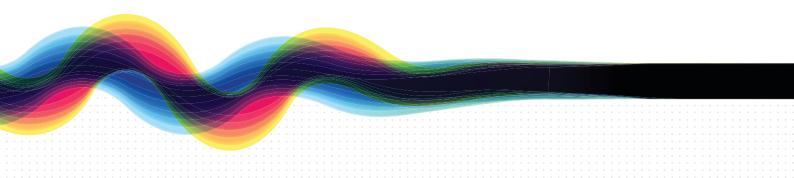
# **City of Rockingham**

2020 Pedestrian Access Way Update (Addendum to 2010 City of Rockingham Pedestrian Access Way Strategy)

May 2020





#### Acknowledgement

This report is the outcome of the Formal Quote LUP/252-04 of the City of Rockingham for the 2020 Pedestrian Access Way Update undertaken by element.

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# Summary

The 2020 Pedestrian Access Way Update (2020 Report) forms an addendum to the City's 2010 City of Rockingham Pedestrian Access Ways Strategy (2010). The purpose of the 2020 Report is to:

- evaluate and classify new Pedestrian Access Ways (PAWs) identified by the City since the publication of the 2010 Strategy;
- · evaluate the condition of Right of Ways (ROWs) identified by the City;
- · update the mapping to include the new PAWs and ROWs; and
- define and differentiate between PAWs and ROWs to provide a clear distinction between the two access ways.

Detailed desktop and site investigations were carried out on all identified sites. It was found that the majority of newly identified PAWs are in good condition and should be retained. Conversely, identified ROWs are mostly in average condition and would benefit from improved casual surveillance and regular maintenance.

This report concludes that the differences between PAWs and ROWs centre around ownership, accessibility and use. Simply put, PAWs are publicly owned and serve as a footway, contributing to the surrounding pedestrian and cycle network. ROWs on the other hand can be both publicly and privately owned and are used for various functions.

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### Introduction

This report has been prepared as an addendum to the 2010 City of Rockingham Pedestrian Access Ways Strategy (2010 Strategy). The 2010 Strategy followed an extensive site investigation which identified and evaluated all PAWs located within the City in response to the growing number of enquiries seeking to initiate the closure of PAWs.

Since the 2010 Strategy was implemented:

- there have been new PAWs created through the subdivision process, which need
  to be captured to ensure that the PAW database is up to date; and
- it has been established that some ROWs have been miscalssified as PAWs.

Whilst the two forms of access (PAWs and ROWs) may appear visually similar, there is a marked difference in legislative provisions and access rights over the land, creating public uncertainty and confusion. In response, this update to the Strategy now incorporates ROWs , clarifying the different forms of access and reclassifying those ROWs that were incorrectly identified as PAWs.

#### Purpose

The purpose of the 2020 Report is to:

- evaluate and classify new PAWs identified by the City since the publication of the 2010 Strategy;
- · evaluate the condition of ROWs identified by the City;
- Outline general observations regarding the status and condition of new PAWs and ROWs:
- update the mapping to include the new PAWs and ROWs; and
- define and differentiate between PAWs and ROWs to provide a clear distinction between the two access ways.

It is emphasised that the purpose of this work is to update the 2010 Strategy, rather than undertake a review.

# Study Area

The PAWs and ROWs identified as part of the 2020 UPdate are located across 11 suburbs within the City of Rockingham municipality. These are:

- Baldivis (B)
- Cooloongup (C)
- Golden Bay (GB)
- Karnup (K)
- Port Kennedy (PK)
- Rockingham (R)
- Safety Bay (SB)
- Secret Harbour (SH)
- Singleton (S)
- Waikiki (WK)
- Warnbro (W)

# Differences Between ROWs and PAWs

#### Right of Way

For the purpose of this Report and as defined by Landgate, a ROW is defined as:

A strip of land available either for use by the general public, or a restricted section of the community, and may be created by subdivision, specific transfer, or continued use over a period of years.

Historically, ROWs were created in subdivisions at the turn of the 20th Century to facilitate sanitary collections from the rear of properties. They were therefore created as separate land parcels and were privately owned. ROWs are now often used by the public for a range of purposes and in established areas are increasingly relied upon for access. ROWs can remain in the ownership of the original subdivider however, this can create issues where the original subdivider may be a company that no longer exists or the land is part of a deceased estate. Accordingly, it is not uncommon for ROWs to be acquired by the local government and dedicated as a public road.

This means that ROWs can be held in private ownership (privately owned) or held by the Crown (publicly owned) and can be referred to as both 'private right of ways' and 'public right of ways'. Refer to Appendix A – Definitions. The type of ownership ultimately depicts accessibility and use. Typically, ROWs in established areas such as inner Rockingham are used to provide rear access (usually vehicular) to properties (WAPC, *Planning Bulletin 33/2017*).

#### Pedestrian Access Ways

For the purpose of this Report and as defined by Landgate, a PAW is defined as:

Land acquired by the Crown for use as a footway.

PAWs were originally established as part of land subdivision and were seen as a means of providing movement of pedestrians and cyclists within and between residential neighbourhoods. Public infrastructure was also often placed in PAWs by developers creating a corridor for public utility services. The creation of PAWs followed a change from the traditional grid pattern roads, to curvilinear roads with cul-de-sacs that became popular in Perth in the 1960's. PAWs would be used to connect pedestrians between public roads to increase accessibility to major transport links or forms of amenity (WAPC, Procedure for the Closure of Pedestrian Access Ways).

#### **Key Differences**

Given the above, key differences between the two forms of access are centred around **ownership**, **accessibility** and **use**.

Table A - Key Characteristics of Each Accessway

#### **PAW Characteristics**

#### ROW Characteristics

- Publicly owned only (Crown land which may be managed through an agency of the Crown, e.g. Water Corporation).
- · Publicly accessible.
- Primary function as a footway (contributing to the pedestrian/ cycle network), but can also serve a dual purpose providing a corridor for public utility services.
- No easements or 'rights of access' necessary.
- Generally shorter and narrower land parcels than ROWs.

- Can be either privately or publicly owned.
- Depending upon how the ROW was created and the ownership of the ROW, rights to traverse the ROWs can be either for the:
  - exclusive use of some or all of the abutting property owners (at the exclusion of the general public); or
  - general public.
- Can be used for various activities including pedestrian access, however most commonly, ROWs are used for vehicular access.
- ROWs can contain easements or 'rights of access'
- Generally longer and wider land parcels than PAWs.

Where a ROW is privately owned (Private Right of Way - Refer to Appendix A - Definitions), a Local Government has restricted powers in relation to undertaking works within that ROW.

# Methodology

The WAPC adopted *Procedure for the Closure of Pedestrian Access Ways – Planning Guidelines*, sets out a universal procedure for the closure of PAWs to be used by Local governments. When the 2010 Strategy was prepared however, there was no formalised method and as such, the 2010 Strategy outlines its own individual method for assessing PAWs.

The methodology used as part of this 2020 update involves completing a worksheet which outlines key design and connectivity characteristics of each site, including:

- Location;
- · Reference code;
- · Design attributes (width, length, topography, bollards);
- Condition (very poor, poor, fair, fair to good, good, very good);
- · Level of casual surveillance;
- Fencing attributes;
- Paving;
- Landscaping/ vegetation;
- Lighting;
- · Level of usage;
- · Presence of services;
- · 2013 Bike Plan recommendations;
- · History;
- · Additional comments; and
- · Connectivity grading (PAWs only).

An example of a worksheet is attached at Appendix B - Example Worksheet

Worksheets were completed by undertaking a desktop review and site investigation of each individual site (PAWs and ROWs). Based on these findings, identified PAWs (not ROWs) were categorised based on the Classification System used in the 2010 Strategy.

Refer to Appendix C - Classification System

Refer to Figure 1 – Methodology Process

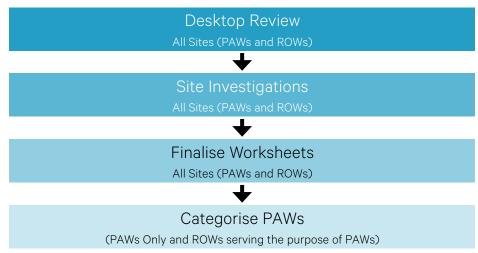


Figure 1. Methodology Process

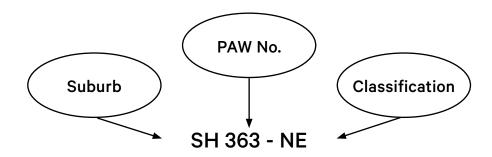
#### **Investigated Sites**

The City of Rockingham originally identified 62 sites for investigation, specifically, 46 PAWs and 16 ROWs. After reviewing the sites, the following modifications were made, resulting in a total of 56 sites to be investigated, comprising 36 PAWs and 20 ROWs. Modifications include:

- Four separate PAWs connecting Bramall Terrace to Highbury Boulevard in Baldivis (City reference numbers: AP, AQ, AR and AS) were consolidated into one site for assessment (PAW reference number B588 part A, B, C & D).
- Two separate PAWs identified for assessment by the City are the same land parcel.
   This relates to the PAW connecting Orizaba Place to Council Avenue, adjacent to
   Careeba Reserve (City reference numbers: G and AB, PAW reference number: R267).
- A site identified as a PAW connecting Safety Bay Road to Currie Street (City reference number: P) for assessment by the City is a ROW (ROW reference number: R17WK).
- An additional ROW was identified for assessment (R18R) by the City following an initial list of identified sites.
- A site identified for assessment (City Reference Number: C) has already been classified under the 2010 Strategy as PAW number GB47.
- A site identified for assessment (City Reference Number: H) has already been classified under the 2010 Strategy as PAW numbers: F7R and R232. The portion of the pedestrian path adjacent to Lynx Park, Rockingham, forms part of Reserve 33085.
- Two sites identified for assessment in Safety Bay (City Reference Numbers: AG and AH) are identified as part of Reserve 45526, for the purpose of 'Public Utility Services' with a Management Order issued in the favour of the City of Rockingham (AG: Lot 26 between Galleon Court and Cutlass Pass and AH: Lot 28 between Anchor Place and Safety Bay Senior High School). Lot 26 (Site AG) is fenced off and is not used for pedestrian access, accordingly, it has been removed from this investigation. Lot 28 (AH) is used as a PAW and accordingly, is classified as a Faux PAW (Reference Number: F35SB)
- Two PAW sites identified for assessment in Rockingham (City Reference Number: AE and AF) have been reclassified as Right of Ways (ROW Reference Numbers: R19R and R20R). This is because the sites are owned by Telstra, a privately owned company.
   Land is therefore not owned by the Crown and does not meet the definition of a PAW.

#### **Code Names**

PAW code names for new sites were derived using a similar method to that used in the 2010 Strategy for consistency, as shown below:



In this example the SH refers to the suburb of Secret Harbour, then the number of the PAW, followed by the classification of the PAW

Using the example above, this does not necessarily mean that there are 363 PAWs in Secret Harbour alone. The 2010 Strategy continued numbering sites across suburbs. For example, if the last site in Rockingham was R17 and Secret Harbour was the next suburb to be investigated, the first site in Secret Harbour would be numbered SH18.

As new sites were added to existing suburbs, it was decided to simply add the next consecutive number specific to that suburb. Using the example above, the next site in Rockingham therefore would be R18, despite SH18 already existing.

Faux PAWs were coded by placing an 'F' for 'Faux' before the next consecutive Faux site number and the suburb initials. For example, 'F17W' is the 17<sup>th</sup> Faux PAW and is located in Warnbro.

ROW code names were derived similarly to that above. An 'R' for 'ROW' was placed before the next consecutive ROW site number and the suburb initials. For example, 'R1R' is the first ROW site and is located in Rockingham.

# Key Findings

Based on the site investigations undertaken, the following key findings were reached:

- The majority of PAWs identified as part of this update are in good condition.
   Accordingly, PAWs classified as 'Essential' or 'Retain' should be managed appropriately to retain access and should be kept open.
- There are a number of PAWs that do not contain a pathway, some of which may benefit from upgrades.
- Generally, the ROWs identified within this update are in average condition. Sites would benefit from improved casual surveillance and regular maintenance.
- There are a number of ROWs that serve purposes reflective of a PAW.

The maps supporting the 2010 Strategy have been updated to include new sites forming part of this update.

Refer to Appendix D - PAW/ROW Worksheets

Refer to Appendix E - Updated Maps

Refer to Appendix F - Results

#### New Pedestrian Access Ways

#### Classification of new PAWs

A total of 36 PAWs were assessed as part of this update. Each PAW has been classified based on the outlined Classification System used previously in the 2010 Strategy and is contained within Appendix C. Based on these findings, the table provided at Appendix G is to replace Table 11.1 of the 2010 Strategy.

Specifically, the study found that:

- The majority of PAWs (58%) were identified as 'Retain', where the access way should preferably be kept open as it has significance on the local pedestrian and cycle movement network
- Approximately 17% of PAWs were found to have no path and therefore the access way could be closed without any disruption to the movement network.
- Approximately 11% of PAWs were classified as 'Essential', being sites that are essential to the network and should be retained and kept open.
- There were only three PAWs classified as 'Non-essential' (8%), those that could be closed without significantly affecting the movement network, subject to meeting outlined conditions.
- There were two sites classified as fake or 'Faux' PAWs. One site connects two culde-sacs and purely serves the purpose of breaking up the two road reserves, without contributing to the pedestrian network. The other site is a reserve however, serves the function of a PAW.

# PAW Classification Results 6% 11% 8% 8% No path Faux

Figure 2. PAW Classification Results

#### General Observations

The condition of PAWs was based on the presence/amount of rubbish, graffiti, glass, sand, leaves and the condition of the path. Categories include: 'Very poor', 'Poor', 'Fair', 'Fair to good', 'Good' and 'Very good'.

The majority of PAWs were classified as 'Very good', 'Good' and 'Fair to good'. Paths were generally well kept with minimal evidence of glass, rubbish, sand, leaves and graffiti. There were only three PAWs classified as 'Very poor' and 'Poor' in total.

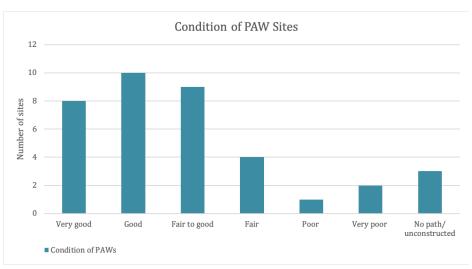


Figure 3. Condition of PAW Sites

#### **Observations (Sites In Poor Condition):**

- 1. R271 NP (Very poor):
  - The PAW is split in two, the first portion connecting Sepia Court to Read Street and
    the second portion connecting Sepia Court to Merope Close. The majority of the
    PAW does not contain a pathway and show signs of anti-social behaviour including
    large amounts of rubbish, glass and graffiti.
  - The City may wish to upgrade the link between Sepia Court to Read Street, to
    include a pathway system. The link has the potential to connect a residential
    cluster on Sepia Court to Read Street, being a major road and contributor to the
    movement network. Further a pathway could be established to connect Sepia
    Court to Sepia Reserve and to the existing pathway which connects Merope Close.
  - By doing so, a safer and more defined movement network could be established.
     Read Street and Sepia Court are both identified as containing 'Good Quality Bike Paths' pursuant to the City of Rockingham Bike Plan 2013. Providing a connection between the two streets could strengthen this network.



Figure 4. Link from Sepia Court to Read Street

- 2. SH362 NP (Very poor):
  - PAW connects Kieta Cove to Secret Harbour Boulevard road reserve. The PAW is overgrown with no existing pathway and serves no significant contribution to the movement network.
- 3. W568 R (Poor):
  - PAW connects Luderick Grove to playing fields, adjacent to Living Waters Lutheran College and contributes to the pedestrian and cycle movement network.
  - Pathway is made from sand. The PAW could be upgraded to include a permanent pathway to increase accessibility.

#### **Observations (Sites With No Pathway):**

#### 4. C45 - NP

 Connects Lynda Crescent to Cooloongup Primary School. PAW runs adjacent to Alfred Powell Park (west) and residential properties (east). The PAW appears to be part of the park and does not contain a pathway.

#### 5. SB346 - NP

 PAW connects Costa Rica Place to Georgetown Drive. Adjacent neighbourhood park/ drainage to the north. The PAW has no path and appears to be part of the park.

#### 6. WK460 - NP/NE

- First portion of the PAW connects Buckle Court through to Compass Place. It
  appears to form part of the Buckle Court Reserve and does not contain a pathway
  system.
- The second portion connects Compass Place to Mainsail Crescent and is not essential to the pedestrian movement network.

#### 7. S385 - NP

PAW connects Pescatore Place to Reserve (41223). The PAW does not contain a
pathway and consists of overgrown vegetation. The adjacent residential driveway
connects to vehicular tracks on the reserve. Accordingly, the PAW does not provide
public access or form part of a pedestrian and cycle movement network.

#### **Observations (Alignment Issues):**

#### 8. PK205

 PAW alignment appears to be incorrect (overlaps neighbouring house). Path appears to be incorrectly positioned.



Figure 5. PK205 Alignment

#### Faux PAWs

For the purpose of this report, a Faux PAWs is defined as a fake or artificial PAW that does not serve the purpose of contributing to pedestrian and cycle movement networks. The 2010 Strategy identified 33 Faux PAWs in the Rockingham municipality. There are two Faux PAWs identified as part of this update, F34W and F35SB.

F34W is a horizontal strip of land with the purpose of separating two road reserves and does not contribute to the movement network.

F35SB forms part of Reserve 45526, for the purpose of 'Public Utility Services' with a Management Order issued in the favour of the City of Rockingham. The land parcel is not a PAW and accordingly does not contribute to the pedestrian network, however, functions in this way as it connects Anchor Place to Safety Bay Senior High School.

Reserve 45526 extends from Waikiki Road (west) to Safety Bay Senior High School (east), connecting Galleon Court, Cutlass Place, Spyglass Court and Anchor Place. The reserve also connects Spyglass Court and Cutlass Place to Georgetown Drive, and is identified in the 2010 Strategy as F11SB. The reserve (apart from portions F11SB and F35SB) have been fenced off to prohibit public access and although have a pathway system, do not serve as a PAW.



Figure 6. Screenshot of F34W - Faux

In the 2010 Strategy, it was advised that the City would seem to have little, if any, responsibility for the upkeep of Faux PAWs as these land parcels are another form of Crown land.

#### **New Right of Ways**

#### General Observations

Identified ROWs were not categorised using the PAW Classification System. This is because the primary purpose of ROWs is typically to provide vehicular access rather than pedestrian and are subject to varying ownership. In addition, PAWs are acquired by the Crown, whereas a private ROW is land that may be in private ownership (*Refer to Appendix A - Definitions*). Notwithstanding the above, identified ROWs that serve the purpose of a PAW have been classified accordingly.

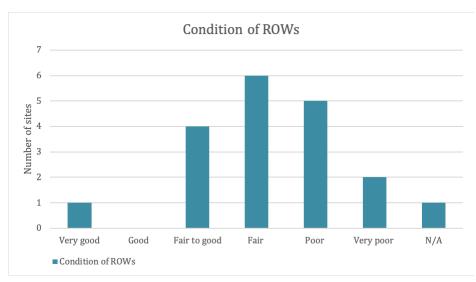


Figure 7. Condition of ROWs

Consistent with the assessment of PAWs, the condition of identified ROWs was based on the presence/amount of rubbish, graffiti, glass, sand, leaves and the condition of the surface. Categories include: 'Very poor', 'Poor', 'Fair', 'Fair to good', 'Good' and 'Very good'.

The majority of ROWs are identified as being in 'Poor', 'Fair' and 'Fair to good' condition. Often, poor casual surveillance and irregular maintenance result in ROWs with uneven surfaces and are prone to anti-social behaviour resulting in large amounts of rubbish being dumped, glass, graffiti and gravel/ sandy surfaces. It was found that ROWs with increased casual surveillance (those found mostly in the commercial areas) were in better condition than those behind residential properties, out of public view.

#### **Observations:**

#### 1. R1R

 Private ROW formally connected Esplanade in the north to Chalwell Street in the south and appeared physically to be a PAW. The owners of the ROW are also the owners of 8 Chalwell Street, Rockingham. In addition, PAWs are acquired by the Crown, whereas a private ROW is land that may be in private ownership (Refer to Appendix A - Definitions).

#### 2. R2R

- ROW connects Chalwell Street in the north to Harrison Street in the south was
  privately owned. The historical records indicate that the land was resumed for
  ROW purposes (Diagram 7516). The ROW takes the appearance of a PAW and
  is open and used by the public. The Private ROW contributes somewhat to the
  surrounding pedestrian and cycle movement network, categorised as 'NonEssential' pursuant to the PAW classification system.
- Alternative access between Chalwell Street and Harrison Street is provided via Bell Street, approximately 75m to the west.

#### 3. R3R

- Private ROW extends west from Fisher Street, connecting the rear of residential properties between Harrison Street and Parkin Street.
- ROW is in very poor condition and is unusable west of Lot 12 (No. 27) Harrison Street, Rockingham.
- The City may wish to investigate the potential to resume/purchase the ROW and then upgrade the ROW to ensure rear access is maintained to properties backing on to the ROW.

#### 4. R6R

- Connects Samuel Street in the north to a pathway system to Harrison Street in the south. The Public ROW forms part of the Samuel Street public road reserve (owned by the State of Western Australia).
- The ROW appears to function as a PAW. It is paved appropriately and contributes
  to the surrounding pedestrian and cycle movement network, categorised as 'Retain'
  pursuant to the PAW classification system.

#### 5. R7R

- Connects Harrison Street (north) through a pathway system to Parkin Street (south). The Public ROW is identified as a 'Public Road'.
- The ROW appears to function as a PAW. It is paved appropriately and contributes
  to the surrounding pedestrian and cycle movement network, categorised as 'Retain'
  pursuant to the PAW classification system.

#### 6. R19R and R20R

- ROW R19R runs along the rear of properties connecting Albatross Place (south) to Quamby Place/ Turana Place (north). The ROW connects to Falcon Reserve to the west.
- ROW R2OR runs along the rear of properties connecting Turana Place (east) to Falcon Street (west). The ROW connects to Falcon Reserve to the east.
- Both Private ROWs are in extremely bad condition, with overgrown weeds to waist height. The ROWs are not accessible and ROW R19R has been fenced off to restrict access.
- Telstra is the registered proprietor for both ROWs. The company has been entirely
  privately owned since 2011. Accordingly, the land parcels are ROWs rather than
  PAWs.

# Conclusion

This report investigates and documents the findings of 56 new Pedestrian Access Ways (PAWs) and Right of Ways (ROWs). For consistency, the same or similar methods used in the 2010 Strategy have also been used in this investigation.

PAWs must be publicly owned and accessible, whereas ROWs can be owned either publicly or privately. Ultimately, the primary purpose of a PAW is to provide a footway and contribute to the pedestrian and cycle network, whereas ROWs are usually associated with vehicular access and can have implied rights of access or contain easements providing rights of access accordingly.

Findings show that the majority of PAWs identified as part of this update are in good condition and generally contribute to the surrounding movement network. Accordingly, these sites should be managed appropriately to retain pedestrian and cycle access. PAWs that do not contain a pathway system should be further investigated by the City for improvements in accordance with section 11.5.1 of the 2010 Strategy.

ROWs forming part of this study were generally found to be in average condition, often characterised by signs of anti-social behaviour including rubbish, glass and graffiti. Improvements to casual surveillance and regular maintenance of Public ROWs should achieve positive results. If the City wishes to take control and maintain any Private ROWs such as R2R, it could consider the resumption of purchase or these sites.

#### Appendix A - Definitions

Pedestrian Access Way: Land acquired by the Crown for use as a footway.

**Public Road:** A road dedicated to use by the public. Such roads are controlled and managed by the local authority or the Main Roads Department. Also referred to as a dedicated road, gazetted road or street.

**Right of Way:** A strip of land available either for use by the general public, or a restricted section of the community, and may be created by subdivision, specific transfer, or continued use over a period of years.

**Private right-of-way** means the balance of title from a subdivision held in private ownership over which adjacent owners have an implied right of access under Section 167A of the *Transfer of Land Act 1893*.

**Public right-of-way** means land vested in the Crown under the *Transfer of Land Act* 1893 for public use. These can be ceded to the Crown on subdivision under Section 152 of the *Planning and Development Act 2005*.

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# Appendix B – Example Worksheet

#### **PAW location:**

Connects David Fisher Loop to R 49513 (a neighbourhood park). Residential development exists to the north and Baldivis Reserve to the south.







#### **Design characteristics:**

PAW is approximately 34m long and 6m wide. Straight and flat. Bollards located at the eastern entrance off David Fisher Loop.

#### **Condition:**

Very good. No rubbish, leaves, glass, graffiti.

#### Level of casual surveillance:

Fair. Casual surveillance provided from passing traffic on David Fisher Loop and the adjacent residential dwelling to the north.

#### **Fencing attributes:**

Limestone fencing is located along the north boundary (abutting a residential dwelling). Fencing is approximately 1.8m high. PAW is fenced along the southern boundary and is approximately 1.2m tall. This fencing is made from chain wire fencing separated by incremental wooden posts.

#### Paving:

Path is made from concrete.

#### Landscaping/vegetation:

The PAW is grassed along the northern boundary. Mulch lines the southern boundary.

#### Lighting:

Fair. There is a street light at the western entrance from David Fisher Loop.

#### Level of usage:

Fair. PAW would be used by local residents to access the neighbourhood park and reserve.

#### Presence of services:

- No water or power distribution.
- There is a sewer line that runs through the entirety of the PAW from east to west.

#### 2013 Bike Plan recommendations:

PAW is not identified in 2013 Bike Plan

**History:** (i.e. reported social difficulties such as vandalism, crime, nuisance and reduced privacy and amenity)

N/A

**Additional comments:** (local connectivity, quality of alternative routes, impact of closure on alternative routes, access to facilities)

- Park could be accessed via David Fisher Loop and Monument Boulevard.
- Pathway network contributes to the residential amenity.
- Ownership: State of Western Australia.

#### **Connectivity grading:**

R

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# Appendix C – Classification System

| The PAW/accessway should be retained and kept open, as it forms an essential or important function in the local pedestrian and cycle movement network.  |  |  |
|---|--|--|
| The PAW/accessway should preferably be kept open, as it has some significance in the local pedestrian and cycle movement network. However, closure may be acceptable if prompted by significant local community support and clear evidence of considerable anti-social and/or criminal behaviour associated with the PAW. |  |  |
| The PAW/accessway could be closed without significantly affected the local pedestrian and cycle movement network. Few residents would be disadvantaged.   |  |  |
| However, closure under any of these three classifications would still depend upon:  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>i. Adjoining landowners agreeing to purchase the closed PAW/<br/>accessway;</li> </ul>   |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Relocation of existing services and/or the establishment of<br/>appropriate service easements, to the satisfaction of affected<br/>service authorities, and at no cost to the affected service<br/>authorities;</li> </ul>   |  |  |
| iii. Reimbursement of specified Council costs;  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>iv. General acceptance of the closure by the immediately affected<br/>community after appropriate public advertising has taken<br/>place; and</li> </ul>   |  |  |
| v. Final approval by the DPLH.  |  |  |
| The PAW/accessway does not contain a path. Therefore, the PAW/accessway could be closed without any disruption to the local pedestrian and cycle movement network.  |  |  |
|   |  |  |

## Appendix D – PAW/ROW Worksheets

# Appendix E – Updated Maps

## Appendix F – Results

City of Rockingham 2020 Pedestrian Access Way Update

| D=01 II =0     | Ī                |                 |                | Ī         |            |            | Ī     |     |
|----------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------|------------|------------|-------|-----|
| RESULTS        |                  |                 |                |           |            |            |       |     |
|                |                  |                 |                |           |            |            |       |     |
| Condition of   | PAWs             |                 |                |           |            |            |       |     |
|                |                  |                 |                |           |            |            |       |     |
| Very poor      | Poor             | Fair            | Fair to Good   | Good      | Very Good  | N/A        | TOTAL |     |
| 2              | 1                | 4               | 9              | 10        | 8          | 3          |       | 37  |
| 5.40540541     | 2.7027027        | 10.8108108      | 24.3243243     | 27.027027 | 21.6216216 | 8.10810811 |       | 100 |
| *Note: 'Very p | oor' and 'Fair t | o good' is sele | ected for R271 |           |            |            |       |     |
|                |                  |                 |                |           |            |            |       |     |
| Condition of   | ROWs             |                 |                |           |            |            |       |     |
|                |                  |                 |                |           |            |            |       |     |
| Very poor      | Poor             | Fair            | Fair to Good   | Good      | Very good  | N/A        | TOTAL |     |
| 3              | 5                | 6               | 4              | 0         | 1          | 1          |       | 20  |
| 15             | 25               | 30              | 20             | 0         | 5          | 5          |       | 100 |
|                |                  |                 |                |           |            |            |       |     |
|                |                  |                 |                |           |            |            |       |     |
| PAW Catego     | ries             |                 |                |           |            |            |       |     |
|                |                  |                 |                |           |            |            |       |     |
| E              | R                | NE              | NP             | Faux      | TOTAL      |            |       |     |
| 4              | 21               | 3               | 6              | 2         | 36         |            |       |     |
| 11.1111111     | 58.3333333       | 8.33333333      | 16.6666667     | 5.5555556 | 100        |            |       |     |

|             | 3 4 1 1 0000                                |   |               |           |                                |
|-------------|---|---|---------------|-----------|--------------------------------|
| Site Number | ZUZU Update Kererence Number Nearby Address | Nearby Address  | Suburb        | Category  | Category City Reference Number |
|             |   |   | וושוואוואסטרו |           |                                |
| 2           |   | 7 Chalwell Street   | Rockingham    |           |                                |
| 3           | R3R   | 13 Fisher Street  | Rockingham    |           |                                |
| 4           | R4R   | 12 Fisher Street  | Rockingham    |           |                                |
| 2           |   | 85 Parkin Street  | Rockingham    |           |                                |
| 9           | R6R   | 25 Samuel Street  | Rockingham    |           |                                |
| 7           | R7R   | 61 Harrison Street  | Rockingham    |           |                                |
| 8           | R8R   | 1 William Street  | Rockingham    |           |                                |
| 6           | R9R   | 1 Rockingham Beach Road   | Rockingham    |           |                                |
| 10          | R10R  | 2 Kent Street   | Rockingham    |           |                                |
|             | R11R  | 14 Kent Street  | Rockingham    |           |                                |
| 12          | R12R  | 63 Kent Street  | Rockingham    |           |                                |
| 13          | R13R  | 14 Wanliss Street   | Rockingham    |           |                                |
| 14          | R14B  | 14 Treetop Way  | Baldivis      |           |                                |
| 15          | R15B  | 8 Archer Close  | Baldivis      |           |                                |
| 16          | R16W  | 7 Hokin Street  | Warnbro       |           |                                |
| 17          | R17WK                                       | 22 Currie Street  | Waikiki       |           | Д                              |
| 18          | R18R  | 81 Esplanade  | Rockingham    |           |                                |
| 19          | R19R  | 27 Turana Place (when looking at the park, to the left (west)             | Rockingham    |           | AE                             |
| 20          | R20R  | 29 Turana Place (when looking at park, PAW is to the east)                | Rockingham    |           | AF                             |
|             |   |   |               |           |                                |
| 21          |   | 25 Basslet Place  | Warnbro       | NE (Faux) | O                              |
| 22          | F35SB                                       | 12 Anchor Place   | Safety Bay    | R (Faux)  | АН                             |
|             |   |   |               |           |                                |
| 23          | R266  | 32 Epsilon Drive  | Rockingham    | NE        | F                              |
| 24          | R272A                                       | 36 Epsilon Drive  | Rockingham    | В         | AD                             |
| 25          | R272B                                       | 36 Epsilon Drive  | Rockingham    | Ж         | AD                             |
| 26          | R267  | 2 Orizaba Place   | Rockingham    | В         | G and AB                       |
| 27          | R269  | 92 Chalgrove Avenue   | Rockingham    | В         |                                |
| 28          | R271  | 4 Sepia Court and 9 Merope Close  | Rockingham    | NP        | AC                             |
| 29          | 29 C44                                      | 46 Carnegir Loop  | Coolongup     | В         | А                              |
| 30          | C45   | 8 Lynda Crescent  | Coolongup     | NP        | В                              |
| 31          |   | 65 Georgetown Drive   | Safety Bay    | В         | Al                             |
| 32          | SB346                                       | 19 Costa Rica Place   | Safety Bay    | NP        | AJ                             |
| 33          | WK460                                       | 8 Compass Place (PAW is along the park and connects to Mainsail Crescent) | Waikiki       | NP        | Z                              |
| 34          | WK461                                       | 14 Swallow Grove  | Waikiki       | R         | 0                              |
| 32          | W568  | 2 Cobia Rise  | Warnbro       | В         | В                              |
| 36          | 36 W569                                     | 14 Turner Street  | Warnbro       | NE        | AK                             |
| 37          | B583  | 48 Pleasantview Parade  | Baldivis      | Е         | Y                              |
| 38          | B586  | 11 Valour Bend  | Baldivis      | В         | AN                             |
| 39          | B587  | 17 David Fisher Loop  | Baldivis      | В         | AO                             |
| 40          | B588 (A-D)                                  | 15 Bramall Terrace  | Baldivis      | æ         | AP, AQ, AR, AS                 |
|             |   |   |               |           |                                |

| Site Number | 2020 Update Reference Number Nearby Address | Nearby Address        | Suburb         | Category | Category City Reference Number |
|-------------|---|-----------------------|----------------|----------|--------------------------------|
| 41          | B584  | 24 McDougal Way       | Baldivis       | В        | AL                             |
| 42          | B585  | 34 McDougal Way       | Baldivis       | R        | AM                             |
| 43          | 43 PK206                                    | 34 Chinchilla Parkway | Port Kennedy   | R        | AA                             |
| 44          | 44 PK204                                    | 48 Zedora Loop        | Port Kennedy   | NE       | Q                              |
| 45          | 45 PK205                                    | 8 Ski Court           | Port Kennedy   | NE       | Z                              |
| 46          | 46 SH362                                    | 3 Kieta Cove          | Secret Harbour | NP       | 3                              |
| 47          | 47 SH366                                    | 6 Taki Place          | Secret Harbour | R        | ×                              |
| 48          | 48 SH363                                    | 15 San Javier Circle  | Secret Harbour | 3        | ٢                              |
| 49          | 49 SH364                                    | 10 Zadar Way          | Secret Harbour | 3        | 又                              |
| 90          | 50 SH365                                    | 35 Holloways Ridge    | Secret Harbour | 3        | W                              |
| 51          | GB55  | 17 Ivanhoe Street     | Golden Bay     | R        | S                              |
| 52          | S385  | 7 Emerald Court       | Singleton      | ΝΡ       | Ţ                              |
| 53          | S386  | 28 Seaside Link       | Singleton      | R        | Ν                              |
| 54          | 54 S388                                     | 11 Indiana Parade     | Singleton      | R        | Ω                              |
| 22          | 55   S387                                   | 7 Reilly Street       | Singleton      | В        |                                |
| 26          | 56 K1                                       | 9 Vert Lane           | Karnup         | В        | Λ                              |

City of Rockingham 2020 Pedestrian Access Way Update

## Appendix G – List of PAWs/ROWs as of May 2020

Table to replace Table 11.1 of the Pedestrian Access ways Strategy 2010

| Baldivis   | Cooloongup  | Golden Bay   | Hillman  | Port Kennedy   | Singleton   |
|--|---|--|--|--|---|
| B574,575 - E<br>B580 - E<br>B582 - E<br>B583 - E<br>B584 - R<br>B586 - R<br>B586 - R<br>B587 - R<br>B588 (A - D) - R | C1 - R C2 - R C4 - R C7 - R C8 - R C10 - R C11 - R C13 - R C14,15 - E C16 - R C17 - R C22 - R C23 - R C24 - R C25 - NE C26 - E C27 - E C28 - NP C30 - R C31 - E C32 - R C33 - E C34 - R C35 - R C31 - E C32 - R C31 - E C32 - R C33 - E C34 - R C35 - R C31 - E C32 - R C33 - E C34 - R C35 - R C36 - R C37 - NE C37 - NE C37 - NE C38 - R C39 - E C40 - R C41 - NE C42 - R C43 - NP C44 - R C44 - R C44 - R C44 - NP | GB45 - E<br>GB47 - R<br>GB48 - R<br>GB49 - R<br>GB50 - NE<br>GB51 - NE<br>GB52 - R<br>GB54 - NE<br>GB55 - R. | H55 - NE H56 - NE H57,H60 - E H58,H61 - E H59 - NE H62 - E H63,66 - E H64 - E H67 - E H69 - E/NE H68 - NE H70 - R H71 - E H73 - R H74 - E H76 - NE/R H77 - E H78 - E H80 - E H80 - E H80 - E | PK84,87 - E PK103 - E PK105,107 - E PK108 - E PK109,110 - NE PK130 - R PK132 - R PK133 - NE PK160,161 - E PK163 - R PK174,175 - E PK179,181 - E PK184,185 - E PK198 - E PK203 - NE PK204 - NE PK205 - NE PK206 - R | S379 - R<br>S380 - E<br>S381 - E<br>S382 - R<br>S383 - E<br>S384 - R<br>S385 - NP<br>S386 - R<br>S387 - R<br>S388 - R |

| Waikiki                | Warnbro               | Rockingham            | Safety Bay             | Safety Bay<br>Continued | Secret<br>Harbour |
|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|
| WK389 – R              | W463 - NE             | R204 – E              | SB276 - R              | SB333 - NE              | SH361 - R         |
| WK392 – E              | W468 – R              | R205 – R              | SB277 – R              | SB334 – NE              | <u>SH362 - NP</u> |
| WK393 - NE             | W469 – R              | R206 – NP             | SB278 – R              | SB335 - R               | <u>SH363 – E</u>  |
| WK394 – R              | W477 – E              | R207 – E              | SB279 - R              | SB338 - E               | <u>SH364 – E</u>  |
| WK395 – E              | W484 – R              | R208 – R              | SB280 – E              | SB339 - R               | <u>SH365 – E</u>  |
| WK396 – NE             | W485 – R              | R209 – R              | SB281 – E              | SB340 – R               | <u>SH366 – R</u>  |
| WK397 – E              | W486 – E              | R210 – E              | SB282 – E              | SB341 – R               |                   |
| WK398 - NE             | W499 – R              | R211 – NE             | SB283 - E              | SB342 – E               |                   |
| WK399 - E              | W511 - NE             | R212 – R              | SB284 - E              | <u>SB345 - R</u>        |                   |
| WK401 – R              | W513 - E              | R213 – E              | SB285 - E              | <u>SB346 - NP</u>       |                   |
| WK402 – R<br>WK405 – E | W520 – R<br>W521 – R  | R214 – NE<br>R215 – R | SB286 – E<br>SB287 – R |                         |                   |
| WK414 – R              | W521 - K<br>W522 - NE | R216 – NE             | SB288 – NE             |                         |                   |
| WK415,418 – NE         | W523 - E              | R217 – NE             | SB289 - E              |                         |                   |
| WK416,417 – E          | W524 – R              | R218 – R              | SB290 – R              |                         |                   |
| WK419 – NE             | W525 – R              | R220 – R              | SB291 – NE             |                         |                   |
| WK421 – R              | W527 – NE             | R223 – E              | SB292 – R              |                         |                   |
| WK422 – R              | W533 – NE             | R229 – R              | SB293 - NE,NP          |                         |                   |
| WK423 – R              | W541,546 - E          | R230 – R              | SB294 – E              |                         |                   |
| WK424,426 - E          | W544 – E              | R231 – E              | SB295 - R              |                         |                   |
| WK431 – R              | W555 – E              | R232 – E              | SB296 - E              |                         |                   |
| WK432 - R              | W557 – E              | R233 – E              | SB297 - E              |                         |                   |
| WK433 - NE             | W562 - E              | R234 - NP             | SB298 - E              |                         |                   |
| WK436 - E              | W566 - E              | R237 – E              | SB299 - NE             |                         |                   |
| WK447 - NE             | <u>W568 – R</u>       | R238 – E              | SB300 - R              |                         |                   |
| WK448 - E              | <u>W569 - NE</u>      | R239 - NE             | SB301 - E              |                         |                   |
| WK449 – E              |                       | R240,242 - E          | SB302 - NE             |                         |                   |
| WK450 – E              |                       | R243 – E              | SB303 - E              |                         |                   |
| WK452 – R              |                       | R244 – E              | SB304 – E              |                         |                   |
| WK453,456 -            |                       | R245 – E              | SB305,306 - E          |                         |                   |
| NE WK454 – R           |                       | R246 – E              | SB307 – R              |                         |                   |
| WK455 – R              |                       | R247 – NE             | SB308 - E              |                         |                   |
| WK457 – E              |                       | R248,253,258 – E      | SB309 - R              |                         |                   |
| WK458 – R              |                       | R249 – E              | SB310 - E              |                         |                   |
| WK459 – R              |                       | R250 – E<br>R251 – E  | SB311,314 - E          |                         |                   |
| WK460 - NP             |                       |                       | SB313 – E              |                         |                   |
| <u>WK461 – R</u>       |                       | R252 – R<br>R254 – E  | SB316 – E<br>SB317 – E |                         |                   |
|                        |                       | R255 – R              | SB318 – E              |                         |                   |
|                        |                       | R256 – E              | SB319 – R              |                         |                   |
|                        |                       | R257 – E              | SB320 - R              |                         |                   |
|                        |                       | R259 – E              | SB321 – R              |                         |                   |
|                        |                       | R261 – NE             | SB322 - NP             |                         |                   |
|                        |                       | R262 – NE             | SB323 - R              |                         |                   |
|                        |                       | R263 – E              | SB325 - NP             |                         |                   |
|                        |                       | R264,266 - E          | SB326,332 - R          |                         |                   |
|                        |                       | R265 – E              | SB327 - R              |                         |                   |
|                        |                       | <u>R266 – NE</u>      | SB328 - R              |                         |                   |
|                        |                       | <u>R267 – R</u>       | SB329 - R              |                         |                   |
|                        |                       | <u>R269 – R</u>       | SB330 - NE             |                         |                   |
|                        |                       | <u>R271 – NP</u>      | SB331 - NE             |                         |                   |
|                        |                       | <u>R272A – R</u>      |                        |                         |                   |
|                        |                       | <u>R272B – R</u>      |                        |                         |                   |
|                        |                       |                       |                        |                         |                   |

Sites included in 2020 update

| Shoalwater              | Karnup        | Faux PAWs  | ROWs   | ROWs with PAW Characteristics |
|-------------------------|---------------|--|--|-------------------------------|
| SW375 - E<br>SW376 - NE | <u>K1 – R</u> | F1R - NP F2R - NE F3SB - NE F4SB - E F5R - NE F6R - R F7R - E F8R - E F9R - R F10C - NE F11SB - R F12WK - R F13WK - NE F14SB - R F15W - NE F14SB - R F16W - NE F14F - R F20F - R F20F - R F20F - R F20F - R F21H - E F22C - NE F23C - R F24C - R F25C - R F25C - R F26C - R F27C - R F27C - R F28W - NE F33S - E F33S - E F33S - E F33S - E F33S - R F34W - NE F35SB-R F36-H | R12 R3R R4R R5R R8R R9R R10R R11R R12R R13R R14B R15B R16W R17WK R18R R19R R20R R21B | R6R = R<br>R7R = R<br>R2R-NE  |

Sites included in 2020 update

City of Rockingham 2020 Pedestrian Access Way Update

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