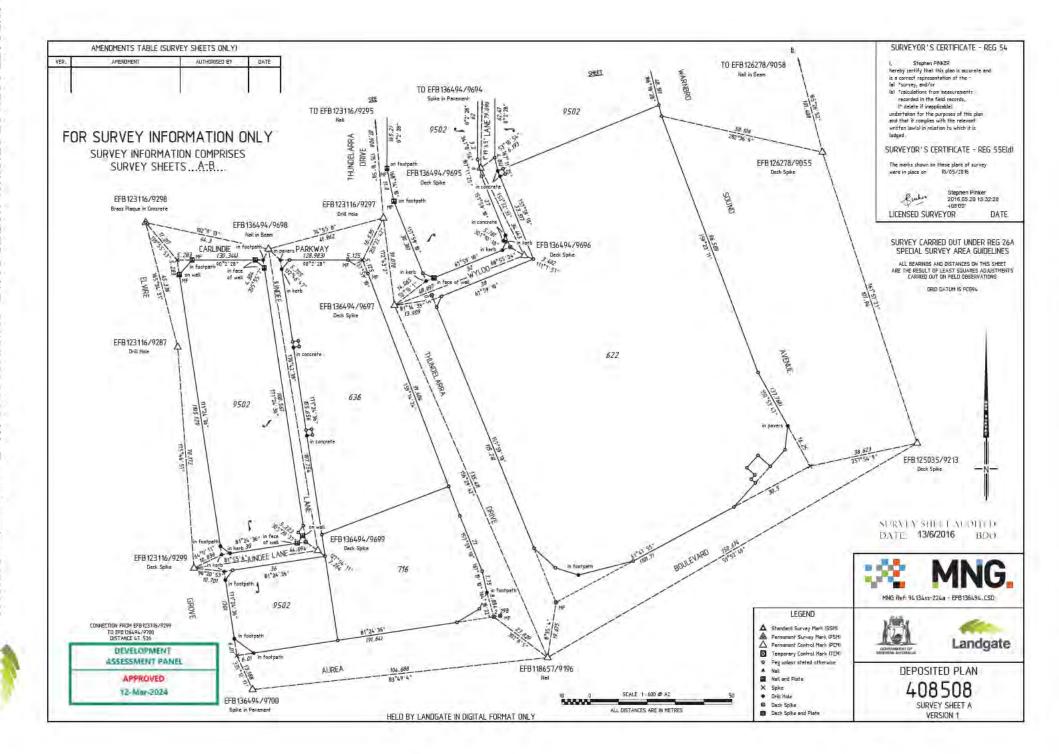




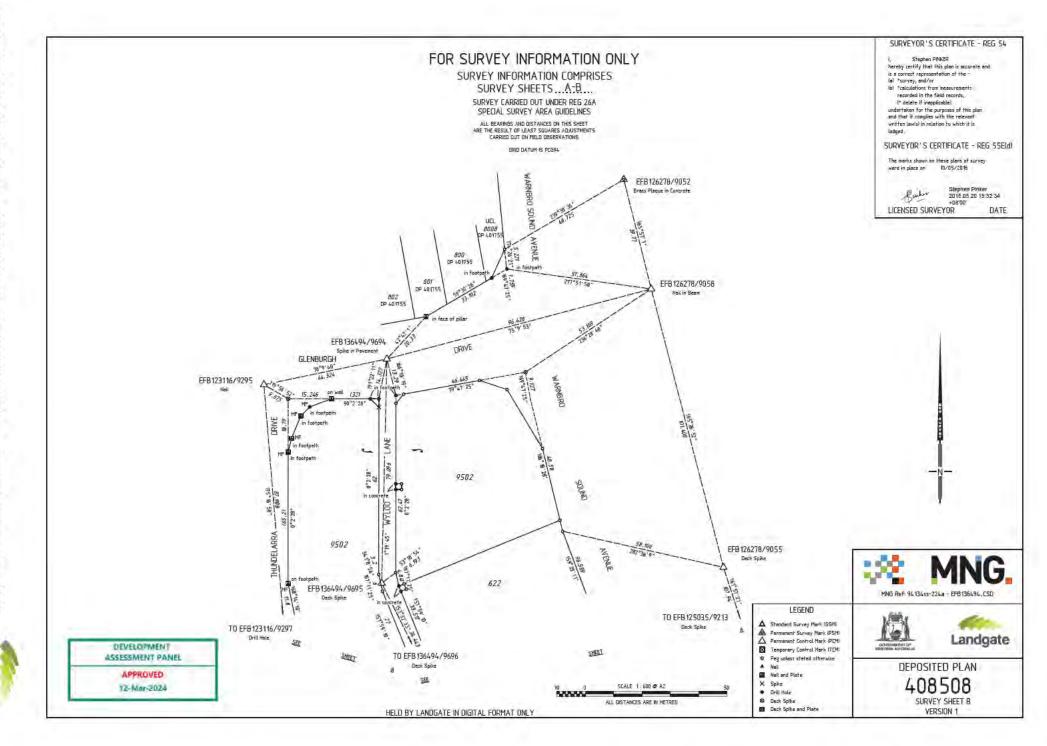














# Golden Bay Neighbourhood Centre No.2 Aurea Boulevard Golden Bay Revised Transport Impact Assessment



# **Document history and status**

	Revision	Approved by	Date approved	Revision type
M Rasouli	r01	B Bordbar	29/12/2022	Draft
M Rasouli	r01a	B Bordbar	31/01/2023	Second Draft
M Rasouli	r01b	B Bordbar	08/02/2023	Final
M Rasouli	r01c	B Bordbar	02/05/2023	Revised Final

File name: t22.035.mr.r01c.docx

Author: Mohammad Rasouli

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Client: Ladybug Twenty Pty Ltd

Project: Golden Bay Neighbourhood Centre

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Project number: t22.035



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## 1 Introduction

This Revised Transport Impact Assessment (TIA) has been prepared by Transcore on behalf of Ladybug Twenty Pty Ltd with regards to the proposed Golden Bay Neighbourhood Centre to be located at 2 Aurea Boulevard, Golden Bay.

This revised TIA aims to address the City of Rockingham's comments on the original TIA prepared by Transcore in February 2023. **Appendix A** of this TIA details the City's comments and Transcore responses to each comment. Accordingly, the development plan has been updated to address the relevant comments by City and this revised TIA also reflects the updated development plan.

The site is located at the north-west corner of the existing signalised intersection of Warnbro Sound Avenue/Aurea Boulevard (refer **Figure 1**). Thudelarra Drive forms the western boundary of the site and Aurea Blvd is located to the south of the site.

This revised TIA will establish the traffic generation and distribution of the proposed development. The operation of the proposed development left in/left out crossover on Aurea Blvd and the nearby intersections (Warnbro Sound Ave/ Aurea Blvd and Thundelarra Dr/ Aurea Blvd) for existing, post development and 10-year post development scenarios will also be investigated in this TIA.

This revised TIA also will review the development plan with respect to parking layout, parking supply and demand, access, egress, circulation and fuel tanker and service vehicle movements.

It should be noted that Transcore was involved with a similar development on the opposite side of Aurea Boulevard. This development has been approved by JDAP and is operational.



Figure 1: Location of the subject site

# 2 Development Proposal

The development proposal is for a Neighbourhood Centre comprising the following elements:

- Two Fast-food outlets with drive through facilities (approximately 525m<sup>2</sup> GFA in total);
- A Liquor Store with drive through facility (approximately 230m<sup>2</sup> GFA);
- A Supermarket (approximately 1,165m<sup>2</sup> GFA);
- Specialty shops (approximately 255m<sup>2</sup> GFA); and,
- A Service Station with eight filling points.

Parking provision shown in the development plan (**Appendix B**) is a total of 147 bays including four on-street bays and eight ACROD Bays. More discussions on parking supply and demand are provided in **section 7** of this TIA.

The proposed access/egress system intended to serve the development is shown in **Figure 2** and comprises the following elements:

- A full movement crossover on Thundelarra Drive (crossover 1);
- A left in/ left out crossover on Aurea Boulevard (crossover 2); and,
- A full movement crossover on Wyloo Lane (crossover 3).



Figure 2. Proposed access/egress system

The Thundelarra Drive crossover is an existing crossover which would be modified slightly to accommodate the turning movements of service vehicles and fuel tanker.

The proposed crossover on Aurea Blvd is a left in/ left out crossover and would be located before the 70-degree left turn slip lane on Aurea Blvd. This crossover is important for effective and efficient circulation system for the development and in particular the land uses closest to the Aurea Boulevard.

The stacking capacity of the proposed fast-food outlets is reviewed against the RTA Guidelines requirements.

Section 5.8.1 of RTA Traffic Generating Developments document deals with the parking requirements for the drive-in and take-away food outlets. With respect to the drive through facilities this section states that:

An exclusive area for queuing of cars for a drive through is required (queue length of 5 to 12 cars measured from pick up point). There should also be a minimum of four car spaces for cars queued from the ordering point.

The proposed fast-food outlet 1 (265m2) provides a drive through facility with two Customer Order Booth (COB) and provision of 13 car stacking capacity including two waiting bays with minimum four car spaces available from the ordering points. Accordingly, the proposed drive through facility for the fast-food outlet 1 meets and exceeds the RTA drive through requirements.

The proposed fast-food outlet 2 (260m2) provides a drive through facility with two Customer Order Booth (COB) and provision of 11 car stacking capacity including two waiting bays with minimum four car spaces available from the ordering points. Accordingly, the proposed drive through facility for the fast-food outlet 2 meets the RTA drive through requirements.

The proposed liquor store drive through facility also provides eight car stacking capacity which is expected to be sufficient for its operations.

The stacking capacity of the proposed service station have been assessed in more detail in the next section of the report.

#### 2.1 Stacking Capacity for service station

The stacking capacity of the service station component of the proposed development and detailed queue analysis at the filling points has been assessed in more detail to investigate the impacts of the higher than average site patronage during peak weekday operational periods. This analysis was undertaken to confirm the capacity of the service station to operate satisfactory under amplified traffic activity conditions (i.e. "cheap fuel" day).

Based on the estimated peak hour trip generation for the service station outlined in this report, it is estimated that the subject service station would attract up to 56 vehicles during the regular weekday PM peak hour (busiest peak hour). In order to



ensure a robust assessment, it is assumed that the trade on "cheap fuel" day would be 50% higher than the typical peak weekday PM hour. Accordingly, it is conservatively assumed that the proposed service station would attract about 84 cars per hour on this occasion.

The experience indicates that, under normal circumstances, the rate of service per fill point (time taken for a vehicle to arrive, park at a fill point, get fuel, pay for fuel and leave the fill point and service station site) is usually between 2-3 minutes. In some circumstances refuelling time may extend to about 5 minutes when window washing or other similar activities are practiced. However, during the "cheap fuel" day periods and due to high turnover of vehicles and "pressure" from the patrons waiting behind the parked vehicle to access the bowser, the refuelling activity is always shortened and typically in order of up to 3min maximum. In this case, and in order to allow for a robust assessment, the service time is assumed to be conservatively 4 minutes. Accordingly, a service rate of 240sec (15 vehicles per hour) was assumed for weekday PM peak "cheap fuel" peak hour.

It is assumed that all bowsers will be in operation during the peak periods, giving an order taking service rate and capacity of 120 vehicles per hour, which is significantly more that the estimated higher 'cheap fuel day' PM peak hour trip generation. It is also assumed that cars would enter the service channel with the shortest queue, therefore over the peak hour the transactions at each service channel would be evenly split.

A queue length analysis was undertaken to assess the provision of storage for vehicles within the service channels. For this purpose, an M/M/1 queuing model was adopted for each bowser. The M/M/1 is a single-server queue model that can be used to approximate simple systems.

The queuing model adopts the following assumptions:

- Vehicles arrive unevenly following Poisson's probability distribution;
- Service time is exponentially distributed;
- There is one server per queue, i.e. there are 8 queues, one for each bowser;
- The capacity of the queue in which arriving users wait before being served is infinite (for the purposes of identifying queue space requirements);
- The population of users (i.e. the pool of users) available to join the system is infinite; and,
- The queue is serviced on a first come, first served basis.

The results of the queuing analysis are detailed in **Figure 3**. In summary, critical "cheap fuel" hour queuing analysis of the service station established the following for the worst-case scenario:

- The system utilisation is at 70% during the "cheap fuel" hour;
- The expected number in the system (refuelling) is 7 vehicles;
- The expected time in the queue is 267 seconds; and,
- The 95th percentile queue within the whole system is 12 cars (8 cars refuelling and 4 cars waiting).



The queue length usually adopted for robust analysis is the 95th percentile queue. Assuming equal queue distribution it is estimated that in the worst-case scenario there will be one vehicle waiting behind each refuelling vehicle at four bowsers. The service station layout can accommodate this level of queuing.

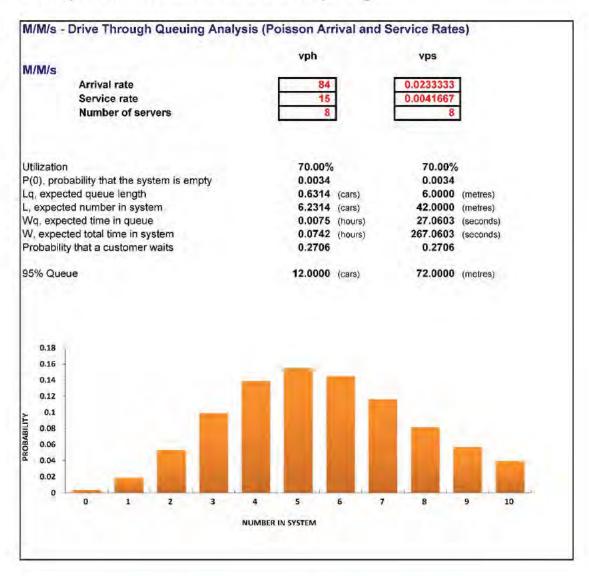


Figure 3. Peak "cheap fuel" hour queuing analysis

To investigate if vehicles are waiting behind fill points, still a B99 car can navigate the site, Sk15a in **Figure 4** is prepared which shows that at worst case scenario that 2 vehicles wait at both sides of the last two bowsers, still a B99 car can move around the parked cars. Regardless, there will be an alternative anti-clockwise route also available for vehicles to access the parking bays in front of the shop.

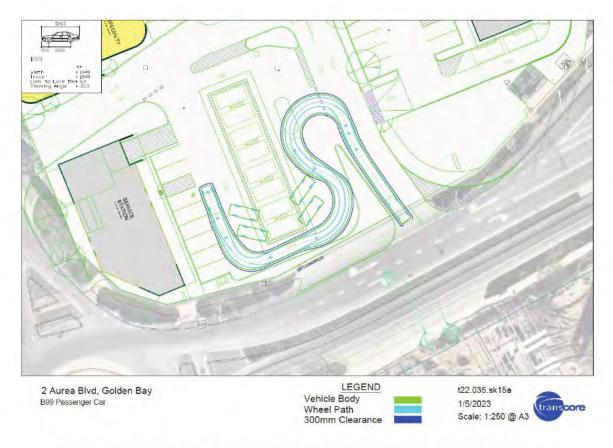


Figure 4: Movement of a B99 car around parked vehicles at the bowsers

# 3 Existing Situation

#### 3.1 Existing Road Network

The road hierarchy of the surrounding roads in accordance with Main Roads WA Functional Road Hierarchy is illustrated in **Figure 5**. As evident Aurea Blvd is classified as a Local Distributor and Thundelarra Drive is classified as an Access Road in the Main Roads WA *Functional Road Hierarchy*.



Figure 5: Existing road hierarchy

**Aurea Boulevard** as shown in **Figure 6**, is constructed as single carriageway standard with a solid median, on-street parking bays, on road cycle lanes and pedestrian paths on both sides of the road in the vicinity of the subject site. Aurea Boulevard operates under the default, built up area speed limit of 50km/h.

Aurea Boulevard connects to Thundelarra Drive in the form of a roundabout intersection and to Warnbro Sound Avenue as a signalised intersection.



Figure 6: Aurea Blvd adjacent to the subject site (looking east)

**Thundelarra Drive** as shown in **Figure** 7, is constructed as a single carriageway with on-road cycle lanes and shared paths on both sides of the road. It operates under the built-up area speed limit of 50km/h.



Figure 7: Thundelarra Dr adjacent to the subject site (looking south)

Warnbro Sound Avenue forms the eastern boundary of the site and is constructed as dual carriageway standard road with shared paths on paths on both sides of the road. Warnbro Sound Ave is classified as a Distributor B road in the Main Roads WA Perth Metropolitan Area Functional Road Hierarchy. The intersection of Warnbro Sound Avenue/ Aurea Blvd/ Adelong Ave in the form of a signalised intersection.

## 3.2 Existing Traffic Volumes on Roads

The latest SCATS data the signalised intersection of Warnbro Sound Avenue/ Aurea Blvd/ Adelong Ave was sourced and analysed to establish the hourly and daily traffic volumes at the intersection.

Review of the February 2022 SCATS data indicated that Warnbro Sound Avenue and Aurea Blvd carried approximately 9,700vpd and 3,182vpd during the weekday.

Transcore also undertook video traffic counts at the existing roundabout intersection of Aurea Blvd/ Thundelarra Drive during the weekday AM (8:00 – 9:00) and PM (4:00-5:00) peak hours in September 2022. **Figure 7** shows the existing turning movements at the intersections.

The video counts indicated slightly higher traffic volumes on Aurea Blvd. Therefore, the SCATS traffic data were factored up to match the outcome of the video traffic counts on Aurea Blvd, resulting in a robust assessment.

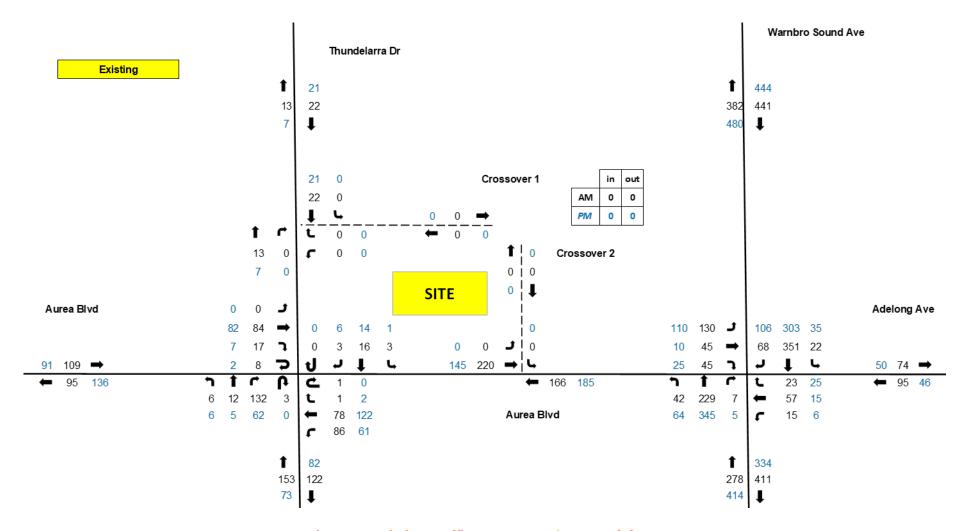


Figure 8: Existing traffic counts AM/ PM peak hour



## 3.3 Heavy Vehicles

Restricted Access Vehicle (RAV) Network routes are designated for access by large heavy vehicle combinations, which is managed by Main Roads WA.

As shown in **Figure 9**, the adjacent roads are not part of the RAV network and would be able to accommodate" as of right" vehicles (up to 19m semi-trailers).



Figure 9. Existing heavy vehicle road network classification (RAV)

## 3.4 Public Transport Access

Available nearby public transport services are present in **Figure 10**. Bus route 558 provides a connection between Mandurah and Rockingham with Bus stops located on Warnbro Sound Avenue. This bus route operates on a half hourly basis throughout the day with additional services provided during the peak hour. This bus route provides an opportunity to transfer to other connecting bus and rail services.



Figure 10: Existing bus routes (source: Transperth)

# 3.5 Pedestrian and Cyclist Facilities

The Department of Transport's Perth Bike Map series (refer **Figure 11**) shows that "High Quality Shared paths" are currently in place on both sides of Warnbro Sound Avenue. Shared Paths are also in place on both sides of Aurea Blvd and Thundelarra Drive. Both these roads also entail on road cycle lanes.

Pedestrian will have direct access to the proposed development via the existing external path network along the surrounding roads.

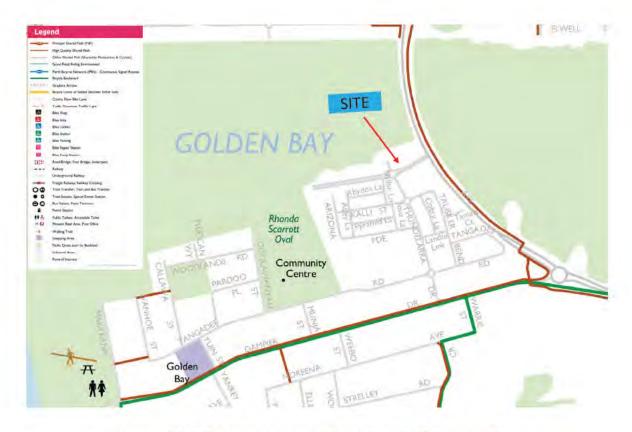


Figure 11: Bike map (source: Department of Transport)

#### 3.6 Crash Data

Information available on the Main Roads WA website indicates only one crash for the existing roundabout intersection of Aurea Blvd and Thundelarra Drive during the last five-year period ending in December 2021. This crash entailed no casualty.

The signalised intersection of Aurea Blvd / Warnbro Sound Avenue recorded a total of 4 road crashes with no casualty during the last five-year period ending in December 2021 as illustrated in **Table 1**.

The crash records over the last 5 years demonstrate that the road network in this vicinity has been constructed to a high standard with no particular safety issue.

Table 1. Crash Statistics for the Aurea Blvd / Warnbro Sound Avenue

Intersection		Total Crashes	Casualty		
Aurea Blvd /	Warnbro Sou	nd Avenue		4	0
Rear End	Non collision	Pedestrian	Daylight	PDO Major	Dry
1	2	0	2	1	4

# 4 Changes to Surrounding Transport Networks

There are no changes to the surrounding road network as part of the proposed development. A left in/ left out crossover is proposed on Aurea Blvd fronting the site as part of this proposal with a connection to Wyloo Lane. The Thundelarra Drive crossover shown in the development plan is an existing crossover which would be modified slightly as part of the proposed development.

# 5 Integration with Surrounding Area

The proposed development entails a neighbourhood centre which is in line with the existing and future surrounding land uses in the area.

## 6 Traffic Assessment

#### 6.1 Assessment Period

The assessment years that are adopted for the analysis are 2023 and 2033.

## 6.2 Trip Generation and Distribution

The trip generation of the proposed land uses was sourced from the RTA NSW Guide to Traffic Generating Developments and the Institute of Transport Engineers Trip Generation Manual (11th Edition).

The trip rates which were used to estimate the proposed development traffic generation are shown in **Table 2.** This table also summarises the trip generation of the proposed development. **Table 3** shows the passing trade component of the development.

Due to the land use mix within the proposed Lots incidences of multi-purpose trips<sup>1</sup> (i.e., cross-trade) are anticipated. Accordingly, the applied cross-trade adjustment is calculated to result in approximately 25%. reduction in total trip generation (in line with RTA NSW Guidelines).

Therefore, the net addition of traffic when accounting for passing trade is **+123vph** (AM peak hour) and **+213vph** (PM peak hour) on the surrounding road network.

The distribution of traffic to and from the proposed developments was evaluated by considering the catchment area of the proposed development as well as the available access and egress routes to and from the site. Accordingly, total development traffic is shown in **Figure 11**.

Multi-purpose trips are incidences where more than one shop/outlet are visited within the development (also referred to as "cross-trade")



Table 2: Weekday daily, morning peak and afternoon peak hour trip generation for the proposed land uses

Land use	Quantity	Daily Rate	Weekd-AM	Weekd-PM	Cross Trade	Daily Trips Weekd-AM	Weekd-PM	ΑN	/	Р	М	
Land use	Quantity	Daily Nate	Peak	Peak	Closs Hade	Daily Hips	trips	trips	IN	OUT	IN	OUT
Fast food outlet with drive through	525	5.069	0.433	0.352	0.25	1996	170	138	85	85	69	69
Liquor	230	1.092	0	0.176	0.25	188	0	30	0	0	15	15
Supermarket	1165	1.550	0.016	0.160	0.25	1354	14	140	7	7	70	70
Specialty	255	0.330	0.004	0.042	0.25	63	1	8	0	1	4	4
Service Station	8	205.360	12.470	13.990	0.25	1232	75	84	37	38	42	42
TOTAL TRAFFIC							260	401	129	131	200	201

Table 3: Passing trade and primary trips components of the trip generation

Passing Trade Component

0 1						
	Α	М	PM			
Daily Trips	IN	OUT	IN	OUT		
998	43	43	35	35		
94	0	0	8	8		
488	3	3	25	25		
18	0	0	1	1		
739	22	23	25	25		
2337	68	69	94	94		

**Primary Trips Component** 

			1 1		
	F	MA	PM		
Daily Trips	IN	OUT	IN	OUT	
998	42	42	34	34	
94	0	0	7	7	
866	4	4	45	45	
45	0	1	3	3	
493	15	15	17	17	
2497	61	62	106	107	



50% 50% 36% 28% 60%

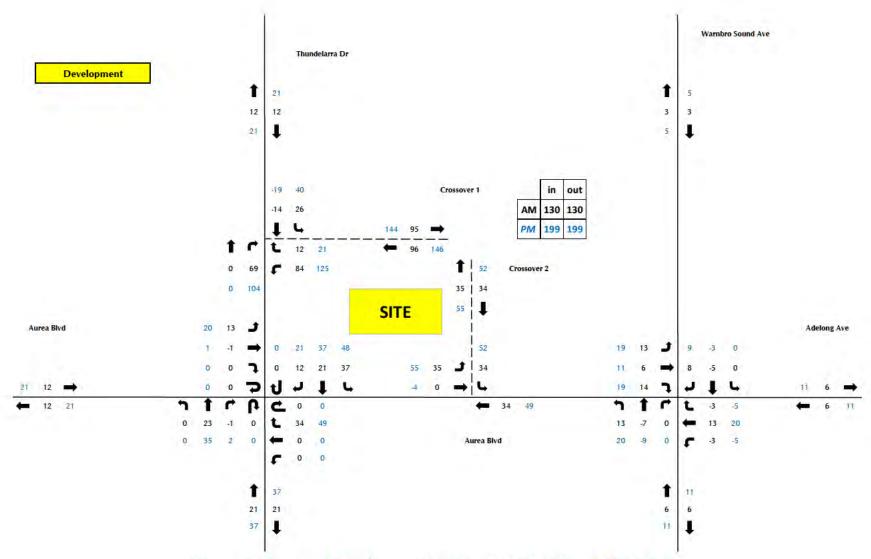


Figure 12: Proposed development traffic - AM Weekday, PM Weekday

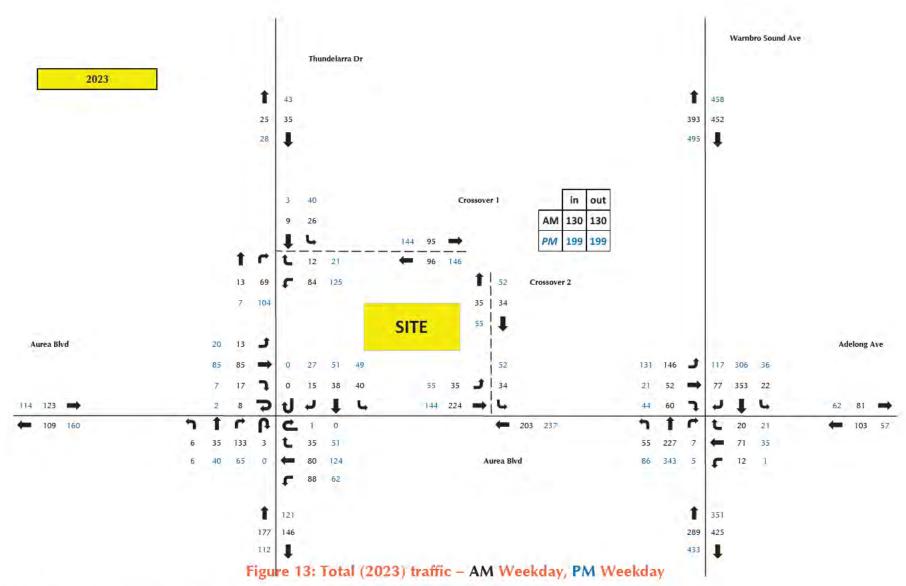


#### 6.3 Traffic Flow Forecasts

The existing traffic counts were established by review of the SCATS data at the existing signalised intersection of Warnbro Sound Ave/ Aurea Blvd/ Adelong Ave and the video traffic counts undertaken by Transcore (refer **Figure 8**). The total post development traffic for the assessment year of 2023 and 2033 was calculated with the existing background traffic plus the development traffic. For both years 2023 and 2033 a 2% annual traffic growth was applied to the background traffic.

The total projected traffic volumes for year 2023 and 2033 are presented in **Figure 13** and **Figure 14**.

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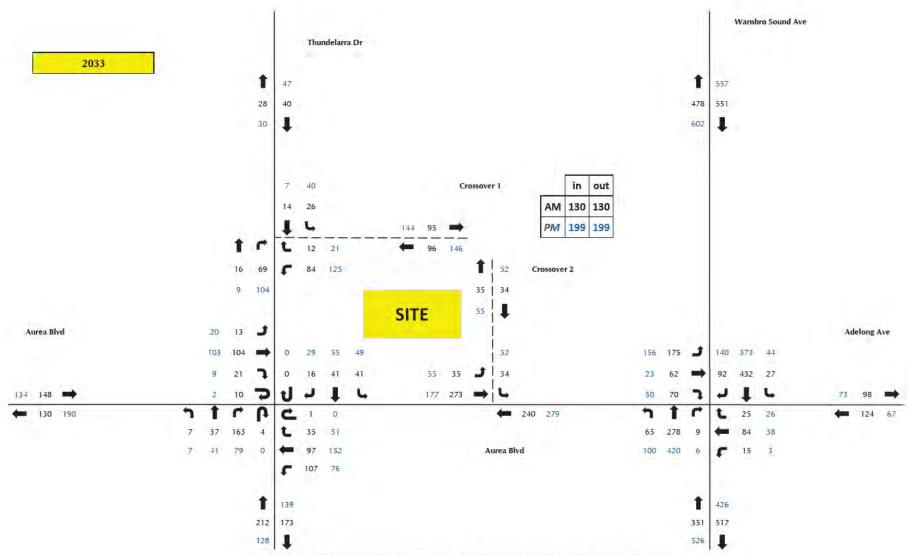


Figure 14: Total (2033) traffic - AM Weekday, PM Weekday



### 6.4 Analysis of Local Intersections & Crossovers

Capacity network analysis was undertaken using the SIDRA computer software package for year 2023 and 2033. SIDRA is an intersection modelling tool commonly used by traffic engineers for all types of intersections. SIDRA outputs are presented in the form of Degree of Saturation, Level of Service, Average Delay and 95% Queue. These characteristics are defined as follows:

- Degree of Saturation is the ratio of the arrival traffic flow to the capacity of the approach during the same period. The Degree of Saturation ranges from close to zero for infrequent traffic flow up to one for saturated flow or capacity.
- ♣ Level of Service is the qualitative measure describing operational conditions within a traffic stream and the perception by motorists and/or passengers. In general, there are 6 levels of service, designated from A to F, with Level of Service A representing the best operating condition (i.e., free flow) and Level of Service F the worst (i.e., forced or breakdown flow).
- Average Delay is the average of all travel time delays for vehicles through the intersection.
- 4 95% Queue is the queue length below which 95% of all observed queue lengths fall.

Network SIDRA models (refer **Figure 15**) were developed to assess the development crossovers on Thundelarra Drive and Aurea Blvd and nearby intersections as an integrated traffic network.

The results of the SIDRA network analysis are summarised in **Appendix C**. The SIDRA intersection models were coded with reference to Main Roads WA Operation Modelling Guidelines. All relevant parameters such as heavy vehicle groups, PCU factors etc. were coded as per the Main Roads WA Guidelines.



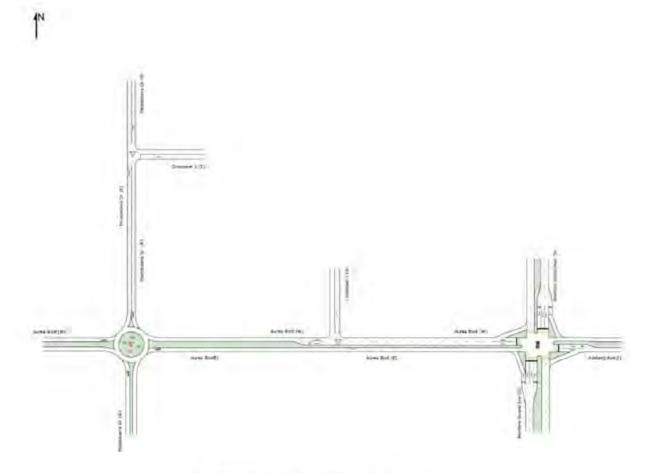


Figure 15: SIDRA Network Model

#### **NEARBY INTERSECTIONS**

The SIDRA analysis results and site observations indicate that the existing signalised and roundabout intersections presently operates satisfactorily (overall LoS C for signalised intersection and LoS A for roundabout intersection) with moderate queues and delays during both weekday peak hours for the signalised intersection and no queues and delays at the roundabout intersection.

The addition of the development-generated traffic resulted in negligible increases in overall queues and delays. No major change in overall LoS for the intersections is reported.

The SIDRA assessment for the 10-year post development scenario during the nominated peak periods rendered similar results to post-development scenario with marginal increases in delays and queues and no changes to the Level of Service for any of the movements of the intersections. Importantly, both intersections retain ample spare capacity for future traffic growth.

#### **DEVELOPMENT CROSSOVERS**

SIDRA analysis indicates that development crossovers will operate satisfactorily in 2023 and 2033 during assessed peak hours. All movements operate with good level of service (LoS A) with minimal delays and queuing.

#### **NETWORK OPERATION**

Relevant SIDRA network outputs were reviewed for the assessed peak hours to establish the operation of the development crossovers and the nearby intersections as an integrated network.

As detailed in **Figure 15** and **Figure 16** there are no queue back from the nearby intersections to the development crossovers. Similarly, no queue back from the development crossovers to the nearby intersections are reported.

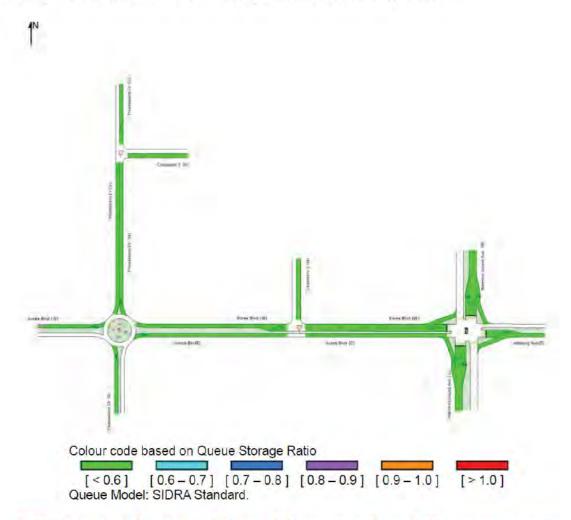


Figure 16: Weekday AM and PM peak hour network analysis – queue storage ratio (2023)

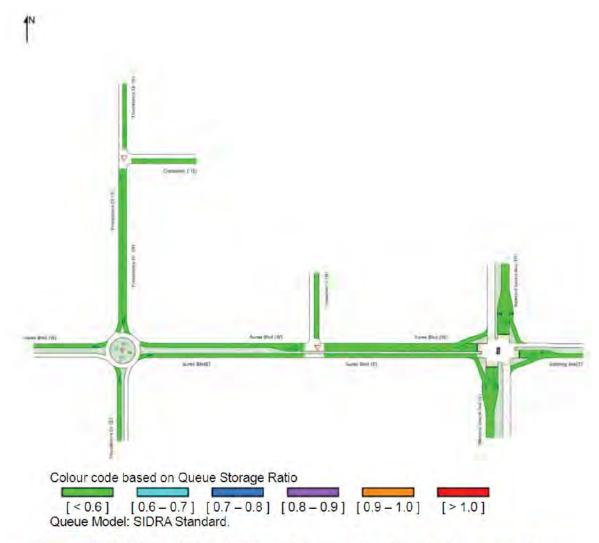


Figure 17: Weekday AM and PM peak hour network analysis – queue storage ratio (2033)

## 6.5 Impact on Surrounding Roads

The WAPC Transport Impact Assessment Guidelines (2016) provides the following guidance on the assessment of traffic impacts:

"As a general guide, an increase in traffic of less than 10 percent of capacity would not normally be likely to have a material impact on any particular section of road, but increases over 10 percent may. All sections of road with an increase greater than 10 percent of capacity should therefore be included in the analysis. For ease of assessment, an increase of 100 vehicles per hour for any lane can be considered as equating to around 10 percent of capacity. Therefore, any section of road where development traffic would increase flows by more than 100 vehicles per hour for any lane should be included in the analysis."

The proposed development will not increase traffic on any lanes on the surrounding road network by more than 100vph, except for a short section of Thundelarra Drive between the roundabout and the development crossover which would result in total

traffic projection of about 245vph (or 2450vpd) during the PM peak hour in 2033. The current standard of Thundelarra Drive as a neighbourhood connector B road would be able to comfortably accommodate the 2033 projected traffic volumes along this section of the road.

Therefore, the proposed development will not increase traffic flows near the quoted WAPC threshold on most of the surrounding roads to warrant further detailed analysis.

## 6.6 Impact on Neighbouring Areas

Due to the location of the subject site, its accessibility via a major regional road, significant passing trade component and limited number of residential dwellings within the immediate vicinity, the traffic impact from the development in the area will be limited.

## 6.7 Traffic Noise and Vibration

Due to the location of the subject site, its accessibility via major regional road, significant passing trade component, the traffic impact from the development in the area will be limited.

It generally requires a doubling of traffic volumes on a road to produce a perceptible 3dB(A) increase in road noise. The proposed development will not increase traffic volumes or noise on surrounding roads anywhere near this level.



# 7 Parking

The parking supply and demand for the proposed neighbourhood centre is summarised in **Table 4**.

Table 4: Car parking assessment

Use	Required	Provided	Surplus / Shortfall (+/-)
Supermarket	70	50	-20
Specialty shops	16	5	-11
Fast Food outlets	49	46	-3
Service station	22	15	-7
Liquor store	18	27	+9
On-street bays		4	+4
Total theoretical sl	nortfall consideri	ing the on-street bays	-28

The total parking requirement based on relevant City's scheme requirement is estimated to be 175 bays and the total parking supply including the on-street parking is 147 bays and therefore, there is a theoretical 28-car bay shortfall for the proposed neighbourhood centre site.

As the peak parking demand periods for the various land-uses within the subject site do not completely overlap, a daily parking demand profile was developed for each of the proposed land-uses to estimate the combined parking demand throughout the day (for a typical Friday and a typical Saturday).

The percentage of parking demand assumptions outlined in **Table 5** (for a typical Friday) and **Table 7** (for a typical Saturday) are conservative to result in a robust assessment and outcome.

The anticipated demand for car parking is then calculated by multiplying the anticipated percentage of parking demand for each land-use by its theoretical parking requirement. The estimated number of parking bays required are summarised in **Table** 6 (for a typical Friday) and **Table 8** (for a typical Saturday). The parking surplus (+)/ shortfall (-) for each land-use and time period is estimated by subtracting the total anticipated parking demand from the proposed number of bays provided (147 bays).

**Table 5: Percentage of parking demand temporal analysis – typical Friday** 

		Estimated P	ercentage of Parking	Demand - Typical Fri	day
TIME	Liquor	Supermarket	Fast Food	Specialty	Service station
6:00	0%	10%	10%	10%	50%
7:00	0%	20%	10%	20%	70%
8:00	10%	30%	40%	30%	100%
9:00	10%	40%	50%	40%	70%
10:00	20%	50%	70%	50%	60%
11:00	30%	70%	80%	70%	40%
12:00	30%	80%	80%	90%	40%
13:00	30%	80%	90%	80%	50%
14:00	30%	70%	80%	70%	50%
15:00	30%	60%	70%	60%	60%
16:00	50%	70%	60%	70%	70%
17:00	60%	80%	50%	70%	100%
18:00	80%	80%	70%	70%	80%
19:00	80%	60%	90%	70%	50%
20:00	50%	40%	50%	50%	40%
21:00	40%	10%	50%	10%	30%
Requirements based on TPS	18	70	49	16	22
Provided	27	50	46	5	15
surplus / shortfall (+/-)	9	-20	-3	-11	-7

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**Table 6: Parking demand temporal analysis – typical Friday** 

		Estima	ated Number of Parki	ing Bays Required - Ty	pical Friday		Onsite Parking
TIME	Liquor	Supermarket	Supermarket Fast Food		Service station	Total	Surplus/Shortfall (150 - Total)
6:00	0	7	5	2	11	25	123
7:00	0	14	5	3	15	38	110
8:00	2	21	20	5	22	69	78
9:00	2	28	25	6	15	76	71
10:00	4	35	34	8	13	94	53
11:00	5	49	39	11	9	114	33
12:00	5	56	39	14	9	124	23
13:00	5	56	44	13	11	129	18
14:00	5	49	39	11	11	116	31
15:00	5	42	34	10	13	105	43
16:00	9	49	29	11	15	114	33
17:00	11	56	25	11	22	125	23
18:00	14	56	34	11	18	134	14
19:00	14	42	44	11	11	123	24
20:00	9	28	25	8	9	78	69
21:00	7	7	25	2	7	47	100



As detailed in **Table 6**, the maximum combined parking demand for a typical Friday is anticipated to occur at 18:00PM. During this period, it is estimated that a surplus of 14 bays would be available within the proposed development.

Similarly, As detailed in **Table 8**, the maximum combined parking demand for a typical Saturday is anticipated to occur at 11.00PM. During this period, it is estimated that a surplus of three bays would be available.

On this basis, considering that the peak parking demand of the respective land uses within the proposed neighbourhood centre is different, reciprocal parking can be considered. The parking assessment undertaken indicates that there would be surplus parking available during the weekday and weekends and therefore the proposed parking supply is sufficient to address the parking requirements of the proposed development. Further, for assessment of parking supply and demand consideration should be given to the following:

- Variance of peak times between various land uses;
- Multi-use trips generated by the co-location of complementary land uses; and,
- Walkability of the area.



**Table 7: Percentage of Parking demand temporal analysis – typical Saturday** 

		Estimated Pe	rcentage of Parking I	Demand - Typical Satu	ırday		
TIME	Liquor	Supermarket	Fast Food	Specialty	Service station		
6:00	0%	10%	10%	10%	50%		
7:00	0%	20%	10%	20%	70%		
8:00	10%	30%	40%	30%	100%		
9:00	10%	40%	50%	40%	70%		
10:00	20%	50%	80%	60%	60%		
11:00	30%	100%	90%	100%	40%		
12:00	30%	90%	100%	90%	40%		
13:00	40%	90%	90%	80%	50%		
14:00	40%	80%	80%	70%	50%		
15:00	40%	70%	70%	60%	60%		
16:00	50%	70%	60%	70%	70%	ĺ	
17:00	80%	70%	50%	70%	100%	ĺ	
18:00	100%	50%	90%	50%	80%	ĺ	
19:00	100%	20%	90%	20%	50%	ĺ	
20:00	70%	20%	50%	20%	40%		
21:00	50%	10%	50%	10%	30%		
Requirements based on TPS	18	70	49	16	22	175	
Provided	27	50	46	5	15	1 147	ncluding
surplus / shortfall (+/-)	9	-20	-3	-11	-7	-28	

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Table 8: Parking demand temporal analysis – typical Saturday

		Estimate	ed Number of Parkin	g Bays Required - Typi	cal Saturday		Onsite Parking
TIME	Liquor	Supermarket	Fast Food	Specialty	Service station	Total	Surplus/Shortfa II (150 - Total)
6:00	0	7	5	2	11	25	123
7:00	0	14	5	3	15	38	110
8:00	2	21	20	5	22	69	78
9:00	2	28	25	6	15	76	71
10:00	4	35	39	10	13	101	46
11:00	5	70	44	16	9	144	3
12:00	5	63	49	14	9	141	6
13:00	7	63	44	13	11	138	9
14:00	7	56	39	11	11	125	22
15:00	7	49	34	10	13	113	34
16:00	9	49	29	11	15	114	33
17:00	14	49	25	11	22	121	26
18:00	18	35	44	8	18	123	24
19:00	18	14	44	3	11	90	57
20:00	13	14	25	3	9	63	84
21:00	9	7	25	2	7	49	98



# 8 Provision of Heavy Vehicles

The largest fuel tanker and a service vehicle which are expected to use the subject site are 19m fuel tankers and 12.5m service trucks.

#### 19m fuel tanker

Turn path analysis has been undertaken for a 19m fuel tanker to enter the site from Thundelarra Drive full movement crossover, access the refuelling point and exit the site and turn left onto Aurea Blvd in forward gear. Mountable kerb/painted area has been provided at Aurea Blvd crossover to facilitate the left turn exit movement of fuel tankers.

#### service trucks

12.5m service trucks are expected to service the proposed supermarket. The service truck for the supermarket would enter the site from Wyloo Lane crossover and would exit the site via the proposed left in/left out crossover on Aurea Blvd.

8.8m service trucks are expected to service the proposed service station. The service truck would enter the site from Thundelarra Drive full movement crossover and exit via the proposed left in/left out crossover on Aurea Blvd.

The largest service truck that would service the proposed fast-food outlets is an 8.8m rigid truck. The service truck would enter the site from Thundelarra Drive full movement crossover and exit via the proposed left in/ left out crossover on Aurea Blvd.

The largest truck that can service the proposed liquor store is an 8.8m rigid truck which would enter and exit the site via Wyloo Lane crossover.

The service vehicles would attend the site outside the peak periods to minimise the internal and external impact.

Turn path analysis undertaken for fuel tanker and service vehicles confirm satisfactory access, egress and circulation. The turn path analysis plans are included in **Appendix D.** 

Turn path plan demonstrate that the tanker will require to use almost the full width of Thundelarra Drive southern crossover to access the site. As the fuel tanker is expected to access the site about twice per week and outside peak operating conditions, traversing almost the full width of the crossover is acceptable in accordance with the relevant Australian Standard.

# 9 Conclusions

This Revised TIA has been prepared by Transcore on behalf of Ladybug Twenty Pty Ltd with regards to the proposed Golden Bay Neighbourhood Centre to be located at 2 Aurea Boulevard, Golden Bay.

The proposed development would utilise the existing crossover on Thundelarra Drive and is providing a left in/ left out crossover on Aurea Blvd and a connection to Wyloo Lane.

The net addition of traffic as a result of the proposed development when accounting for passing trade is **+125vph** (AM peak hour) and **+220vph** (PM peak hour) on the surrounding road network.

The stacking capacity of the proposed fast-food outlets satisfy the RTA Guidelines requirements.

Queue analysis undertaken for the proposed service station indicated that under typical "cheap fuel day" peak conditions the queuing associated with the service station will be accommodated within the site without impacting the internal driveways and development crossovers.

Network SIDRA models were developed to assess the development crossovers on Thundelarra Drive and Aurea Blvd and nearby intersections as an integrated traffic network. The analysis result indicates satisfactory traffic operations of the intersections and the crossovers.

Total of 147 bays including four on-street bays and eight ACROD Bays are proposed for the proposed neighbourhood centre which represents theoretical parking shortfall of about 28 bays. Considering that the peak parking demand of the respective land uses within the proposed neighbourhood centre is different, reciprocal parking can be considered. The parking assessment undertaken in this report indicates that there would be surplus parking available on site during the weekday and weekend peak periods and therefore the proposed parking supply is sufficient to address the parking requirements of the proposed development.

In conclusion, the findings of this Transport Impact Assessment are supportive of the proposed development.

# **Appendix A**

TRANSCORE RESPONSES TO CITY'S COMMENTS

DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT PANEL

APPROVED

#### Golden Bay Neighbourhood Centre | CITY OF ROCKINGHAM COMMENTS

02 May 2023

Note: responses in green are addressed in the revised TIA.

#### CITY COMMENTS STATUS/COMMENT Concerns over the proposed left-in, left-out off Aurea Boulevard The crossover is a left in/left out only and would be located before the 70and its proximity to the Warnbro Sound Avenue intersection degree left turn slip lane on Aurea Blvd. Also, this crossover is important for effective and efficient circulation system for the development and in particular awaiting MRWA comments. the land uses closest to the Aurea Boulevard. Impact on the performance of surrounding intersections and increased traffic safety risks The stop line distance between the signalised intersection The SIDRA network analysis undertaken indicates no queue back from the (Warnbro Sound Avenue/Aurea Boulevard/Adelong Avenue) and signalised intersection or back to the roundabout intersection to the proposed the roundabout (Aurea Boulevard/Thundelarra Drive) is left in/ left out crossover (refer Figures 15 and 16 of the TIA). The crossover also operates with good LOS during the AM and PM peak hours. Therefore, approximately 95m which is considered too short to have an the provision of the proposed left in/left out crossover would not undermine access located between the intersections. LDI is concerned that the introduction of an access off Aurea Boulevard would traffic operations in the immediate locality. significantly impact the performance of the two existing intersections (queues from the traffic signal may block access to The traffic projections for the Golden Bay Comprehensive Development Plan the site, queues from the proposed access may impact on the Update (prepared by Transcore, dated 1st April 2011) reflects the full adjacent roundabout intersections, very short distance if needing development of the Golden Bay by year 2031. It is our understanding that it is unlikely that the Golden Bay Development Plan and the surrounding areas to turn right into Warnbro Sound Avenue from the proposed crossover, etc.) as well as increases traffic safety risks. It should be would be fully developed by year 2031 and the projected traffic volumes on Aurea Blvd and Thundelarra Drive would reach to the level that was reported noted that the Transport Assessment for the Golden Bay Comprehensive Development Plan estimates a daily traffic for the full development of the Golden Bay Structure Plan. As a result, volume of 9,400 and 5,000 for Aurea Boulevard and Thundelarra Transcore adopted the methodology of 2% annual growth on the existing Drive respectively therefore an access off Thundelarra is traffic volumes. According to the Golden Bay Comprehensive Development recommended in order to minimise traffic safety risks. Plan Update (prepared by Transcore, dated 1st April 2011) Aurea Boulevard (between Warnbro Sound Avenue and Thundelarra Drive) is classified as "Integrator B". The intersection spacing on an "Integrator B" is recommended



# Insufficient separation distance between intersections to accommodate an access

- Austroads' Guide to Road Design Part 4 Intersections and Crossings General recommends a minimum access spacing of 55m (based on "Stopping Sight Distance"). This suggests that the existing distance between the stop lines of the existing intersection should be at least 110m therefore an access is unlikely able to be located between the roundabout and traffic signal.
- The proposed vehicle crossover is located within the functional area of the traffic signal as well as the eastern wing is encroaching into the left turning slip lane.

Queue from the traffic signal impacting on the access

- There is a concern that with heavy traffic expected on Aurea Boulevard (i.e. 9,400vpd), the vehicle queue length for the western approach to the traffic signal is likely to impact on the proposed access.
- The Golden Bay Village Centre Revised Development Application Transport Impact Assessment Addendum (Lot 622 Thundelarra Drive, prepared by Uloth dated 16th March 2018) had completed an intersection analysis for the traffic signal at Warnbro Sound Avenue/Aurea Boulevard/Adelong Avenue and the results suggest an expected queue length of 122m for the western approach.

The Transport Assessment for the existing child care (Lot 716 Aurea Boulevard, prepared by Cardo, dated 1st March 2017) suggests an expected queue length of 49.4m for the western approach.

The distance between the stop line for the traffic signal to the centre of the proposed access is approximately 45m. This suggests

as 40m in accordance with LN Guidelines. Therefore, there is sufficient separation distance between the intersections. The LN or any other guidelines do not prohibit crossovers within this separation.

The Austroads Guidelines Part 4 does provide guidelines on stopping sight distance however, the stopping distance is measured on a straight section of road and not on sections intersected by intersections which is the case here. Further, although Austroads and Liveable Neighbourhoods provide guidelines for intersection spacing, they do not prohibit provision of crossovers within that spacing.

The location of the crossover with respect to an intersection is addressed in Australian Standards 2890.1. Section 3.2.3 and Figure 3.1 of the Standard provides guidelines on prohibited location of access driveways with respect to an intersection. Basically, an access driveway should be located at least 6m from the corner truncation of an intersection. The Aurea Boulevard crossover satisfies this requirement for both intersections at both ends of this road.

The proposed left in/ left out crossover is located before the existing left turn slip lane at Aurea Blvd and therefore it is not located within the effective functional area of the traffic signal. A mountable apron is suggested for the exit of the trucks at this crossover. This apron ties into the proposed left turn slip lane at the signalised intersection.

The traffic report by U&A and Cardno are now 5 and 6 years old. The SIDRA analysis results and site observations undertaken by Transcore in 2023 indicate that the existing signalised and roundabout intersections presently operate satisfactorily (overall LoS C for signalised intersection and LoS A for roundabout intersection) with moderate queues and delays during both weekday peak hours for the signalised intersection and no queues and delays at the roundabout intersection. The SIDRA assessment for the 10-year post development scenario during the nominated peak periods rendered similar



that the queue from the traffic signal is likely to impact on the proposed access.

#### **Neighbourhood Centre Detailed Area Plan**

The approved plan suggests that no access is to be provided off Aurea Boulevard and Warnbro Sound Avenue

results to post-development scenario with marginal increases in delays and queues and no changes to the Level of Service for any of the movements of the intersections. Importantly, both intersections retain ample spare capacity for future traffic growth. For the 10-year post development analysis a 2% annual traffic growth was applied to the background traffic. The 2% annual growth reflects the current conditions. It is not clear what traffic projections has been used by Uloth and Cardno for preparation of the traffic reports prepared by these two consultants.

The Golden Bay Neighbourhood Centre Detailed Area Plan is a guide for future development of the proposed neighbourhood centre. The DAP does not show any crossover on Aurea Blvd to the other side of the development however a left in/ left out crossover was approved and constructed on the other side of Aurea Boulevard for a similar development opposite the subject development. This constructed crossover has been operating with now traffic issues.

- 2 Removal of the two on-street bays on Aurea Boulevard due to restricted sight lines at the vehicle crossover.
- Concerns that queuing from the service station will spill out onto public roads, with additional queuing required only 1 vehicle can be accommodated behind the bowser where a minimum of 2 should be provided for. Vehicles are able to come into the bowser from other directions which is likely to reduce the efficiency of the restricted queuing space and the potential to block internal traffic flow, increasing risk that vehicle queuing from the service station may overflow onto public street

The two on-street bays on Aurea Boulevard have been removed in the updated development plan.

The stacking capacity of the proposed service station have been assessed in the TIA. The outcome of the queue length analysis indicates that during a busy day the 95th percentile queue within the proposed service station is 12 cars (8 cars refuelling and 4 cars waiting). The service station layout can comfortably accommodate this level of queuing.

In order to investigate if four additional cars park behind four fill points, still a B99 car can navigate the site, Figure 4 in the revised TIA is prepared. This sketch shows that at worst case scenario that 2 cars park at both sides of the last two bowsers, still a B99 car can move around the parked cars.



4	Confusing arrangements regarding the hatched area for the	The line marked kerb should be sufficient, however mountable kerb can also
	service station due to location and geometry of bower location –	be provided if needs be. This is a design issue and can be addressed during
	kerbing may be required.	the detailed design stage of the project.
5	The proposed HRV loading bay for the service station does not	The proposed loading bay in the updated plan has been adjusted to conform
	conform to AS2890.2. Confirmation is required in the TIA that the	to AS2890.2. An 8.8m truck is expected to service the loading bay. The
	maximum commercial vehicle servicing the supermarket is a	updated turn paths indicates that an 8.8m truck can enter and exit the site in
	12.5m HRV. Swept path analysis is required to demonstrate that	forward gear satisfactorily. The service trucks are expected to attend the site
	it is possible to enter and exit the site in forward gear (without	after hours to minimis the traffic conflict at the site. This type of operations is
	encroaching into the area where vehicles queue for the bowser,	not unusual for service stations.
	as well as no reversing movement along the parking aisle.	
6	Provision for cars to turn around at the end of the blind aisle(s)	The provision of a turnaround bay is not required because the length of the
	near the liquor store, and drive out forward to be provided in	blind isle is less than six 90-degree bays plus 1m as suggested by AS2890.1.
	accordance with AS2890.2	
		Please note that the proposed liquor store drive through would also facilitate
		the turnaround for cars that enter the blind isle.
7	Advise how were differences in turning volumes sourced by using	The video turning movement counts were undertaken for the existing
	SCAT and video survey in determining the existing turning	roundabout intersection. The SCATS data was sourced for the signalised
	volumes for the two intersections	intersection. The video counts indicated slightly higher traffic volumes on
		Aurea Blvd. Therefore, the SCATS traffic data were factored up to match the
		outcome of the video traffic counts on Aurea Blvd, resulting in a robust
		assessment.
8	References used for trip generation rates, passing trade and	Transcore referenced ITE guidelines for trip rates. The City trip generation
	directional split are required to be provided in an extract to verify	assessments provided to Transcore also used the same guideline and provide
	validity	almost similar results to Transcore assessments when applying no cross trade
		to the trips (refer below table). As evident Transcore's trip generation
		estimation for critical PM peak hour is higher than CoR and also DPLH (DPLH
		estimate is 503 trips during the PM peak hour). However, Transcore applied
		25% cross trade in line with RTA NSW Guidelines to allow for internal trips
		between different land uses.



			AM trips Transcore	AM trips COR	PM trips Transcore	PM trips COR					
		Fast food outlet with drive through	227	227	185	185					
		Liquor	0	0	41	41					
		Supermarket	19	48	186	116					
		Specialty	1	19	11	8					
		Service Station	100	100	112	112					
		Total	347	394	534	462					
9	The reference for assuming 25% cross-trade is required	The RTA NSW Guidelines indicates a discount rate of 25% for centres less that 10,000 m2 GLFA.									
10	Trip distribution is to be shown on a plan – query why only small amount of traffic is associated with Warnbro Sound Avenue?	Figure 11 of the TIA show PM Weekday peak hour have been distributed distributed to the west of is located to the west of residents to the west of Thundelarra Drive and A	s. According to to the traffic f the Warnbro Sou f Warnbro Sou f Warnbro Sou	this plan abo signal and Sound Avenu nd Avenue, i	out 25% of the the balance e. As the prop t is expected	e total trips have been osed centre that mainly					
11	Plan showing passing and non-passing trade is required	The Figure 11 of the TIA is the summation of the passing and non-passing trip distribution and is sufficient for the purpose of TIA.									
		distribution and is suffici	ent for the pur	pose of TIA.		-passing trip					



13	Validity of traffic assessment is queried (i.e. estimated daily traffic volumes are significantly different when compared with the approved Structure Plan for Golden Bay	The traffic projections for the Golden Bay Comprehensive Development Plan Update (prepared by Transcore, dated 1st April 2011) reflects the full development of the Golden Bay by year 2031. It is our understanding that it is unlikely that the Golden Bay Development Plan and the surrounding areas would be fully developed by year 2031 and the projected traffic volumes on Aurea Blvd and Thundelarra Drive would reach to the level that was reported for the full development of the Golden Bay Structure Plan. As a result, Transcore adopted the methodology of 2% annual growth on the existing traffic volumes. This approach was accepted as part of the approved and constructed development opposite the subject site on the other side of Aurea
		Boulevard.
14	Confirm whether SIDRA models been calibrated to match existing conditions	Yes, the SIDRA models were calibrated against the existing queues at the signalised and roundabout intersections. The outcome of the existing
		assessments is provided in Appendix B of the TIA.
15	Kerb ramps for universal access across site	The updated plan shows the Kerb ramps for universal access
16	Pedestrian refuge within Thundelarra crossover to be shown	The fuel tanker needs to full width of the crossover to turn in. Therefore, provision of a refuge may not be feasible. Also, review of the Nearmap images indicates that there are no refuges at any of the t-intersections or crossovers in this area. Therefore, the pedestrian refuge at Thundelarra crossover is not required. In any case, the updated development plan shows the crossover with red paving to indicate pedestrian priority at the crossover.
17	Relocation of bicycle parking so as not to restrict pedestrian flow	The proposed bicycle parking does not restrict pedestrian flow
18	Concerns regarding swept path analysis:  o Encroaching into the opposing traffic lane o Clash with kerbing o Insufficient horizontal clearance to the kerb ramp o Reversing movement	<ol> <li>The body of the fuel tanker or 12.5m truck would not encroach onto the right turn lane on Aurea Blvd when exiting the proposed LiLo crossover.</li> <li>The body of the vehicle would not clash with the kerbs;</li> <li>The clearance maybe insufficient at some kerbs but the body of the truck would not clash with the kerbs.</li> <li>the 12.5m truck reverse back to the supermarket loading bay for a short distance which would not undermine traffic operations or safety.</li> </ol>



		It should be noted that service vehicles will visit the site infrequently and generally outside the peak operating times when the traffic on surrounding roads are lower and less activity is happening within the development.
19	An independent trip generation exercise found that results are	The 25% relates to the cross-trade which was assumed in Transcore
	significantly different, especially during the AM peak hour (i.e. the	calculations. Refer response to item 8 above.
	City's generation volume is 52% more).	
20	The total number of trips entering and exiting does not appear to	Refer response to item 12 above.
	match with the external road links	
21	Section 6.5 suggests that the proposed development will not	The increase of just over 100vph per lane would happen during the PM peak
	increase traffic on any lanes by more than 100 vph however Figure	hour for a short section of Thundelarra Dr between the roundabout and the
	11 clearly suggests that some traffic lanes increase by more than	development crossover which would result in total traffic projection of about
	100 vph which suggests contradictory	245vph or 2450vpd during the PM peak hour in 2033. The current standard of
		Thundelarra Dr as a neighbourhood connector B road would be able to
		comfortably accommodate the 2033 projected traffic volumes along this
		section of the road.



# Appendix B

**PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT PLAN** 

DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT PANEL

APPROVED



DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT PANEL

APPROVED

# Appendix C

**INTERSECTION ANALYSIS - SIDRA RESULTS** 

DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT PANEL

APPROVED

Site: [Thundelarra Dr & Aurea Blvd - Existing - AM (Site Folder: Existing)] ■■ Network: N102 [AM (Network Folder: Existing)]

Site Category: (None) Roundabout

Mov ID	Tum	DEM. FLO		ARR		Deg. Satn	Aver. Delav	Level of Service		ACK OF EUE	Prop. Que	Effective/ Stop	ver. No. Cycles	Aver. Speed
		Total	HVI	Tota		Caur	Delay	Service	[Veh_	Dist 1	Gue	Rate	Cycles	opeeu
		veh/h	%	veh/h		v/c	sec		veh	m		7 800		km/h
South	: Thund	delarra D	or (S)											
1	L2	6	4.0	6	4.0	0.130	3.1	LOSA	0.8	6.6	0.29	0.55	0.29	41.5
2	T1	13	4.0	13	4.0	0.130	3.0	LOSA	0.8	6.6	0.29	0.55	0.29	39.2
3	R2	139	4.0	139	4.0	0.130	7.7	LOSA	8.0	6.6	0.29	0.55	0.29	25.5
3u	U	3	4.0	3	4.0	0.130	9.6	LOSA	8.0	6.6	0.29	0.55	0.29	28.5
Appro	oach	161	4.0	161	4.0	0.130	7.2	LOSA	0.8	6.6	0.29	0.55	0.29	28.9
East:	Aurea E	BlvdE)												
4	L2	91	4.0	91	4.0	0.131	3.0	LOSA	0.7	5.1	0.16	0.36	0.16	37.7
5	T1	82	4.0	82	4.0	0.131	2.9	LOSA	0.7	5.1	0.16	0.36	0.16	47.9
6	R2	1	4.0	1	4.0	0.131	7.7	LOSA	0.7	5.1	0.16	0.36	0.16	46.4
6u	U	1	4.0	1	4.0	0.131	9.5	LOSA	0.7	5.1	0.16	0.36	0.16	36.2
Appro	oach	175	4.0	175	4.0	0.131	3.0	LOSA	0.7	5.1	0.16	0.36	0.16	44.6
North	: Thund	lelarra D	r (N)											
7	L2	3	4.0	3	4.0	0.024	4.2	LOSA	0.1	1.0	0.45	0.46	0.45	38.0
8	T1	17	4.0	17	4.0	0.024	4.1	LOSA	0.1	1.0	0.45	0.46	0.45	39.2
9	R2	3	4.0	3	4.0	0.024	8.9	LOSA	0.1	1.0	0.45	0.46	0.45	46.4
9u	U	1	4.0	- 1	4.0	0.024	10.7	LOS B	0.1	1.0	0.45	0.46	0.45	46.3
Appro	oach	24	4.0	24	4.0	0.024	5.0	LOSA	0.1	1.0	0.45	0.46	0.45	41.0
West	Aurea	Blvd (W	)											
10	L2	1	4.0	1	4.0	0.103	3.7	LOSA	0.6	4.7	0.38	0.46	0.38	44.3
11	T1	88	4.0	88	4.0	0.103	3.6	LOSA	0.6	4.7	0.38	0.46	0.38	42.7
12	R2	18	4.0	18	4.0	0.103	8.4	LOSA	0.6	4.7	0.38	0.46	0.38	41.8
12u	U	8	4.0	8	4.0	0.103	10.2	LOS B	0.6	4.7	0.38	0.46	0.38	48.3
Appro	oach	116	4.0	116	4.0	0.103	4.8	LOSA	0.6	4.7	0.38	0.46	0.38	43.2
All Ve	hicles	476	4.0	476	4.0	0.131	5.0	LOSA	0.8	6.6	0.27	0.45	0.27	40.5



Site: [Warnbro sound Ave & Aurea Blvd & Adelong Ave -■■ Network: N102 [AM Existing - AM (Site Folder: Existing)] (Network Folder: Existing)]

Site Category: (None)
Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 101 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

		vement												
Mov ID	Turn	DEMA FLOV Total		ARRI FLO i Total		Deg. Satn	Aver Delay	Level of Service		ACK OF EUE Dist]	Prop. Que	Effective A Stop Rate	Cycles	Aver Speed
		veh/h	%	veh/h		v/c	sec		veh	m		- 17-12-1		km/r
South	n: Warn	bro Soun	d Ave	(S)										
1	L2	44	4.0	44	4.0	0.031	6.5	LOSA	0.2	1.9	0.18	0.59	0.18	49.7
2	T1	241	5.8	241	5.8	0.276	34.2	LOSC	4.9	38.3	0.86	0.69	0.86	33.
3	R2	7	4.0	7	4.0	0.047	52.3	LOS D	0.3	2.7	0.94	0.66	0.94	24.5
Appro	oach	293	5.5	293	5.5	0.276	30.4	LOSC	4.9	38.3	0.76	0.67	0.76	34.2
East:	Adelon	g Ave(E)												
4	L2	16	4.0	16	4.0	0.178	26.2	LOS C	2.3	18.0	0.83	0.66	0.83	35.4
5	T1	60	4.0	60	4.0	*0.178	21.6	LOSC	2.3	18.0	0.83	0.66	0.83	15.
6	R2	24	4.0	24	4.0	0.064	38.4	LOS D	0.9	7.4	0.82	0.69	0.82	19.
Appro	oach	100	4.0	100	4.0	0.178	26.4	LOSC	2.3	18.0	0.83	0.67	0.83	21.
North	: Warni	oro Soun	d Ave	(N)										
7	L2	23	4.0	23	4.0	0.022	12.4	LOS B	0.4	3.2	0.42	0.62	0.42	35.
8	T1	369	9.8	369	9.8	*0.440	35.8	LOS D	7.9	64.1	0.90	0.74	0.90	32.
9	R2	72	4.0	72	4.0	*0.460	55.4	LOSE	3.5	27.7	0.99	0.76	0.99	10.
Appro	oach	464	8.6	464	8.6	0.460	37.7	LOS D	7.9	64.1	0.89	0.74	0.89	29.
West	: Aurea	Blvd (W)												
10	L2	137	4.0	137	4.0	0.191	10.3	LOS B	2.8	22.0	0.48	0.60	0.48	36.8
11	T1	47	4.0	47	4.0	*0.191	5.7	LOSA	2.8	22.0	0.48	0.60	0.48	32.
12	R2	47	4.0	47	4.0	0.125	39.1	LOS D	1.9	14.8	0.84	0.72	0.84	27.1
Appro	oach	232	4.0	232	4.0	0.191	15.2	LOS B	2.8	22.0	0.56	0.62	0.56	32.0
ΔΙΙ \/	ehicles	1088	6.4	1088	64	0.460	29.9	LOSC	7.9	64.1	0.78	0.69	0.78	30.8



Site Category: (None) Roundabout

Vehi	cle Mo	vement	Perfo	rmano	ce			-		1000	-			
Mov ID	Tum	DEM/ FLO		ARR FLO [Total	WS	Deg. Satn		Level of Service		ACK OF EUE Dist ]	Prop. Que	Effective/ Stop Rate	ver. No. Cycles	Aver Speed
	-	veh/h	%	veh/h	%	v/c	sec		veh	m	-			km/h
South	h: Thun	delarra D	r(S)											
1	L2	6	4.0	6	4.0	0.067	3.3	LOSA	0.4	3.2	0.34	0.55	0.34	41.5
2	T1	5	4.0	5	4.0	0.067	3.2	LOSA	0.4	3.2	0.34	0.55	0.34	39.2
3	R2	65	4.0	65	4.0	0.067	7.9	LOSA	0.4	3.2	0.34	0.55	0.34	25.3
3u	U	1	4.0	1	4.0	0.067	9.8	LOSA	0.4	3.2	0.34	0.55	0.34	28.4
Appr	oach	78	4.0	78	4.0	0.067	7.3	LOSA	0.4	3.2	0.34	0.55	0.34	30.0
East:	Aurea	BlvdE)												
4	L2	64	4.0	64	4.0	0.139	2.9	LOSA	0.7	5.6	0.13	0.34	0.13	38.2
5	T1	128	4.0	128	4.0	0.139	2.7	LOSA	0.7	5.6	0.13	0.34	0.13	48.1
6	R2	2	4.0	2	4.0	0.139	7.5	LOSA	0.7	5.6	0.13	0.34	0.13	46.6
6u	U	1	4.0	1	4.0	0.139	9.4	LOSA	0.7	5.6	0.13	0.34	0.13	36.9
Appro	oach	196	4.0	196	4.0	0.139	2.9	LOSA	0.7	5.6	0.13	0.34	0.13	46.3
North	: Thund	delarra D	r (N)											
7	L2	1	4.0	1	4.0	0.021	3.6	LOSA	0.1	0.9	0.36	0.45	0.36	38.1
8	T1	15	4.0	15	4.0	0.021	3.5	LOSA	0.1	0.9	0.36	0.45	0.36	39.2
9	R2	6	4.0	6	4.0	0.021	8.3	LOSA	0.1	0.9	0.36	0.45	0.36	46.3
9u	U	1	4.0	1	4.0	0.021	10.1	LOS B	0.1	0.9	0.36	0.45	0.36	46.2
Appr	oach	23	4.0	23	4.0	0.021	5.1	LOSA	0.1	0.9	0.36	0.45	0.36	42.4
West	Aurea	Blvd (W)												
10	L2	1	4.0	1	4.0	0.079	3.2	LOSA	0.5	3.6	0.26	0.36	0.26	45.3
11	T1	86	4.0	86	4.0	0.079	3.0	LOSA	0.5	3.6	0.26	0.36	0.26	44.1
12	R2	7	4.0	7	4.0	0.079	7.8	LOSA	0.5	3.6	0.26	0.36	0.26	43.0
12u	U	2	4.0	2	4.0	0.079	9.7	LOSA	0.5	3.6	0.26	0.36	0.26	49.2
Appr	oach	97	4.0	97	4.0	0.079	3.5	LOSA	0.5	3.6	0.26	0.36	0.26	44.2
All Ve	ehicles	394	4.0	394	4.0	0.139	4.0	LOSA	0.7	5.6	0.21	0.39	0.21	43.5



Site: [Warnbro sound Ave & Aurea Blvd & Adelong Ave -Existing - PM (Site Folder: Existing)]

■ Network: N102 [PM (Network Folder: Existing)]

Site Category: (None)
Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 104 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Vehicle M Mov Tum ID	DEM. FLO [Total	AND	ARRI		_								
	Market Street		FLO		Deg. Satn		Level of Service		ACK OF EUE	Prop. Que	Effective A Stop	ver. No. Cycles	Aver. Speed
	veh/h	HV]	[ Total veh/h		v/c	sec		[ Veh. veh	Dist]		Rate		km/h
South: War			1	/U	V/C	351	_	Veil			_	_	MILLI
1 L2	67	4.0	67	4.0	0.049	6.6	LOSA	0.4	3.1	0.19	0.59	0.19	49.5
2 T1	363	5.8	363	5.8	*0.429	37.2	LOSD	8.0	62.4	0.90	0.74	0.90	31.9
3 R2	5	4.0	5	4.0	0.026	50.2	LOSD	0.2	1.9	0.91	0.65	0.91	25.1
Approach	436	5.5	436	5.5	0.429	32.7	LOSC	8.0	62.4	0.79	0.72	0.79	33.2
East: Adelo	ng Ave(E)												
4 L2	6	4.0	6	4.0	0.052	26.7	LOSC	0.7	5.4	0.79	0.60	0.79	34.9
5 T1	16	4.0	16	4.0	0.052	22.2	LOSC	0.7	5.4	0.79	0.60	0.79	14.7
6 R2	26	4.0	26	4.0	*0.071	40.1	LOS D	1.1	8.4	0.83	0.70	0.83	18.5
Approach	48	4.0	48	4.0	0.071	32.5	LOSC	1.1	8.4	0.81	0.65	0.81	20.4
North: War	nbro Soun	d Ave	(N)										
7 L2	37	4.0	37	4.0	0.034	12.2	LOS B	0.6	5.0	0.41	0.63	0.41	35.3
8 T1	319	9.8	319	9.8	0.391	36.9	LOS D	6.9	56.5	0.89	0.73	0.89	32.0
9 R2	112	4.0	112	4.0	* 0.554	54.6	LOS D	5.6	43.7	0.99	0.79	0.99	11.1
Approach	467	8.0	467	8.0	0.554	39.2	LOSD	6.9	56.5	0.88	0.74	0.88	27.5
West: Aure	a Blvd (W	)											
10 L2	116	4.0	116	4.0	0.098	6.1	LOSA	1.1	8.4	0.23	0.54	0.23	41.1
11 T1	11	4.0	11	4.0	*0.098	1.6	LOSA	1.1	8.4	0.23	0.54	0.23	37.4
12 R2	26	4.0	26	4.0	0.071	40.1	LOS D	1.1	8.4	0.83	0.70	0.83	27.5
Approach	153	4.0	153	4.0	0.098	11.7	LOS B	1.1	8.4	0.34	0.56	0.34	35.7
All Vehicles	1104	6.3	1104	6.3	0.554	32.5	LOSC	8.0	62.4	0.77	0.70	0.77	30.3



Site: [Thundelarra Dr & Aurea Blvd - 2023 - AM (Site Folder: 2023)]

Site Category: (None) Roundabout

Mov ID	Tum	DEM/ FLO		ARR		Deg. Satn	Aver. Delay	Level of Service		ACK OF EUE	Prop. Que	Effective A Stop		Aver
IU		Total	HV1	Tota		Salii	Delay	Service	[Veh	Dist )	Que	Rate	Cycles	Speed
	-	veh/h	%	veh/h		v/c	sec		veh	m		- PARICE		km/h
South	n: Thund	delarra D	r(S)											
1	L2	6	4.0	6	4.0	0.164	3.5	LOSA	1.0	7.7	0.39	0.57	0.39	41.7
2	T1	37	4.0	37	4.0	0.164	3.4	LOSA	1.0	7.7	0.39	0.57	0.39	25.5
3	R2	140	4.0	140	4.0	0.164	8.1	LOSA	1.0	7.7	0.39	0.57	0.39	25.5
3u	U	3	4.0	3	4.0	0.164	9.9	LOSA	1.0	7.7	0.39	0.57	0.39	28.6
Appro	oach	186	4.0	186	4.0	0.164	7.0	LOSA	1.0	7.7	0.39	0.57	0.39	27.1
East:	Aurea E	BlvdE)												
4	L2	93	4.0	93	4.0	0.171	2.7	LOSA	1.1	8.4	0.30	0.43	0.30	33.5
5	T1	84	4.0	84	4.0	0.171	2.6	LOSA	1.1	8.4	0.30	0.43	0.30	47.0
6	R2	37	4.0	37	4.0	0.171	7.2	LOSA	1.1	8.4	0.30	0.43	0.30	29.1
6u	U	1	4.0	1	4.0	0.171	9.0	LOSA	1.1	8.4	0.30	0.43	0.30	29.1
Appro	oach	215	4.0	215	4.0	0.171	3.5	LOSA	1.1	8.4	0.30	0.43	0.30	41.9
North	: Thund	elarra Di	(N)											
7	L2	43	4.0	43	4.0	0.098	2.9	LOSA	0.6	4.3	0.48	0.51	0.48	23.9
8	T1	40	4.0	40	4.0	0.098	3.1	LOSA	0.6	4.3	0.48	0.51	0.48	32.5
9	R2	16	4.0	16	4.0	0.098	7.1	LOSA	0.6	4.3	0.48	0.51	0.48	47.5
9u	U	1	4.0	1	4.0	0.098	8.9	LOSA	0.6	4.3	0.48	0.51	0.48	23.9
Appro	oach	100	4.0	100	4.0	0.098	3.7	LOSA	0.6	4.3	0.48	0.51	0.48	36.7
West	Aurea	Blvd (W)												
10	L2	14	4.0	14	4.0	0.123	4.1	LOSA	0.7	5.6	0.46	0.50	0.46	42.4
11	T1	89	4.0	89	4.0	0.123	4.0	LOSA	0.7	5.6	0.46	0.50	0.46	42.4
12	R2	18	4.0	18	4.0	0.123	8.8	LOSA	0.7	5.6	0.46	0.50	0.46	41.6
12u	U	8	4.0	8	4.0	0.123	10.6	LOS B	0.7	5.6	0.46	0.50	0.46	48.1
Appro	oach	129	4.0	129	4.0	0.123	5.1	LOSA	0.7	5.6	0.46	0.50	0.46	42.9
All V	ehicles	631	4.0	631	4.0	0.171	4.9	LOSA	1.1	8.4	0.38	0.50	0.38	38.7



22-Mar-2024

■■ Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: 2023)]

Site: [Warnbro sound Ave & Aurea Blvd & Adelong Ave - 2023 ■■ Network: N101 [AM - AM (Site Folder: 2023)] (Network Folder: 2023)]

	cle Mo Tum	vement DEM/		rmano ARRI		Dea.	Aver	Level of	05% P	ACK OF	Prop.	Effective A	lune No	Aver
ID	Luin	FLO		FLO	WS	Satn	Delay	Service	Section 2 de Contra	EUE Dist]	Que	Stop Rate	Cycles	Speed
		veh/h	%	or the second		v/c	sec		veh	m		1 seaso		km/t
South	h: Warn	bro Soun	d Ave	(S)										
1	12	58	4.0	58	4.0	0.042	6.8	LOSA	0.3	2.7	0.22	0.60	0.22	49.3
2	T1	239	5.8	239	5.8	0.279	30.9	LOSC	4.4	34.2	0.86	0.69	0.86	34.6
3	R2	7	4.0	7	4.0	0.042	46.3	LOS D	0.3	2.4	0.93	0.66	0.93	26.2
Appn	oach	304	5.4	304	5.4	0.279	26.7	LOSC	4.4	34.2	0.74	0.67	0.74	36.0
East:	Adelon	g Ave(E)												
4	L2	13	4.0	13	4.0	0.285	28.6	LOS C	2.7	20.9	0.91	0.71	0.91	34.3
5	T1	75	4.0	75	4.0	*0.285	24.0	LOSC	2.7	20.9	0.91	0.71	0.91	14.2
6	R2	21	4.0	21	4.0	0.078	40.3	LOS D	0.8	6.3	0.88	0.69	0.88	18.4
Appr	oach	108	4.0	108	4.0	0.285	27.7	LOSC	2.7	20.9	0.91	0.71	0.91	19.0
North	: Warnt	oro Soun	d Ave	(N)										
7	L2	23	4.0	23	4.0	0.024	13.2	LOS B	0.4	3.2	0.47	0.63	0.47	34.3
8	T1	372	9.8	372	9.8	*0.451	32.5	LOSC	7.1	58.2	0.91	0.75	0.91	33.9
9	R2	81	4.0	81	4.0	*0.464	49.2	LOS D	3.6	27.8	0.99	0.77	0.99	12.0
Appr	oach	476	8.5	476	8.5	0.464	34.4	LOSC	7.1	58.2	0.90	0.74	0.90	30.7
West	: Aurea	Blvd (W)												
10	L2	154	4.0	154	4.0	0.198	7.7	LOSA	2.3	18.1	0.43	0.57	0.43	38.4
11	T1	55	4.0	55	4.0	*0.198	3.8	LOSA	2.3	18.1	0.43	0.57	0.43	33.6
12	R2	63	4.0	63	4.0	0.148	33.0	LOSC	2.2	17.2	0.82	0.72	0.82	29.1
Appr	oach	272	4.0	272	4.0	0.198	12.8	LOS B	2.3	18.1	0.52	0.61	0.52	33.4
All Ve	ehicles	1160	6.2	1160	62	0.464	26.7	LOSC	7.1	58.2	0.77	0.69	0.77	31.8



Site: [Thundelarra Dr & Crossover 1 - 2023 - AM (Site Folder: 2023)]

P☐ Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: 2023)]

Site Category: (None) Give-Way (Two-Way)

Veh	icle Mo	vement	Perfo	rmano	e	-	77			14.500	-	STATE OF THE PARTY.	1 100	-5
Mov ID	Tum	DEMA FLON [Total veh/h	NS	ARRI FLO [Total veh/h	WS IHV]	Deg. Satn v/c		Level of Service		ACK OF EUE Dist] m	Prop. Que	Effective A Stop Rate	ver No Cycles	Aver. Speed km/h
Sout	h: Thund	delarra D	r(S)											
2	T1	14	4.0	14	4.0	0.050	0.1	LOSA	0.2	1.8	0.12	0.40	0.12	43.9
3	R2	74	2.0	74	2.0	0.050	2.5	LOSA	0.2	1.8	0.12	0.40	0.12	30.2
Appr	oach	87	2.3	87	2.3	0.050	2.2	NA	0.2	1.8	0.12	0.40	0.12	35.2
East	Crosso	ver 1 (E)												
4	L2	91	2.0	91	2.0	0.068	0.0	LOSA	0.3	2.1	0.04	0.02	0.04	19.4
6	R2	13	2.0	13	2.0	0.068	0.9	LOSA	0.3	2.1	0.04	0.02	0.04	37.5
Appr	oach	103	2.0	103	2.0	0.068	0.1	LOSA	0.3	2.1	0.04	0.02	0.04	25.3
North	h: Thund	lelarra D	r (N)											
7	L2	27	2.0	27	2.0	0.020	4.6	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.40	0.00	36.6
8	T1	9	4.0	9	4.0	0.020	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.40	0.00	40.9
Appr	oach	37	2.5	37	2.5	0.020	3.4	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.40	0.00	37.6
All V	ehicles	227	2.2	227	2.2	0.068	1.4	NA	0.3	2.1	0.06	0.23	0.06	32.4

#### MOVEMENT SUMMARY

Site: [Aurea Blvd & Crossover 2 - 2023 - AM (Site Folder: 2023)]

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: 2023)]

Site Category: (None) Give-Way (Two-Way)

Veh	icle Mo	vement	Perfo	rman	æ									
Mov ID	Turn	DEM/ FLO [Total veh/h	WS	ARR FLO [Tota veh/h	WS IHV]	Deg. Satn v/c	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service		ACK OF EUE Dist] m	Prop. Que	Effective/ Stop Rate	Aver. No. Cycles	Aver Speed km/h
East	: Aurea l	Blvd (E)												
5	T1	214	4.0	214	4.0	0.116	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	50.0
Appr	roach	214	4.0	214	4.0	0.116	0.0	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	50.0
North	h: Cross	over 2 (N	V)											
7	L2	36	2.0	36	2.0	0.024	0.3	LOSA	0.1	0.7	0.19	0.07	0.19	17.9
Appr	roach	36	2.0	36	2.0	0.024	0.3	LOSA	0.1	0.7	0.19	0.07	0.19	17.9
Wes	t: Aurea	Blvd (W)	)											
10	L2	38	2.0	38	2.0	0.075	3.9	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.15	0.00	24.5
11	T1	236	4.0	236	4.0	0.075	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.06	0.00	45.3
Appr	roach	274	3.7	274	3.7	0.075	0.5	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.07	0.00	39.4
All V	ehicles	523	3.7	523	3.7	0.116	0.3	NA	0.1	0.7	0.01	0.04	0.01	41.1



DEVELOPMENT
ASSESSMENT PANEL

APPROVED
22-Mar-2024

Site: [Thundelarra Dr & Aurea Blvd - 2023 - PM (Site Folder: Metwork: N101 [PM (Network 2023)]

Site Category: (None) Roundabout

Mov	Tum	DEM		ARRI		Deg.		Level of		ACK OF	Prop.	Effective A		Aver
D		FLO	W5 HV1	FLO [ Total		Satn	Delay	Service	[ Veh.	EUE Dist [	Que	Stop Rate	Cycles	Speed
		veh/h	%	veh/h	THE REAL PROPERTY.	v/c	sec		veh	m				km/l
South	: Thund	lelarra D	r(S)											
1	L2	6	4.0	6	4.0	0.114	3.9	LOSA	0.7	5.2	0.45	0.57	0.45	42.
2	T1	43	4.0	43	4.0	0.114	3.8	LOSA	0.7	5.2	0.45	0.57	0.45	26.
3	R2	69	4.0	69	4.0	0.114	8.5	LOSA	0.7	5.2	0.45	0.57	0.45	26.
3u	U	1	4.0	1	4.0	0.114	10.4	LOS B	0.7	5.2	0.45	0.57	0.45	29.
Appro	oach	120	4.0	120	4.0	0.114	6.6	LOSA	0.7	5.2	0.45	0.57	0.45	28.
East:	Aurea E	BlvdE)												
1	L2	65	4.0	65	4.0	0.202	2.8	LOSA	1.3	10.3	0.33	0.44	0.33	33.
5	T1	131	4.0	131	4.0	0.202	2.7	LOSA	1.3	10.3	0.33	0.44	0.33	46
6	R2	55	4.0	55	4.0	0.202	7.3	LOSA	1.3	10.3	0.33	0.44	0.33	28
6u	U	1	4.0	1	4.0	0.202	9.1	LOSA	1.3	10.3	0.33	0.44	0.33	28
Appro	oach	252	4.0	252	4.0	0.202	3.8	LOSA	1.3	10.3	0.33	0.44	0.33	43.
North	: Thund	elarra D	r (N)											
7	L2	54	4.0	54	4.0	0.126	2.4	LOSA	0.7	5.7	0.40	0.48	0.40	25.
В	T1	56	4.0	56	4.0	0.126	2.6	LOSA	0.7	5.7	0.40	0.48	0.40	33.
9	R2	29	4.0	29	4.0	0.126	6.5	LOSA	0.7	5.7	0.40	0.48	0.40	47.
9u	U	1	4.0	1	4.0	0.126	8.4	LOSA	0.7	5.7	0.40	0.48	0.40	25.
Appro	oach	140	4.0	140	4.0	0.126	3.4	LOSA	0.7	5.7	0.40	0.48	0.40	39.
West	Aurea	Blvd (W)	k											
10	L2	22	4.0	22	4.0	0.110	3.8	LOSA	0.6	5.0	0.40	0.44	0.40	43.
11	T1	89	4.0	89	4.0	0.110	3.7	LOSA	0.6	5.0	0.40	0.44	0.40	43.
12	R2	7	4.0	7	4.0	0.110	8.4	LOSA	0.6	5.0	0.40	0.44	0.40	42.
12u	U	2	4.0	2	4.0	0.110	10.3	LOS B	0.6	5.0	0.40	0.44	0.40	48.
Appro	oach	121	4.0	121	4.0	0.110	4.1	LOSA	0.6	5.0	0.40	0.44	0.40	43
		633												40.



Site: [Warnbro sound Ave & Aurea Blvd & Adelong Ave - 2023 🖦 Network: N101 [PM (Network - PM (Site Folder: 2023)] Folder: 2023)]

Vehi	cle Mo	vement	Perfo	rmand	e									
Mov ID	Tum	DEM/ FLO		ARR FLO Total	WS	Deg. Satn		Level of Service		ACK OF EUE Dist 1	Prop. Que	Effective / Stop Rate	Ver. No. Cycles	Ave Spee
		veh/h	%	veh/h		v/c	sec		veh	m		Canada		km/i
South	n: Warnl	bro Soun	d Ave	(S)										
1	L2	91	4.0	91	4.0	0.067	7.0	LOSA	0.6	4.7	0.23	0.61	0.23	49.
2	T1	360	5.8	360	5.8	*0.519	36.4	LOS D	7.3	57.3	0.95	0.78	0.95	32.2
3	R2	5	4.0	5	4.0	0.021	41.6	LOS D	0.2	1.6	0.88	0.65	0.88	27.7
Appro	oach	456	5.4	456	5.4	0.519	30.6	LOSC	7.3	57.3	0.81	0.74	0.81	34.0
East:	Adelon	g Ave(E)												
4	L2	1	4.0	1	4.0	0.135	35.2	LOS D	1.3	10.5	0.89	0.67	0.89	31.4
5	T1	38	4.0	38	4.0	*0.135	30.6	LOSC	1.3	10.5	0.89	0.67	0.89	12.
6	R2	22	4.0	22	4.0	0.081	40.3	LOS D	0.8	6.6	0.89	0.70	0.89	18.
Appro	oach	61	4.0	61	4.0	0.135	34.2	LOSC	1.3	10.5	0.89	0.68	0.89	15.
North	: Warnt	oro Soun	d Ave	(N)										
7	L2	38	4.0	38	4.0	0.039	13.2	LOS B	0.7	5.2	0.47	0.64	0.47	34.
8	T1	322	9.8	322	9.8	0.483	36.1	LOS D	6.5	53.0	0.94	0.76	0.94	32.
9	R2	123	4.0	123	4.0	*0.488	45.4	LOS D	5.2	40.5	0.97	0.79	0.97	12.
Appro	oach	483	7.9	483	7.9	0.488	36.7	LOS D	6.5	53.0	0.91	0.76	0.91	28.
West	: Aurea	Blvd (W)	1											
10	L2	139	4.0	139	4.0	0.127	5.6	LOSA	1.2	9.8	0.27	0.53	0.27	41.0
11	T1	22	4.0	22	4.0	*0.127	1.7	LOSA	1.2	9.8	0.27	0.53	0.27	36.
12	R2	47	4.0	47	4.0	0.111	32.6	LOSC	1.6	12.7	0.81	0.71	0.81	29.
Appro	oach	208	4.0	208	4.0	0.127	11.3	LOS B	1.6	12.7	0.40	0.57	0.40	35.
All Ve	ehicles	1208	6.1	1208	6.1	0.519	29.9	LOSC	7.3	57.3	0.78	0.72	0.78	30.0



Site: [Thundelarra Dr & Crossover 1 - 2023 - PM (Site Folder: ■■ Network: N101 [PM (Network 2023)]
 Folder: 2023)]

Site Category: (None) Give-Way (Two-Way)

Vehi	cle Mo	vement	Perfo	rmano	e	100		11110	2000		-2.0		20077	
Mov ID	Tum	DEM/ FLOI [Total veh/h		ARRI FLO [Total veh/h	WS IHV]	Deg. Satn v/c	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service		ACK OF EUE Dist] m	Prop. Que	Effective A Stop Rate	lver. No. Cycles	Aver. Speed km/h
Sout	h: Thund	delarra D	r(S)											
2	T1	7	4.0	7	4.0	0.070	0.1	LOSA	0.3	2.5	0.13	0.44	0.13	43.3
3	R2	113	2.0	113	2.0	0.070	2.6	LOSA	0.3	2.5	0.13	0.44	0.13	28.9
Appr	oach	120	2.1	120	2.1	0.070	2.4	NA	0.3	2.5	0.13	0.44	0.13	31.2
East	Crosso	ver 1 (E)												
4	L2	136	2.0	136	2.0	0.105	0.0	LOSA	0.4	3.3	0.01	0.02	0.01	19.5
6	R2	23	2.0	23	2.0	0.105	1.0	LOSA	0.4	3.3	0.01	0.02	0.01	37.6
Appr	oach	159	2.0	159	2.0	0.105	0.2	LOSA	0.4	3.3	0.01	0.02	0.01	26.3
North	n: Thund	elarra Di	r (N)											
7	L2	43	2.0	43	2.0	0.025	4.6	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.51	0.00	35.2
8	T1	2	4.0	2	4.0	0.025	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.51	0.00	39.0
Appr	oach	45	2.1	45	2.1	0.025	4.4	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.51	0.00	35.4
All V	ehicles	324	2.1	324	2.1	0.105	1.6	NA	0.4	3.3	0.05	0.24	0.05	30.5

#### MOVEMENT SUMMARY

V Site: [Aurea Blvd & Crossover 2 - 2023 - PM (Site Folder: ■ Network: N101 [PM (Network 2023)]

Site Category: (None) Give-Way (Two-Way)

Vehi	icle Mo	vement	Perfo	rmano	e	120		1000	- 200	No Dalay	100			
Mov ID	Tum	DEM/ FLON [Total veh/h		ARRI FLO [ Total veh/h	WS IHV]	Deg. Satn v/c	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service		ACK OF EUE Dist] m	Prop. Que	Effective A Stop Rate	lver. No. Cycles	Aver Speed km/h
East	Aurea l	Blvd (E)												
5	T1	252	4.0	252	4.0	0.137	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	49.9
Appr	oach	252	4.0	252	4.0	0.137	0.0	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	49.9
North	n: Cross	over 2 (N	1)											
7	L2	57	2.0	57	2.0	0.037	0.1	LOSA	0.1	1.1	0.12	0.03	0.12	18.6
Appr	oach	57	2.0	57	2.0	0.037	0.1	LOSA	0.1	1.1	0.12	0.03	0.12	18.6
West	t: Aurea	Blvd (W)	).											
10	L2	60	2.0	60	2.0	0.058	3.9	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.30	0.00	22.6
11	T1	152	4.0	152	4.0	0.058	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.09	0.00	43.5
Appr	oach	212	3.4	212	3.4	0.058	1.1	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.15	0.00	32.9
All Ve	ehicles	520	3.6	520	3.6	0.137	0.5	NA	0.1	1.1	0.01	0.07	0.01	37.4



DEVELOPMENT
ASSESSMENT PANEL

APPROVED
22-Mar-2024

♥ Site: [Thundelarra Dr & Aurea Blvd - 2033 - AM (Site Folder: 2033)]

Site Category: (None) Roundabout

Mov ID	Tum	DEM/ FLO		ARR		Deg. Satn	Aver. Delay	Level of		ACK OF EUE	Prop.	Effective A		Aver
IU		[ Total	HV]	[ Tota	HV]		Delay	Service	[ Veh.	Dist]	Que	Stop Rate	Cycles	Speed
4000	_	veh/h	%	veh/h	%	v/c	sec	_	veh	m		_	_	km/h
South	n: Thung	lelarra D	r(S)											
1	L2	7	4.0	7	4.0	0.200	3.6	LOSA	1.2	9.7	0.43	0.59	0.43	41.4
2	T1	40	4.0	40	4.0	0.200	3.5	LOSA	1.2	9.7	0.43	0.59	0.43	25.2
3	R2	172	4.0	172	4.0	0.200	8.3	LOSA	1.2	9.7	0.43	0.59	0.43	25.2
3u	U	4	4.0	4	4.0	0.200	10.1	LOS B	1.2	9.7	0.43	0.59	0.43	28.3
Appro	oach	223	4.0	223	4.0	0.200	7.3	LOSA	1.2	9.7	0.43	0.59	0.43	26.7
East:	Aurea E	BlvdE)												
4	L2	113	4.0	113	4.0	0.203	2.8	LOSA	1.3	10.3	0.33	0.43	0.33	33.4
5	T1	102	4.0	102	4.0	0.203	2.8	LOSA	1.3	10.3	0.33	0.43	0.33	47.0
6	R2	37	4.0	37	4.0	0.203	7.3	LOSA	1.3	10.3	0.33	0.43	0.33	28.9
6u	U	1	4.0	1	4.0	0.203	9.1	LOSA	1.3	10.3	0.33	0.43	0.33	28.9
Appro	oach	253	4.0	253	4.0	0.203	3.4	LOSA	1.3	10.3	0.33	0.43	0.33	42.0
North	: Thund	elarra D	r (N)											
7	L2	43	4.0	43	4.0	0.109	3.3	LOSA	0.6	4.9	0.53	0.55	0.53	22.8
8	T1	44	4.0	44	4.0	0.109	3.5	LOSA	0.6	4.9	0.53	0.55	0.53	31.6
9	R2	17	4.0	17	4.0	0.109	7.5	LOSA	0.6	4.9	0.53	0.55	0.53	47.0
9u	U	1	4.0	1	4.0	0.109	9.3	LOSA	0.6	4.9	0.53	0.55	0.53	22.8
Appro	oach	105	4.0	105	4.0	0.109	4.1	LOSA	0.6	4.9	0.53	0.55	0.53	35.9
West	: Aurea	Blvd (W)	1											
10	L2	14	4.0	14	4.0	0.154	4.4	LOSA	0.9	7.2	0.50	0.53	0.50	42.1
11	T1	109	4.0	109	4.0	0.154	4.3	LOSA	0.9	7.2	0.50	0.53	0.50	42.1
12	R2	22	4.0	22	4.0	0.154	9.1	LOSA	0.9	7.2	0.50	0.53	0.50	41.3
12u	U	11	4.0	11	4.0	0.154	10.9	LOS B	0.9	7.2	0.50	0.53	0.50	47.9
Appro		156	4.0	156	4.0	0.154	5.4	LOSA	0.9	7.2	0.50	0.53	0.50	42.6
All Va	ehicles	737	4.0	737	4.0	0.203	5.1	LOSA	1.3	10.3	0.42	0.52	0.42	38.5



DEVELOPMENT
ASSESSMENT PANEL

APPROVED
22-Mar-2024

■■ Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: 2033)]

Site: [Warnbro sound Ave & Aurea Blvd & Adelong Ave - 2033 ■ Network: N101 [AM - AM (Site Folder: 2033)] (Network Folder: 2033)]

Mov	Tum	DEM	the state of the s	ARRI		Deg.		Level of		ACK OF	Prop.	Effective A		Aver
ID		FLO	HVI	FLO [Total	HV]	Satn	Delay	Service	[Veh.	EUE Dist]	Que	Stop Rate	Cycles	Speed
South	h: Wam	veh/h bro Soun	d Ave	veh/h	%	v/c	sec	_	veh	m	_	_		km/h
1	L2	68	4.0	68	4.0	0.050	6.9	LOSA	0.4	3.5	0.23	0.60	0.23	49.1
2	T1	293	5.8	293	5.8	0.342	31.5	LOSC	5.4	42.7	0.88	0.71	0.88	34.4
3	R2	9	4.0	9	4.0	0.054	46.4	LOS D	0.4	3.0	0.93	0.67	0.93	26.2
Appr	oach	371	5.4	371	5.4	0.342	27.3	LOSC	5.4	42.7	0.76	0.69	0.76	35.6
East:	Adelon	g Ave(E)												
4	12	16	4.0	16	4.0	0.339	28.2	LOS C	3.1	24.3	0.92	0.73	0.92	34.5
5	T1	88	4.0	88	4.0	*0.339	23.6	LOSC	3.1	24.3	0.92	0.73	0.92	14.4
6	R2	26	4.0	26	4.0	0.097	40.5	LOS D	1.0	7.9	0.89	0.70	0.89	18.4
Appr	oach	131	4.0	131	4.0	0.339	27.6	LOSC	3.1	24.3	0.92	0.73	0.92	19.2
North	: Warnl	oro Soun	d Ave	(N)										
7	L2	28	4.0	28	4.0	0.029	13.2	LOS B	0.5	3.9	0.47	0.63	0.47	34.3
8	T1	455	9.8	455	9.8	*0.552	33.4	LOS C	9.0	73.2	0.93	0.78	0.93	33.5
9	R2	97	4.0	97	4.0	* 0.555	49.8	LOS D	4.3	33.7	1.00	0.78	1.01	11.9
Appr	oach	580	8.5	580	8.5	0.555	35.2	LOS D	9.0	73.2	0.92	0.77	0.92	30.4
West	: Aurea	Blvd (W)												
10	L2	184	4.0	184	4.0	0.238	7.7	LOSA	2.6	20.0	0.45	0.58	0.45	38.4
11	T1	65	4.0	65	4.0	*0.238	3.7	LOSA	2.6	20.0	0.45	0.58	0.45	33.6
12	R2	74	4.0	74	4.0	0.173	33.2	LOS C	2.6	20.2	0.83	0.73	0.83	29.0
Appr	oach	323	4.0	323	4.0	0.238	12.7	LOS B	2.6	20.2	0.53	0.62	0.53	33.4
All Ve	ehicles	1404	6.3	1404	6.3	0.555	27.2	LOSC	9.0	73.2	0.79	0.71	0.79	31.6



V Site: [Thundelarra Dr & Crossover 1 - 2033 - AM (Site Folder: 2033)]

Site: [Thundelarra Dr & Crossover 1 - 2033 - AM (Site Folder: 2033)]

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: 2033)]

Site Category: (None) Give-Way (Two-Way)

Vehi	icle Mo	vement	Perfo	rmano	e	3.	200			4000	34	10.77	-	9.
Mov ID	Tum	DEM/ FLO [Total veh/h		ARR FLO [Total veh/h	WS IHV]	Deg. Satn v/c		Level of Service		ACK OF EUE Dist]	Prop. Que	Effective A Stop Rate	lver. No. Cycles	Aver Speed km/h
Sout	h: Thun	delarra D	r (S)				-							- 711
2	T1	17	4.0	17	4.0	0.052	0.1	LOSA	0.2	1.9	0.12	0.39	0.12	44.0
3	R2	74	2.0	74	2.0	0.052	2.6	LOSA	0.2	1.9	0.12	0.39	0.12	30.4
Appr	oach	91	2.4	91	2.4	0.052	2.1	NA	0.2	1.9	0.12	0.39	0.12	36.1
East	Crosso	ver 1 (E	)											
4	L2	91	2.0	91	2.0	0.068	0.0	LOSA	0.3	2.1	0.05	0.03	0.05	19.2
6	R2	13	2.0	13	2.0	0.068	0.9	LOSA	0.3	2.1	0.05	0.03	0.05	37.4
Appr	oach	103	2.0	103	2.0	0.068	0.1	LOSA	0.3	2.1	0.05	0.03	0.05	25.1
North	h: Thund	lelarra D	r (N)											
7	L2	27	2.0	27	2.0	0.023	4.6	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.35	0.00	37.3
8	T1	15	4.0	15	4.0	0.023	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.35	0.00	41.8
Appr	roach	42	2.7	42	2.7	0.023	3.0	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.35	0.00	38.7
All V	ehicles	236	2.3	236	2.3	0.068	1.4	NA	0.3	2.1	0.07	0.22	0.07	33.2

#### MOVEMENT SUMMARY

V Site: [Aurea Blvd & Crossover 2 - 2033 - AM (Site Folder: Network: N101 [AM 2033)] 
■■ Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: 2033)]

Site Category: (None) Give-Way (Two-Way)

Vehi	cle Mo	vement	Perfo	rmano	e									
Mov ID	Tum	DEMA FLON [Total veh/h		ARRIVAL FLOWS [Total HV] veh/h %		Deg. Satn v/c	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service		ACK OF EUE Dist] m	Prop. Que	Effective/ Stop Rate	Aver. No. Cycles	Aver. Speed km/h
East	Aurea E	Blvd (E)												
5	T1	254	4.0	254	4.0	0.138	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	49.9
Approach		254	4.0	254	4.0	0.138	0.0	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	49.9
North	n: Cross	over 2 (N	I)											
7	L2	36	2.0	36	2.0	0.025	0.4	LOSA	0.1	0.7	0.22	0.09	0.22	17.6
Approach		36	2.0	36	2.0	0.025	0.4	LOSA	0.1	0.7	0.22	0.09	0.22	17.6
West	t: Aurea	Blvd (W)												
10	L2	38	2.0	38	2.0	0.089	3.9	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.13	0.00	24.8
11	T1	287	4.0	287	4.0	0.089	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.05	0.00	45.8
Approach		325	3.8	325	3.8	0.089	0.5	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.06	0.00	40.7
All V	ehicles	615	3.8	615	3.8	0.138	0.3	NA	0.1	0.7	0.01	0.04	0.01	42.2



# MOVEMENT SUMMARY

♥ Site: [Thundelarra Dr & Aurea Blvd - 2033 - PM (Site Folder: ■ Network: N101 [PM (Network 2033)]

Site Category: (None) Roundabout

Mov	Tum	DEM/		ARRI		Deg.	Aver.	Level of		ACK OF	Prop.	Effective A		Aver
ID		FLO	HV]	FLO [Total		Satn	Delay	Service	[ Veh.	EUE Dist]	Que	Stop Rate	Cycles	Speed
	_	veh/h	%	veh/h	%	v/c	sec		veh	m		1000		km/t
South	: Thunc	lelarra D	r (S)											
1	L2	7	4.0	7	4.0	0.133	4.1	LOSA	8.0	6.1	0.49	0.59	0.49	41.9
2	T1	44	4.0	44	4.0	0.133	4.0	LOSA	8.0	6.1	0.49	0.59	0.49	25.
3	R2	83	4.0	83	4.0	0.133	8.8	LOSA	0.8	6.1	0.49	0.59	0.49	25.
3u	U	1	4.0	1	4.0	0.133	10.6	LOS B	8.0	6.1	0.49	0.59	0.49	28.
Appro	oach	136	4.0	136	4.0	0.133	7.0	LOSA	0.8	6.1	0.49	0.59	0.49	28.
East:	Aurea E	BlvdE)												
4	L2	80	4.0	80	4.0	0.239	2.8	LOSA	1.6	12.6	0.35	0.44	0.35	33.
5	T1	160	4.0	160	4.0	0.239	2.8	LOSA	1.6	12.6	0.35	0.44	0.35	46.
6	R2	56	4.0	56	4.0	0.239	7.3	LOSA	1.6	12.6	0.35	0.44	0.35	28.
6u	U	1	4.0	1	4.0	0.239	9.2	LOSA	1.6	12.6	0.35	0.44	0.35	28.
Appro	oach	297	4.0	297	4.0	0.239	3.7	LOSA	1.6	12.6	0.35	0.44	0.35	43.
North	: Thund	elarra D	(N)											
7	L2	54	4.0	54	4.0	0.135	2.6	LOSA	0.8	6.2	0.44	0.50	0.44	24.
8	T1	59	4.0	59	4.0	0.135	2.8	LOSA	0.8	6.2	0.44	0.50	0.44	32.
9	R2	31	4.0	31	4.0	0.135	6.8	LOSA	0.8	6.2	0.44	0.50	0.44	47.
9u	U	1	4.0	1	4.0	0.135	8.6	LOSA	0.8	6.2	0.44	0.50	0.44	24.
Appro	oach	144	4.0	144	4.0	0.135	3.6	LOSA	8.0	6.2	0.44	0.50	0.44	38.
West	Aurea	Blvd (W)												
10	L2	22	4.0	22	4.0	0.131	3.9	LOSA	0.8	6.1	0.43	0.45	0.43	43.
11	T1	108	4.0	108	4.0	0.131	3.8	LOSA	0.8	6.1	0.43	0.45	0.43	43.
12	R2	9	4.0	9	4.0	0.131	8.6	LOSA	0.8	6.1	0.43	0.45	0.43	42
12u	U	2	4.0	2	4.0	0.131	10.4	LOS B	0.8	6.1	0.43	0.45	0.43	48.
Appro	oach	142	4.0	142	4.0	0.131	4.2	LOSA	0.8	6.1	0.43	0.45	0.43	43.



## MOVEMENT SUMMARY

Site: [Warnbro sound Ave & Aurea Blvd & Adelong Ave - 2033 🖦 Network: N101 [PM (Network - PM (Site Folder: 2033)] Folder: 2033)]

Mov ID	Tum	DEM/	and the second	ARRI FLO		Deg. Satn	Aver.	Level of Service		ACK OF EUE	Prop. Que	Effective A Stop	ver No. Cycles	Aver. Speed
		[ Total	HV]	[ Tota	HV]			OBI VICE	[ Veh.	Dist ]	Guc	Rate	СущСэ	
South	n: Warn	veh/h bro Soun	% d Ave	veh/h	%	v/c	sec	_	veh	m	_	_	_	km/h
1	L2	106	4.0	106	4.0	0.080	7.1	LOSA	0.8	6.0	0.25	0.61	0.25	48.8
2	T1	441	5.8	441	5.8	*0.636	37.5	LOS D	9.2	72.5	0.97	0.82	0.99	31.7
3	R2	6	4.0	6	4.0	0.025	41.7	LOSD	0.2	1.9	0.88	0.66	0.88	27.7
Appro	oach	554	5.4	554	5.4	0.636	31.8	LOSC	9.2	72.5	0.83	0.77	0.85	33.5
East:	Adelon	g Ave(E)												
4	L2	3	4.0	3	4.0	0.150	28.4	LOSC	1.3	10.3	0.89	0.67	0.89	34.6
5	T1	41	4.0	41	4.0	*0.150	23.8	LOSC	1.3	10.3	0.89	0.67	0.89	14.4
6	R2	27	4.0	27	4.0	0.101	40.5	LOS D	1.1	8.2	0.89	0.70	0.89	18.4
Appro	oach	72	4.0	72	4.0	0.150	30.4	LOSC	1.3	10.3	0.89	0.68	0.89	17.7
North	: Warnl	oro Sound	d Ave	(N)										
7	L2	46	4.0	46	4.0	0.048	13.2	LOS B	0.8	6.4	0.48	0.65	0.48	34.2
8	T1	393	9.8	393	9.8	0.588	37.0	LOS D	8.1	66.1	0.96	0.79	0.96	32.0
9	R2	148	4.0	148	4.0	*0.589	46.2	LOS D	6.4	49.8	0.98	0.80	0.99	12.7
Appro	oach	587	7.9	587	7.9	0.589	37.4	LOSD	8.1	66.1	0.93	0.78	0.93	28.0
West	Aurea	Blvd (W)												
10	L2	165	4.0	165	4.0	0.153	6.2	LOSA	1.8	14.3	0.31	0.55	0.31	39.9
11	T1	25	4.0	25	4.0	*0.153	2.2	LOSA	1.8	14.3	0.31	0.55	0.31	35.2
12	R2	53	4.0	53	4.0	0.123	32.7	LOSC	1.8	14.2	0.81	0.72	0.81	29.1
Appro	oach	243	4.0	243	4.0	0.153	11.5	LOS B	1.8	14.3	0.42	0.59	0.42	34.7
All Ve	ehicles	1456	6.1	1456	6.1	0.636	30.6	LOSC	9.2	72.5	0.81	0.74	0.81	30.6



## MOVEMENT SUMMARY

V Site: [Thundelarra Dr & Crossover 1 - 2033 - PM (Site Folder: ■ Network: N101 [PM (Network 2033)]

Site Category: (None) Give-Way (Two-Way)

Vehi	cle Mo	vement	Perfo	rmano	e		1000	- 4	-		-			300
Mov ID	Turn	DEM/ FLO\ [Total veh/h		ARRI FLO [ Total veh/h	WS IHV]	Deg. Satn v/c		Level of Service		ACK OF EUE Dist] m	Prop. Que	Effective A Stop Rate	ver. No. Cycles	Aver Speed km/h
Sout	h: Thund	delarra D	r (S)											
2	T1	9	4.0	9	4.0	0.072	0.2	LOSA	0.3	2.6	0.14	0.44	0.14	43.3
3	R2	113	2.0	113	2.0	0.072	2.6	LOSA	0.3	2.6	0.14	0.44	0.14	28.9
Appr	oach	122	2.2	122	2.2	0.072	2.4	NA	0.3	2.6	0.14	0.44	0.14	31.8
East	Crosso	ver 1 (E)	1											
4	L2	136	2.0	136	2.0	0.106	0.0	LOSA	0.4	3.3	0.03	0.02	0.03	19.4
6	R2	23	2.0	23	2.0	0.106	1.1	LOSA	0.4	3.3	0.03	0.02	0.03	37.6
Appr	oach	159	2.0	159	2.0	0.106	0.2	LOSA	0.4	3.3	0.03	0.02	0.03	26.2
North	: Thund	lelarra Di	r (N)											
7	L2	43	2.0	43	2.0	0.028	4.6	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.46	0.00	35.9
8	T1	7	4.0	7	4.0	0.028	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.46	0.00	39.9
Appr	oach	51	2.3	51	2.3	0.028	4.0	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.46	0.00	36.4
All V	ehicles	332	2.1	332	2.1	0.106	1.6	NA	0.4	3.3	0.07	0.24	0.07	31.1

# MOVEMENT SUMMARY

Site: [Aurea Blvd & Crossover 2 - 2033 - PM (Site Folder: ■■ Network: N101 [PM (Network 2033)]
 Folder: 2033)]

Site Category: (None) Give-Way (Two-Way)

		_	-											
Veh	icle Mo	vement	Perfo	rmano	e									
Mov ID	Tum	DEM FLO [Total veh/h		ARR FLO [Tota veh/h	WS IHV]	Deg. Satn v/c		Level of Service		ACK OF EUE Dist] m	Prop. Que	Effective A Stop Rate	Aver. No. Cycles	Aver Speed km/h
East	: Aurea l	Blvd (E)												
5	T1	295	4.0	295	4.0	0.160	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	49.9
Appr	roach	295	4.0	295	4.0	0.160	0.0	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	49.9
North	h: Cross	over 2 (f	V)											
7	L2	57	2.0	57	2.0	0.037	0.2	LOSA	0.1	1.1	0.15	0.04	0.15	18.3
Appr	roach	57	2.0	57	2.0	0.037	0.2	LOSA	0.1	1.1	0.15	0.04	0.15	18.3
Wes	t: Aurea	Blvd (W	)											
10	L2	60	2.0	60	2.0	0.067	3.9	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.26	0.00	23.0
11	T1	185	4.0	185	4.0	0.067	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.09	0.00	43.7
Appr	oach	245	3.5	245	3.5	0.067	1.0	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.13	0.00	34.3
All V	ehicles	597	3.6	597	3.6	0.160	0.4	NA	0.1	1.1	0.01	0.06	0.01	38.6



DEVELOPMENT
ASSESSMENT PANEL
APPROVED
22-Mar-2024

# **Appendix C**

**TURN PATH ANALYSIS** 

DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT PANEL

APPROVED



2 Aurea Blvd, Golden Bay 19.0 m Semi-railers Fuel tanker circulation

t22.035.s01b 1/5/2023

Scale: 1:400 @ A3



DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT PANEL

APPROVED



2 Aurea Blvd, Golden Bay 8.8 MRV Service vehicle entry

t22.035.sk03b 1/5/2023

Scale: 1:500 @ A3



DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT PANEL

APPROVED



2 Aurea Blvd, Golden Bay 8.8 MRV Service vehicle exit

t22.035.sk04b 1/5/2023 Scale: 1:500 @ A3



DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT PANEL

APPROVED



2 Aurea Blvd, Golden Bay 12.5 Rigid Truck Service vehicle entry

t22.035.sk06b 1/5/2023

Scale: 1:300 @ A3



DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT PANEL

APPROVED



2 Aurea Blvd, Golden Bay 12.5 Rigid Truck

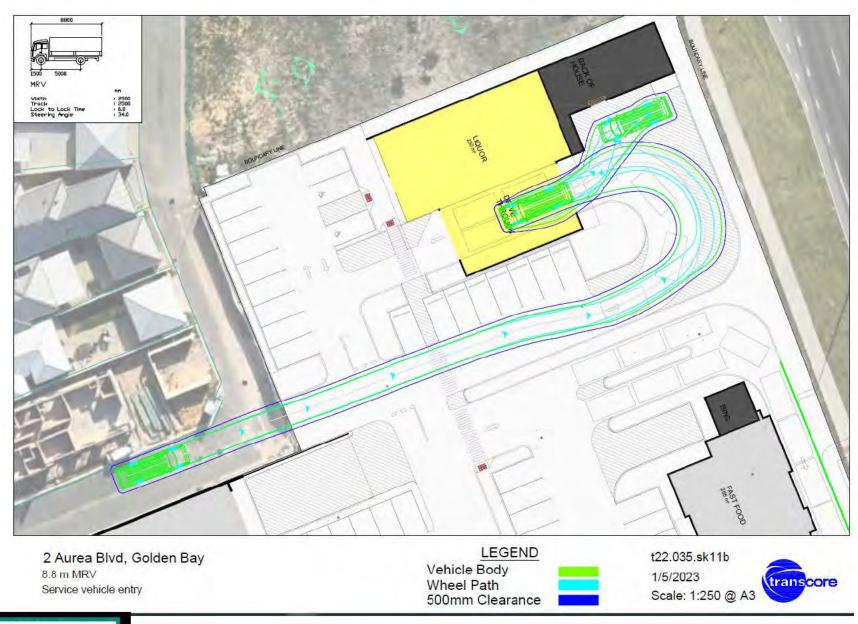
Service vehicle exit

LEGEND Vehicle Body Wheel Path 500mm Clearance

t22.035.sk06b 1/5/2023 Scale: 1:300 @ A3

DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT PANEL

APPROVED



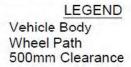
DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT PANEL

APPROVED



2 Aurea Blvd, Golden Bay 8.8 m MRV

Service vehicle exit



t22.035.sk12b 1/5/2023

transcore Scale: 1:300 @ A3

DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT PANEL

APPROVED



DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT PANEL

APPROVED



2 Aurea Blvd, Golden Bay 8.8m Service Vehicle Service vehicle exit

t22.035.sk17a 1/5/2023

Scale: 1:200 @ A3



DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT PANEL

APPROVED



Technical Note: No. 1 Date: 30/11/2023

Project No: t23.035

Project: Lot 622 (No. 2) Aurea Boulevard, Golden Bay Subject: Proposed Neighbourhood Centre - Revised Plan

# 1. Introduction

The proposed development at the above-mentioned site was refused by JDAP on July 10, 2023. Subsequently, the application was referred to the State Administrative Tribunal (SAT). Currently, the matter is in mediation, and the first mediation session took place on Monday, October 23, 2023.

Following the first mediation, several actions were agreed upon, which subsequently lead to a revised development plan. Accordingly, Transcore has been requested to prepare an Addendum Report (to the Revised Transport Impact Assessment dated May 2023) with respect to these actions and the revised development plan. The identified actions are as follows:

- 1. Provide pedestrian refuge within Thundelarra Drive crossover, to be constructed of rollover kerb to prevent interference with service vehicles;
- 2. Convert existing on-street bays along Aurea Boulevard to a left turn pocket;
- 3. Show pedestrian path and pram ramps along Aurea Boulevard crossover.
- 4. Provide blind aisle turning bay for Liquor Store parking area;
- Move fuel bowsers closer to the convenience store building to the extent possible; and,
- 6. Change configuration of refuelling area to one way.

This technical note serves as an addendum to the original Revised TIA prepared by Transcore in May 2023.

# 2. Revised Development Plan

**Appendix A** illustrates the revised development plan. The revised plan indicates the following modifications to the proposed Aurea Blvd and Thundelarra Drive crossovers:

- Amendment of Thundelarra Drive crossover and provision of a pedestrian refuge;
- Provision of a mountable apron on the southern side of the Thundelarra Drive crossover:
- Removal of the mountable apron from the east side of the Aurea Blvd crossover;

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- Removal of the on-street parking bays and provision of a left turn pocket on Aurea Blvd crossover; and,
- Provision of pedestrian path and pram ramps along Aurea Boulevard crossover.

In addition to the above modifications, the following changes have been made to the internal site layout:

- Provision of a turnaround bay within the blind aisle adjacent to the proposed liquor store;
- Shifting the service station canopy and bowsers further west to create more stacking spaces at the bowsers; and,
- Introducing southbound one-way system within the eastern area of the service station forecourt.

As a result of the above modifications, it is recommended that a smaller 17m fuel tankers should be used to service the proposed service station.

With the revised crossover designs, the fuel tanker will enter the site via the Aurea Blvd crossover and exit the site via Thundelarra Drive crossover. Turn path analysis undertaken included in **Appendix B** of this technical note indicates satisfactory movement of the fuel tanker. The turn path analysis also shows satisfactory navigation of the roundabout intersection of Thundelarra Drive/Aurea Blvd by the fuel tanker. To facilitate the left turn, exit of the fuel tanker, a mountable apron is proposed at the Thundelarra Drive crossover.

The Thundelarra Drive crossover now entails a pedestrian refuse. The design of the crossover accommodates left turn outs by the fuel tanker and right and left turn ins by a B99 vehicles as evident from the turn paths in Appendix B.

The turn around bay provided within the blind aisle adjacent to the liquor store will remove the risk of traffic conflicts and congestion within this parking area.

The revised development plan now entails more stacking space behind the fuel bowsers of the proposed service station. This is achieved by shifting the bowsers and the canopy further west yest achieving a 6.5m wide circulation aisle between the parking bays fronting the shop and the bowsers. To further reduce the risk of traffic conflicts, it is recommended that the eastern service station forecourt should be one-way in the southbound direction, but the western forecourt remains as two-way.

# 3. Conclusions

Following the SAT Mediation, several actions related to development site plan have been actioned resulting in a revised development plan. The revised development plan will result in more efficient traffic circulation within the development reducing the risk of traffic conflicts, queue backs and congestion within the site.



Based on the assessments undertaken by Transcore, it is evident that the revised development plan has successfully addressed all the actions raised and agreed in the mediation. The modifications and adjustments made to the development plan, as guided by the mediation outcomes, have effectively resolved the items discussed during the mediation process.



# **APPENDIX A**

# **REVISED DEVELOPMENT PLAN**





DEVELOPMENT
ASSESSMENT PANEL

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# APPENDIX B

# **TURN PATHS**





2 Aurea Blvd, Golden Bay Austroads 2013: B99 Passenger Car

B99 left-in

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LEGEND Vehicle Body Wheel Path 300mm Clearance



t22.035.sk24a 28/11/2023

Scale: 1:100 @ A3





2 Aurea Blvd, Golden Bay Austroads 2013: B99 Passenger Car B99 right-in

DEVELOPMENT
ASSESSMENT PANEL

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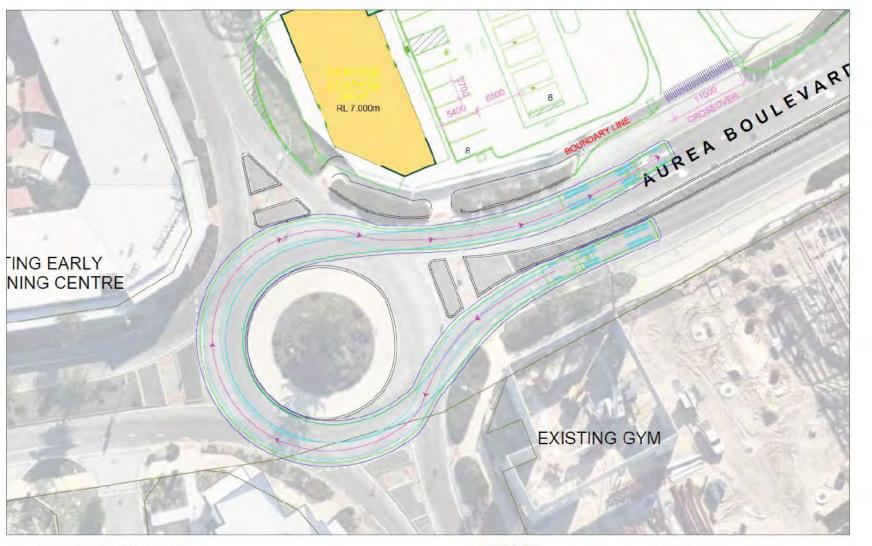
12-Mar-2024

LEGEND Vehicle Body Wheel Path 300mm Clearance

t22.035.sk25a 28/11/2023

Scale: 1:100 @ A3





2 Aurea Blvd, Golden Bay

17.0m Fuel-tanker

Fuel tanker U-turn at the roundabout

DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT PANEL

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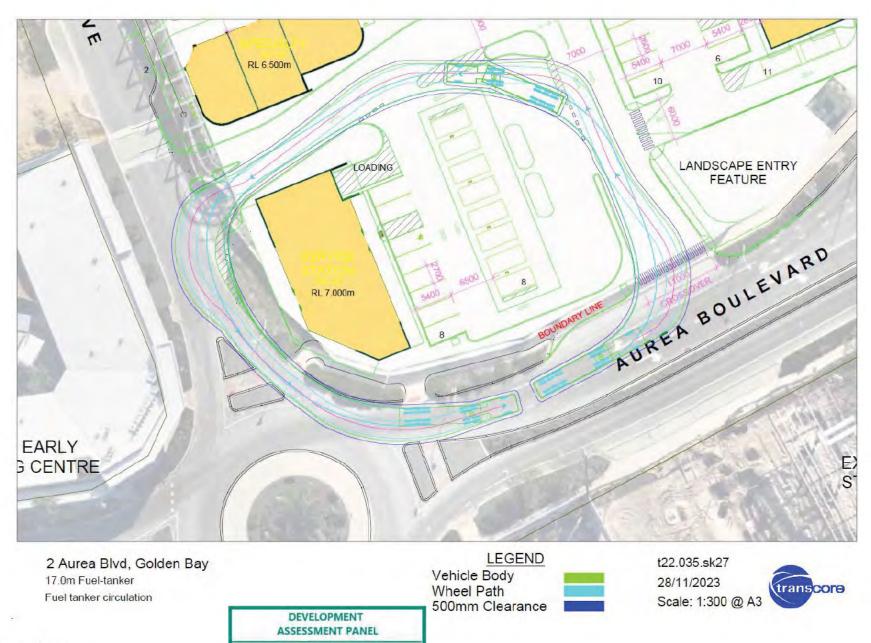
12-Mar-2024

LEGEND Vehicle Body Wheel Path 500mm Clearance

t22.035.sk26 28/11/2023

Scale: 1:300 @ A3





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Acoustics

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# Environmental Noise Assessment -Commercial Development

Golden Bay Neighbourhood Centre, 2 Aurea Bvd, Golden Bay

Reference: 22117749-01A

Prepared for: Ladybug Twenty Pty Ltd





Reference: 22117749-01A

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This report has been prepared in accordance with the scope of services described in the contract or agreement between Lloyd George Acoustics Pty Ltd and the Client. The report relies upon data, surveys, measurements and results taken at or under the particular times and conditions specified herein. Any findings, conclusions or recommendations only apply to the aforementioned circumstances and no greater reliance should be assumed or drawn by the Client. Furthermore, the report has been prepared solely for use by the Client, and Lloyd George Acoustics Pty Ltd accepts no responsibility for its use by other parties.

Date	Rev	Description	Author	Verified
23-Dec-22	0	Draft Issued to Client	Matt Moyle	Terry George
9-Feb-23	1	Finalised Issue	Matt Moyle	Terry George
28-Apr-23	A	Updated IF and Mitigation Recommendations	Matt Moyle	Terry George



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# **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

Lloyd George Acoustics was engaged by Ladybug Twenty Pty Ltd to undertake a noise assessment for a proposed commercial development to be located at Golden Bay Neighbourhood Centre, 2 Aurea Bvd, Golden Bay. This report considered noise emissions from the proposed development to surrounding properties by way of noise modelling. The proposed development is to comprise of a service station, drive-through liquor shop, supermarket, two fast food outlets (with drive-throughs), and minor specialty tenancies. Noise impacts considered include those of mechanical plant, vehicle noise, air service equipment, deliveries and fuel bowsers.

Noise emissions are predicted by way of computer noise modelling and assessed against assigned levels in accordance with the *Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997*.

The predicted noise levels are demonstrated to be compliant without the need for mitigation measures.



# 1. INTRODUCTION

Lloyd George Acoustics was engaged by Ladybug Twenty Pty Ltd to undertake an environmental noise assessment of a proposed commercial development to be located at Golden Bay Neighbourhood Centre, 2 Aurea Bvd, Golden Bay (refer *Figure 1-1*) with the site plan shown in *Figure 1-2* and full Development Application (DA) plans provided in *Appendix A*. The development will comprise of the following elements:

- A 24-hour service station and convenience store;
- A liquor tenancy with drive-through lane; and
- A supermarket and three adjacent specialty retail tenancies;
- Two fast food tenancies with drive-through lanes.



Figure 1-1: Subject Site Location (Source: DPLH PlanWA)

The proposed service station will be open 7 days a week, 24-hours a day. The supermarket, liquor tenancy (with drive through) and two fast food tenancies are assumed to operate during the night time period as well. With regard to noise emissions, consideration is given to noise at neighbouring properties from mechanical plant, drive through speakers, air servicing equipment, deliveries, vehicles and fuel bowsers, against the prescribed standards of the *Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997*.





Figure 1-2: Proposed Site Plan

Appendix C contains a description of some of the terminology used throughout this report



#### 2. CRITERIA

Environmental noise in Western Australia is governed by the Environmental Protection Act 1986, through the Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997 (the Regulations).

## 2.1. Regulations 7, 8 & 9

This group of regulations provide the prescribed standard for noise as follows:

### "7. Prescribed standard for noise emissions

- (1) Noise emitted from any premises or public place when received at other premises -
  - (a) must not cause, or significantly contribute to, a level of noise which exceeds the assigned level in respect of noise received at premises of that kind; and
  - (b) must be free of -
    - (i) tonality; and
    - (ii) impulsiveness; and
    - (iii) modulation,

when assessed under regulation 9.

(2) For the purposes of subregulation (1)(a), a noise emission is taken to significantly contribute to a level of noise if the noise emission ... exceeds a value which is 5 dB below the assigned level at the point of reception."

Tonality, impulsiveness and modulation are defined in regulation 9 (refer Appendix C). Under regulation 9(3), "Noise is taken to be free of the characteristics of tonality, impulsiveness and modulation if -

- (a) the characteristics cannot be reasonably and practicably removed by techniques other than attenuating the overall level of noise emission; and
- (b) the noise emission complies with the standard prescribed under regulation 7(1)(a) after the adjustments in the table [Table 2-1] ... are made to the noise emission as measured at the point of reception."

Table 2-1 Adjustments Where Characteristics Cannot Be Removed

Where	Noise Emission is No	Where Noise Emission is Music			
Tonality	Modulation	Impulsiveness	Na Impulsiveness	Impulsiveness	
+ 5 dB	+ 5 dB	+ 10 dB	+ 10 dB	+ 15 dB	

<sup>\*</sup> These adjustments are cumulative to a maximum of 15 dB.



The assigned levels (prescribed standards) for all premises are specified in regulation 8(3) and are shown in Table 2-2. The L<sub>A10</sub> assigned level is applicable to noises present for more than 10% of a representative assessment period, generally applicable to "steady-state" noise sources. The L<sub>A1</sub> is for short-term noise sources present for less than 10% and more than 1% of the time. The L<sub>Amax</sub> assigned level is applicable for incidental noise sources, present for less than 1% of the time.

Table 2-2 Baseline Assigned Levels

Premises Receiving	The of Per		Assigned Level (dB)		
Naise	Time Of Day	LA10	LAI	LAmax	
	0700 to 1900 hours Monday to Saturday (Day)	45 + influencing factor	55 + influencing factor	65 + influencing factor	
Noise sensitive premises: highly sensitive area <sup>1</sup>	0900 to 1900 hours Sunday and public holidays (Sunday)	40 + influencing factor	50 + influencing factor	65 + influencing factor	
	1900 to 2200 hours all days (Evening)	40 + influencing factor	50 + influencing factor	55 + influencing factor	
	2200 hours on any day to 0700 hours Monday to Saturday and 0900 hours Sunday and public holidays (Night)	35 + influencing factor	45 + influencing factor	55 + influencing factor	
Noise sensitive premises: any area other than highly sensitive area	All hours	60	75	80	
Commercial Premises	All hours	60	75	80	
Industrial and Utility Premises	All hours	65	80	90	

highly sensitive area means that area (if any) of noise sensitive premises comprising -

The influencing factor (IF), in relation to noise received at noise sensitive premises, has been calculated as between 2 and 4 dB, as determined in *Appendix B*. Table 2-3 shows the assigned noise levels including the influencing factor and transport factor at the receiving premises groups shown in *Figure 2-1*.

<sup>(</sup>a) a building, or a part of a building, on the premises that is used for a noise sensitive purpose; and

<sup>(</sup>b) any other part of the premises within 15 metres of that building or that part of the building.



Figure 1-1: Subject Site Location (Source: DPLH PlanWA)



Table 2-3 Assigned Levels

Premises Receiving Noise R1, R2, R6 +4 dB IF	77-012	A	ssigned Level (d	в)
Noise	Time Of Day	LAIn	LAI	L <sub>Amax</sub>
490.1	0700 to 1900 hours Monday to Saturday (Day)	53	63	73
	0900 to 1900 hours Sunday and public holidays (Sunday)	48	58	73
Noise sensitive	1900 to 2200 hours all days (Evening)	48	58	63
premises: highly sensitive area <sup>1</sup>	2200 hours on any day to 0700 hours Monday to Saturday and 0900 hours Sunday and public holidays (Night)	39	49	63
100	0700 to 1900 hours Monday to Saturday (Day)	50	60	70
R3, R4 +5 dB IF	0900 to 1900 hours Sunday and public holidays (Sunday)	44	54	70
Noise sensitive	1900 to 2200 hours all days (Evening)	44	54	60
premises: highly sensitive area <sup>1</sup>	2200 hours on any day to 0700 hours Monday to Saturday and 0900 hours Sunday and public holidays (Night)	40	50	60
R5, R7, R8 Commercial Premises	All hours	60	75	80

It must be noted the assigned levels above apply outside the receiving premises and at a point at least 3 metres away from any substantial reflecting surfaces. Where this was not possible to be achieved due to the close proximity of existing buildings and/or fences, the noise emissions were assessed at a point within 1 metre from building facades and a -2 dB adjustment was made to the predicted noise levels to account for reflected noise.

The assigned levels are statistical levels and therefore the period over which they are determined is important. The Regulations define the Representative Assessment Period (RAP) as "a period of time of not less than 15 minutes, and not exceeding 4 hours, determined by an inspector or authorised person to be appropriate for the assessment of a noise emission, having regard to the type and nature of the noise emission". An inspector or authorised person is a person appointed under Sections 87 & 88 of the Environmental Protection Act 1986 and include Local Government Environmental Health Officers and Officers from the Department of Water Environmental Regulation. Acoustic consultants or other environmental consultants are not appointed as an inspector or authorised person. Therefore, whilst this assessment is based on a 4-hour RAP, which is assumed to be appropriate given the nature of the operations, this is to be used for guidance only.



## 2.2. Regulation 3

#### "3. Regulations do not apply to certain noise emissions

- (1) Nothing in these regulations applies to the following noise emissions -
  - (a) Noise emissions from the propulsion and braking systems of motor vehicles operating on a road;"

The service station car park is considered a road and therefore vehicle noise (propulsion and braking) is not assessed. Noise from vehicle car doors and refrigeration units on trucks however are assessed, since these are not part of the propulsion or braking system. However, vehicle propulsion noise in the drive-through area has been considered assessable in this report due to the nature of the lanes being solely for food ordering purposes and not road access.

It is understood that bulk refuelling at the service station is done during the daytime and gravity fed (no pump) with the engine turned off. As such, this activity is not assessed as noise impact is considered negligible.

### 2.3. Regulation 14A

#### "14A. Waste Collection and Other Works

- (2) Regulation 7 does not apply to noise emitted in the course of carrying out class 1 works if -
  - (a) The works are carried out in the quietest reasonable and practicable manner; and
  - (b) The equipment used to carry out the works is the quietest reasonably available;

class 1 works means specified works carried out between -

- (a) 0700 hours and 1900 hours on any day that is not a Sunday or a public holiday; or
- (b) 0900 hours and 1900 hours on a Sunday or public holiday.

specified works means -

- (a) The collection of waste; or
- (b) The cleaning of a road or the drains for a road; or
- (c) The cleaning of public places, including footpaths, cycle paths, car parks and beaches;"

In the case where specified works are to be carried out outside of class 1, a noise management plan is to be prepared and approved by the CEO.



#### 3. METHODOLOGY

Computer modelling has been used to predict the noise emissions from the development. The software used was SoundPLAN 8.2 with the ISO 9613 algorithms (ISO 17534-3 improved method) selected, as they include the influence of wind and are considered appropriate given the relatively short source to receiver distances. Input data required in the model are listed below and discussed in Section 3.1 to Section 3.4:

- Meteorological Information;
- Topographical data;
- · Ground Absorption; and
- Source sound power levels.

#### 3.1. Meteorological Conditions

Meteorological information utilised is provided in *Table 3-1* and is considered to represent worst-case conditions for noise propagation. At wind speeds greater than those shown, sound propagation may be further enhanced, however background noise from the wind itself and from local vegetation is likely to be elevated and dominate the ambient noise levels.

Table 3-1: Modelling Meteorological Conditions

Parameter	Night (7.00pm to 7.00am)
Temperature (°C)	15
Humidity (%)	50
Wind Speed (m/s)	Up to 5
Wind Direction*	All

<sup>\*</sup> The modelling package allows for all wind directions to be modelled simultaneously.

Alternatives to the above default conditions can be used where one year of weather data is available and the analysis considers the worst 2% of the day and night for the month of the year in which the worst-case weather conditions prevail (source: *Draft Guideline on Environmental Noise for Prescribed Premises*, May 2016). In most cases, the default conditions occur for more than 2% of the time and therefore must be satisfied.

#### 3.2. Topographical Data

Topographical data was adapted from publicly available information (e.g. *Google*) in the form of spot heights and combined with the site plan, including a 1.2-metre high parapet around all new buildings.

Surrounding existing buildings were also incorporated in the noise model, as these can provide noise shielding as well as reflection paths. Single storey buildings are modelled with a height of 3.5 metres with receivers 1.4 metres above ground. It is noted that many houses close to the development have laneway type garage access and these are not considered habitable or sensitive facades, so predictions are made to the nearest habitable facades.



Figure 3-1 shows a 2D overview of the noise model with the location of all relevant receivers and noise sources identified. A 3.0m high solid screening wall has also been included to the north of the supermarket loading bay as indicated on DA plans. This is assumed to be minimum 15 kg/m² surface mass and free of gaps. The north boundary fence is assumed to be 1.8m high. A 1.6m high colorbond style (or equivalent) fence is also noted along the north east drive-through liquor lane.



Figure 3-1: Overview of Noise Model

#### 3.3. Ground Absorption

The ground absorption has been assumed to be 0.0 (0%) for the roads and 0.5 (50%) elsewhere, noting that 0.0 represents hard reflective surfaces such as water and 1.0 represents absorptive surfaces such as grass.



#### 3.4. Source Sound Levels

The source sound levels used in the modelling are provided in Table 3-2.

Table 3-2: Source Sound Levels, dB

			Octave i	Band Cent	re Frequ	ency (Hz)			Overall
Description	63	125	250	500	1k	2k	4k	8k	dB(A)
Fuel Bowsers x 4 – L <sub>10</sub>	-	65	68	65	67	65	59	50	71
Air Service Alarm – L <sub>max</sub>	-	181	-	8.1	31	91	96	92	99
Refrigeration Condenser Packages – LAIO	88	87	85	81	76	70	64	59	82
General Exhaust Fan – L <sub>10</sub>	72	70	64	61	53	53	51	45	63
Toilet Exhaust Fan – L <sub>10</sub>	182	61	67	61	64	60	52	46	67
Typical AC Condensers – L <sub>10</sub>	1	77	75	72	70	67	62	56	75
Pulford Silenced Compressor – L <sub>10</sub>	73	72	75	71	67	63	59	51	73
Ice Box Compressor – L <sub>10</sub>	51	61	61	63	63	59	56	47	68
Car Door Closings – L <sub>max</sub>	71	74	77	81	80	78	72	61	84
Large Refrigerated Truck Condenser – L <sub>1</sub>	88	79	92	90	92	91	85	76	98
Drive-Through Speaker – L <sub>A1</sub>	62	64	66	77	80	73	57	42	82
Drive-Through Car Idling – L <sub>A10</sub>	81	78	74	72	74	74	67	64	79

The following is noted in relation to Table 3-2:

- Mechanical plant sound levels are estimated from previous projects;
- Exhaust fans are located 0.5m above roof;
- . The Pulford Compressor is located in the service yard of the service station, 1.0m above ground level;
- A/C plant (Condensers) for all stores are located on the rooftop (1.0m above roof level) and screened with parapets;
- The Ice Box is located at the front of the convenience store, 1.8m above ground level;
- Fuel bowsers, air service alarm and car doors are modelled as 1.0m above ground level;
- Refrigerated truck condenser is modelled at 2.3m above ground;
- Car door and all engine sources are modelled at 0.5m above ground;
- For each of the three drive through tenancies, 5 to 10 vehicles are modelled idling in the Drive-Through
  queuing, ordering and waiting areas, depending on the calculation scenario (see below).



#### 4. RESULTS AND ASSESSMENT

Noise modelling was undertaken for the following scenarios:

- Night-time (L<sub>A10</sub>) Includes all L<sub>A10</sub> noise sources of Table 3-2, with a total of 15 idling cars in drive through lanes (5 per tenancy);
- Night-time (L<sub>A1</sub>) Includes a refrigerated delivery truck in each loading area (cold deliveries) and 30 cars in drive though lanes (10 per tenancy) and the drive through speakers of both fast food outlets;
- Night-time (L<sub>Amax</sub>) Considers car door closings and air service alarm.

#### 4.1. Scenario 1 - All Plant and Drive Thru Tenancies LA10

The results for night-time operations are provided in *Table 4-1*. A noise contour plot is also provided in *Figure 4-1* showing noise levels at ground floor. It should be noted that the assessment has assumed all fuel plant including fuel bowsers will be used simultaneously during the night, which is conservative as they will generally cycle intermittently.

Table 4-1: Scenario 1 Predicted Levels and Assessment, dB LA10

Receiver	Fuel Bowsers	All Mech Plant	15 Drive Through Vehicles	Total	Night Assigned Noise Level	Assessment
R1 6 Elvire Gr (west houses)	17	25	25	28	39	Complies
R1 24 Elvire Gr (west houses)	14	27	27	30	39	Complies
R1 97 Thundelarra Dr	12	28	20	29	39	Complies
R2 90-92 Thundelarra Dr	13	36	36	39	39	Complies
R2 Lot 9505 North	18	31	33	35	39	Complies
R3 12 Mallina Cr (Res NE)	21	25	38	38	40	Complies
R4 38 Winderie Rd (Future Res)	22	24	36	36	40	Complies
R5 Lot 265 South (Commercial)	31	28	33	36	60	Complies
R6 15 Aurea Bvd (CCC)	25	26	28	31	39	Complies
R6 17 Aurea Bvd (south housing)	20	25	24	28	39	Complies
R6 20 Aurea Bvd (Comm CCC)	28	33	31	36	39	Complies
R7 95 Thundelarra Dr (Vacant)	27	33	29	35	60	Complies
R8 Lot 9037 Future Comm	17	28	41	41	60	Complies

The mechanical plant and vehicles in drive through lanes are the dominant sources and given the number and range of sources operating simultaneously in this scenario, tonality of the mechanical plant is not considered



detectable. Therefore, the predicted level is compliant at all the worst-case locations. Note compliance is still achieved even if the + 5 dB tonality adjustment was applied to the mechanical plant noise only.

As the analysis is based on file data, it is recommended that a follow up verification of mechanical plant selections be carried out at detailed design by a suitably qualified acoustical consultant.

#### 4.2. Scenario 2 - Refrigerated Trucks and Full Drive-Through Lanes LA1

The predicted noise levels from all four refrigerated delivery trucks and the fully loaded drive through lanes are provided in *Table 4-2*. A noise contour plot is also provided in *Figure 4-2* showing noise levels at ground floor. This assumes deliveries will take less than 24 minutes in a 4-hour period, which is considered sufficient time for a scale stores. It should also be noted that it is unlikely that all four stores will be receiving deliveries simultaneously, and during peak drive through usage, therefore the assessment is to be considered as a conservative worst-case scenario.

Table 4-2: Scenario 2 Predicted Levels and Assessment, dB LA1

Receiver	4 Delivery Trucks	30 Drive Through Vehicles	Total*	Night-time Assigned Noise Level	Assessment
R1 6 Elvire Gr (west houses)	36	29	37	49	Complies
R1 24 Elvire Gr (west houses)	32	32	35	49	Complies
R1 97 Thundelarra Dr	30	24	33	49	Complies
R2 90-92 Thundelarra Dr	44	41	46	49	Complies
R2 Lot 9505 North	48	37	48	49	Complies
R3 12 Mallina Cr (Res NE)	45	43	47	50	Complies
R4 38 Winderie Rd (Future Res)	42	40	44	50	Complies
R5 Lot 265 South (Commercial)	48	37	49	75	Complies
R6 15 Aurea Bvd (CCC)	39	32	40	49	Complies
R6 17 Aurea Bvd (south housing)	33	28	35	49	Complies
R6 20 Aurea Bvd (Comm CCC)	43	35	44	49	Complies
R7 95 Thundelarra Dr (Vacant)	40	32	42	75	Complies
R8 Lot 9037 Future Comm	42	46	47	75	Complies

<sup>\*</sup>Includes all Mech Plant Sources from Scenario 1

Compliance at all receivers is predicted at night and therefore mitigation measures are not required. Note that with the number of vehicle sources (including 4 delivery trucks) present in the scenario, it is unlikely that tonality would be detectable in the  $L_{\rm A1}$  measured level. Note also that some sensitive receivers are identified as Childcare Centres (CCC) and would likely be unoccupied during the evening and night time periods.



#### 4.3. Scenario 3 - Night L<sub>Amax</sub>

The results for night-time L<sub>Amax</sub> scenario (car doors and air service alarm) are provided in *Table 4-3*. A noise contour plot (non-cumulative) is also provided in *Figure 4-3* showing noise levels at ground floor. Car door closing noise levels are adjusted by + 10 dB for impulsiveness and air service alarms adjusted by + 5 dB for tonality and assessed against the night-time L<sub>Amax</sub> assigned level.

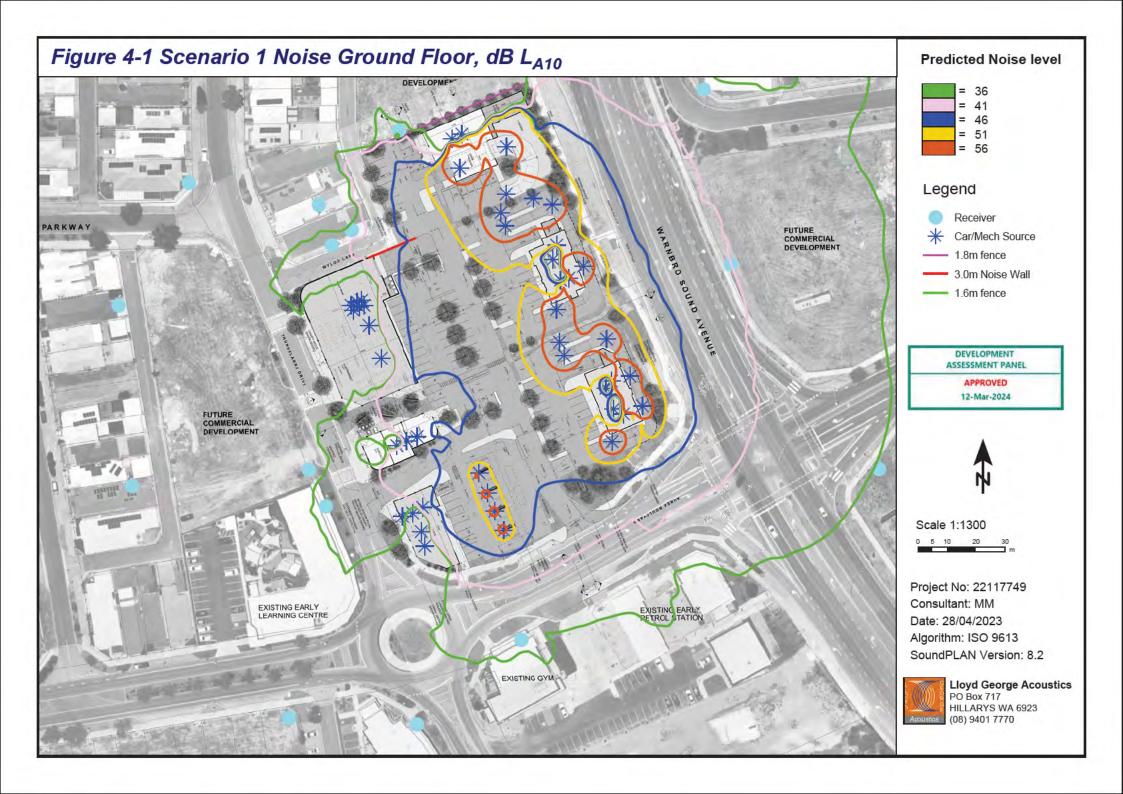
Table 4-3: Scenario 1 Predicted Levels and Assessment, dB LAMAX

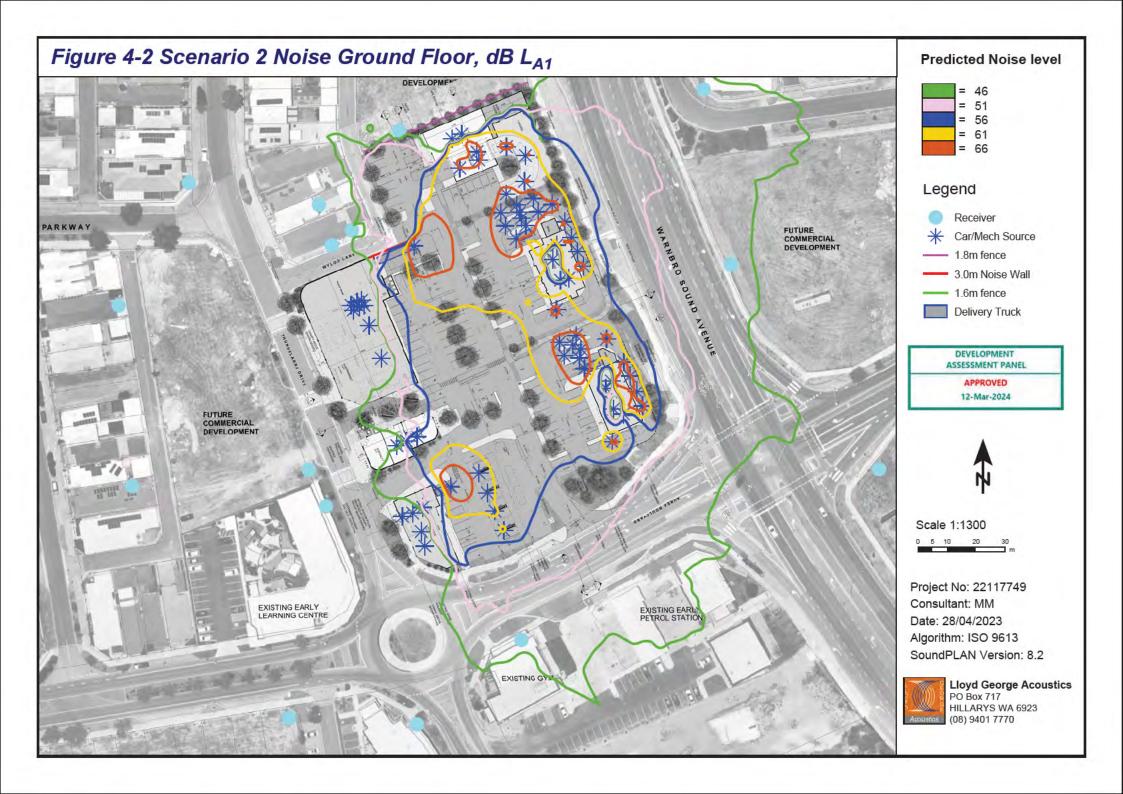
Receiver	Air Service Alarm*	Car Door Closing#	Maximum	Assigned Noise Level	Assessment
R1 6 Elvire Gr (west houses)	24	41	41	61	Complies
R1 24 Elvire Gr (west houses)	25	39	39	61	Complies
R1 97 Thundelarra Dr	27	29	29	61	Complies
R2 90-92 Thundelarra Dr	23	39	39	63	Complies
R2 Lot 9505 North	39	57	57	63	Complies
R3 12 Mallina Cr (Res NE)	45	43	45	62	Complies
R4 38 Winderie Rd (Future Res)	47	40	47	62	Complies
R5 Lot 265 South (Commercial)	59	50	59	80	Complies
R6 15 Aurea Bvd (CCC)	54	44	54	62	Complies
R6 17 Aurea Bvd (south housing)	50	41	50	61	Complies
R6 20 Aurea Bvd (Comm CCC)	32	48	48	63	Complies
R7 95 Thundelarra Dr (Vacant)	31	50	50	80	Complies
R8 Lot 9037 Future Comm	40	43	43	80	Complies

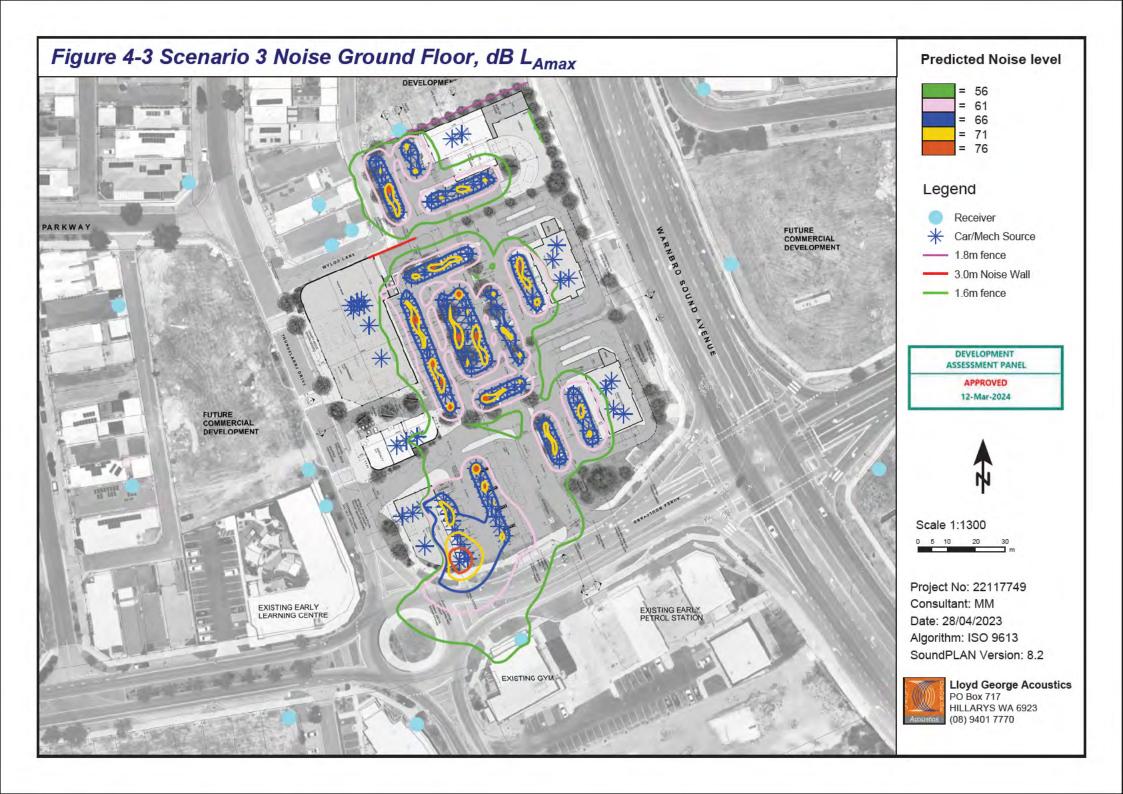
<sup>\*</sup> Adjusted by + 5 dB for tonality

Noise levels are predicted to comply at all receivers, inclusive of the tonality or impulsiveness adjustment. As discussed in *Section 3.2*, it is noted that residences across Wyloo Lane have garages facing the new parking bays of the liquor store tenancy and therefore the facades are not considered highly noise sensitive.

<sup>#</sup> Adjusted by + 10 dB for impulsiveness









#### 5. RECOMMENDATIONS

The assessment has demonstrated that noise from the mixed commercial development can comply with the assigned levels determined in accordance with the *Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997* without the need for mitigation measures.

The 3.0m high screen wall to the loading bay is to extend the length of the loading bay as shown on DA plans, to be of solid construction (no gaps) and of a material with minimum surface mass 15 kg/m<sup>2</sup>. The carport structure overhead should extend at least 4 metres across, be lined with an absorptive material such as anti-con insulation and no gaps should exist between overhead section and vertical screen wall.

To ensure compliance with the noise regulations, delivery vehicles are to have broadband type reversing alarms fitted rather than standard tonal alarms. This is also inline with the guidance provided by DWER and considered less likely to elicit complaints from the community.

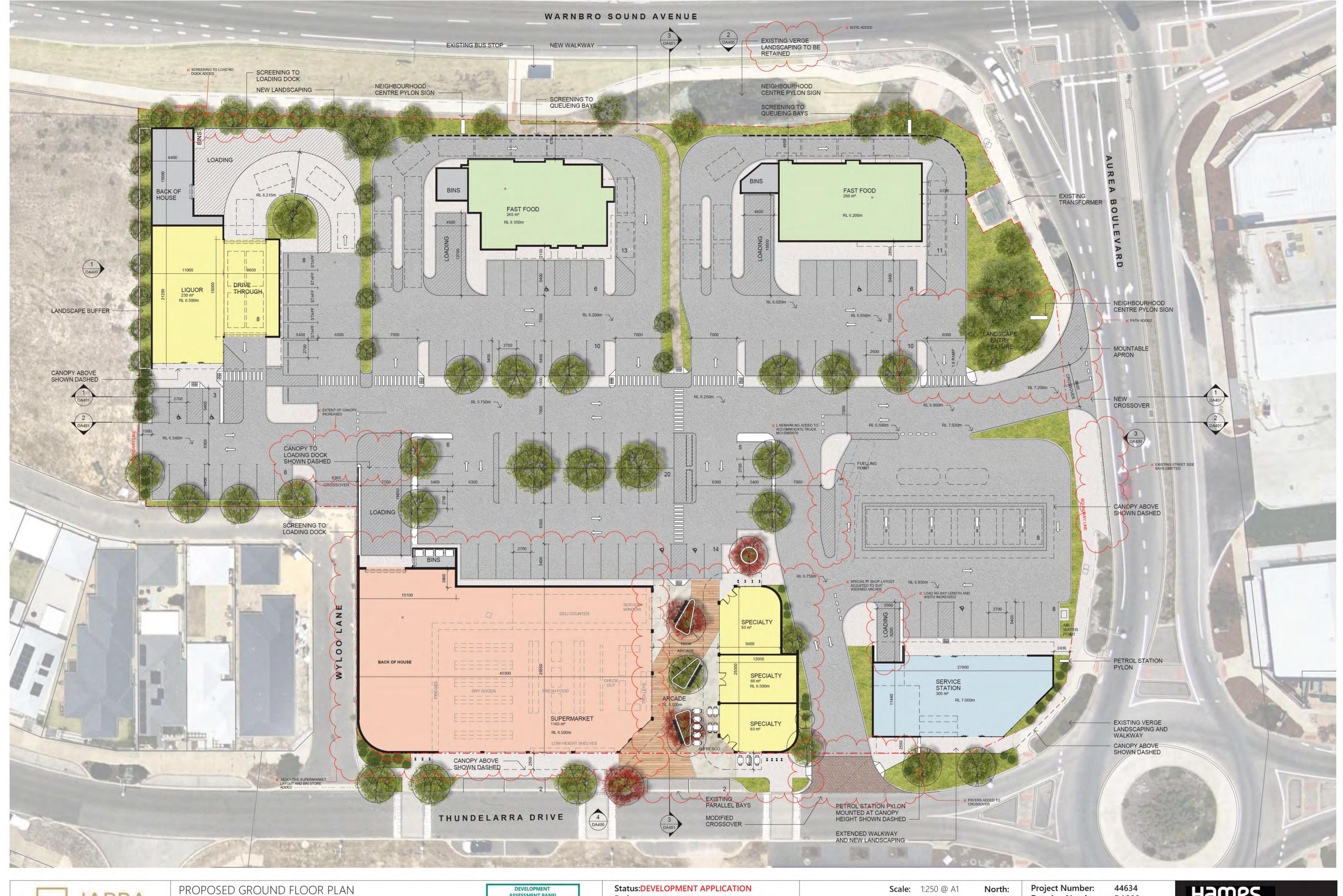
An additional section of solid screening is to be constructed near the liquor store bin area, of minimum height 1.6m and of minimum surface mass 4 kg/m² and free of gaps.

While not required for compliance, noting that the development is at DA stage only, some best practice recommendations have been included below though – to be implemented in the design and operation where practicable:

- Any external music or the like shall be low level and inaudible at residences;
- Bin servicing shall occur between 7.00am and 7.00pm Mondays to Saturdays. The servicing of bins would fall under Regulation 14A and provided it is carried out within the stipulated hours and undertaken as quietly as reasonably practicable, the 'normal' assigned levels do not apply. Where possible, bins shall be located in areas away from and/or screened from residences. Where this activity also includes truck reversing alarm noise, this would be considered exempt under Regulation 14A within the stipulated hours.
- Access grates or similar to be plastic or metal with rubber gasket and secured to avoid excess banging.
- All refrigerated delivery drivers attending the site at night are to make all effort to deliver quietly, leave promptly, and not idle trucks on site for longer than necessary.
- Mechanical plant:
  - Once the mechanical plant has been designed and selected, the noise levels shall be reviewed prior to Building Permit;
  - All exhaust fans shall be located inside the ceiling void and shall be axial fan type, allowing the incorporation of an attenuator if required;
  - All fans shall be variable speed drive so that maximum speed is only occurring when necessary with demand;
  - Air-conditioning shall have a 'night' / 'quiet' mode option, in case required for prior to 7.00am operation, subject to final detailed analysis;
  - All plant shall be selected for quiet operation;
  - All plant is to be appropriately vibration isolated to 95% isolation efficiency.

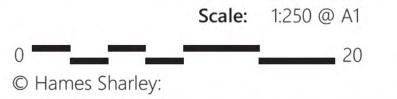


# Appendix A - Development Plans





ASSESSMENT PANEL APPROVED 12-Mar-2024



North:

Drawing Number: Revision: Date:

Hames 28.04.23



# Appendix B – Influencing Factor Calculation



The assigned levels combine a baseline assigned level with an influencing factor, with the latter increasing the assigned level on the basis of the existence of significant roads and commercial or industrial zoned land within an inner circle (100 metre radius) and an outer circle (450 metre radius) of the noise sensitive premises. The calculation for the influencing factor is:

$$= \frac{1}{10} \left( \% \ \text{Type A}_{100} + \% \ \text{Type A}_{450} \right) + \frac{1}{20} \left( \% \ \text{Type B}_{100} + \% \ \text{Type B}_{450} \right)$$

where:

% Type  $A_{100}$  = the percentage of industrial land within a 100m radius of the premises receiving the noise

%TypeA<sub>450</sub> = the percentage of industrial land within a 450m radius of the premises receiving the noise

% Type  $B_{100}$  = the percentage of commercial land within a 100m radius of the premises receiving the noise

%TypeB<sub>450</sub> = the percentage of commercial land within a 450m radius of the premises receiving the noise

+ Transport Factor (maximum of 6 dB)

= 2 for each secondary road (6,000 to 15,000 vpd) within 100m

= 2 for each major road (>15,000 vpd) within 450m

= 6 for each major road within 100m

The nearest noise sensitive and commercial premises are identified as:

- R1 6 Elvire Gr (west houses)
- R1 24 Elvire Gr (west houses)
- R1 97 Thundelarra Dr
- R2 90-92 Thundelarra Dr
- R2 Lot 9505 North
- R3 12 Mallina Cr (Res NE)
- R4 38 Winderie Rd (Future Res)
- R5 Lot 265 South (Commercial)
- R6 15 Aurea Bvd (CCC)
- R6 17 Aurea Bvd (south housing)
- R6 20 Aurea Bvd (Comm CCC)
- R7 95 Thundelarra Dr (Vacant)
- R8 Lot 9037 Future Commercial

Table B-1 shows the percentage of industrial and commercial land within the inner (100 metre radius) and outer (450 metre radius) circles of the noise sensitive premises, with this also shown on Figure B-1 for Receiver R2.



Figure B-1: Land Types within 100m and 450m Radii of R2



Table B-1: Percentage of Land Types within 100m and 450m Radii

Receiver	Land Type	Within 100m	Within 450m
Da DC	Type A - Industrial and Utility	0	0
R1, R6	Type B – Commercial	26.	5.
R2	Type A - Industrial and Utility	0	0
R2	Type B – Commercial	43	5
D2 D4	Type A - Industrial and Utility	0	0
R3, R4	Type B – Commercial	25	5



The Main Roads WA Traffic Map does provide current traffic counts in this area (Feb 2022 LM01072) with counts in the order of 10,000 vpd. However with knowledge of the planning framework since 2011, information has been obtained from Main Roads WA Perth Metropolitan Functional Road Hierarchy 1997, referring to Warnbro Sound Avenue as a Distributor A or Arterial road with intent to carry 15,000 to 35,000 vpd. The same document classifies Auera Boulevard as a Local Distributor with a maximum 6,000 vpd. It is clear that the roads have been designed and planned for high vehicle use in this commercial and residential hub since 2011. Despite these classifications, the Noise Regulations require recent traffic counts to be used when classifying the road for purposes of determining a transport factor. Table B-2 shows the relevant roads and their traffic estimates within the inner (100 metre radius) and outer (450 metre radius) circles.

Table B-2: Relevant Roads within 100m and 450m Radii

Transaction in the	Wit	thin 100m	Within 450m
Receiver	(Major Road (+ 6 dB)	Secondary Road (+ 2 dB)	Major Road Not Within 100m (+2 dB
R1, R6	٠	Aurea Bvd Local Distributor (6K Vpd)	-
R2	× .	Warnbro Sound Ave (10K Vpd)	
R3, R4		Warnbro Sound Ave (10K Vpd)	

Table B-3 combines the percentage land types and Transport Factor to calculate the influencing factor.

Table B-3: Influencing Factor Calculation, dB

Receiver	Industrial Land	Commercial Land	Transport Factor	Total
R1, R6	0.0	1,5	2	4
R2	0,0	2.3	2	4
R3, R4	0.0	1.4	2	3

The influencing factor calculated in *Table B-3* is combined with those baseline assigned levels of *Table 2-2*, resulting in the project assigned levels provided in *Table 2-3*.



# Appendix C – Terminology



The following is an explanation of the terminology used throughout this report:

#### Decibel (dB)

The decibel is the unit that describes the sound pressure levels of a noise source. It is a logarithmic scale referenced to the threshold of hearing.

#### A-Weighting

An A-weighted noise level has been filtered in such a way as to represent the way in which the human ear perceives sound. This weighting reflects the fact that the human ear is not as sensitive to lower frequencies as it is to higher frequencies. An A-weighted sound level is described as L<sub>A</sub>, dB.

#### Sound Power Level (L<sub>w</sub>)

Under normal conditions, a given sound source will radiate the same amount of energy, irrespective of its surroundings, being the sound power level. This is similar to a 1kW electric heater always radiating 1kW of heat. The sound power level of a noise source cannot be directly measured using a sound level meter but is calculated based on measured sound pressure level at known distances. Noise modelling incorporates source sound power levels as part of the input data.

#### Sound Pressure Level (Lp)

The sound pressure level of a noise source is dependent upon its surroundings, being influenced by distance, ground absorption, topography, meteorological conditions etc. and is what the human ear actually hears. Using the electric heater analogy above, the heat will vary depending upon where the heater is located, just as the sound pressure level will vary depending on the surroundings. Noise modelling predicts the sound pressure level from the sound power levels taking into account ground absorption, barrier effects, distance etc.

#### LASIOW

This is the noise level in decibels, obtained using the A-frequency weighting and the S (slow) time weighting. Unless assessing modulation, all measurements use the slow time weighting characteristic.

#### · LAFast

This is the noise level in decibels, obtained using the A-frequency weighting and the F (fast) time weighting. This is used when assessing the presence of modulation.

#### LAPeak

This is the greatest absolute instantaneous sound pressure level in decibels using the A-frequency weighting.

#### LAmax

An LAMAX level is the maximum A-weighted noise level during a particular measurement.

#### LA1

The  $L_{A1}$  level is the A-weighted noise level exceeded for 1 percent of the measurement period and is considered to represent the average of the maximum noise levels measured.



#### LA10

The L<sub>A10</sub> level is the A-weighted noise level exceeded for 10 percent of the measurement period and is considered to represent the "intrusive" noise level.

#### LA90

The L<sub>A90</sub> level is the A-weighted noise level exceeded for 90 percent of the measurement period and is considered to represent the "background" noise level.

#### LAeq

The equivalent steady state A-weighted sound level ("equal energy") in decibels which, in a specified time period, contains the same acoustic energy as the time-varying level during the same period. It is considered to represent the "average" noise level.

#### One-Third-Octave Band

Means a band of frequencies spanning one-third of an octave and having a centre frequency between 25 Hz and 20000 Hz inclusive.

#### Representative Assessment Period

Means a period of time not less than 15 minutes, and not exceeding four hours, determined by an inspector or authorised person to be appropriate for the assessment of a noise emission, having regard to the type and nature of the noise emission.

#### L<sub>Amax</sub> assigned level

Means an assigned level, which, measured as a Lasiow value, is not to be exceeded at any time.

#### LA1 assigned level

Means an assigned level, which, measured as a L<sub>ASlow</sub> value, is not to be exceeded for more than 1 percent of the representative assessment period.

#### LA10 assigned level

Means an assigned level, which, measured as a Laslow value, is not to be exceeded for more than 10 percent of the representative assessment period.



#### Tonal Noise

A tonal noise source can be described as a source that has a distinctive noise emission in one or more frequencies. An example would be whining or droning. The quantitative definition of tonality is:

- the presence in the noise emission of tonal characteristics where the difference between -
  - (a) the A-weighted sound pressure level in any one-third octave band; and
  - (b) the arithmetic average of the A-weighted sound pressure levels in the 2 adjacent one-third octave bands.

is greater than 3 dB when the sound pressure levels are determined as  $L_{Aeq,T}$  levels where the time period T is greater than 10% of the representative assessment period, or greater than 8 dB at any time when the sound pressure levels are determined as  $L_{A Slow}$  levels.

This is relatively common in most noise sources.

#### Modulating Noise

A modulating source is regular, cyclic and audible and is present for at least 10% of the measurement period. The quantitative definition of modulation is:

- a variation in the emission of noise that
  - (a) is more than 3 dB LA Fast or is more than 3 dB LA Fast in any one-third octave band; and
  - (b) is present for at least 10% of the representative assessment period; and
  - (c) is regular, cyclic and audible.

#### Impulsive Noise

An impulsive noise source has a short-term banging, clunking or explosive sound. The quantitative definition of impulsiveness means:

a variation in the emission of a noise where the difference between L<sub>Apeak</sub> and L<sub>Amax</sub> is more than 15 dB when determined for a single representative event.

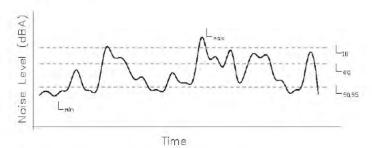
#### Major Road

Is a road with an estimated average daily traffic count of more than 15,000 vehicles.

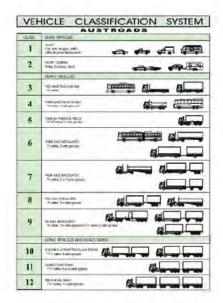
#### Secondary / Minor Road

Is a road with an estimated average daily traffic count of between 6,000 and 15,000 vehicles.

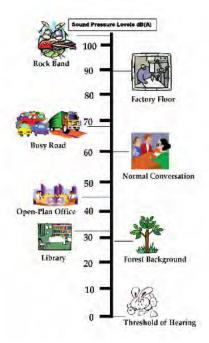
#### Chart of Noise Level Descriptors



#### Austroads Vehicle Class



#### Typical Noise Levels





# EMISSIONS IMPACT ASSESSMENT OF PROPOSED 24HR FUEL SERVICE STATION

LOT 622, (2) AUREA BOULEVARD, GOLDEN BAY WESTERN AUSTRALIA





# **Emissions Impact Assessment of Proposed 24Hr Fuel Service Station**

Lot 622, (2) Aurea Boulevard, Golden Bay Western Australia

**Prepared for: Golden Bay Neighbourhood Centre** 

Project Ref: EAQ-22031

December 2023



Environment | Air Quality



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John Hurley	Principal Consultant	EAQ22031-GoldenBayServiceStation+EmissionsImpactAssessment-Final					

#### **Signature**

A.

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# **Executive Summary**

Environmental and Air Quality Consulting Pty Ltd undertook an Air Emissions Assessment of a proposed 24-hour Fuel Service Station to be located at Lot 622, (2) Aurea Boulevard, Golden Bay Western Australia.

The site-specific scientific study addressed the short-term exposure and long-term health risks associated with vapour emissions from the Fuel Service Station as they relate to existing and adjacent childcare centres within the locality.

The Fuel Service Station is within an urban developed area and is part of an overall commercial development site which includes adjacent commercial activities to include an existing 7-Eleven service station that is located on the opposite side of Aurea Boulevard.

The Assessment utilised industry accepted standards for estimating pollutant emission rates of primary airborne pollutants from fuel storage and refuelling activities at the Fuel Service Station and assessed these pollutant emission rates utilising conventional dispersion modelling methods to predict the concentration of primary pollutants at the nearest sensitive receiver within the locality.

Additionally, the Assessment addressed cumulative emissions' impacts from the adjacent service station.

#### **Primary Assessment Conservatisms**

The primary Assessment conservatisms were:

- Estimated daily refuelling volume used 26,610 L, which is markedly above adjacent 7-Eleven average daily refuelling volume of 13,800 L, and the industry average for suburban sites of approx. 9,000L per day;
- The maximum volume of fuel delivered per hour utilised is 60,000 L, however; the maximum size of a semi-trailer that can deliver fuel to this site has a capacity of less than 40,000 L;
- The modelled fuel delivery schedule assumed up to 180,000 L of fuel deliveries per day (4.5 x higher than expected on a delivery day) and 960,000 L of fuel deliveries per week (more than 8x higher than expected per week). This was done to account for variability in daily and weekly hours where deliveries may be made to the Fuel Service Station;
- The percentage (%) composition of benzene used in the modelling Assessment was 2.9 % (Table 2-2) which was reflective of the NPI 1999 standard. However, the maximum % of benzene in fuel sold in Australia is limited to a maximum of 1% v/v by the Fuel Standard (Petrol Determination) 2019 made under s.21 of the Fuel Quality Standards Act 2000 (Cth);
- All fuel throughput in the model has been assumed to be ULP even though it is expected that 22%
  of storage and throughput will be diesel, where the high boiling point of diesel fuel used in vehicles
  in Australia (a necessary step in its refining) largely eliminates the presence of benzene in that
  type of fuel.



#### What is Benzene?

Benzene is a common chemical that is a colorless or light yellow liquid at room temperature. It has a sweet odour and is highly flammable. It is formed from both natural processes and human activities.

The United States (US) Centre for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) has determined that long-term exposure to high levels of benzene in the air can cause leukemia. While it is correct to say that there is no recognised 'safe' exposure level to benzene, this commentary needs to be put into perspective, as everyone is exposed to benzene on a daily basis.

There are recognised and accepted guidelines for ambient exposure to benzene and these have been utilised in this report. For example, the exposure guideline for 1-hour benzene concentrations at the nearest receptor is  $580 \, \mu g/m^3$ , whilst the modelled exposure value from this Assessment, using those conservatisms listed above, is only  $8.93 \, \mu g/m^3$ . The compliance factor percentage (CF%) is subsequently  $1.54 \, \%$ . As a result, the likelihood of unacceptable benzene exposure at the closest receptor is considered negligible and should not be of concern from a risk perspective.

#### Benzene relative Risk of Exposure

It is likely that a person would be exposed to much greater benzene levels travelling on the Kwinana freeway or walking along St. Georges Terrace during peak hour.

Everyone is exposed to natural sources of benzene whenever there are bush fires within the region.

Benzene is widely used across the world, and it ranks in the top 20 chemicals for production volume worldwide.

Some industries use benzene to make other chemicals that are used to make plastics, resins, nylon and synthetic fibers. Benzene is also used to make some types of lubricants, rubbers, dyes, detergents, drugs, and pesticides.

Studies have found that Indoor air within childcare and educational settings generally contain levels of benzene higher than those in outdoor air. Benzene in indoor air within those settings comes from products that contain benzene such as glues, paints, furniture wax, detergents, pesticides, carpets, soft and hard plastic toys, especially when exposed to heat or sunlight. [reference: A Review on the Exposure to Benzene amona Children in Schools, Preschools and Daycare Centres https://link.springer.com/article/10.5572/ajae.2019.13.3.151#:~:text=Benzene%2C%20has%20been%2 Omeasured%20in,exposed%20to%20indoor%20air%20pollutants.

As noted above, benzene is a key component of a large range of plastics, including those used for toys. There is no regulated standard in Australia for the maximum level of benzene in children's toys, however; the European Union (EU) has a chemical safety requirement (2009/48/EC, ENEX11, ITEM III Chemical Properties) that "all toys shall be designed and manufactured in such a way that they present no risk of adverse health effects due to exposure to chemical substances/mixtures in toys during foreseeable use".

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The directive is not restricted to toys but includes all products that can be used in a school or childcare setting and includes; paints, crayons, texters, pencils, plastic toys, teething aids, balloons, tents and play equipment, cosmetics, soap, and hand sanitizer.

The Benzene Directive [82/806/EEC] bans the use of benzene in toys placed on the market when the concentration of free form benzene exceeds 5 mg/kg or 5,000 parts per billion (ppb) of the weight of the toy or of part of the toy. To put this into perspective, a small ambient air BTEX sampling program undertaken by EAQ for the adjacent service station returned results below the level of reporting. Even if this was rounded up to the nearest whole number (being 2 ppb) it is still extremely below the EU toy chemical safety requirements.

Further, homes with attached garages (which include almost all homes within the locality) are expected to have mean benzene concentrations in indoor air which exceed the ambient air quality standards.

"In the homes where a car was regularly parked in the garage, 18-month average benzene concentrations of up to 101.3 micrograms m<sup>-3</sup> were measured in the garage. Mean benzene values in all cars and most of the garages studied exceeded the benzene standard. In the study, the mean benzene concentration in the room above the garage in a home was nearly 2.5 times the ambient air standard". https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/11329696/#:~:text=The%20study%20demonstrates%20that%20there,to%20reduce%20risks%20to%20health

#### What is Vapor Recovery?

Vapour recovery control equipment aims to capture petrol vapours before they enter the atmosphere. They are designed in two stages – VR1 and VR2.

VR1 captures displaced vapours from storage tanks when a tanker delivers petrol to a service station, while VR2 captures vapours at the bowser while a motorist refuels.

In order to be certified, a VR1 system must collect at least 95% of displaced vapours for return to the delivery truck while a VR2 system must collect at least 95% of the vapours resulting from refuelling vehicles.

The use of VR1 technology has been required is some Australian jurisdictions since the mid 1980. It has been a requirement to install VR1 systems at all petrol stations throughout Western Australia since 1998

The use of both VR1 and VR2 technology is considered safe and industry best practice.

VR2 was developed in California in the 1980's and legislated as a requirement for all high flow stations within that jurisdiction by 1991. While there were publicised teething problems identified with vapor return line blockages, these initial design issues have been mitigated over time, with automated monitoring and regular servicing schedules now a standard part of the system.

The use of VR2 It is not mandated in any Australian jurisdiction, except for NSW, which has required VR1 and VR2 to be implemented for new stations within the Sydney metropolitan area since 2009 and the greater Sydney area (Wollongong – Blue Mountains – Newcastle regions) since 2017.

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VR1 and VR2 is proposed as part of this development.

#### **Assessment Outcomes**

The outcomes of the Assessment found that the primary pollutants of Benzene, Toluene, Ethyl benzene, Xylenes, Cyclohexane, *n*-Hexane and Styrene were predicted to have ground level concentrations lower than acceptable exposure limits set by the National Environment Protection (Air Toxics) Measure and other relevant jurisdictional recommendations when utilising both Vapour Recovery Phase 1 (required) and Vapour Recovery Phase 2 (proposed).

The predicted ground level concentrations of these primary pollutants, utilising Vapour Recovery Phase 1 & 2 technologies, demonstrated that the proposed Fuel Service Station emissions will not have an unreasonable impact on the health of existing sensitive receptors or sensitive land uses, and moreover; the cumulative emissions from the proposed activity and that of the approved adjacent service station are predicted to be below the exposure criteria at key sensitive receptor locations, to include the adjacent child care facilities between their respective child care operational hours.

Finally, the small ambient air BTEX sampling program showed that when using the largest quantifiable value from the BTEX sampling program for benzene (2 ppbV), and then scaling up the measured ambient concentration of benzene to represent that winds were blowing toward the monitor all of the time (x 10), the final ambient value for benzene measured at the monitors was approximately 20 ppbV. Converting ppb to the exposure limit units of  $\mu g/m^3$ , the approximate value of ambient benzene was 64  $\mu g/m^3$ .

This  $64 \mu g/m^3$  is only 11 % of the accepted exposure limit standard of  $580 \mu g/m^3$ , and therefore likelihood of benzene concentrations approaching the ambient exposure criterion (human health) at the childcare centres due to emissions from the proposed Fuel Service Station is negligible.



# 1 Background & Scope

Environmental & Air Quality Consulting Pty Ltd (EAQ) was engaged by Golden Bay Neighbourhood Centre (the Proponent) to undertake an Air Emissions' Impact Assessment (the Assessment) of a proposed 24-hour Fuel Service Station (the Site) to be located at Lot 622, (2) Aurea Boulevard, Golden Bay Western Australia.

The Assessment addressed toxic emissions of principal chemical compounds in petrols by undertaking a site-specific scientific Assessment into the short and long-term health risks associated with vapour emissions from the Site.

The Assessment accounted for cumulative emissions' impacts by including those emissions' contributions from an adjacent service station (the Adjacent site) that resides opposite the Site along Aurea Boulevard.

Vapour emission rates assessed were developed from:

- NPI Emission Estimation Technique Manual (NPI, 1999) for Aggregated Emissions from Service Stations (Environment Australia);
- Air Toxics "Hot Spots" Program: Gasoline Service Stations Industry wide Assessment Guidelines –
   Toxics Committee of the California Air Pollution Control Officers Association (CAPCOA, 1997); and
- Brisbane City Council methodology for service stations (BCC, 2017).

The BCC, 2017 methodology was utilised to derive hourly throughput rates for service stations based on normal and peak traffic flows. This method is widely accepted as the input "parameter" for traffic flows in urban areas.

### 1.1 Assessment Scope

The Assessment was undertaken to determine the extent of offsite pollutant impacts beyond the boundary of the Site, and in accounting for cumulative emissions from the Adjacent site, and subsequently determining the risk of health and amenity impacts for existing and future sensitive receivers and/or sensitive land uses (receptors).

The Assessment predicted ground level concentrations (GLCs) of primary pollutants from vapour losses using regulatory standard dispersion modelling techniques.

Importantly, the Adjacent site has been previously assessed by another consultant (LWC) <sup>[1]</sup> and those assumptions and emissions' sources presented by LWC have been adopted herein to represent the Adjacent site.

The predicted GLCs were compared to the regulatory criteria for each pollutant assessed to determine if those GLCs would cause a health or amenity impact at the nearest receptor.

The model of choice was Aermod and its supporting pre- and post- processors.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Land and Water Consulting (LWC) Emissions Impact Assessment, Proposed Service Station, Aurea Boulevard, Golden Bay, Western Australia: July 2021





#### 1.1.1 Legislative Context

The Western Australia (WA) Environmental Protection Authority (EPA) 2005 Guidance for the Assessment of Environmental Factors document, *Separation Distances between Industrial and Sensitive Land Uses* recommends a buffer separation distance for Service Stations / Convenience Store Fuel Facilities and the nearest sensitive receptor as follows:

Table 1-1: WA EPA Guidance for Separation Distances

50 m	Operating during normal business hours of Monday – Saturday from 0700 – 1900 hours		
100 m	Freeway service stations		
200 m	Service stations in operations for 24 hours daily		

Buffer separation distances are recommended in the absence of any site-specific technical assessments.

The proposed Site activity is not a Prescribed Premise with regard to the WA Department of Water and Environmental Regulation (DWER).

On this basis the EPA recommended buffer of 200 metres (m) implies that where the separation distance is not met, a further assessment of applicable emissions should be undertaken to support the application and thus inform the risk of health and amenity impacts at the nearest receptor.

"Sensitive land uses include residential development, hospitals, hotels, motels, hostels, caravan parks, schools, nursing homes, child care facilities, shopping centres, playgrounds and some public buildings. Some commercial, institutional and industrial land uses which require high levels of amenity or are sensitive to particular emissions may also be considered "sensitive land uses". Examples include some retail outlets, offices and training centres, and some types of storage and manufacturing."

The emission sources at the Site comprise the ventilation of the sub-terrain fuel storage tanks, and the refuelling bowsers (4 bowsers, i.e., 8 dispensers). Incidental spills can also be a source of vapour release, albeit minor. Emission sources are primarily passive vapour losses from refilling (storage tanks) and bowser refuelling processes.

#### 1.1.2 Assessment Substances

Principal chemical compounds (pollutants) typically emitted from service station activities are listed below. These compounds are part of the Total Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) emitted, which are assessed in the first instance, and those individual pollutant contributions are then derived based on the percentage contribution of those pollutants within the Total VOC emissions.

Table 1-2: Assessment Substances (pollutants)

Pollutants						
Benzene	Cyclohexane	Ethyl benzene	Styrene			
Toluene	<i>n</i> -Hexane	Xylenes				



## 1.2 Guidance for Assessing Impacts

The National Environment Protection (Air Toxics) Measure (NEPM) prescribes ambient air emission limits for a range of air toxics' pollutants. These limits, together with other jurisdictional recommendations and those of the WA DWER have been adopted for this Assessment, with the VIC EPA 2002 1-hr benzene exposure value also adopted for short-term exposure of benzene.

These receptor exposure limits are listed in Table 1-3 to follow.

Table 1-3: Assessment Criteria for Toxic Substances

Substance	Averaging Period	Criteria Source	Maximum (ambient) concentration	
Substance			ppm	μg/m³ at 25°C
	1 hour	VIC EPA 2022	0.18	580
Benzene		EPA NSW 2016	0.009	29
	Annual	NEPM 2011	0.003	9.6
+ Access	24 hour		1	3,770
Toluene	Annual		0.1	377
est 11	1 hour	EPA NSW 2016	1.8	8,000
Ethyl benzene	Annual	Toxicos 2011		270
V. I.	24 hour	NEPM 2011	0.25	1,080
Xylenes	Annual		0.2	870
Cyclohexane	1 hour	EPA NSW 2016	5	190
n-Hexane			0.9	3,200
Styrene	1 hour	Dept. of Health WA	70	64

#### 1.3 The Site

The Assessment Site is located at Lot 622, (2) Aurea Boulevard, Golden Bay Western Australia. It is part of a commercial site that comprises this service station Site, fast food outlet(s), liquor store, specialty shop(s) and supermarket, and multiple parking bays.

The Site is proposed to be located on the corner of Aurea Boulevard and Thundelarra Drive. This corner is part of a "roundabout" intersection with commercial sites on all four exit corners of the roundabout.

Directly to the south-east and approximately 70 m from the Site is an existing Adjacent service station site which is currently under construction.

The proposed Site is directly east of, and north-east of existing commercial sites to include a childcare Facility. There is also an additional childcare Facility to the south-west of the proposed Site, and directly west of the Adjacent service station site.

Importantly, both childcare Facility's have 5-day week operational hours between the maximal hours of 6AM-7PM inclusive. The childcare Facilities are not exposed to airborne emissions continuously given that childcare staff and children do not inhabit these properties outside of operational childcare hours.

The nearest existing and future urban dwellings (house), from the Site's central refuelling bowser location, are approximately 100 m to the north, 75 m south-west, 90 m west and 130 m south of the proposed Site.



The proposed Site will comprise the following main features:

- 4 bowser ranks comprising a total of 8 bowser outlets at any one time;
- 8 x refuelling bays, 6 parking bays and 2 x disabled parking bays & general convenience store;
- The types of fuels proposed are;
  - o Diesel (40 kL),
  - o ULP 91 (80 kL),
  - o ULP 95 (30 kL),
  - o ULP 98 (30 kL),
- Bulk refuelling events will take place up to three times weekly, or every 3 days annually averaged;
  - o Tanker delivery of up to 1,000 Litres per minute (60,000 Litres per hour).
- Average refuelling volume daily 26,610 Litres; and
- The peak flow of vehicles per hour is anticipated at 40-50.

The Locality of the Site and assessed sensitive receptors, the Site design and Model depiction are illustrated in the following **Figures.** 

**Figure 3-1** illustrates the two service stations and the adjacent childcare Facilities. The "red" crosses are those discrete receptor locations used to assess impacts at each of the childcare Facilities.





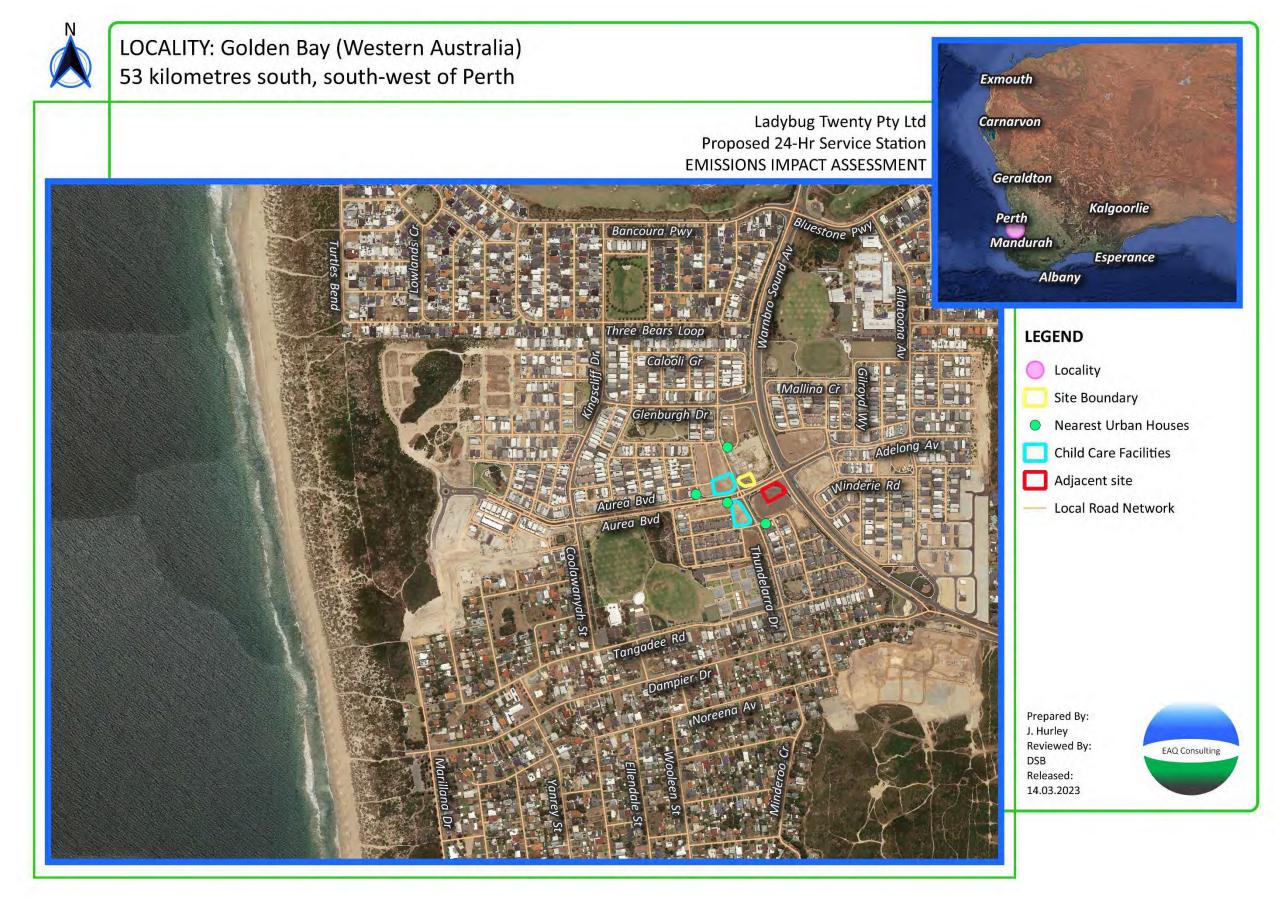


Figure 1-1: Proposed 24-hr Golden Bay Service Station (assessed)





# C plan

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Built Form & Scale



Figure 1-2: Lot 622 (2) Aurea Boulevard, Golden Bay Western Australia





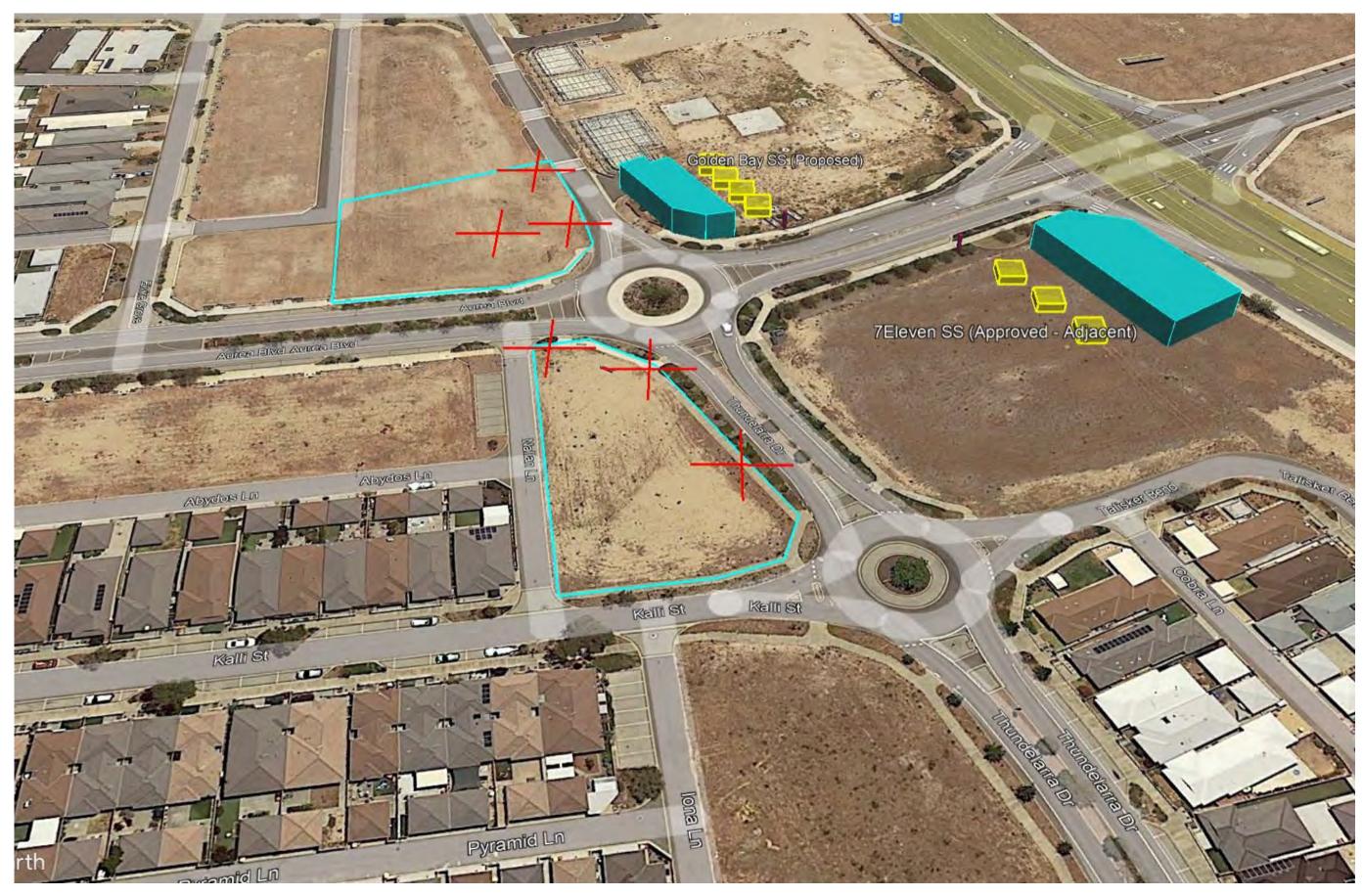


Figure 1-3: Modelling Depiction of Site Layout (Proposed) and Adjacent site (Approved)

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### 2 Emission Estimation

Activities at the Site that will produce emissions are related to losses of fuels through vapourisation or spillage and subsequent vapourisation of the spill(s). These specific activities comprise:

- Submerged filling of underground storage tanks;
- Underground tank breathing losses;
- Vehicle refuelling;
- "Whoosh" emissions from removal of vehicle fuel cap; and
- Fuel spills, typically at the bowser.

The proposed Site throughputs are estimated based on the technology providers' typical infrastructure design and average throughputs from similar Western Australian service stations. Precise hourly throughputs are however unknown at this stage, although there is negligible variability in refuelling characteristics for metropolitan service stations based on comparable populations.

There is a dearth of information within other Australian jurisdictions for estimating hourly throughputs based on typical traffic flows at metropolitan service stations, as a result the widely referenced 2017 Brisbane City Council (BCC) methodology for service stations has been used to estimate hourly emissions at the Site.

Emission estimates based on specific emission compounds (refer Table 1-2) were derived using the NPI, 1999 and CAPCOA, 1997 guidelines for emission estimation factors.

Vapour recovery (VR) at the Site will be in place for submerged underground storage tank(s) referred to as VR1 and at the bowser refuelling points i.e., VR2.

#### 2.1 Bulk Deliveries and Emissions

The maximum volume of fuel that can be dispensed into the storage tanks at the Site is approximately 60,000 L/hour. The estimated total daily sale of fuels is 25,610 Litres. The Site will receive, on average, approximately 3 bulk deliveries of fuels per 7 days, between the daily hours of 0700 hrs – 2200hrs.

Although there are approx., 3 deliveries per week of 60,000 L or less, the schedule will shift based on fuel volumes dispensed. To account for variability in daily hours where deliveries are made; the delivery of bulk fuels is modelled 1-hourly, for each day and successive hour during those delivery times.

**Table 2-1** lists an example of the delivery schedule and subsequent hourly emissions trend for bulk fuel deliveries.





Table 2-1: Example of Bulk Fuel Delivery Schedule (L/hr)

Time (24 hrs)	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
0700	60,000						
0800		60,000					
0900			60,000				
1000				60,000			
1100					60,000		
1200						60,000	
1300							60,000
1400	60,000						
1500		60,000					
1600			60,000				
1700				60,000			
1800					60,000		
1900						60,000	
2000							60,000
2100	60,000						
2200		60,000					

#### 2.2 VOC Emissions

Of the fuel types proposed, ULP emissions represent approximately 78% of total fuel storage with diesel representing approximately 22%. ULP contains the higher volatile fraction compared to diesel, as such all emissions in this Assessment have been assumed as ULP. This approach is conservative. There are no proposed Ethanol blend fuels e.g., E5, E10. The vapour composition of VOCs in petroleum fuel (NPI, 1999), are listed in Table 2-2.

The composition of Benzene in fuel will be lower than the NPI, 1999 value of 2.9% weight, because the percentage of Benzene in fuel is now limited to a maximum of 1% by the <u>Fuel Standard (Petrol Determination)</u> 2001. The NPI, 1999 figure is therefore conservative.

Table 2-2: Composition of Petrol (NPI, 1999)

Species	Petrol Liquid (% weight)	Petrol Vapour (% weight)
Benzene	2.9	0.950
Cyclohexane	0.2	0.06370
Ethylbenzene	2.0	0.07910
n-Hexane	3.5	1.730
Styrene	0.1	0.00282
Toluene	10.4	1.080
Xylenes	12.2	0.433

The composition percentages of the compounds listed above were applied to the modelling outcomes of the final time-averaged emission rate GLC estimates (vapour and spill vapour losses) to derive individual pollutant contributions to airborne vapour impacts at the nearest receptor.





## 2.3 Site Operational Data

Table 2-3: Proposed Site Operating Detail

Parameter	Operational Data				
Operating hours	24 hours / 7 days per week				
Tanker delivery	Maximum 60,000 L/hour				
Average Daily Refuelling Volume	25,610 L				
Vent stack	4.5 m high				
Filling Stations/Bowsers	4 x Bowsers / 8 x Grade filling points (located below full canopy)				
Fuel Storage	Diesel 40 kL, ULP 91 80 kL, ULP 95 30 kL, ULP 30 kL.				

#### 2.4 Derived Emission Factors

Emissions generated from activities at the Site have been derived based on those vapour losses published by the NPI and CAPCOA guidance. **Table 2-4** lists those emission factors that apply to those processes where vapour losses occur. Those values bolded in Red were used in deriving the emissions for Assessment.

Table 2-4: Emissions Factors for Service Stations

Emission Source	NPI, 1999 Mg / L throughput	CAPCOA, 1997 Lbs / 1000 Gallons throughpu		
Underground Tank Filling				
Submerged Filling	880	8,4		
Splash Filling	1380	191		
Submerged filling with vapour balance	40	0.42		
Underground tank breathing losses	120	0.84		
Vehicle Refuelling	4	9		
Displacement Losses (uncontrolled)	1320	8.4		
Displacement Losses (90% controlled i.e., VR 2)	132	0.74		
Spillages	-			
Uncontrolled	80	0.61		
Controlled		0.41		
"Whoosh" Emissions (fuel cap removal)		0.26 - <mark>0.66</mark>		

The refuelling activities are considered to be volume emission sources. These have been assessed utilising the CAPCOA, 1997 emission factors. Vent emissions from storage tank filling has been assessed using the NPI, 1999 emission factors.





## 2.4.1 Fuel Throughput Trends

There are two approaches to determining the hourly throughputs of fuel dispensing for service stations in accordance with the BCC, 2017 recommendations.

Method 1 considers known daily or weekly fuel dispensing trends where an estimate of hourly dispensing volumes (L) can be derived. Where the peak hourly dispensing volume is known, the daily hourly trends can then be derived using the BCC, 2017 published profiles as listed in **Table 2-5**.

Table 2-5: Representative Fuel Throughputs (BCC, 2017)

Hour	Hourly Profile (%)
1	1.20%
2	0.80%
3	0.60%
4	0.80%
5	1.90%
6	4.60%
7	5.50%
8	5.70%
9	5.50%
10	5.70%
11	6.00%
12	6.00%
13	5.70%
14	5.60%
15	5.90%
16	6.15%
17	6.15%
18	5.80%
19	5.10%
20	4.00%
21	3.50%
22	3.40%
23	2.60%
24	1.80%

If no fuel data is available for the proposal, then Method 2 is employed; where the number of bowsers and refuelling points are counted and assuming the average dispensing rate per vehicle of 35 L, with each vehicle taking approximately 5 minutes to refuel, the hourly profile in **Table 2-5** is applied to the peak amount of fuel dispensed over 24 hours to derive those other hourly volumes. In **Table 2-5** the peak throughput hours are 4-5pm.

Method 1 was employed for this Assessment and utilising the operational detail in Table 2-3.

Applying the Average Daily Refuelling Volume of 25,610 L, the emission factors in Table 2-4, and deriving the hourly profiles based on Table 2-5, the hourly Total VOC mass emission rates in grams per second





(g/s) are developed. These mass emission rates represent the combined (ALL) number of filling points (8) at any one time, and single bowser (SINGLE) operations, and are listed in Table 2-6.

Table 2-6: Factored Total VOC Emission Rates per Hour (VR1 + VR2)

Hour	Throughput % daily volume/hr	Petrol Throughput (L/hr)	% to Peak Daily Hour	ALL Bowsers Mass Emission Rate (g/s)	SINGLE Bowser Mass Emission Rate (g/s)
1	1.20%	307	19.51%	0.198	0.050
2.	0.80%	205	13.01%	0.132	0.033
3	0.60%	154	9.76%	0.099	0.025
4	0.80%	205	13.01%	0.132	0.033
5	1.90%	487	30.89%	0.314	0.078
6	4.60%	1,178	74.80%	0.759	0.190
7	5.50%	1,409	89.43%	0.908	0.227
8	5.70%	1,460	92.68%	0.941	0.235
9	5.50%	1,409	89.43%	0.908	0.227
10	5.70%	1,460	92.68%	0.941	0.235
11	6.00%	1,537	97.56%	0.990	0.248
12	6.00%	1,537	97.56%	0.990	0.248
13	5.70%	1,460	92.68%	0.941	0.235
14	5.60%	1,434	91.06%	0.924	0.231
15	5.90%	1,511	95.93%	0.974	0.243
16	6.15%	1,575	100.00%	1.015	0.254
17	6.15%	1,575	100.00%	1.015	0.254
18	5.80%	1,485	94.31%	0.957	0.239
19	5.10%	1,306	82.93%	0.842	0.210
20	4.00%	1,024	65.04%	0.660	0.165
21	3.50%	896	56.91%	0.578	0.144
22	3.40%	871	55.28%	0.561	0.140
23	2.60%	666	42.28%	0.429	0.107
24	1.80%	461	29.27%	0.297	0.074

Table 2-7 lists the summarised maximum emission rates for the proposed Site adopting VR1 and VR2 emissions controls.

Table 2-7: Summary of Proposed Site's Fuel Service Station Emissions

Emission Source	Emission Type	Peak VOC Mass Emission Rate (g/s)	Stack Diameter (m)	Emission Velocity (m/s)	
Storage Tanker Vent Stack	Bulk Filling (Vapour Balance and Breathing Losses) – VR1	0.267	0.1		

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Passive Emissions from Vehicle Refuelling (VR 1 & 2)	Refuelling Losses (Controlled), Spillages (controlled/uncontrolled), and maximum "Whoosh" Emissions	1.015 (all 8 filling points)		
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Appendix A presents the summary calculations for the derived mass emission rates.

## 2.4.2 Cumulative Emissions Impacts

To adequately assess the Adjacent service station site together with the proposed Site, EAQ has adopted the reported operational data in the LWC report (footnote 1) as listed in Table 2-8.

Table 2-8: Adjacent service station site's operational data

Parameter	Operational Data				
Operating hours	24 hours / 7 days per week				
Tanker delivery	Maximum 40,000 L/hour				
Average Daily Refuelling Volume	13,800 L				
Vent stack	4.0 m high @ 75mm diameter				
Filling Stations/Bowsers	3 x Bowsers / 6 x Grade filling points				
Fuel Storage	Diesel 50 kL, ULP 130 kL.				

**Table 2-9** lists the summarised maximum emission rates, derived as described above, for the Adjacent service station site adopting VR1 and VR2 emissions controls.

Table 2-9: Summary of Adjacent site's Fuel Service Station Emissions

Emission Source	Emission Type	Peak VOC Mass Emission Rate (g/s)	Stack Diameter (m)	Emission Velocity (m/s)	
Storage Tanker Vent Stack	Bulk Filling (Vapour Balance and Breathing Losses) – VR1	0.178	0.075		
Passive Emissions from Vehicle Refuelling (VR 1 & 2)	Refuelling Losses (Controlled), Spillages (controlled/uncontrolled), and maximum "Whoosh" Emissions	0.410 (all 6 filling points)	1	-	





## 3 Aermod Dispersion Modelling Methods

## 3.1 Meteorology

A 2-year annual dataset (April-2020-to-April-2022) of meteorology was developed using surface observations from the Mandurah Bureau of Meteorology (BoM) Automatic Weather Station (AWS) and CSIRO's TAPM prognostic model for upper air characteristics. The Mandurah BoM AWS is approximately 12 kms south, south-west of the Site and representative of the assessment domain given the Site's and AWS's proximity to the coastline and separated by approximately 0.05 decimal degrees of latitude (approx., 4 kms).

## 3.2 Sensitive Receptors

Discrete sensitive receptors representing commercial, residential, and childcare Facilities were placed at locations closest and surrounding the Site (refer **Figure 1-1**). These receptors were analysed for their ground level impact concentrations of vapour emissions and compared against regulatory guidelines.

## 3.3 Building Profile Input Program (BPIP)

Building wake effects occur for those vertical stack emissions, in this case passive ventilation of the storage tank vent. An example of the Aermod Input File is presented in Appendix B.

## 3.4 Dispersion Modelling Limitations

By definition, air quality models can only approximate atmospheric processes. Many assumptions and simplifications are required to describe real phenomena in mathematical equations. Model uncertainties can result from:

- Simplifications and accuracy limitations related to source data;
- Extrapolation of meteorological data from selected locations to a larger region; and
- Simplifications to model physics to replicate the random nature of atmospheric dispersion processes.

Models are reasonable and reliable in estimating the maximum concentrations occurring on an average basis. That is, the maximum concentration that may occur at a given time somewhere within the model domain, as opposed to the exact concentration at a point at a given time will usually be within the  $\pm 10\%$  to  $\pm 10\%$  range (US EPA, 2003).

Typically, a model is viewed as replicating dispersion processes if it can predict within a factor of two, and if it can replicate the temporal and meteorological variations associated with monitoring data. Model predictions at a specific site and for a specific hour, however, may correlate poorly with the associated observations due to the above-indicated uncertainties. For example, an uncertainty of 5° to 10° in the measured wind direction can result in concentration errors of 20% to 70% for an individual event (US EPA, 2003).

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## 4 Assessment Results & Discussion

The Assessment of the Proposed Aurea Boulevard Fuel Service Station, and accounting for cumulative emissions' impacts from the Adjacent service station site, has projected ground level concentrations (GLCs) at the nearest sensitive receptors (refer **Figures 1-1** and **1-3**) for assessed pollutants of BTEX (Benzene, Toluene, Ethyl benzene, Xylenes), Cyclohexane, *n*-Hexane and Styrene that are <u>below</u> the guideline exposure standards when employing both VR1 and VR2.

These pollutants were assessed by firstly modelling Total VOCs as a function of emission factors for fuel storage and vehicle dispensing volumes according to those methods in Section 2.

Those Total VOC GLCs projected were then revised to determine the percentage mass emission rate contributions for these pollutants (refer Table 2-2).

**Table 4-1** list each predicted pollutant concentration for each averaging period at those assessed sensitive receptors. These pollutant concentrations are revised based on each compounds vapour contribution to petrol VOC emissions. Additionally, these predicted pollutant concentrations reflect both VR1 and VR2 vapour recovery.

Within **Table 4-1** is each pollutants respective assessment criteria, the projected GLCs from the modelling Assessment and the revised projected GLCs at the nearest sensitive receptor (refer **Figures 1-1** and **1-3**) with a Percentage of Exposure Limit Value (%). This value represents the percentage ratio of projected GLCs compared to the assessment criteria for each pollutant.

A % < 100 % shows that the projected concentration at the sensitive receptor location achieves less than the assessment criteria i.e PASS, whereas  $\% \ge 100$  % shows non-compliance against the assessment criteria i.e., FAIL.

The magnitude of the compliance PASS/FAIL can be readily gauged by the size of the Percentage of Exposure Limit Value (%).

- All GLC values reported for each sensitive receptor are the maximum, Rank 1 values for all averaging periods; and
- All units of concentration are in µg/m³ unless stated otherwise.

In reviewing the predicted GLCs for those pollutants in **Table 4-1**, within this Assessment, the pollutant emissions at the nearest sensitive receptors are less than the exposure limits in ambient air when employing VR1 and VR2 vapour recovery.

Based on the predicted ground level concentrations using VR1 and VR2, vapours from the Site, and cumulative vapours from the Site and Adjacent site, will not negatively impact the health of the nearest sensitive receptor or sensitive land use within the Locality.





3,200

64

1-hour

1-hour

n-Hexane

Styrene

SW

SSE

North

West

SW

SSE

Receptor Location	Pollutant	Averaging Period	Exposure Limit µg/m³ at 25°C	Predicted GLC (μg/m³)	% of CF	Pass/Fail	Averaging Period	Exposure Limit µg/m³ at 25°C	Predicted GLC (μg/m³)	% of CF	Pass/Fail					
North				7.69	1.33%	Pass			0.17	1.79%	Pass					
West	Danasas	1 bearing	E00	8.27	1.43%	Pass	Ammural	9.6	0.15	1.58%	Pass					
SW	Benzene	1-hour	580	8.94	1.54%	Pass	Annual		0.21	2.22%	Pass					
SSE				4.84	0.84%	Pass			0.10	1.03%	Pass					
North	Toluene				0.84	0.02%	Pass			0.20	0.05%	Pass				
West		24-hour	3,770	0.83	0.02%	Pass	Annual	377	0.17	0.05%	Pass					
SW		24-nour		1.01	0.03%	Pass			0.24	0.06%	Pass					
SSE				0.68	0.02%	Pass			0.11	0.03%	Pass					
North									0.64	0.01%	Pass			0.01	0.01%	Pass
West	Ethyl benzene	1-hour	8,000	0.69	0.01%	Pass	Pass Annual Pass	270	0.01	0.00%	Pass					
SW	Luiyi belizelle	1-11001		0.74	0.01%	Pass			0.02	0.01%	Pass					
SSE				0.40	0.01%	Pass			0.01	0.00%	Pass					
North				0.34	0.03%	Pass			0.08	0.01%	Pass					
West	Xylenes	24-hour	1,080	0.33	0.03%	Pass	Annual	970	0.07	0.01%	Pass					
SW	Aylettes	24-110ui	1,000	0.40	0.04%	Pass	Allitudi	870	0.10	0.01%	Pass					
SSE				0.27	0.03%	Pass			0.05	0.01%	Pass					
North				0.52	0.27%	Pass										
West	Cyclohexane	1-hour	190	0.55	0.29%	Pass										
SW		T-Hour	150	0.60	0.32%	Pass										
SSE				0.32	0.17%	Pass										
North				14.00	0.44%	Pass										
West	n-Hexane	1-hour	3.200	15.07	0.47%	Pass										
	//-IIEXalle	T-11001	3.200													

0.51%

0.28%

0.04%

0.04%

0.04%

0.02%

Pass

Pass

Pass

Pass

Pass

Pass

16.27

8.82

0.02

0.02

0.03

0.01

SW

SSE

North

West

SW

SSE

North

West

SW

SSE





Table 4-2: Proposed Site & Adjacent site – CUMULATIVE Assessment Results for GLC's of Pollutants (VR1 & VR2) @ Nearest Urban Dwellings

Receptor Location	Pollutant	Averaging Period	Exposure Limit µg/m³ at 25°C	Predicted GLC (μg/m³)	% of CF	Pass/Fail	Averaging Period	Exposure Limit µg/m³ at 25°C	Predicted GLC (μg/m³)	% of CF	Pass/Fail				
North				8.86	1.53%	Pass			0.19	2.02%	Pass				
West	Pierrit	1 1	E00	12.87	2.22%	Pass	Annual	0.0	0.18	1.83%	Pass				
SW	Benzene	1-hour	580	10.98	1.89%	Pass		9.6	0.26	2.67%	Pass				
SSE				9.43 1.63% F	Pass			0.22	2.28%	Pass					
North	Toluene			0.95	0.03%	Pass	Annual 3		0.22	0.06%	Pass				
West		24-hour	2.770	1.12	0.03%	Pass		277	0.20	0.05%	Pass				
SW		24-nour	3,770	1.22	0.03%	Pass		377	0.29	0.08%	Pass				
SSE				1.25	0.03%	Pass			0.25	0.07%	Pass				
North		enzene 1-hour						0.74	0.01%	Pass			0.02	0.01%	Pass
West	-11			1.07	0.01%	Pass	23-3	270	0.01	0.01%	Pass				
SW	Ethyl benzene		1-hour	8,000	0.91	0.01%	Pass	Annual	270	0.02	0.01%	Pass			
SSE				0.79	0.01%	Pass			0.02	0.01%	Pass				
North				0.38	0.04%	Pass			0.09	0.01%	Pass				
West	Vert	0415	4 000	0.45	0.04%	Pass		870	0.08	0.01%	Pass				
SW	Xylenes	nes 24-hour	1,080	0.49	0.05%	Pass	Annual		0.12	0.01%	Pass				
SSE				0.50	0.05%	Pass			0.10	0.01%	Pass				
North				0.59	0.31%	Pass									
West	12000	4.1	100	0.86	0.45%	Pass									
SW	Cyclohexane	1-hour	190	0.74	0.39%	Pacc									

Table 4-3: Proposed Site & Adjacent site - CUMULATIVE Assessment Results for GLC's of Pollutants (VR1 & VR2) @ Childcare Facilities

0.39%

0.33%

0.50%

0.73%

0.62%

0.54%

0.04%

0.06%

0.05%

0.04%

Pass

0.74

0.63

16.14

23.43

19.99

17.17

0.03

0.04

0.03

0.03

1-hour

1-hour

n-Hexane

Styrene

3,200

64

Receptor Location	Pollutant	Averaging Period	Exposure Limit µg/m³ at 25°C	Predicted GLC (μg/m³)	% of CF	Pass/Fail	Averaging Period	Exposure Limit μg/m³ at 25°C	Predicted GLC (μg/m³)	% of CF	Pass/Fail		
CC1				21.93	3.78%	Pass			0.40	4.16%	Pass		
CC2				26.98	4.65%	Pass			0.58	6.03%	Pass		
CC3	Benzene	1-hour	580	17.00	2.93%	Pass	Annual	0.6	0.30	3.07%	Pass		
CC4	Denzene	1-11001	580	13.61	2.35%	Pass		9.6	0.20	2.12%	Pass		
CC5				15.19	2.62%	Pass			0.23	2.44%	Pass		
CC6				10.88	1.88%	Pass			0.15	1.56%	Pass		
CC1				1.93	0.05%	Pass			0.45	0.12%	Pass		
CC2	Talana a					2.68	0.07%	Pass			0.66	0.17%	Pass
CC3		24-hour	3,770	1.49	0.04%	Pass	Annual	377	0.34	0.09%	Pass		
CC4	Toluene	24-nour		1.11	0.03%	Pass		5//	0.23	0.06%	Pass		
CC5				1.25	0.03%	Pass			0.27	0.07%	Pass		
CC6				0.85	0.02%	Pass			0.17	0.05%	Pass		
CC1		1 5		1.83	0.02%	Pass			0.03	0.01%	Pass		
CC2						2.25	0.03%	Pass			0.05	0.02%	Pass
CC3	Ethyl		8,000	1.42	0.02%	Pass	A	270	0.02	0.01%	Pass		
CC4	benzene	1-hour	8,000	1.13	0.01%	Pass	Annual	270	0.02	0.01%	Pass		
CC5				1.26	0.02%	Pass			0.02	0.01%	Pass		
CC6				0.91	0.01%	Pass			0.01	0.00%	Pass		
CC1				0.77	0.07%	Pass			0.18	0.02%	Pass		
CC2				1.08	0.10%	Pass			0.26	0.03%	Pass		
CC3	300335	24 6	1.000	0.60	0.06%	Pass	A 6.55 TO	070	0.40 4.16% 0.58 6.03% 0.30 3.07% 0.20 2.12% 0.23 2.44% 0.15 1.56% 0.45 0.12% 0.66 0.17% 0.34 0.09% 0.23 0.06% 0.27 0.07% 0.17 0.05% 0.017 0.05% 0.03 0.01% 0.05 0.02% 0.002 0.01% 0.002 0.01% 0.002 0.01% 0.002 0.01% 0.001 0.00% 0.018 0.00%	Pass			
CC4	Xylenes	24-hour	1,080	0.44	0.04%	Pass	Annual	870	0.09	0.01%	Pass		
CC5				0.50	0.05%	Pass			0.11	0.01%	Pass		
CC6				0.34	0.03%	Pass			0.07	0.01%	Pass		





Receptor Location	Pollutant	Averaging Period	Exposure Limit μg/m³ at 25°C	Predicted GLC (µg/m³)	% of CF	Pass/Fail
CC1				1.47	0.77%	Pass
CC2	Cyclohexane			1.81	0.95%	Pass
CC3		1.0.7.6	100	1.14	0.60%	Pass
CC4		1-hour	190	0.91	0.48%	Pass
CC5				1.02	0.54%	Pass
CC6				0.73	0.38%	Pass
CC1				39.94	1.25%	Pass
CC2		Sec.		49.13	1.54%	Pass
CC3	7.7		2 200	30.95	0.97%	Pass
CC4	n-Hexane	1-hour	3,200	24.78	0.77%	Pass
CC5				27.66	0.86%	Pass
CC6				19.82	0.62%	Pass
CC1				0.07	0.10%	Pass
CC2				0.08	0.13%	Pass
CC3	Comment of	4 6 200	64	0.05	0.08%	Pass
CC4	Styrene	1-hour	64	0.04	0.06%	Pass
CC5				0.05	0.07%	Pass
CC6				0.03	0.05%	Pass





## 5 Additional Information - Ambient BTEX Sampling

A small ambient air sampling program that targeted airborne BTEX chemistry from the adjacent existing service station was undertaken to determine if airborne benzene could be quantified in the locality.

The method included the deployment of SUMMA Cannisters, set for a 6-hour sampling 'run', that were located across the road from the existing service station approximately 40 metres from the nearest vehicle refuelling bowser.

40 metres was chosen to reflect the distance from the proposed Station to the adjacent existing childcare centre. In this way conclusions could be made as to whether BTEX emissions are likely to be quantified at the adjacent childcare centre and to what concentration. This information would provide greater insight into the risk of BTEX emissions having an adverse impact on the childcare centre and surrounding sensitive receptors.

To complement the SUMMA Cannisters, a Kestrel weather station was deployed adjacent to the SUMMA Cannisters location to record ground level wind speed, wind direction and temperature throughout the 6-hour sampling period. The aim was to target winds blowing from the existing service station in the direction of the SUMMA Cannisters.

The following Table lists the dates, times, BTEX concentrations measured and weather details for each sampling day.

Values for BTEX with a '<' represent the limit of reporting (i.e., detection) for that sample/analyte. In other words, the result is not positive.

Table 5-1: BTEX Sampling Results

Sampling Date/Time ON	Average Wind Speed (m/s)	Average Wind Direction (degrees)	Average Wind Direction (Cardinal)	Average Temp. (°C)	Benzene ppb(V)	Ethylbenzene ppb(V)	Toluene ppb(V)	m- & p- Xylene ppb(V)	o- Xylene ppb(V)	Xylene ppb(V)
02/11/2023 @ 0540AM	1.45	125	SE	26.1	<1.5	<1.5	<1.5	<3.1	<1.5	<4.6
10/11/2023 @ 0520AM	1.37	158	SSE	19.2	<1.6	<1.6	<1.6	<3.2	<1.6	<4.8
11/11/2023 @ 0521AM	0.92	132	SE	20.8	<1.5	<1.5	2	<2.9	<1.5	<4.4
16/11/2023 @0522AM	0.93	88	E	21.6	<1.7	<1.7	<1.7	<3.4	<1.7	<5.0
19/11/2023 @ 0506AM	0.99	122	ESE	26.0	<1.4	<1.4	<1.4	<2.8	<1.4	<4.2





As was anticipated, it can be seen from **Table 5-1** that all ambient sampling results were below the limit of reporting for these BTEX analytes, with exception to Toluene on sampling day 3 (11.11.2023).

Although toluene was detected at extremely low concentration levels, BTEX vapours from the service station do not pose a high concentration risk to nearby receptors, in particular the childcare centre(s), due to (among others) daytime dispersive conditions, low volume passive emissions losses at the bowser resulting in low BTEX emissions, vapour recovery (VR1) at the bulk refuelling events, and length of dispersion pathway from emission source to receptor. Importantly, ambient pollutants from traffic vehicle emissions and other anthropological activities would always exist in ambient conditions.

**Figure 5-1** below illustrates the wind direction and wind speed during SUMMA Cannister sampling. Although the winds fluctuate (as expected) the average wind vector (**Table 5-1**) is suited to the sampling design across the first three (3) sampling events. Importantly, the ambient concentration of BTEX attributed to vehicles and other anthropological sources would continue to exist under all weather conditions.

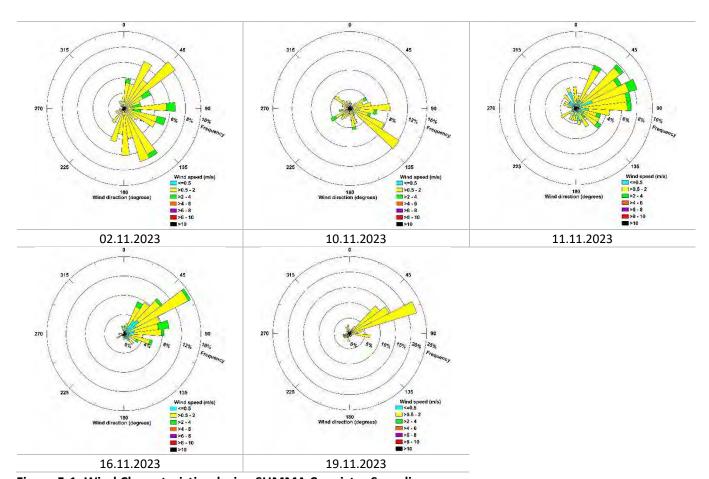


Figure 5-1: Wind Characteristics during SUMMA Cannister Sampling.

Referring to **Figure 5-1**, the average wind direction that was aimed for was from the southeast. Of the 3 sampling events where southeast winds prevailed, the percentage of the sampling period in which the winds were *actually* blowing from approx.  $135^{\circ}$  (+/- $15^{\circ}$ , or +/- 1 wind rose petal) were as follows:





- 02/11/2023 11%
- 10/11/2023 21%
- 11/11/2023 8%

As a result, these 3 sampling events are estimated to have been influenced by winds outside of the preferred southeast direction for approx., 90%, 80% and 90% of the total 6-hour sampling run.

If the benzene concentrations quantified in Table 5-1 were actual (i.e., above limit of detection), the largest quantified value for benzene would be 2 ppbV. Accounting for the winds prevailing from the southeast for approx., 10% of the sampling runs, the 2 ppbV can be multiplied by 10 to assume that winds were 100% of the time prevailing from the southeast. Converting ppbV to  $\mu g/m^3$  at 25°C, the derived ambient benzene concentrations are as follows:

Table 5-2: Derived Ambient Benzene Concentrations

Event	Benzene (ppbV)	Multiplied by 10	Benzene (μg/m³)	Benzene 1-hr Criteria
2/11/2023	2	20	64	580
10/11/2023	2	20	64	580
11/11/2023	2	20	64	580

## 5.1 Ambient BTEX Sampling Conclusions

The ambient BTEX sampling program undertaken by EAQ was designed to capture winds from the SE to ensure capture of airborne BTEX in the direction of the proposed Station. In doing so this would allow a 'transposition' of the quantitative data collected to reflect the proposed Station and its potential risk of BTEX impacts on the adjacent childcare centre.

The SUMMA Cannister sampling data showed that BTEX vapours are negligible in ambient air within 40 metres downwind of the adjacent and existing service station. Where winds deviated from the preferred SE vector, the ambient concentrations of BTEX were still negligible. Under these conditions the emission vapours from vehicles and other anthropological contributions continue to emit a plethora of chemical vapours within the locality, although BTEX vapours were not readily detectable at 40 metres from the primary service station odour source.

Whilst the sampling program was small, the data supports that benzene in ambient air is at low concentrations. Moreover, when considering the VIC EPA 1-hr benzene exposure limit and subsequently derived low compliance factor percentages (CF%) for benzene at the nearest receptors, the risk of benzene exposure is negligible from a modern, best-practice service station which utilises VR1, and importantly VR2 vapour recovery technology.

The understanding of that risk informs stakeholders of "what is likely", and in this case, the likelihood of BTEX chemistry exposure from the proposed Station is negligible at the nearest sensitive receptor.



**Appendix A:** Emissions Calculations



Bowser	Number of Dispensing Nozzles	8	hour	% daily volume/hr	Petrol Throughput (L	/hr) % to peak h	r L/hr L/s g/s	Final Value	Per Bowse	r Emission Source
VR2	eak Hourly Volume at Bowsers (transactions [40-50/hr] x Litres per car)	1,575	1	1.20%	307	19.51%	307 0.085 0.198	0.198	0.050	Emission source
	CAPCOA (Lbs/1000gallons to mg/L)	2,320 mg/L	2	0.80%	205	13.01%	205 0.057 0.132	0.132	0.033	Underground Tank Filling
	CAPCOA (Lbs/1000gallons to g/L)	2.320 g/L	3	0.60%	154	9.76%	154 0.043 0.099	0.099	0.025	Submerged Filling
	Losses (g/L)	2.320 g/L/hr	4	0.80%	205	13.01%	205 0.057 0.132	0.132	0.033	Splash Filling
	VR 2 - 10% Losses (g/L)	2.320 g/L/hr	5	1,90%	487	30.89%	487 0.135 0.314	0.314	0.078	Submerged filling with vapour balance
	ESTIMATED TOTAL DAILY (24hr) VOLUME (L)	25,610	6	4.60%	1,178	74.80%	1,178 0.327 0.759	0.759	0.190	Underground tank breathing losses
			7	5.50%	1,409	89.43%	1,409 0.391 0.908	0.908	0.227	Vehicle Refuelling
	E10 Volatilisation	1.5	8	5.70%	1,460	92.68%	1,460 0.405 0.941	0.941	0.235	Displacement Losses (uncontrolled)
	E10 % of T-Volumes	0%	9	5.50%	1,409	89.43%	1,409 0.391 0.908	0.908	0.227	Displacement Losses (90% controlled e.g VK
	E10 Fuel Ratio Factor	0	10	5.70%	1,460	92.68%	1,460 0.405 0.941	0.941	0.235	Spillages
	% of Other Fuels	100%	11	6.00%	1,537	97.56%	1,537 0.427 0.990	0.990	0.248	Uncontrolled
	Fuel Ratio Factor	1.000	12	6.00%	1,537	97.56%	1,537 0.427 0.990	0.990	0.248	Controlled
torage Tanks	Time to Fill Tank	40 minutes	13	5.70%	1,460	92.68%	1,460 0.405 0.941	0.941	0.235	"Whoosh" Emissions
VR 1	Total Volume/hr	60000 L/hr	14	5.60%	1,434	91.06%	1,434 0.398 0.924	0.924	0.231	"Whoosh" Emissions (averaged)
	NPI 1999	160 mg/L	15	5.90%	1,511	95.93%	1,511 0.420 0.974	0.974	0.243	Diesel
		9600000 mg/hr	16	6.15%	1,575	100.00%	1,575 0.438 1.015	1.015	0.254	LPG
		9600.000 g/hr	17	6.15%	1,575	100.00%	1,575 0.438 1.015	1.015	0.254	
		2.667 g/s	18	5.80%	1,485	94.31%	1,485 0.413 0.957	0.957	0.239	
	4.5m High Vent Rate	0.00079 m3/s	19	5.10%	1,306	82.93%	1,306 0.363 0.842	0.842	0.210	
	VR1 10% losses	0.267 g/s	20	4.00%	1,024	65.04%	1,024 0.285 0.660	0.660	0.165	
	Final Value	0.267 g/s	21	3.50%	896	56.91%	896 0.249 0.578	0.578	0.144	
	Annually	8410666.667 grams	22	3.40%	871	55.28%	871 0.242 0.561	0.561	0.140	-
		8410.666667 kgs	23	2.60%	666	42.28%	666 0.185 0.429	0.429	0.107	
		23.04292237 kgs/day	24	1.80%	461	29.27%	461 0.128 0.297	0.297	0.074	
	Deliveries weekly	2.869 kgs		100.0%	25610		Max	TA 25 8 11	0.254	1
	Per delivery	0.960 kg/hr					SUM	16.5029	4.1257	
		0.267 g/s					Per Nozzle		2.0629	
	Cars per hour	45								-
	L per car on average	35								
	Peak Volumes Dispensed	1575								
	Maximum Tanker Delivery (kL/hr)	60								
		iesel, ULT Diesel, 91, 95, 98								

40

80

30

30

Fuel Storage (kL) Diesel

Daily Sales

Annual Sales

Tanker Volume

Deliveries per week

ULP 91

ULP 95

ULP 98

25610

90000

3.0

9,347,561

NPI 1999

mg/L throughout

880

1380 40

120

1320

132

80

176 0.04 CAPCOA

Lbs/1000 Gallons

throughnut

8.4

0.42

0.84

8.4

0.74

0.61

0.41

0.26 - 0.66

0.46

CAPCOA mg/L

throughnut

1007

50

101

1007

89

73

49

79

79





**Appendix B:** Example of AERMOD Input File

```
1
     *********
 2
     * *
 3
     ** AERMOD Input Produced by:
 4
     ** AERMOD View Ver. 11.2.0
 5
                                                                       DEVELOPMENT
     ** Lakes Environmental Software Inc.
 6
                                                                     ASSESSMENT PANEL
     ** Date: 14/03/2023
 7
                                                                        APPROVED
     ** File: D:\MyAERMOD\22031\CCare\CCare.ADI
8
                                                                        12-Mar-2024
     * *
9
     **********
10
     **
11
     * *
12
     *********
13
     ** AERMOD Control Pathway
14
     *********
15
     * *
16
    * *
17
18
    CO STARTING
19
        TITLEONE D:\MyAERMOD\22025\22025\22025.isc
20
        MODELOPT CONC FLAT ELEV
21
       AVERTIME 1 24 ANNUAL
22
       POLLUTID VOC
23
       RUNORNOT RUN
       ERRORFIL CCare.err
24
25 CO FINISHED
26
     27
     ** AERMOD Source Pathway
28
     29
     * *
30
     * *
31
32
    SO STARTING
33
     ** Source Location **
    ** Source ID - Type - X Coord. - Y Coord. **
34
35
                            VOLUME 383440.786 6412281.504
       LOCATION BOWS1
                                                                             5.740
    ** DESCRSRC Bowser 1
36
37
        LOCATION BOWS2
                                VOLUME
                                            383433.068 6412293.656
                                                                              5.910
    ** DESCRSRC Bowser 2
38
39
       LOCATION BOWS3
                                VOLUME
                                           383429.824 6412299.970
                                                                              6.000
40
    ** DESCRSRC Bowser 3
41
        LOCATION BOWS4
                                VOLUME
                                           383437.060 6412287.672
                                                                              5.780
42
    ** DESCRSRC Bowser 4
43
        LOCATION VOL1
                                VOLUME
                                           383496.907 6412254.851
44
    ** DESCRSRC Bowser 1 Adjacent
45
        LOCATION VENT POINTCAP 383447.028 6412275.848
                                                                              5.700
    ** DESCRSRC Tank Breather
46
47
        LOCATION VOL2 VOLUME
                                           383503.634 6412244.716
                                                                              5.730
    ** DESCRSRC Bowser 1 Adjacent
48
      LOCATION VOL3 VOLUME
                                           383510.446 6412233.859
49
                                                                              5.960
50
    ** DESCRSRC Bowser 1 Adjacent
      LOCATION STCK2 POINTCAP 383487.087 6412266.425
51
                                                                              5.080
52
    ** DESCRSRC Tank Breather Adjacent
** Source Parameters **
                                                        1.395
54
       SRCPARAM BOWS1
                                      1.0
                                             1.200
                                                                    2.233
55
        SRCPARAM BOWS2
                                      1.0
                                              1.200
                                                         1.395
                                                                    2.233
                                     1.0 1.200 1.395

1.0 1.200 1.395

1.0 1.200 1.395

1.0 1.200 1.395

1.0 4.500 298.150

1.0 1.200 1.395

1.0 1.200 1.395

1.0 4.500 298.150
56
        SRCPARAM BOWS3
                                                                    2.233
57
        SRCPARAM BOWS4
                                                                    2.233
58
        SRCPARAM VOL1
                                                                    2.233
59
        SRCPARAM VENT
                                                                      0.1
                                                                                  0.1
60
        SRCPARAM VOL2
                                                                    2.233
61
        SRCPARAM VOL3
                                                                    2.233
62
       SRCPARAM STCK2
                                                                      0.1
                                                                               0.75
63
** Building Downwash **

      0.00
      0.00
      0.00

      7.00
      7.00
      7.00

      7.00
      0.00
      0.00

      0.00
      0.00
      0.00

      7.00
      7.00
      7.00

      7.00
      0.00
      0.00

                                                                 0.00 0.00

7.00 7.00

0.00 0.00

0.00 0.00

7.00 7.00

0.00 0.00
65
        BUILDHGT VENT
                                                                                     7.00
66
        BUILDHGT VENT
                                                                                     7.00
67
        BUILDHGT VENT
                                                                                     0.00
                                                                                     7.00
68
       BUILDHGT VENT
69
       BUILDHGT VENT
                                                                                     7.00
70
                                                                                     0.00
       BUILDHGT VENT
71
                                    0.00

      0.00
      0.00
      0.00
      0.00

      0.00
      0.00
      0.00
      0.00

                                                                                     0.00
        BUILDHGT STCK2
73
                                    0.00
        BUILDHGT STCK2
                                                                                     0.00
```

74 75	BUILDHGT BUILDHGT	STCK2	7.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
76 77 78	BUILDHGT BUILDHGT		7.00 7.00	7.00 0.00	7.00 0.00	7.00 0.00	7.00 0.00	7.00
79 80 81 82 83	BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID	VENT VENT VENT VENT	0.00 30.15 16.51 0.00 30.15 16.51	0.00 28.01 0.00 0.00 28.01 0.00	0.00 25.75 0.00 0.00 25.75 0.00	0.00 23.49 0.00 0.00 23.49 0.00	0.00 20.82 0.00 0.00 20.82 0.00	31.87 18.95 0.00 31.87 18.95 0.00
85 86 87 88 89 90	BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID	STCK2 STCK2 STCK2 STCK2 STCK2	0.00 0.00 29.12 0.00 44.01	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 43.53	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 41.72	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 38.65	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 35.78	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 32.95
91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98	BUILDWID BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN	VENT VENT VENT VENT VENT	29.12 0.00 19.35 34.52 0.00 19.35 34.52	0.00 0.00 24.04 0.00 0.00 24.04 0.00	0.00 0.00 28.00 0.00 0.00 28.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 31.11 0.00 0.00 31.11 0.00	0.00 0.00 33.27 0.00 0.00 33.27 0.00	0.00 14.08 34.42 0.00 14.08 34.42 0.00
99 100 101 102 103 104	BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN	STCK2 STCK2 STCK2 STCK2	0.00 0.00 47.05 0.00 28.75 47.05	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 34.86 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 39.92 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 43.76 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 46.28 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 47.38 0.00
106 107 108 109 110 111 112	XBADJ XBADJ XBADJ XBADJ XBADJ XBADJ	VENT VENT VENT VENT VENT VENT	0.00 -31.92 -41.16 0.00 12.57 6.63	0.00 -36.49 0.00 0.00 12.45 0.00	0.00 -39.95 0.00 0.00 11.95 0.00	0.00 -42.19 0.00 0.00 11.09 0.00	0.00 -43.16 0.00 0.00 9.89 0.00	-26.39 -42.81 0.00 12.31 8.39 0.00
113 114 115 116 117 118 119	XBADJ XBADJ XBADJ XBADJ XBADJ XBADJ	STCK2 STCK2 STCK2 STCK2 STCK2 STCK2	0.00 0.00 12.11 0.00 -45.20 -59.16	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 -51.84 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 -56.91 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 -60.25 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 -61.76 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 -61.39 0.00
120 121 122 123 124 125 126	YBADJ YBADJ YBADJ YBADJ YBADJ YBADJ	VENT VENT VENT VENT VENT VENT	0.00 15.48 -10.98 0.00 -15.48 10.98	0.00 11.74 0.00 0.00 -11.74 0.00	0.00 7.26 0.00 0.00 -7.26 0.00	0.00 2.97 0.00 0.00 -2.97 0.00	0.00 -1.29 0.00 0.00 1.29 0.00	18.51 -6.23 0.00 -18.51 6.23 0.00
127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134	YBADJ YBADJ YBADJ YBADJ YBADJ YBADJ	STCK2 STCK2 STCK2 STCK2 STCK2 STCK2	0.00 0.00 13.07 0.00 24.65 -13.07	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 19.81 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 14.36 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 8.48 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.64 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 -5.80 0.00

\*\* Variable Emissions Type: "By Hour-of-Day (HROFDY)"

\*\* Variable Emission Scenario: "HrOfDay-LBug20" EMISFACT BOWS1 HROFDY 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.19

135 136

137

138

139

140

EMISFACT BOWS1 HROFDY 0.227 0.235 0.227 0.235 0.248 0.248 EMISFACT BOWS1 HROFDY 0.235 0.231 0.243 0.254 0.254 0.239

141 EMISFACT BOWS1 HROFDY 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 1.0 142 EMISFACT BOWS2 HROFDY 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.19

143 EMISFACT BOWS2 HROFDY 0.227 0.235 0.227 0.235 0.248 0.248 144 EMISFACT BOWS2 HROFDY 0.235 0.231 0.243 0.254 0.254 0.239

145 EMISFACT BOWS2 HROFDY 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 146 EMISFACT BOWS3 HROFDY 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.19

DEVELOPMENT
ASSESSMENT PANEL

APPROVED
12-Mar-2024

```
148
       EMISFACT BOWS3
                            HROFDY 0.235 0.231 0.243 0.254 0.254 0.239
                            HROFDY 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
149
       EMISFACT BOWS3
150
                            HROFDY 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.19
       EMISFACT BOWS4
151
        EMISFACT BOWS4
                            HROFDY 0.227 0.235 0.227 0.235 0.248 0.248
152
        EMISFACT BOWS4
                            HROFDY 0.235 0.231 0.243 0.254 0.254 0.239
153
        EMISFACT BOWS4
                            HROFDY 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
154
155
     ** Variable Emissions Type: "By Hour / Seven Days (HRDOW7)"
156
     ** Variable Emission Scenario: "LBug20 Vent"
                       HRDOW7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.267 0.0
157
        EMISFACT VENT
158
        EMISFACT VENT
                             HRDOW7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.267 0.0 0.0
159
        EMISFACT VENT
                             HRDOW7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
                             HRDOW7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.267
160
        EMISFACT VENT
        EMISFACT VENT
                             HRDOW7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.267 0.0
161
                            HRDOW7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
        EMISFACT VENT
162
                            HRDOW7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
        EMISFACT VENT
163
                            HRDOW7 0.267 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.267
164
        EMISFACT VENT
                            HRDOW7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
165
       EMISFACT VENT
                            HRDOW7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
166
       EMISFACT VENT
                            HRDOW7 0.0 0.267 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
167
       EMISFACT VENT
       EMISFACT VENT
                            HRDOW7 0.267 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
168
       EMISFACT VENT
                            HRDOW7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
169
       EMISFACT VENT
                            HRDOW7 0.0 0.0 0.267 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
170
171
        EMISFACT VENT
                            HRDOW7 0.0 0.267 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
172
        EMISFACT VENT
                            HRDOW7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
173
        EMISFACT VENT
                            HRDOW7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.267 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
174
        EMISFACT VENT
                            HRDOW7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
175
                            HRDOW7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
        EMISFACT VENT
        EMISFACT VENT
                            HRDOW7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.267 0.0 0.0 0.0
176
177
        EMISFACT VENT
                            HRDOW7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
178
179
     ** Variable Emissions Type: "By Hour-of-Day (HROFDY)"
    ** Variable Emission Scenario: "HrOfDay-Adjacent"
180
181
        EMISFACT VOL1 HROFDY 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.102
        EMISFACT VOL1
182
                            HROFDY 0.122 0.127 0.122 0.127 0.133 0.133
        EMISFACT VOL1
183
                            HROFDY 0.127 0.125 0.131 0.137 0.137 0.129
        EMISFACT VOL1
                            HROFDY 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
184
        EMISFACT VOL2
                            HROFDY 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.102
185
                            HROFDY 0.122 0.127 0.122 0.127 0.133 0.133
        EMISFACT VOL2
186
                            HROFDY 0.127 0.125 0.131 0.137 0.137 0.129
187
        EMISFACT VOL2
                            HROFDY 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
188
        EMISFACT VOL2
                            HROFDY 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.102
189
        EMISFACT VOL3
                            HROFDY 0.122 0.127 0.122 0.127 0.133 0.133 HROFDY 0.127 0.125 0.131 0.137 0.137 0.129
190
        EMISFACT VOL3
        EMISFACT VOL3
191
192
        EMISFACT VOL3
                             HROFDY 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
193
194
     ** Variable Emissions Type: "By Hour / Seven Days (HRDOW7)"
     ** Variable Emission Scenario: "Adjacent Vent"
195
196
        EMISFACT STCK2 HRDOW7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.178 0.0
197
        EMISFACT STCK2
                             HRDOW7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.178 0.0 0.0
198
        EMISFACT STCK2
                            HRDOW7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
199
        EMISFACT STCK2
                            HRDOW7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.178
        EMISFACT STCK2
                            HRDOW7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.178 0.0
200
        EMISFACT STCK2
                            HRDOW7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
201
        EMISFACT STCK2
                            HRDOW7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
202
203
        EMISFACT STCK2
                            HRDOW7 0.178 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.178
204
        EMISFACT STCK2
                            HRDOW7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
205
        EMISFACT STCK2
                            HRDOW7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
206
        EMISFACT STCK2
                            HRDOW7 0.0 0.178 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
                            HRDOW7 0.178 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
207
        EMISFACT STCK2
208
        EMISFACT STCK2
                            HRDOW7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
        EMISFACT STCK2
                            HRDOW7 0.0 0.0 0.178 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
209
210
        EMISFACT STCK2
                            HRDOW7 0.0 0.178 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
211
        EMISFACT STCK2
                            HRDOW7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
                            HRDOW7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.178 0.0 0.0 0.0
212
        EMISFACT STCK2
213
        EMISFACT STCK2
                            HRDOW7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
214
        EMISFACT STCK2
                            HRDOW7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
                                                                            DEVELOPMENT
                           HRDOW7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.178 0.0 0.0 0.0
        EMISFACT STCK2
EMISFACT STCK2
215
                                                                           ASSESSMENT PANEL
216
                            HRDOW7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
                                                                             APPROVED
217
        SRCGROUP Adjacent VOL1 VOL2 VOL3 STCK2
                                                                            12-Mar-2024
218
        SRCGROUP LBug20 BOWS1 BOWS2 BOWS3 BOWS4 VENT
219
        SRCGROUP ALL
```

HROFDY 0.227 0.235 0.227 0.235 0.248 0.248

EMISFACT BOWS3

147

```
SO FINISHED
220
221
     * *
     222
223
     ** AERMOD Receptor Pathway
     *********
224
225
     * *
226
227
    RE STARTING
228
       INCLUDED CCare.rou
229
    RE FINISHED
     * *
230
     **********
2.31
232
     ** AERMOD Meteorology Pathway
     **********
233
     * *
234
     * *
235
236
    ME STARTING
237
       SURFFILE 22025.SFC
238
       PROFFILE 22025.PFL
239
       SURFDATA 0 2020
240
       UAIRDATA 0 2020
       SITEDATA 0 2020
241
242
       PROFBASE 7.0 METERS
243
   ME FINISHED
     * *
244
     245
     ** AERMOD Output Pathway
246
     247
    * *
248
    * *
249
250
    OU STARTING
251
       RECTABLE ALLAVE 1ST
252
       RECTABLE 1 1ST
253
       RECTABLE 24 1ST
    ** Auto-Generated Plotfiles
254
255
       PLOTFILE 1 ALL 1ST CCARE.AD\01H1GALL.PLT 31
256
       PLOTFILE 24 ALL 1ST CCARE.AD\24H1GALL.PLT 32
257
       PLOTFILE 1 Adjacent 1ST CCARE.AD\01H1G001.PLT 33
258
       PLOTFILE 24 Adjacent 1ST CCARE.AD\24H1G001.PLT 34
259
       PLOTFILE 1 LBug20 1ST CCARE.AD\01H1G002.PLT 35
260
       PLOTFILE 24 LBug20 1ST CCARE.AD\24H1G002.PLT 36
261
       PLOTFILE ANNUAL ALL CCARE.AD\AN00GALL.PLT 37
262
       PLOTFILE ANNUAL Adjacent CCARE.AD\AN00G001.PLT 38
263
       PLOTFILE ANNUAL LBug20 CCARE.AD\AN00G002.PLT 39
264
       SUMMFILE CCare.sum
265
    OU FINISHED
    * *
266
     *********
267
     ** Project Parameters
268
     *********
269
     ** PROJCTN CoordinateSystemUTM
270
     ** DESCPTN UTM: Universal Transverse Mercator
271
     ** DATUM
               World Geodetic System 1984
272
273
     ** DTMRGN
               Global Definition
274
     ** UNITS
               m
275
    ** ZONE
               -50
276
    ** ZONEINX 0
     * *
277
```

278

DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT PANEL

APPROVED

12-Mar-2024